

Chapter 1

Quantum Electrodynamics (QED) : Maxwell's equation , Dirac equation .

Feynman diagrams, Quantum mechanics, Relativity

Physical intuition \rightarrow bottom-up approach \rightarrow many gaps

Goal is the top-down approach

Cross section calculation

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{1}{64\pi^2 E_{cm}^2 \cdot |M|^2}$$

(CM scattering)

For the QED, The 'M' is not known.

The best we can do : Set M as a perturbation series of QED, and evaluate the first term.

The Feynman diagram \rightarrow visualize the perturbation.

In QM perturbation theory, to first order, the amplitude is,

$$\langle \text{final state} | H_1 | \text{initial state} \rangle$$

For $(e^- + e^+ \rightarrow \mu^- + \mu^+)$,

$$M \sim \langle u^+ u^- | H_1 | \gamma \rangle^u \langle \gamma | H_1 | e^+ e^- \rangle_u$$