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The beginning of my career – why Physics?

strong interest in computing that I thought I would learn it anyway. Physics was interesting because of its focus on fundamental principles and I hoped I would learn scientific thinking. I have always been fascinated by the fact that our existence is based on a few "simple" and elegant laws. The

urge to reduce complex system to a set of simple and composable parts has always been a driving force in my life. 1986-1995 Computational Biology From 1986-1995 I worked in the field of computational molecular biology at EMBL (European Lab for

Molecular Biology). The first 3.5 years I worked on my diploma thesis on protein structure prediction

I have a diploma in physics form the University of Heidelberg and a passion for computing since I

am 15. The reason I studied physics (starting '81) and not computer science was that I had such a

Years of exploration

form protein sequences. Then worked as scientific assistant.

During my time at EMBL I had a lot of freedom to experiment and explore new ideas and technologies. The team was interdisciplinary (biologists, chemists, physicists, mathematicians, computer scientists etc) and it was very exciting to have open discussions with people with a wide range of experiences, views and insights. I learned how important collaboration and

communication is, but also how important exploration and trial and error is. I contributed lots of ideas, my boss Chris Sander often said "Michael creates many crazy ideas but one out of three

is actually good".

ET++ and Erich Gamma Around 1987-1988 I discovered on the internet a C++ UI library called ET++, which was written By Erich Gamma and Andre Weinand (if you have read Erichs design pattern book (GOF), you'll find ET++ examples for most of the patterns). I used ET++ as the basis for a lot of tools I wrote for visualization and analysis of molecular biological data. Since I had access to Erichs PhD thesis and early drafts of the book, I became an evangelist of design patterns and that way of thinking. I would sill say Erichs work has a fundamental impact on the way I look at software and the way I design systems.

3d protein visualization in ET++ with lots of (at that time) new interactive capabilities query engine for a flat file protein database in gawk

analysis framework running on dedicated hardware

fast algorithm to compare lots of (protein) sequences

using neural networks to improve protein sequence alignment

Projects in work in a science context

 protein structure analysis tool in modula-2 (my diploma thesis) a very efficient object oriented implementation of a subset of Iris GL (which is the basis of OpenGL) in C for X-Windows • 2d plotting (scatter plot) framework with direct links to data tables to show multidimensional data based on ET++ (was revolutionary in the 80ies) • framework for generic remote proxies in python used to get local access to a database and

Here are some of the projects I have been working on and and that I remember. Maybe what I

remember and what I find important in retrospect is telling something about me....

- improved fastest existing algorithm for protein surface calculation by a factor of 10+ a plotting "program" in postscript that scientists could appended to their data files and that
- printed nice graphs and plots automation of protein analysis - we reduced the manual effort of a man month work to a few hours calculations with 95% similar results (was later commercialised) in perl and C++
- 1994-2000 Contractor for TakeFive

ET++ had a build-in IDE (Integrated Development Environment) and a introspection system

(because one of its inspirations was Smalltalk). Walter Bischofberger extracted and expanded a stand-alone IDE called sniff. A small startup company in Salzburg (Austria) named TakeFive commercialised sniff under the name SNiFF+. I joined them as contractor (initially part-time) form my home office in Heidelberg. At that time I was one of the few ET++ experts and that made me a natural

Initially I did some classical contracting work (like enhancing the editor). I also did customer training

Over time I slipped more into the role of the lead developer. That was quite interesting, because I

was the only team member working remotely. I was visiting the office regularly for 3-4 days every

4-6 weeks. When I was there we had a lot of discussions on design and architecture. I had lots of

board was in the state I left it last time. I learned that working in one office is not sufficient to

When I was in my home-office I did implementation work on the SNiFF+ project. But I also did

exploration work, trying out new ideas and finding solutions or generalizations for problems that I

on the product as well as on programming C++, python and on design patterns.

Collaboration as contractor working form a home office

fit.

have good collaborations.

enhance the internal development.

Freedom of a consultant

one-on-one sessions when I was in the office, and I often knew better than the "locals" who worked on what and who should talk to whom. Quite often, when I visited the office next time, the white

have seen. Although lot of my code went directly into the product, I preferred to work outside the current product stream to do forward looking, next-generation-of-the-product work. Many of the ideas and experiments I made failed. But lots of good ideas emerged. In many cases nobody asked me to look into a specific problem, but I used my senses to find areas where I could make a difference, where I could create something that would add value for customers or something would

Being outside the day to day work of the team, I had a kind of Joker role that gave me some freedom

to reflect on what we were doing in terms of technology and architecture, but also in terms of

ideas and had very good relationships to the developers in the team.

