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#### (54) FLUORESCENT SENSOR FOR MERCURY

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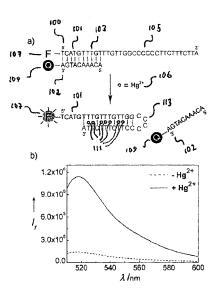
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#### (57)ABSTRACT

The present invention provides a sensor for detecting mercury, comprising: a first polynucleotide, comprising a first region, and a second region, a second polynucleotide, a third polynucleotide, a fluorophore, and a quencher, wherein the third polynucleotide is optionally linked to the second region; the fluorophore is linked to the first polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the second polynucleotide, or the fluorophore is linked to the second polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the first polynucleotide; the first region and the second region hybridize to the second polynucleotide; and the second region binds to the third polynucleotide in the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions.

#### 27 Claims, 4 Drawing Sheets



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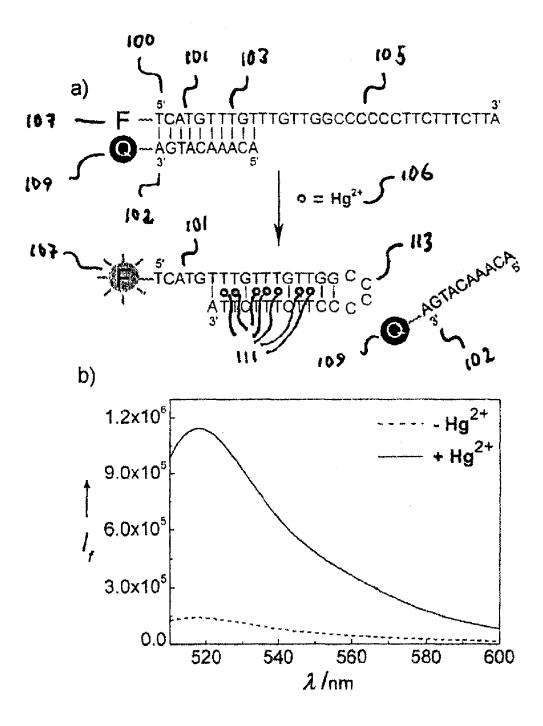


