



NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FFAENGINE

Shaurya Chandhoke

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PROJECT OVERVIEW

A quick recap into the project goals



INTENDED GOALS

- Create a factor-based allocation model leveraging a long/short strategy
- Evaluate its sensitivity to various parameters
- Highlight the importance of historical data structure and sudden shifts in the market



THE ENGINE

- Called the **FFAEngine**
- Leverages the *Fama French 3-Factor* asset pricing model

THE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURE

The foundation and concepts



THE FAMA FRENCH 3 FACTOR MODEL

BUILT ON TOP OF THE CAPM

$$\rho_i = \rho_0 + \beta_i^s (\rho_m - \rho_0)$$

$$\beta_i^s = \frac{\text{cov}(R_i, R_m)}{\sigma_m^2}$$

ADDS MORE DESCRIPTORS

$$\rho_i = \rho_0 + \beta_i^s (\rho_m - \rho_0) + \beta_i^{smb} \rho_{smb} + \beta_i^{hml} \rho_{hml} + \alpha_i$$



THE OPTIMIZATION PROBLEM

MAXIMIZE RETURNS WHILE MINIMIZING RISK

$$\max_{w \in \mathbb{R}^n}$$

$$\rho^T \omega - \lambda (\omega - \omega_p)^T \Sigma (\omega - \omega_p)$$

s.t.

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \beta_i^m \omega_i = \beta_T^m$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i = 1$$


