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Everything You Need to Know About TVS Diodes

# Everything You Need to Know About The Our guide explores the different types of TVS Diodes available for a range of job and project requirements.

# **Topics Covered in this Guide:**

- · What is a TVS Diode?
- How Do TVS Diodes Work?
- · How to Choose a TVS Diode
- · Types of TVS Diode

# What is a TVS Diode?

TVS (Transient Voltage Suppressor) diodes are components that are used to protect sensitive components such as <u>semiconductors</u>. They are designed to react to Voltage spikes and clamp the Voltage at a set amount before going into the circuit. They act in a similar way to filters on air lines or water pipes.

TVS diodes are used in ICs (integrated circuits) to protect against overvoltage and the effects of arcs, EFT (Electrical Fast Transients), ESD (Elect Discharge), inductive load switching, and even lightning strikes.

Uses and applications for transient Voltage suppressors include the protection of the following components and equipment:

- MOS memory
- o Telecommunication equipment
- o Microprocessors
- o AC power lines
- o Domestic electronic equipment

These components are advantageous compared to standard diodes as they feature a bigger P-N junction cross-sectional area. This larger design that TVS diodes can conduct greater currents to the ground safely, minimising the potential for harm. They also offer a speedy reaction to high trar spikes, quickly working to suppress the Voltage and ensure circuits are protected.

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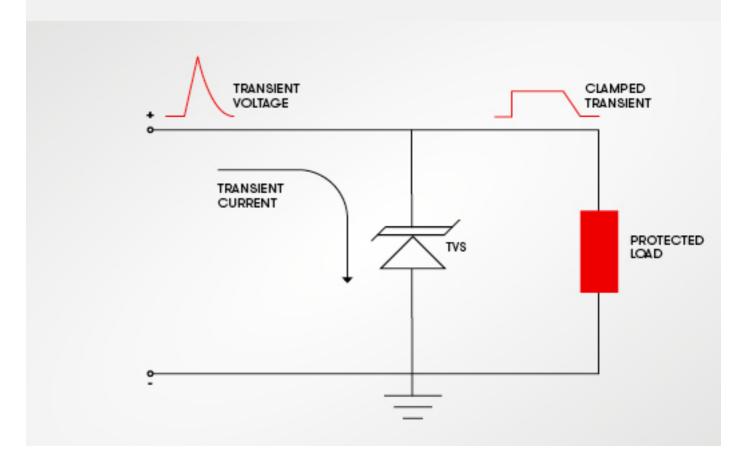
### **How Do TVS Diodes Work?**

Spikes and overvoltage events can be caused by a variety of factors, either internal or external. Transients can be difficult to predict as some are r others happen only once, and the duration and intensity of the transient can vary greatly. As a result, TVS diodes are essential devices you should protect your circuit from the risk of transients.

Transient Voltage suppressors are typically placed in parallel with the circuit. They filter current to protect the circuit and can act to suppress the ar Voltage that can pass through a junction at any given time. This is highly useful in the event of spikes occurring. The clamping action then limits th to a set level and routes the excess away from the circuit to the ground.

#### **How TVS Diodes Work**

This diagram shows how a TVS diverts transient current to ground. It shows the fact that the Voltage seen by the protected load is limited to the clamping Voltage level.



# How to Choose a TVS Diode

In essence, how to choose a TVS diode depends on various key factors and differentiators. A TVS diode selection guide should be well-placed to ensure you choose the best component for your setup, but there are several core values you should keep in mind when choosing TVS diodes.

To help you get started, the following important attributes should always be considered:

- o Configuration
- o Clamping Voltage
- o Peak pulse current
- o Physical dimensions

As well as the above attributes, additional features you should take into account include:

- o Breakdown Voltage the Voltage rating where the diode provides protection and begins to conduct current away from the circuit to the grour
- Reverse stand-off Voltage the operating Voltage that should not be exceeded

Lastly, the final factor to consider when choosing a TVS diode is the specific type of diode you want. The following section explores some of the ke greater detail.

# Types of TVS Diode

There are multiple different types of TVS diode, each with unique characteristics and suited to different applications and circuits.

Both <u>through-hole</u> and <u>surface-mounted types</u> are available. Additionally, these components can be either <u>unidirectional</u> or <u>bidirectional</u>, providing flexibility when it comes to choosing the type of TVS diode that is best for your setup.