Figure 1

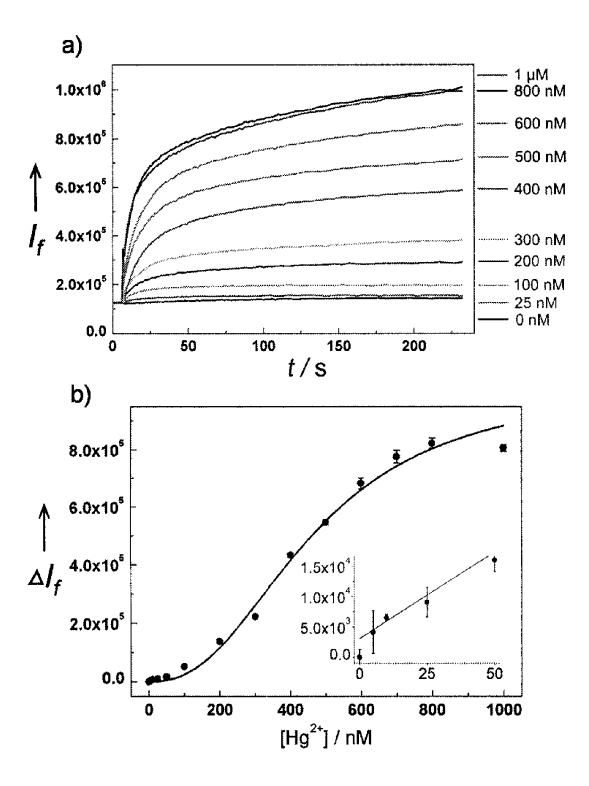


Figure 2

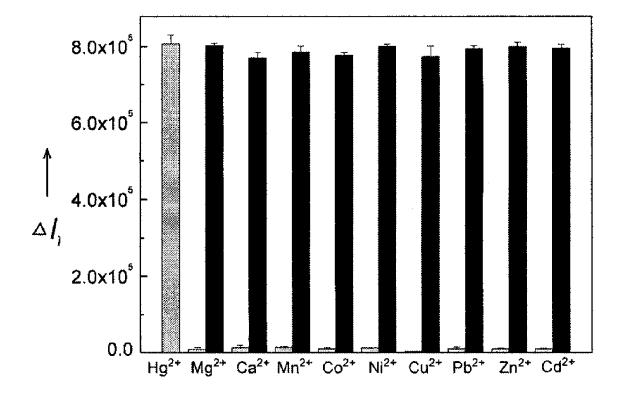


Figure 3

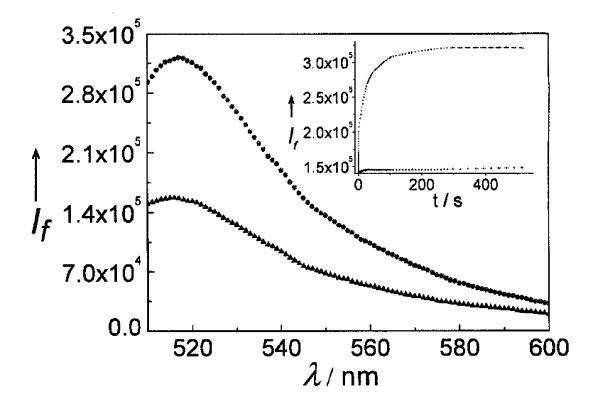


Figure 4

### FLUORESCENT SENSOR FOR MERCURY

# CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims priority to provisional application No. 61/104,555 entitled "Fluorescent Sensor For Mercury" filed 10 Oct. 2008, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference, except where inconsistent with the present application.

# FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

The subject matter of this application may have been funded in part by the National Science Foundation (DMI-0328162, DMR-0117792, and CTS-0120978), and the U.S. Department of Energy (DE-FG02-01ER63173). The federal government may have certain rights in this invention.

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

The instant application contains a Sequence Listing which has been submitted via EFS-Web and is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. Said ASCII copy, created on Nov. 20, 2009, is named ILL10-133-US\_SEQUENCE\_LISTING, 25 and is 1,460 bytes in size.

#### BACKGROUND

Mercury is a highly toxic and widespread pollutant in the environment. Mercury can be a source of environmental contamination when present in by-products of burning coal, mine tailings and wastes from chlorine-alkali industries. [1,2] These contaminations can cause a number of severe health effects such as brain damage, kidney failure, and various cognitive and motion disorders. [3] Therefore, there is high demand for sensitive and selective mercury detection.

Towards this goal, many mercury sensors based on small fluorescent organic molecules,  $^{[4-11]}$  conjugated polymers,  $^{[12]}$  foldamers,  $^{[13,14]}$  genetically engineered cells,  $^{[15]}$  40 proteins,  $^{[16-18]}$  oligonucleotides,  $^{[19,20]}$  membranes,  $^{[21,22]}$  electrodes,  $^{[23,24]}$  and nanomaterials  $^{[25-30]}$  have been reported. Despite this progress, few sensors show enough sensitivity and selectivity for detection of mercury in aqueous solutions.

Sensors that meet such requirements remain complicated to design and operate, or are vulnerable to interference, making difficult facile on-site and real-time detection and quantification of mercury. A particular interesting example is environmental-monitoring applications, such as mercury 50 detection in drinking water, in which a detection limit below 10 nM (the maximum contamination level, as defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)) is required. However, only a few reported sensors can reach this sensitivity. [11,15,18,26,27] Therefore, a simple sensor with high sensitivity and selectivity for facile on-site and real-time mercury detection is still needed.

Polynucleotides provide an attractive methodology for mercury sensing. Ono and co-workers reported that mercury ion Hg<sup>2+</sup> has the unique property of binding specifically to 60 two thymine bases and stabilize thymine-thymine mismatches in a DNA duplex; they demonstrated a fluorescent sensor for Hg<sup>2+</sup> ion detection based on this property. [19,31] In their sensor design, one single-stranded thymine-rich polynucleotide was labeled with a fluorophore and quencher at 65 each end. In the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions, the two ends of the polynucleotide became closer to each other through thymine-

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Hg-thymine base pair formation, resulting in fluorescence decrease due to an enhanced quenching effect between the fluorophore and quencher. A detection limit of 40 nM was reported.

The Hg<sup>2+</sup> ion-induced stabilization effect on thymine-thymine mismatches has also been used to design colorimetric sensors with DNA and gold nanoparticles based on labeled<sup>[25,29]</sup> or label free methods.<sup>[27,28,30]</sup> Recently, Liu et al. reported a highly sensitive mercury sensor based on a uranium-specific DNAzyme by introducing thymine-thymine mismatches in the stem region of the original DNA zyme.<sup>[32]</sup> Hg<sup>2+</sup> enhanced the DNAzyme activity through allosteric interactions, and a detection limit as low as 2.4 nM was achieved.