$$-2 \leq \omega_i \leq 2$$



SUB-PERIOD DIVISION

TOTAL TIME PERIOD

March 1st 2007 – June 30th 2021



Pre-Crisis

- March 1st 2007
- December 31st 2007

In-Crisis

- January 1st 2008
- June 30th 2009

Post-Crisis

- July 1st 2009
- June 30th 2021

TERM STRUCTURE

NOTATION

$$S_{\rho_L}^{\Sigma_L} (\beta_T^m)$$

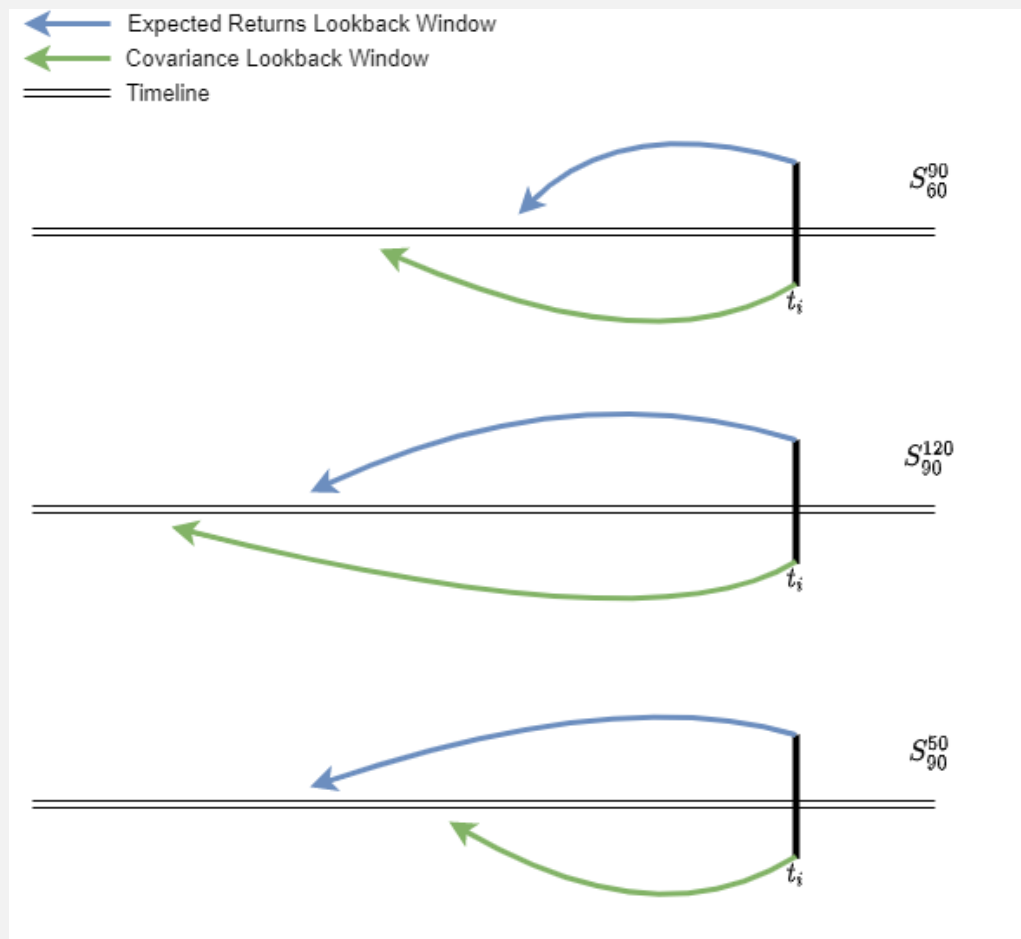


