EXPERIMENT No. 01: Setting Up and Basic Commands

AIM:

Initialize a Git repository, create files, stage and commit changes, link with a remote repository, and push the changes.

COMMANDS:

- 1. git init
- 2. git add.
- 3. git commit -m "Initial"
- 4. git remote add origin <repo-link>
- 5. git remote -v
- 6. git push -u origin main

- Create a new repository on GitHub (just give the repo name and create it).
- Copy the repo link.
- Create a new folder locally and open it in VS Code.
- Inside the folder, create any file and add some content.
- Open the terminal and initialize Git using git init.
- Stage the file using git add ..
- Commit the changes using git commit -m "Initial".
- Add the remote origin using git remote add origin <repo-link>.
- Confirm the remote using git remote -v.
- Push the code to GitHub using git push -u origin main.

```
benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp
$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/gitp/.git/
benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git add .

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/Benleondsouza/gitpractice.git
henle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git add .

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git commit -m "fss"
[master (root-commit) 9aeadlo] fss
1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 hahah.txt

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git push -u origin master
Enumerating objects: 3, done.
Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 206 bytes | 103.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
To https://github.com/Benleondsouza/gitpractice.git
* [new branch] master -> master
branch 'master' set up to track 'origin/master'.

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$
```

EXPERIMENT No. 02: Creating and Managing Branches

AIM:

Create and manage branches using Git. Perform merge operations and use stash to temporarily save and apply changes.

COMMANDS:

Branch Creation and Merge:

- 1. git branch feature-branch
- 2. git checkout feature-branch
- 3. git add.
- 4. git commit -m "Initial"
- 5. git checkout main
- 6. git merge feature-branch
- 7. git push

Stash Operation:

- 1. git stash
- 2. git checkout main
- 3. git stash apply

PROCEDURE AND RESULTS:

Branch Creation and Merge:

- Create a new branch using git branch feature-branch.
- Switch to the new branch with git checkout feature-branch.
- Make changes (e.g., create a file), then stage and commit using git add . and git commit -m "Initial".
- Switch back to the main branch using git checkout main.
- Merge the feature branch using git merge feature-branch.
- Push the updated main branch to GitHub using git push.

Stash Operation:

- While on the feature-branch, make some changes without committing.
- Use git stash to temporarily save the changes.
- Switch to the main branch using git checkout main.

• After performing other operations or creating files, run git stash apply to re-apply the stashed changes to the working directory.

```
benleBacer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git branch feature-branch
benleBacer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git checkout feature-branch
Switched to branch 'feature-branch'
benleBacer MINGW64 /c/gitp (feature-branch)
$ git comit en "ha?"

feature-branch bliScael ha?

I file changed 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 sdhbcibci.txt

benleBacer MINGW64 /c/gitp (feature-branch)
$ git checkout main
error: pathspec 'main' did not match any file(s) known to git

benleBacer MINGW64 /c/gitp (feature-branch)
$ git checkout main
error: pathspec 'main' did not match any file(s) known to git

benleBacer MINGW64 /c/gitp (feature-branch)
$ git checkout master

Switched to branch 'master'
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/master'.

benleBacer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git merge feature-branch
Updating Bacadio..bbliScae

Subforward
Subfo
```

```
benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git checkout feature-branch
Switched to branch 'feature-branch'
M sdhbcibci.txt

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (feature-branch)
$ git stash
Saved working directory and index state WIP on feature-branch: bb18cae ha2

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (feature-branch)
$ git checkout master
Switched to branch 'master'
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/master'.

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp (master)
$ git stash apply
On branch master
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/master'.

Changes not staged for commit:
    (use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)
    (use "git restore <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)
    modified: sdhbcibci.txt
```

EXPERIMENT No. 03: Collaboration and Remote Repositories

AIM:

Clone remote repositories and manage updates with fetch, rebase, and merge.

