

# Applied Optimization

## Exercise 1 - Convex Sets

September 15, 2021

### Hand-in instructions:

Please hand-in **only one** compressed file named after the following convention: `Exercisen-GroupMemberNames.zip`, where  $n$  is the number of the current exercise sheet. This file should contain:

- The complete code folder except for the `build` subfolder. Make sure that your code submission compiles on your machine. Zip the code folder.
- A `readme.txt` file containing a description on how you solved each exercise (use the same numbers and titles) and the encountered problems.
- Other files that are required by your `readme.txt` file. For example, if you mention some screenshot images in `readme.txt`, these images need to be submitted too.
- Submit your solutions to ILIAS before the submission deadline.

### Convex Sets (7 pts)

#### Example sets (2 pt)

Sketch the following sets in  $\mathbb{R}^2$

1.  $\text{span} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -0.5 \\ -0.5 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

2.  $\text{span} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 \\ -0.5 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

3.  $\text{aff} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

4.  $\text{conv} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

### Convexity (1 pt)

Let  $C \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be a convex set, with  $x_1, \dots, x_k \in C$ , and let  $\theta_1, \dots, \theta_k \in \mathbb{R}$  satisfy  $\theta_i \geq 0, \theta_1 + \dots + \theta_k = 1$ . Show that  $\theta_1 x_1 + \dots + \theta_k x_k \in C$ . (The definition of convexity is that this holds for  $k = 2$ ; you must show it for arbitrary  $k$ .) Hint. Use induction on  $k$ .

### Linear Equations (1 pt)

Show that the solution set of linear equations  $\{x \mid Ax = b\}$  with  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  and  $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$  is an affine set.

### Linear Inequations (1 pt)

1. Show that the solution set of linear inequations  $\{x \mid Ax \preceq b, Cx = d\}$  with  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  and  $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ ,  $C \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times n}$  and  $d \in \mathbb{R}^k$  is a convex set. Here  $\preceq$  means componentwise less or equal.
2. Is it an affine set?

### Voronoi description of halfspace (2 pt)

Let  $a$  and  $b$  be distinct points in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Show that the set of all points that are closer (in Euclidean norm) to  $a$  than to  $b$ , i.e.,  $\{x \mid \|x - a\|^2 \leq \|x - b\|^2\}$ , is a halfspace. Describe it explicitly as an inequality of the form  $c^T x \leq d$ . Draw a picture.

## Convex Illumination Problem (3 pts)

Show that the solution  $p^* = (p_1^*, p_2^*, \dots, p_n^*)^T \in \mathbb{R}^n$  of the non-convex illumination problem from the lecture

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & \max_{k=1 \dots m} |\log I_k - \log I_{des}| \\ \text{subject to} & 0 \leq p_j \leq p_{max}, \quad j = 1 \dots n \end{array}$$

with  $I_k = \sum_{j=1}^n a_{kj} p_j$  for geometric constants  $a_{jk} \in \mathbb{R}$ , a constant desired illumination  $I_{des} \in \mathbb{R}$  and an upper bound  $p_{max} \in \mathbb{R}$  on the lamp power, is identical to the solution of the following equivalent (convex) problem

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & \max_{k=1 \dots m} h(I_k / I_{des}) \\ \text{subject to} & 0 \leq p_j \leq p_{max}, \quad j = 1 \dots n \end{array}$$

with  $h(u) = \max\{u, 1/u\}$ .