Figure 1.3: Abstract overview of how the term structure features will work to parse historical data

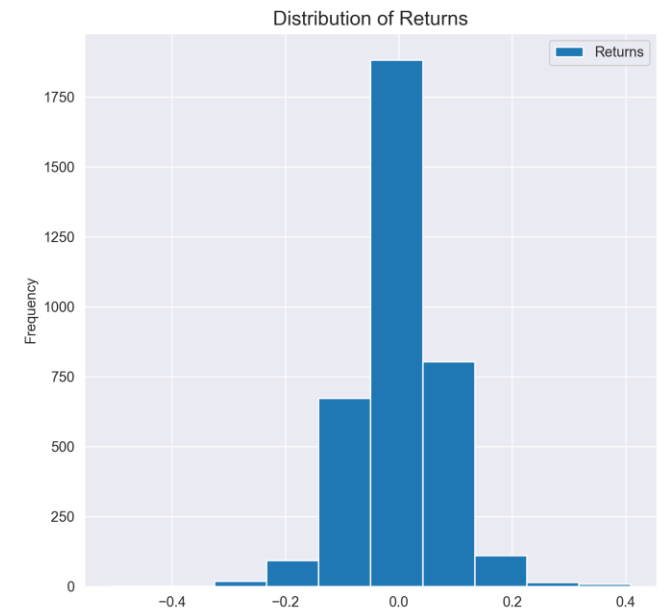
OBSERVATIONS AND ANALYSIS

Reports and Highlights

IMPACT FROM THE TARGET BETA

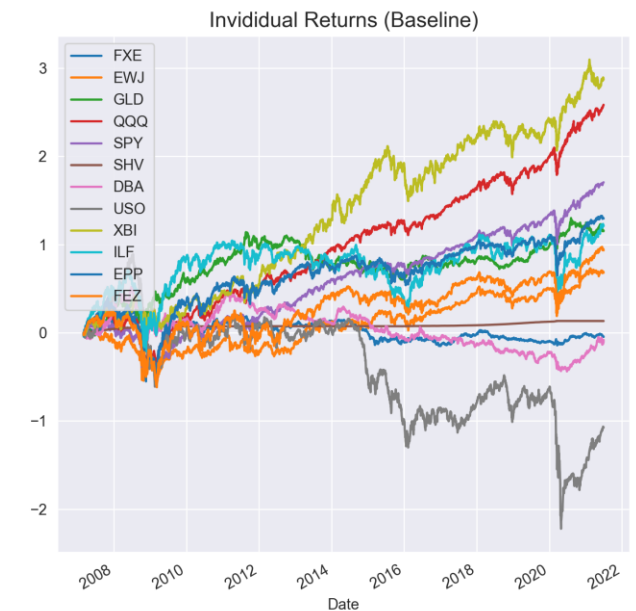
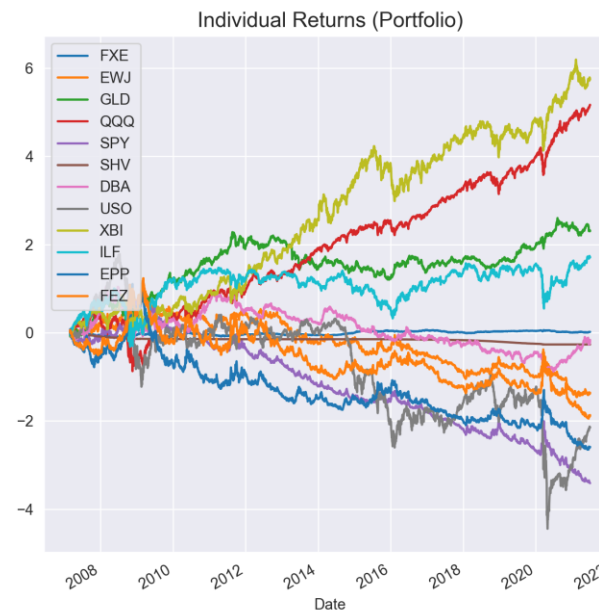
$$S_{90}^{120}(-0.5)$$