Although highly sensitive and selective, this sensor however requires the use of 1  $\mu$ M UO<sub>2</sub><sup>2+</sup> for DNAzyme activity. This drawback creates the motivation to find an alternative method for mercury sensing, with comparable sensitivity but without the need to use other toxic metal ions as co-factors.

Fluorescent sensors based on structural switching aptamers have been developed to detect a number of non-metal ions such as adenosine-5'-triphosphate (ATP),<sup>[33-35]</sup> cocaine,<sup>[36]</sup> thrombin,<sup>[37]</sup> and platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF).<sup>[38]</sup> Aptamers switch structure in the presence of an effector usually due to the formation of non-covalent interactions, such as hydrogen bonds, ionic bonds and Van der Waals interactions, between the aptamer binding site and the effector.

#### **SUMMARY**

In a first aspect, the present invention provides a sensor for detecting mercury, comprising: a first polynucleotide, comprising a first region, and a second region, a second polynucleotide, a third polynucleotide, a fluorophore, and a quencher, wherein the third polynucleotide is optionally linked to the second region; the fluorophore is linked to the first polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the second polynucleotide, or the fluorophore is linked to the second polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the first polynucleotide; the first region and the second region hybridize to the second polynucleotide; and the second region binds to the third polynucleotide in the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions.

In a second aspect, the present invention provides a method of detecting the presence of mercury in a sample, comprising:
(a) forming a mixture comprising the sample and a sensor comprising: a first polynucleotide, comprising a first region, and a second region, a second polynucleotide, a third polynucleotide, a fluorophore, and a quencher, wherein the third polynucleotide is optionally linked to the second region; the fluorophore is linked to the first polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the second polynucleotide, or the fluorophore is linked to the second polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the first polynucleotide; the first region and the second region hybridize to the second polynucleotide; and the second region binds to the third polynucleotide in the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions, and (b) measuring the fluorescence of the mixture.

In a third aspect, the present invention provides a method of determining the concentration of mercury in a sample, comprising: (a) forming a mixture comprising the sample and a sensor comprising: a first polynucleotide, comprising a first region, and a second region, a second polynucleotide, a third polynucleotide, a fluorophore, and a quencher, wherein the third polynucleotide is optionally linked to the second region; the fluorophore is linked to the first polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the second polynucleotide, or the fluorophore is linked to the second polynucleotide and the

quencher is linked to the first polynucleotide; the first region and the second region hybridize to the second polynucleotide; and the second region binds to the third polynucleotide in the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions, (b) measuring the fluorescence of the mixture; and (c) comparing the measurement obtained in (b) <sup>5</sup> with that of a calibration curve created using known concentrations of mercury.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1(a) illustrates the structure of an example fluorescent mercury sensor according to the invention (SEQ ID NOS 1, 2, 1 and 2, respectively, in order of appearance). FIG. 1(b) illustrates the fluorescence spectra of the sensor in the absence of, and after the addition of, 1  $\mu$ M Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions for 10  $^{15}$  minutes.

FIG. **2**(*a*) illustrates the kinetics of the fluorescence increase in the presence of varying concentrations of Hg<sup>2+</sup>. FIG. **2**(*b*) illustrates a calibration curve of the fluorescent mercury sensor. The inset illustrates the sensor responses at <sup>20</sup> low Hg<sup>2+</sup> concentrations.

FIG. 3 illustrates the selectivity of the mercury sensor. Gray bars represent fluorescent responses 8 minutes after addition of 1  $\mu$ M of a number of metal ions. Black bars represent fluorescent responses after addition of 1  $\mu$ M of Hg<sup>2+</sup> 25 together with 1  $\mu$ M of a metal ion other than Hg<sup>2+</sup>.

FIG. 4 illustrates fluorescence spectra corresponding to the analysis of pond water containing no Hg<sup>2+</sup> (triangles) or 500 nM Hg<sup>2+</sup> (circles). The inset illustrates the kinetics of the fluorescence increase after the addition of the pond water.

## **DEFINITIONS**

"Thymine-Hg-thymine base pair" refers to a coordination complex formed by the binding of two thymines to a mercury 35 ion Hg<sup>2+</sup>.

"Thymine-thymine mismatch" refers to two thymines that form a thymine-Hg-thymine base pair in the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup>.

"Polynucleotide" refers to a nucleic acid sequence having 40 at least two nucleotides. Polynucleotides may contain naturally-occurring nucleotides and synthetic nucleotides. DNA, RNA and PNA molecules are embraced by this term.