Some of the main TVS diode types are explained in further detail below:



#### **Zener Diode**

Zener diodes are one of the more familiar TVS types. These components feature a reduced breakdown Voltage (zener Voltage) which enables to conduct controlled breakdowns, keeping the current passing across the diode close to the zener Voltage. They can also be used to generat Voltage references and offer circuit protection against overvoltage and ESD events.

Zener diodes are ideal for high-frequency circuits and high-speed data lines. As they are limited to handling low energy, they are widely used 1 diverting and clamping in these types of circuits.



#### **Automotive TVS**

TVS diodes are used in the automotive industry to protect sensitive components and semiconductor devices from damage caused by transien spikes and discharges. They can be used in several different locations within vehicles to provide protection, including near the alternator and regulator (protects against high-energy events such as field decay or load dump), and electronic data buses (protects against ESD events), to just a few examples.



#### **Bidirectional Diode**

Bidirectional diodes can operate at both positive and negative Voltages. This makes them more versatile than unidirectional diodes which only operate with either positive or negative Voltages rather than allowing both.

It is worth noting that other types of TVS diodes can also be bidirectional. For example, zener diodes are bidirectional, making them more ada coping with varying Voltages in circuits.



### **Clamping Voltage Diode**

Clamping Voltage diodes are also standard diode types. This term is primarily used to refer to clamps which protect sensitive devices from train and overvoltage.

Specialised clamping diodes can handle these high Voltages well, diverting the excess away and clamping the residual Voltage. Additionally, 7

clamping diodes can be used to protect particularly sensitive components and circuits, responding to transients much more quickly than altern to reduce the potential for damage.



#### **ESD Diode**

Not all diodes are ESD-sensitive, so choosing the right device is essential if you need to ensure ESD protection. ESD diodes should be placed the trace, with the distance to ground as short as possible.

ESD protection diodes are designed to protect ICs from high-Voltage ESD events. They absorb abnormal Voltage to provide protection and pr circuits from malfunctioning. If an ESD event occurs, the device breaks down and creates a low-impedance path to limit and divert the current ground, protecting the circuit.



#### **Littelfuse Diode**

Littelfuse is a leading supplier of electronic components, providing market-leading circuit protection devices. Littelfuse diodes are high-quality offer a strong level of protection, making them a great choice for many applications.

Littlefuse components and semiconductors are available in a range of types and configurations to suit every circuit. With a variety of options to choose from, make sure to select the most suitable type for your requirements.



## **Protection Diode**

Protection diodes can be used in circuits where current flows in the forward direction. They are designed to protect devices which are sensitive respond negatively to current flowing through them in the reverse direction. Essentially, the role of a protection diode is to protect the circuit from reverse Voltage.

It is important to check the peak reverse Voltage when choosing a protection diode as this attribute will define how much can be absorbed bef breaks down and current can pass.



## **Transient Suppression Diode**

Transient Suppression Diodes (also known as Transient Voltage Suppressors or Transorbs) are components used to suppress transient Voltage

such as ESD events. They ground the clamped Voltage and therefore prevent spikes from causing damage to circuits and delicate component

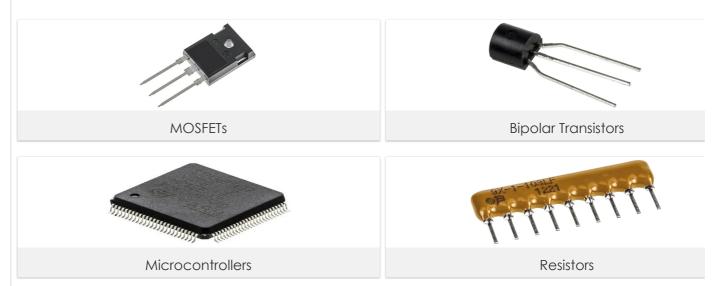
These devices are ideal for moderate frequency circuits and applications and are quick to act, simple to use, and available in either unidirectio bidirectional formats. However, transient suppression diodes offer a limited frequency due to high capacitance and they can be more expensiv alternative options.



#### **Transil Diode**

Transil diodes are another variation designed to protect circuits and sensitive components from spikes and surges. Transil diodes can be either unidirectional or bidirectional and they can be found in systems as diverse as PCs, medical devices, and wireless communication systems.

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