Performance	Pre-Crisis
PnL	\$72.1052
Daily Mean	0.217849
Volatility	0.0766214
Sharpe Ratio	0.0113728
VaR 95%	-0.115074



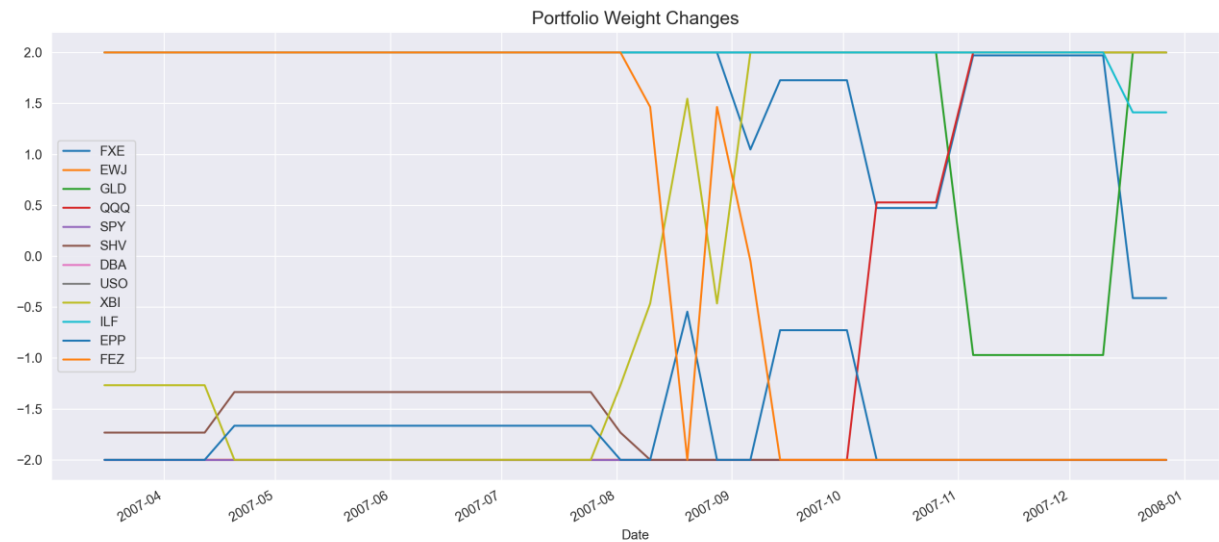
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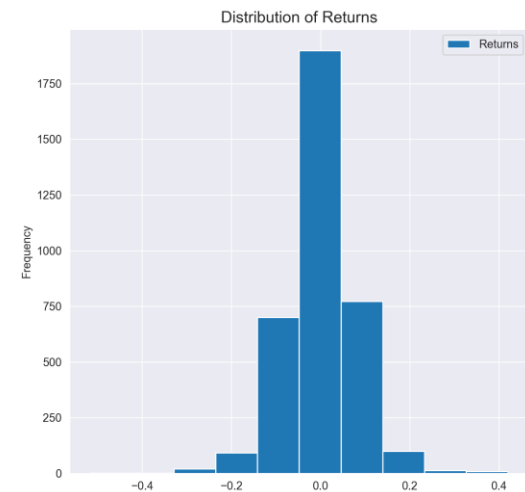
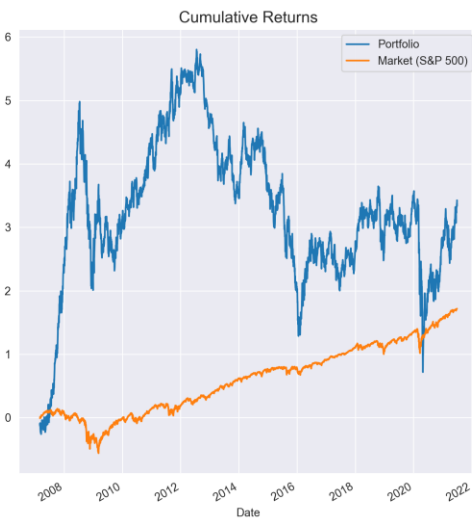
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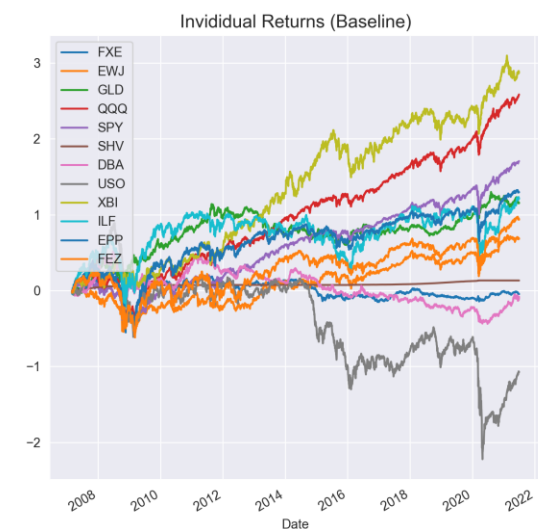
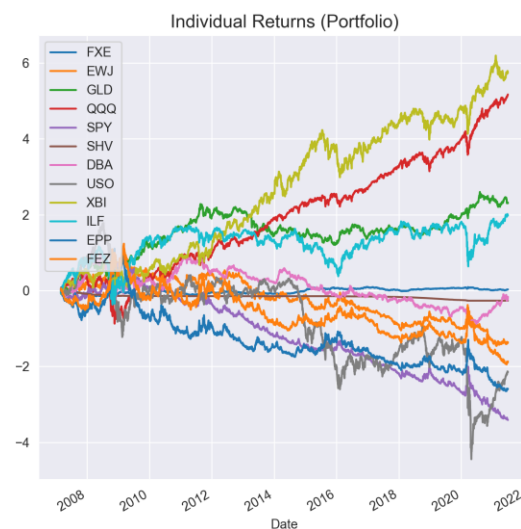
$$S_{90}^{120}(0)$$

Performance	Pre-Crisis
PnL	\$101.899
Daily Mean	0.23737
Volatility	0.0774037
Sharpe Ratio	0.0122666
VaR 95%	-0.116931