"Sensitivity" refers to the smallest increase of an analyte concentration that can be detected by the sensor.

"Detection limit" refers to the limits of detection of an analytical device.

"Base-pairing" or "hybridization" refers to the ability of a polynucleotide to form at least one hydrogen bond with a nucleotide under low stringency conditions. The nucleotide 50 may be part of a second polynucleotide or a nucleotide found within the first polynucleotide. A polynucleotide is at least partially complementary to a second polynucleotide when the first polynucleotide is capable of forming at least one hydrogen bond with the second polynucleotide. To be partially complementary, a polynucleotide may have regions wherein base pairs may not form surrounded by those regions that do, forming loops, stem-loops, and other secondary structures.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The present invention provides a simple design of a highly sensitive and selective fluorescent mercury ion Hg<sup>2+</sup> sensor based on structure-switching polynucleotides. The sensing process can be completed in less than 5 minutes, with a 65 detection limit of 3.2 nM (0.6 ppb) and a detection range of 3 nM to 800 nM.

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In contrast to fluorescent sensors based on aptamers developed in the past, the sensor of the present invention is based on the structure-switching of polynucleotides that is induced by the binding of two thymines to the mercury ion  $\mathrm{Hg^{2+}}$ , forming thymine-Hg-thymine base pairs. The analyte  $\mathrm{Hg^{2+}}$  is therefore bound through a thymine-Hg-thymine base pair, as opposed to the ionic, hydrogen-bonding, and Van der Waals forces that usually bind analytes to aptamers and DNAzymes.

FIG. 1(a) illustrates an example sensor according to the 10 invention. To detect the target Hg<sup>2+</sup>, a sample suspected of containing Hg<sup>2+</sup> is mixed with a first polynucleotide 100 and a second polynucleotide 102 together in a solution of appropriate ionic strength. The first polynucleotide 100 has a fluorophore F 107 linked at the 5' end, and the second polynucleotide 102 has a quencher Q 109 linked at the 3' end. Polynucleotide 100 can be divided in two regions. The first region 101 together with the second region 103 hybridizes with polynucleotide 102. A third polynucleotide 105 may be linked to the second region 103 or be a separate polynucleotide. In the example of FIG. 1(a), the second region and the third polynucleotide are linked. In the absence of mercury ions Hg<sup>2+</sup>, as polynucleotides 100 and 102 are hybridized, the fluorophore and quencher are in close proximity to each other, resulting in fluorescence quenching due to fluorescence resonance energy transfer. In the presence of mercury ions Hg<sup>2+</sup> 106, the formation of thymine-Hg-thymine base pairs 111 will induce the binding of the second region with the third polynucleotide. In the example of FIG. 1(a), the formation of thymine-Hg-thymine base pairs will induce the folding of the second region and the third polynucleotide into a hairpin structure 113. As a result, only the first region 101 will remain hybridized to the second polynucleotide 102, which is not sufficient to hold the two polynucleotides together at the ionic strength and temperature of the mixture. Therefore, the second polynucleotide will be released from first polynucleotide, resulting in signal from the fluorophore.

Each part is now described in further detail.

As the binding of the second region and third polynucleotide is driven by the formation of thymine-Hg-thymine base

40 pairs between thymines and Hg<sup>2+</sup>, the second region and the
third polynucleotide should form a sufficient number of
thymine-thymine mismatches to induce binding under the
conditions in which the sensor is employed, such as ionic
strength, pH, and temperature. Preferably, the second region
45 and the third polynucleotide form 2 to 20 thymine-thymine
mismatches. More preferably, the second region and the third
polynucleotide form 4 to 10 thymine-thymine mismatches.
Most preferably, the second region and the third polynucleotide form 5 to 8 thymine-thymine mismatches. In addition,
50 the second region may include bases complementary to bases
of the third polynucleotide.

The first polynucleotide preferably comprises a total of 10 to 100 nucleotides. More preferably, the first polynucleotide comprises 25 to 40 nucleotides. Most preferably, the first polynucleotide comprises 30 to 35 nucleotides.

Essentially any fluorophore may be used, including BODIPY, TAMRA, fluoroscein, fluoroscein substitutes (Alexa Fluor dye, Oregon green dye), long wavelength dyes, and UV-excited fluorophores. These and additional fluorphores are listed in Fluorescent and Luminescent Probes for Biological Activity. A Practical Guide to Technology for Quantitative Real-Time Analysis, Second Ed. W. T. Mason, ed. Academic Press (1999) (incorporated herein by reference). In preferred embodiments, the fluorophore is FAM.

