```
SSR data.Euclid.hs
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   SSR_data_Euclid.hs - Haskell statements to prepare a matrix of
                          Euclidean distances from all pairwise
                          combinations of simple sequence repeat
                          records.
- }
import Data.List
import System.IO
-- for simplicity, let's just hard code the input data
a1=[204,151,109,117,134]
a2=[203, 154, 111, 117, 135]
a3=[204,148,109,117,135]
a4=[203,145,113,117,135]
a5 = [203, 149, 112, 117, 135]
b1=[210,158,94,110,135]
b2=[213,160,96,110,135]
b3=[211,159,96,110,135]
b4=[215,161,96,110,135]
b5=[215,160,90,113,135]
c1=[180, 188, 158, 112, 135]
c2=[184,185,158,113,135]
c3=[181,186,158,112,135]
c4 = [180, 188, 156, 118, 135]
c5=[180, 188, 158, 119, 135]
ssrDataNames=[
  "a1", "a2", "a3", "a4", "a5",
  "b1", "b2", "b3", "b4", "b5"
  "c1", "c2", "c3", "c4", "c5"]
ssrData=[a1,a2,a3,a4,a5,b1,b2,b3,b4,b5,c1,c2,c3,c4,c5]
cellLabels = [(i,j) | i <- ssrDataNames, j <- ssrDataNames]
cellData = map (\ (x,y) \rightarrow sqrt $ sum [(a-b)^2 | (a,b) <- zip x y])
                [(i,j) | i <- ssrData, j <- ssrData]</pre>
matrix = zip cellLabels cellData
stringifyRow i = n ++ "t" ++ dists ++ "n"
  where n = ssrDataNames !! i
        dists = intercalate "\t" $
          map show $ map snd [x \mid x \leftarrow matrix, (fst . fst) x==n]
main = do
 -- print to stdout (i.e., terminal screen)
  putStrLn $ "\t" ++ (intercalate "\t" ssrDataNames)
 mapM_ (putStr . stringifyRow) [0..length ssrDataNames - 1]
  -- now for the filestream I/O; for simplicity,
  -- we'll just hard code the output filename, too
  let outfile="matrix.tab-delim.txt"
  writeFile outfile $ "\t" ++ (intercalate "\t" ssrDataNames) ++ "\n"
  mapM_ (\ i -> appendFile outfile $ stringifyRow i)
         [0..length ssrDataNames - 1]
```