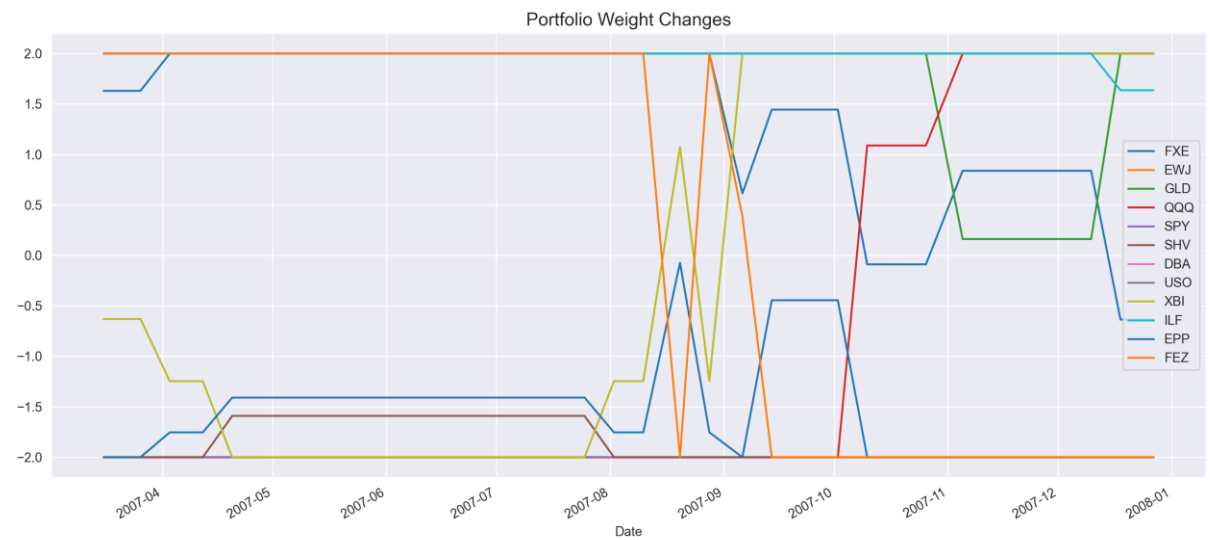
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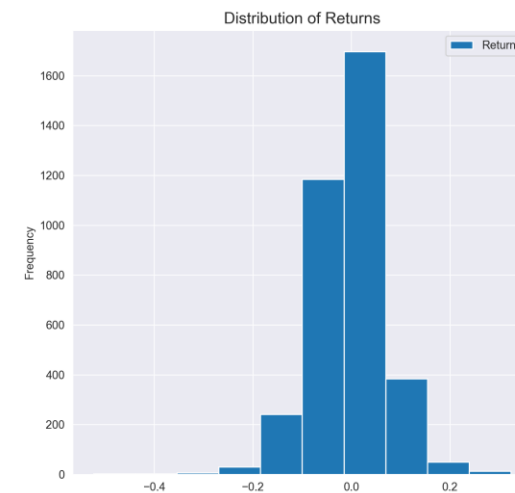
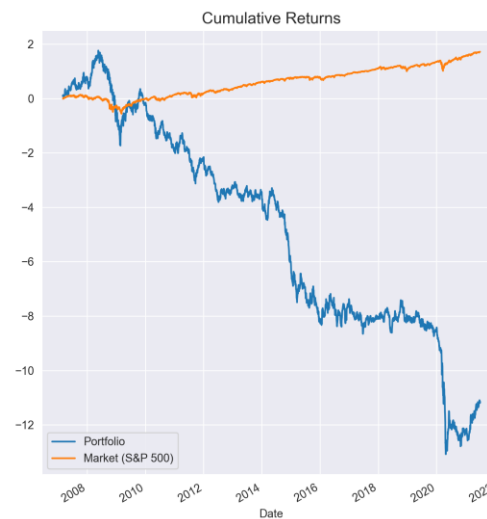
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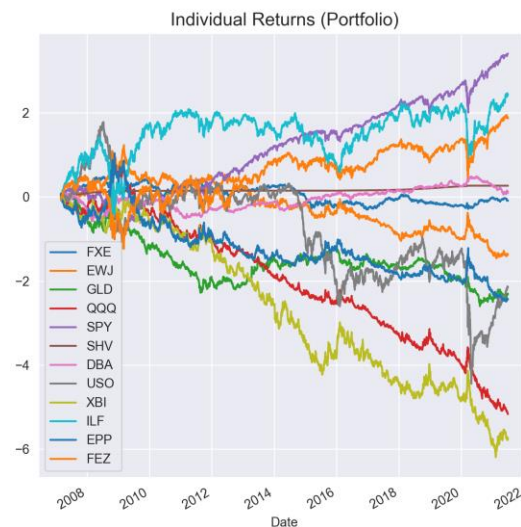
$$S_{90}^{120}(1)$$