Quenchers may be categorized as non-fluorescent and fluorescent quenchers. Non-fluorescent quenchers are capable of quenching the fluorescence of a wide variety of

fluorophores. Usually, non-fluorescent quenchers absorb energy from the fluorophore and release the energy as heat. Examples of non-fluorescent quenchers include DABCYL, QSY-7, and QSY-33. Preferred non-fluorescent quenchers include Black Hole Quenchers (BHQs).

Fluorescent quenchers tend to be specific to fluorophores that emit at a specific wavelength range. Fluorescent quenchers often involve fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET). In many instances the quencher is also a fluorophore. In such cases, close proximity of the fluorophore and 10 quencher is indicated by a decrease in fluorescence of the fluorophore and an increase in fluorescence in the fluorescent quencher. Commonly used fluorophore/fluorescent quencher pairs include fluorescein/tetramethylrhodamine, IAEDANS/fluorescein, fluorescein/fluorescein, and BODIPY FL/BO-15 DIPY FL.

The fluorophore could be linked essentially anywhere on the first polynucleotide and the quencher essentially anywhere on the second polynucleotide, as long as they are in close proximity to each other when the two polynucleotides 20 are hybridized. By close proximity, it is meant that they are situated such that the quencher is able to function. Furthermore, the quencher may be placed on the first polynucleotide and the fluorophore on the second polynucleotide. Dehybridization removes the fluorophore from the quencher, leading to 25 an increase in fluorescence.

It is preferred to have the fluorophore linked to the 5' end of the first polynucleotide and the quencher linked to the 3' end of the second polynucleotide such that when the polynucleotides are hybridized, the fluorophore and the quencher are in 30 close proximity to each other. Alternatively, the fluorophore may be linked to the 3' end of the second polynucleotide and the quencher linked to the 5' end of the first polynucleotide.

When choosing a fluorophore, quencher, or where to position the molecules, it is important to consider, and preferably to test, the effect of the fluorophore or quencher on the hybridization of the first polynucleotide and second polynucleotide and on the binding between the second region and the third polynucleotide. Also, it is preferable that the fluorophore display a high quantum yield and energy transfer efficiency. 40 Long-wavelength (excitation and emission) fluorophores are preferred because of less interference from other absorbing species. The fluorophore should also be less sensitive to pH changes or to non-specific quenching by metal ions or other species.

Sometimes other factors in a solution such as pH, salt concentration or ionic strength, or viscosity will have an effect on fluorescence. Others may affect the hybridization of the first polynucleotide and second polynucleotide. Therefore, in preferred methods, controls are run to determine if the 50 solution itself, regardless of the hybridization, is altering the fluorescence. Such controls include the use of a first polynucleotide and third polynucleotide that do not dehybridize or the first polynucleotide without the presence of the third polynucleotide.

The invention also provides methods for detecting the presence of  $\mathrm{Hg}^{2+}$  in samples suspected of containing the ion. In certain embodiments, a mixture of the sample and the sensor of the invention is formed, and the resulting fluorescence, if any, is measured. For example, the sample and sensor can be 60 mixed in a cuvette and fluorescent readings taken in a fluorimeter.

However, essentially any instrument or method for detecting fluorescent emissions may be used. Furthermore, the fluorescence may be measured by a number of different modes. 65 Examples include fluorescence intensity, lifetime, and anisotropy in either steady state or kinetic rate change modes. [39]

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The sample is preferably liquid. More preferably, the sample is aqueous, for example industrial discharge, lake, river-, or pond-water, and especially drinking water. Biological and bodily fluids such as plasma and blood are also contemplated. Solid and gaseous samples, for instance industrial waste or emissions, can also be analyzed for mercury presence, for example following a pretreatment process that includes dispersion or solubilization in a suitable liquid medium. Food, for example fish, meat, and milk, may also be analyzed for the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup>. Preferably other ions, especially other metal ions, may be present in the sample. However, no other ions, such as co-factors, need be present for detection.

The invention also provides methods for determining the concentration of  $Hg^{2+}$  in a sample. A calibration curve is first taken with known concentrations of  $Hg^{2+}$ . The fluorescent reading of the sample to be analyzed is scored against the curve, thereby yielding the  $Hg^{2+}$  concentration in the sample.

Also provided are sensor system kits for detecting Hg<sup>2+</sup>. In one embodiment, the kit includes at least a first container. The first container contains the sensor.