COMMANDS:

- 1. git clone <link>
- 2. git fetch
- 3. git rebase origin/main
- 4. git merge feature-branch --no-ff -m "Merge"

- Clone an existing GitHub repository using git clone k>.
- Fetch new updates from the remote using git fetch.
- Rebase the local branch using git rebase origin/main.
- Merge the feature branch with a message using git merge feature-branch --no-ff -m "Merge".

```
benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2
$ git clone https://github.com/Benleondsouza/gitpractice.git
Cloning into 'gitpractice'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 5, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
remote: Total 5 (delta 0), reused 5 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
Receiving objects: 100% (5/5), done.

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2
$ git fetch
```

```
benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (feature-branch)
$ git fetch

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (feature-branch)
$ git rebase origin/main
fatal: invalid upstream 'origin/main'

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (feature-branch)
$ git rebase origin/master
Current branch feature-branch is up to date.

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (feature-branch)
$ git checkout main
error: pathspec 'main' did not match any file(s) known to git

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (feature-branch)
$ git checkout master
Switched to branch 'master'
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/master'.

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (master)
$ git merge feature-branch --no-ff -m "Merge"
Merge made by the 'ort' strategy.
wefw.txt | 0

1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 wefw.txt

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (master)
$ git push origin master
Enumerating objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Delta compression using up to 16 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), done)
Total 3 (delta 2), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (3/2), completed with 1 local object.
To https://github.com/Benleondsouza/gitpractice.git
bbl8cae..11943f2 master -> master
```

EXPERIMENT No. 04: Git Tags and Releases

AIM:

Use Git tags to mark versions and create GitHub releases.

COMMANDS:

1. git tag v1.0

- Create a local tag using git tag v1.0.
- Go to the GitHub repository.
- Click on Releases > Create a new release.
- Set the tag version as v1.0 and give a release title.

EXPERIMENT No. 05: Advanced Git Operations – Cherry Pick

AIM:

Use cherry-pick to apply specific commits from one branch to another.

COMMANDS:

- 1. git log --oneline
- 2. git cherry-pick <commit-id>

- On the feature-branch, create a file and commit changes.
- Use git log --oneline to get the commit ID.
- Switch to the main branch using git checkout main.
- Use git cherry-pick <commit-id> to apply a specific commit.

```
henleBacer MINGWG4 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (master)
$ cho "line 1" > notes.txt
git add
git commit - m "Initial commit"
warning: in the working copy of 'notes.txt', LF will be replaced by CRLF the next time Git touches it
[master ad56f65] Initial commit'
1 file changed, 1 insertion(a)
create mode 100644 notes.txt

henleBacer MINGWG4 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (master)
$ git checkout -b source-branch
$ witched to a new branch 'source-branch'
$ etch "line 2" >> notes.txt
git add
git commit -m "Added line 2"

echo "Line 3" >> notes.txt
git add
git commit -m "Added line 3"

echo "Line 4" >> notes.txt
git add
git commit -m "Added line 4"
warning: in the working copy of 'notes.txt', LF will be replaced by CRLF the next time Git touches it
[source-branch 11a4250] Added line 2
1 file changed, 1 insertion(c)
warning: in the working copy of 'notes.txt', LF will be replaced by CRLF the next time Git touches it
[source-branch 11a4250] Added line 3
1 file changed, 1 insertion(c)
warning: in the working copy of 'notes.txt', LF will be replaced by CRLF the next time Git touches it
[source-branch 17681bi] Added line 4
1 file changed, 1 insertion(c)
warning: in the working copy of 'notes.txt', LF will be replaced by CRLF the next time Git touches it
[source-branch 7681bi] Added line 4
1 file changed, 1 insertion(c)
4 file changed, 1 insertion(c)
5 git log -oneline
7681bi [Mah >> source-branch) Added line 4
1 file changed, 1 insertion(c)
2 a636f5 [master) Initial commit
1 added line 2
a636f5 [master) Initial commit
1 file dar. Source-branch) fs
bblBCae haz
2 acattlo fee

benle@acer MINGW64 /c/gitp2/gitpractice (master)

$ git cherry-pick alb2C3A...c3d4e5
```

EXPERIMENT No. 06: Analysing and Changing Git History

AIM:

Analyze commit logs and revert specific changes.

COMMANDS:

- 1. git show <commit-id>
- 2. git log --author="Varsha" --after="YYYY-MM-DD" --before="YYYY-MM-DD"
- 3. git log -n 5
- 4. git revert < commit-id>

- Use git show <commit-id> to view commit details.
- Use author and date filters to check commit history.
- View last five commits using git log -n 5.
- Revert a specific commit using git revert <commit-id>.

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