Performance	Post-Crisis
PnL	-\$197.539
Daily Mean	-0.775056
Volatility	0.0720079
Sharpe Ratio	-0.043054
VaR 95%	-0.116965



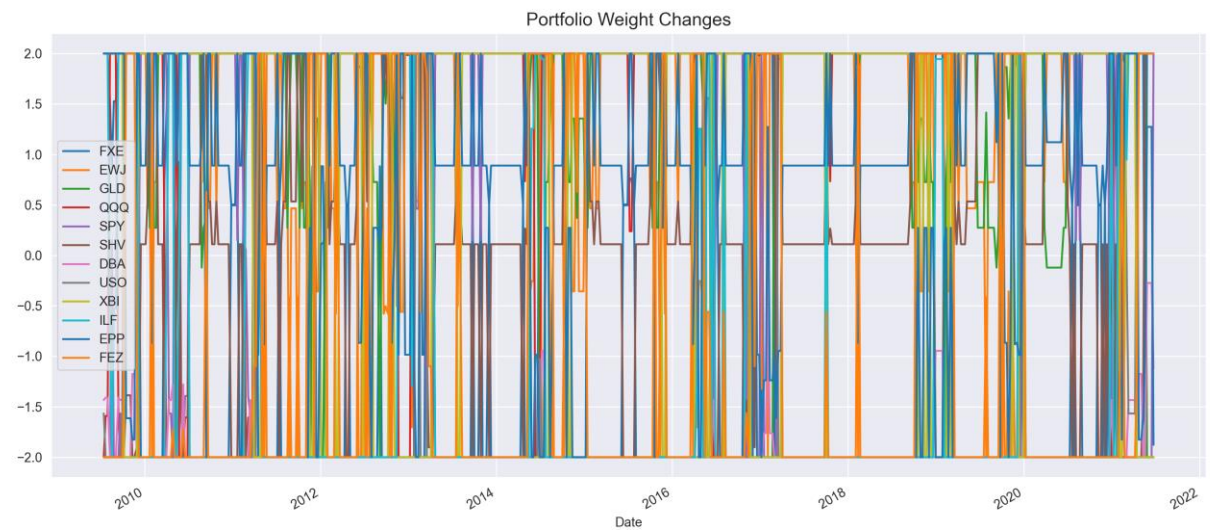
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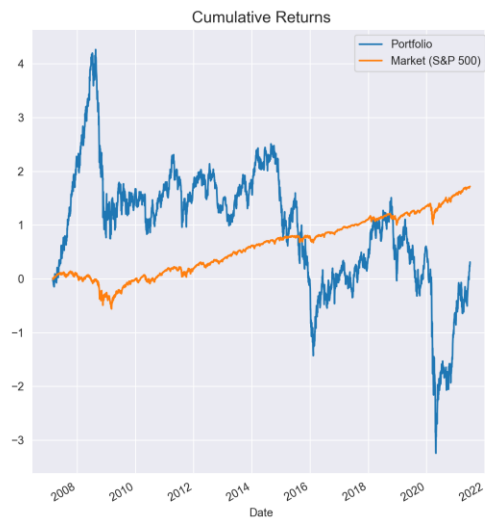
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IMPACT FROM THE TERM STRUCTURE