When a kit is supplied, the different components of the sensor may be packaged in separate containers and admixed immediately before use. Such packaging of the components separately permits long-term storage of the active components.

The reagents included in the kits can be supplied in containers of any sort such that the life of the different components are preserved and are not adsorbed or altered by the materials of the container. For example, sealed glass ampules may contain one of more of the reagents, or buffers that have been packaged under a neutral, non-reacting gas, such as nitrogen. Ampules may consist of any suitable material, such as glass, organic polymers, such as polycarbonate, polystyrene, etc.; ceramic, metal or any other material typically employed to hold similar reagents. Other examples of suitable containers include simple bottles that may be fabricated from similar substances as ampules; and envelopes that may comprise foil-lined interiors, such as aluminum or an alloy. Other containers include test tubes, vials, flasks, bottles, syringes, or the like. Containers may have a sterile access port, such as a bottle having a stopper that can be pierced by a hypodermic injection needle. Other containers may have two compartments that are separated by a readily removable membrane that upon removal permits the components to be mixed. Removable membranes may be glass, plastic, rubber,

The kits may also contain other reagents and items useful for detecting  $\mathrm{Hg^{2^+}}$ . The reagents may include standard solutions containing known quantities of  $\mathrm{Hg^{2^+}}$ , dilution and other buffers, pretreatment reagents, etc. Other items which may be provided include syringes, pipettes, cuvettes and containers. Standard charts indicating the fluorescence of the sensor, corresponding to the presence of different amounts of  $\mathrm{Hg^{2^+}}$  in the sample being tested, may be provided.

Kits may also be supplied with instructional materials. Instructions may be printed on paper or other substrate, and/ or may be supplied as an electronic-readable medium, such as a floppy disc, CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, Zip disc, videotape, audiotape, etc. Detailed instructions may not be physically associated with the kit; instead, a user may be directed to an internet web site specified by the manufacturer or distributor of the kit, or supplied as electronic mail.

#### **o** Experimental

#### Example 1

### Fluorimetric Hg<sup>2+</sup> Sensor

The design of a structure-switching sensor for  ${\rm Hg}^{2+}$  is shown in FIG. 1. It is based on a first polynucleotide and a second polynucleotide. The first polynucleotide had 33 bases and was labeled with a FAM fluorophore at the 5' end. The second polynucleotide had 10 bases and was labeled with a Black Hole Quencher-1 at the 3' end (FIG.  ${\bf 1}(a)$ ). The first polynucleotide comprised 5 self-complementary base pairs and seven thymine-thymine mismatches. The fluorescence spectra of the sensor before and after the addition of 1  $\mu$ M Hg<sup>2+</sup> is shown in FIG. 1(*b*). An approximately eight-fold fluorescence increase at the 518 nm peak was observed. The quantum yield of the FAM linked to the first polynucleotide was estimated to be ~66% and little quenching of FAM fluorescence was observed upon addition of 1  $\mu$ M Hg<sup>2+</sup>.

To study the Hg<sup>2+</sup> induced structure-switching of the sensor system, sample solutions were treated with Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions in various conditions, and the kinetics of the fluorescence increase at 518 nm was monitored. As shown in FIG. 2(a), 25 higher concentrations of Hg2+ ions resulted in higher fluorescence emission enhancement. To quantify the Hg2+ ions, the fluorescence increase in the first three minutes after addition of different concentrations of Hg2+ ions was collected and compared. The calibration curve (FIG. 2(b)) had a sigmoid shape and was fit to a Hill plot with a Hill coefficient of 2.4. These results indicate that the Hg<sup>2+</sup> binding to the first polynucleotide is a positively cooperative process, and the binding of one Hg<sup>2+</sup> facilitates the binding of another Hg<sup>2+</sup> onto the same polynucleotide. Although there were seven binding sites in the first polynucleotide, the release of the second polynucleotide occurred after binding to approximately 2.4  $Hg^{2+}$  ions. By fitting the calibration curve of FIG. 2(b) to a Hill plot, a dissociation constant of 471 nM was obtained. 40 This sensor had a detection limit of 3.2 nM based on the 3a/slope, which is lower than the toxic level of Hg<sup>2+</sup> in drinking water as defined by the U.S. EPA. The calibration saturated at 800 nM, meaning that the detection range of this sensor is from 3 nM to 800 nM.

To determine the selectivity of the sensor, 1  $\mu$ M of each of a number of metal ions was added individually to the sensor solution, and the fluorescence increase was monitored. As shown by they gray bars in FIG. 3, among the metal ions tested (Mg²+, Ca²+, Mn²+, Co²+, Ni²+, Cu²+, Pb²+, Zn²+, 50 Cd²+, and Hg²+), only Hg²+ yielded a significant increase in fluorescence. In addition, 1  $\mu$ M of Hg²+ and 1  $\mu$ M of each of the other tested metal ions were added together to the sensor solution. The fluorescence response (FIG. 3, black bars) shows excellent selectivity for Hg²+ over other metal ions.

The sensor was further tested with pond water collected on the University of Illinois (Urbana-Champaign, Ill.) campus. The pond water with standard addition of Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions was added to the sensor solution with a dilution factor of 2.8, and the fluorescence change was monitored. Following standard addition methods, Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions were added to the pond water to a final concentration of 200 nM, and a 207% increase in fluorescence was observed (FIG. 4). This result is similar to the 231% fluorescence increase observed with the sensor for pure water in the presence of 200 nM Hg<sup>2+</sup>. These results indicate that the sensor is able to detect mercury in pond water with little interference.

### Sensor Preparation and Mercury Detection

All polynucleotides were purchased from Integrated DNA Technologies (Coralville, Iowa) and were purified by HPLC. To prepare the sensor solution, 100 nM Strand A (5'-FAM-TCATGTTTGTTTGTCCCCCCCTTCTTTCTTA-3') (SEQ ID NO:1) and 400 nM Strand B (5'-ACAAACATGA-BHQ1-3') (SEQ ID NO:2) were added to a 100 mM NaNO3 and 10 mM MOPS (3-(N-morpholino)propanesulfonic acid) pH 7.2 buffer solution. The resulting solution was kept at room temperature for 1 hr to hybridize the two strands. Then  $500\,\mu L$  of the sensor solution prepared above were transferred to a cuvette. The cuvette was placed in a fluorimeter (Fluoro-Max-P; Horiba Jobin Yvon, Edison, N.J.) at 25° C. The excitation frequenct was set at 491 nm and the emission at 518 nm was monitored. After an initial reading, the cuvette was taken out, and a small volume of concentrated Hg<sup>2+</sup> solution was added. After vortexing, the cuvette was returned into the fluorimeter to continue the kinetic measurements.

Alternative polynucleotides that could be used include Strand C

(SEQ ID NO: 3)

(5'-FAM-TCATGTTTCTTCTGTTGCCCCCTTCTGTTGTAT-3'),

Strand D

(SEQ ID NO: 4)

(5'-FAM-TCATGTTTCTTCTGTTGCCCCCTTCTGTTGTTT-3'),
and

Strand E

(SEQ ID NO: 5)

(5'-FAM-TCATGTTTCTTCTGTTGGGGGCTTCTGTTGTTT-3').

### Selectivity Assay

To determine the selectivity of the sensor, 1  $\mu M$  of each of a number of metal ions, including  $Mg^{2+},\,Ca^{2+},\,Mn^{2+},\,Co^{2+},\,Ni^{2+},\,Cu^{2+},\,Pb^{2+},\,Zn^{2+},\,Cd^{2+},\,and\,Hg^{2+},\,was$  added to the sensor solution, and the fluorescence increase induced by each metal ion was monitored with a fluorimeter. In addition,  $1\,\mu M\,Hg^{2+}$  and  $1\,\mu M$  of another metal ion were added together to the sensor solution and the fluorescence change was recorded. This assay was carried out for each of the metal ions.

#### Mercury Detection in Pond Water

A pond water sample was collected from the University of Illinois campus and filtered through a 0.22  $\mu m$  membrane prior to testing. 180  $\mu L$  of the pond water was then mixed with a concentrated buffer and a Hg<sup>2+</sup> solution to reach a final volume of 200  $\mu L$  of a first mixture containing 500 nM Hg<sup>2+</sup>, 100 mM NaNO<sub>3</sub> and 10 mM MOPS at pH 7.2. 300  $\mu L$  of a concentrated sensor solution was then mixed with 200  $\mu L$  of the first mixture, obtaining a final mixture containing 200 nM Hg<sup>2+</sup> and 100 nM hybridized DNA. The fluorescence of the final mixture was monitored with a fluorimeter.