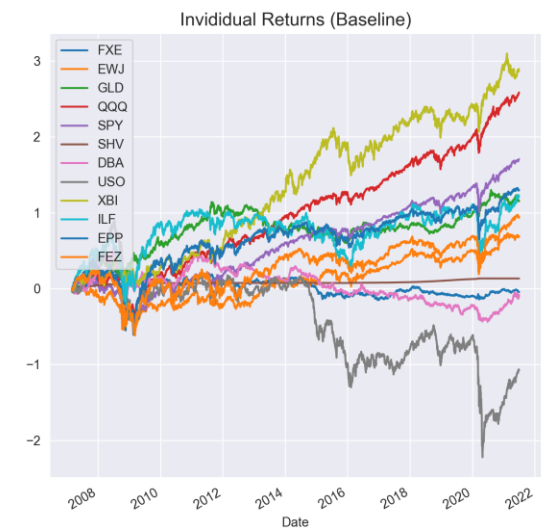
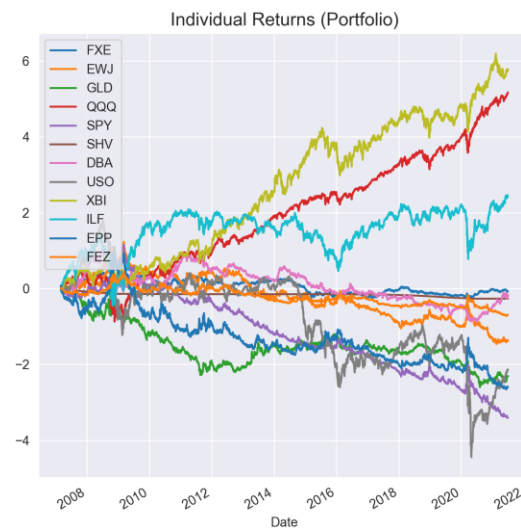
$$S_{40}^{240} (0.5)$$

Performance	Pre-Crisis
PnL	-\$8.37556
Daily Mean	0.0216064
Volatility	0.0766831
Sharpe Ratio	0.00112705
VaR 95%	-0.12165