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#### SEQUENCE LISTING

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What is claimed is:

- 1. A sensor for detecting mercury, comprising:
- a first polynucleotide, comprising a first region, and a second region,
- a second polynucleotide,
- a third polynucleotide,
- a fluorophore, and
- a quencher,
- wherein the third polynucleotide is optionally linked to the second region:
- the fluorophore is linked to the first polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the second polynucleotide, or the 40 fluorophore is linked to the second polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the first polynucleotide;
- when the first region and the second region hybridize to the second polynucleotide, the quencher quenches the fluorophore; and
- the second region binds to the third polynucleotide when in the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions, releasing the second polynucleotide so that the quencher does not quench the fluorophore.
- 2. The sensor of claim 1, wherein the fluorophore is linked 50 to the 5' end of the first polynucleotide.
- 3. The sensor of claim 1, wherein the quencher is linked to the 3' end of the second polynucleotide.
- **4**. The sensor of claim **1**, wherein the fluorophore is linked to the 3' end of the second polynucleotide.
- 5. The sensor of claim 1, wherein the quencher is linked to the 5' end of the first polynucleotide.
  - 6. The sensor of claim 1, wherein the fluorophore is FAM.
- 7. The sensor of claim 1, wherein the quencher is non-flourescent quenchers.
- **8**. The sensor of claim **1**, wherein the first polynucleotide comprises the nucleic-acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.
- **9**. The sensor of claim **1**, wherein the second polynucle-otide comprises the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 10. The sensor of claim 1, wherein the second region 65 and the third polynucleotide form 2 to 20 thymine-thymine mismatches.

- 11. The sensor of claim 1, wherein the second region and the third polynucleotide form 4 to 10 thymine-thymine mismatches.
- 12. The sensor of claim 1, wherein the second region and the third polynucleotide form 5 to 8 thymine-thymine mismatches.
- 35 13. A method of detecting the presence of mercury in a sample, comprising:
  - (a) forming a mixture comprising the sample and a sensor comprising:
  - a first polynucleotide, comprising a first region, and a second region,
  - a second polynucleotide,
  - a third polynucleotide,
  - a fluorophore, and
  - a quencher,
  - wherein the third polynucleotide is optionally linked to the second region;
  - the fluorophore is linked to the first polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the second polynucleotide, or the fluorophore is linked to the second polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the first polynucleotide;
  - when the first region and the second region hybridize to the second polynucleotide, the quencher quenches the fluorophore; and
  - the second region binds to the third polynucleotide when in the presence of  $\mathrm{Hg^{2+}}$  ions, releasing the second polynucleotide so that the quencher does not quench the fluorophore, and
  - (b) measuring the fluorescence of the mixture.
  - **14**. The method of claim **13**, wherein the fluorophore is linked to the 5' end of the first polynucleotide.
  - 15. The method of claim 13, wherein the quencher is linked to the 3' end of the second polynucleotide.
  - **16**. The method of claim **13**, wherein the fluorophore is linked to the 3' end of the second polynucleotide.
  - 17. The method of claim 13, wherein the quencher is linked to the 5' end of the first polynucleotide.

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- 18. The method of claim 13, wherein the fluorophore is FAM.
- 19. The method of claim 13, wherein the quencher is non-flourescent quenchers.
- **20**. The method of claim **13**, wherein the second region and the third polynucleotide form 4 to 10 thymine-thymine mismatches
- 21. The method of claim 13, wherein the sample comprises a water sample.
- 22. The method of claim 13, wherein the sample comprises  $_{10}$  a bodily fluid.
- 23. The method of claim 13, wherein an increase in fluorescence is indicative of the presence of mercury.
- **24**. A method of determining the concentration of mercury in a sample, comprising:
  - (a) forming a mixture comprising the sample and a sensor comprising:
  - a first polynucleotide, comprising a first region, and a second region,
  - a second polynucleotide,
  - a third polynucleotide,
  - a fluorophore, and
  - a quencher,

wherein the third polynucleotide is optionally linked to the second region; 14

- the fluorophore is linked to the first polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the second polynucleotide, or the fluorophore is linked to the second polynucleotide and the quencher is linked to the first polynucleotide;
- when the first region and the second region hybridize to the second polynucleotide, the quencher quenches the fluorophore; and
- the second region binds to the third polynucleotide when in the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions, releasing the second polynucleotide so that the quencher does not quench the fluorophore,
- (b) measuring the fluorescence of the mixture; and
- (c) comparing the measurement obtained in (b) with that of a calibration curve created using known concentrations of mercury.
- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the second region and the third polynucleotide form 4 to 10 thymine-thymine mismatches.
- **26**. The method of claim **24**, wherein the sample comprises 20 a water sample.
  - 27. The method of claim 24, wherein the sample comprises a bodily fluid.

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