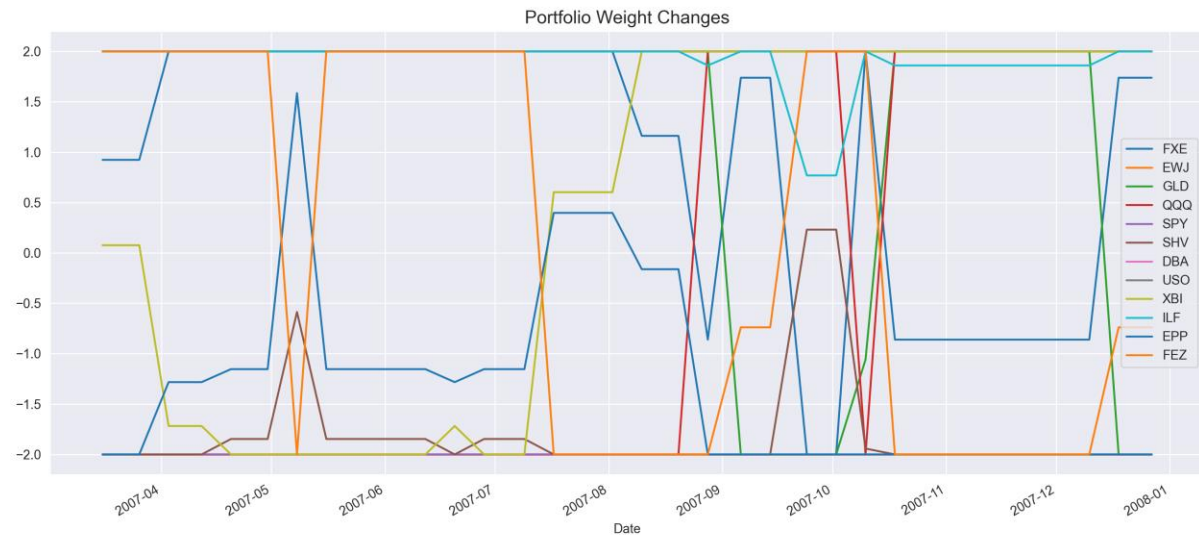
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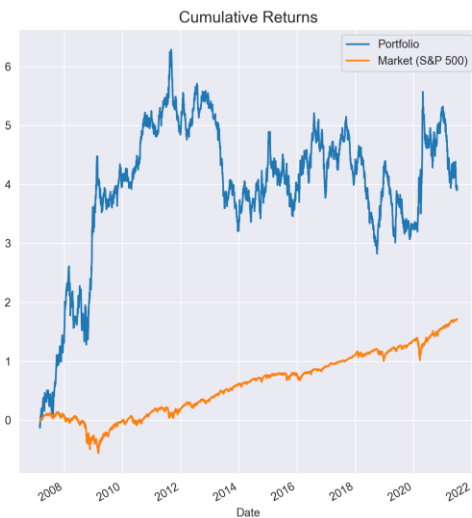
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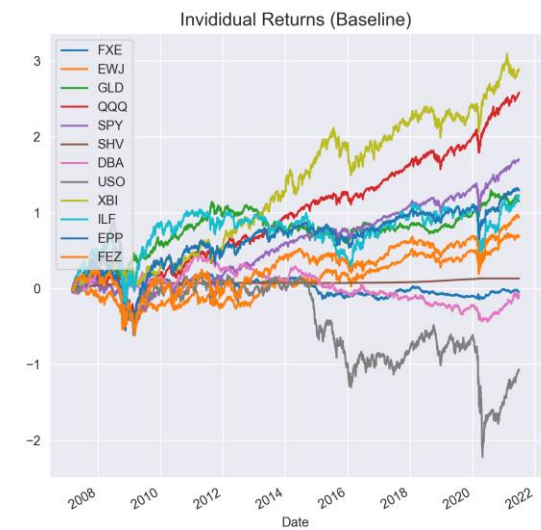
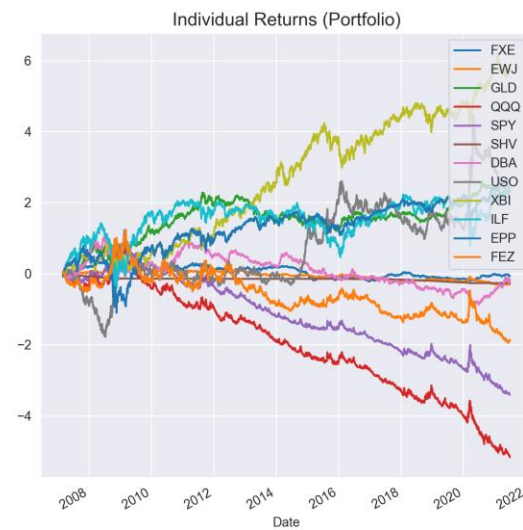
$$S_{200}^{40}(0.5)$$

Performance	In-Crisis
PnL	\$897.99
Daily Mean	0.274116
Volatility	0.0640025
Sharpe Ratio	0.0171316
VaR 95%	-0.0995051



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THE ENGINE

The Nuances

INFRASTRUCTURE

Report and Rerun

Display findings, modify
hyperparameters, and rerun

Rolling Optimization

Create optimization components
and rebalance every 5 days

Sub-Period Regression

Collect each ETF's beta and alpha
coefficients

Ingestion

Aggregates and Scrubs
Ticker Data

Foundation

NumPy, Pandas, CVXPY

FINAL REMARKS

Thoughts and Feedback

SENSITIVITY PARAMETERS

- $\beta_T < 0.5$ worked best
 - Is $\beta_T < 0$ smart in real world?
- Term structures with large window for expected returns provided better calculation of beta coefficients during linear regression
- Look for conditions where portfolio weight rebalancing is not too drastic

SUB-PERIODS ARE EQUALLY IMPORTANT

- In-Crisis period back-testing performed best
 - Important due to project dates (2007 – 2021)
 - Head of crisis began roughly in 2008
- Close to current time period = Larger historical window
 - Engine requires more drastic shifts in market to smooth volatility of allocation

IMPROVEMENTS TO ENGINE

- Data quality
 - Normalization
- Data quantity
 - Longer historical windows
 - More years prior to crisis
- Feature to apply dual optimization of both term structures
 - Create optimal window based on sub-period

THANK YOU