OQL implementation in python (never used in a product)

a distributed CORBA based implementation of the IDE (failed)

management and the general direction of the company. As a consultant, I never had the official

power to make decisions or direct people, but I gave advice to decision makers and implanted

Here are a few things I remember. The items in the list I designed, and did most of the implementation. • a declarative, context based framework for views, command and menus (a kind of e4 for ET++) a DSL (domain specific language) and generator for python bindings to ET++ that encoded all the ownership rules of the not-garage collected C++-code - this enabled a lot of extensions to SNiFF+ (mostly done by services) data driven tree-table implementation – reduced time writing of a new tools form months to days OQL expression for (JSON like) data and tree/table filtering

• rule based dialog model to separate the logic form the UI and to express logic declaratively

• pattern based parser for quick definition of syntax highlighting for programming languages

lots of product contributions and enhancements including designing workflows and creating product enhancements

• python debugger with gdb like interface

finally decided to use eclipse (which I was favoring).

also designed protocols and APIs for interacting components.

doing things (e.g. everything is a plug-in).

Some projects I worked on

2000-2009 Contractor at Wind River We (the TakeFive) team started creating an the next generation SNiFF+ IDE written in Java based on the learnings form the last years. Around that time, TakeFive got acquired by Wind River and a cultural change started by merging teams form different companies into one team. Wind River had

(by acquisitions) five different IDEs with very different design philosophies. It turned out to be very

One key learning for me was that mixing different frameworks and styles can lead to more complex systems - it might be better to use one consistent way of doing things, a set of

principles everybody agrees on. In that sense eclipse was a good choice because it has its way of

difficult, if not impossible, to merge "the best" of different cultures into a single system. The company

Member of the Wind River architect team

I became member of the Wind River cross-project architecture team. One of the goals of the

communication between teams. There was a tendency for teams to not see the impact of decisions

for other teams. The IDE had to integrate with tools that were produced by teams that have not been

concerned with introperability with the IDE ("real men use command line tools and vi/emacs"). We

architect team was to cross-pollinate ideas between different teams and to facilitate the

installation application fixed bugs and enhanced the architecture of one of the java based IDE frameworks and became eager to reduce code on each check-in - after one year I removed 36,000 lines of code - following the principle less is more

2009-2013 Employed as Principal Technologist at Wind River

Early 2009 I decided it is time to become an employee and I became a member of the CTO office

one CTO office project where we created a runtime analysis system for embedded systems. Wind

technologies for instrumentation and target communication (partly because they came for different

acquisitions). Although it started as research project between me and another Principal Technologist

(Felix Burton), the decision was made quite early to use this as a pilot project for agile development (and scrum in particular) with 8 people. This added a lot of non-technical challenges and I learned a

On the technical side, I was responsible for java part and the (eclipse based) visualization and

co-designed a concise set of rules and operations for collecting and aggregating runtime data

implemented a data processing engine for aggregating data - the engine was designed in multiple

• template based configurable UI with DSL (Domain Specific Language) in Xtext with data binding to

stages in different processes and on different systems (partly on the target, partly on the host)

invented a value data structure that was a transactional, copy on write, delayed notification,

code generator for several data aggregators that created C-code and virtual machine code

extensible parser framework for a set of textual DSLs - allowed to plug in sub parsers in other

efficient update, memory efficient and thread save (called IValue)

configurable multistage data processing engine (interpreter pattern)

IValue which was (partly) driven by the incoming (meta) data

Meteor framework and replaced JavaScript with TypeScipt.

(with Felix) for the overall architecture and design of the system. In that position I had no

management responsibilities but I did a lot of coding and pair programming with some of the

River had a set of independent analysis tools for different operating systems using different

reporting to the CTO (Tomas Evensen). In addition to the role as architect, I spend most of my time on

design and architecture on several Eclipse related conferences and meetings.

lot about the good and bad parts of agile.

members of the team.

DSLs

developers.

successful.

Development for a Very Small Startup-Company Early 2013 it was time to leave Wind River and to go back to the roots of working on a start-up project.

I started implementing a web application with a back-end in python and elastic search. The front end

developer on this project for the first 18 months, I had to work on all aspects of the project, including

UI design, server setup, build process, bug fixing etc. It was a very humbling experience to see all the

little details necessary to create a product. I have a much better understanding of the struggle of web

developers and. I see lots of opportunities how better tooling, libraries and services to support web

The team has grown to 5 developers and we changed technologies. At the moment we are using the

The key learning here is that web applications require a different set of (architectural) rules to be

uses google angularis. This involved a lot of learning new technologies. Because I was the only

Since Spring 2013: The Adventures of Web

Conclusions

As physicist, I always try to explain and build system with a minimal set of rules and principles. Like

My power unfolds when I am part of a team where I am in direct contact with the team members in an open communication. My interest is to understand a system as a whole and to unfold and share the common vision with the team. Most of my career, I have seem myself as a technical team coach helping teams to discover the power and knowledge that enables us to build great systems. In order to do that, it is important for me to continue developing code myself. I see software development is a craftsmanship and my passion is to create well crafted software by a learning

nature is based on a few fundamental laws of physics, good software can by build and explained by a few fundamental architectural rules and patterns. One thing I have learned is that **creating simple systems is much harder than creating complex systems.** Once a simple design has emerged it is hard for outsiders to understand how much pain and effort it is to reduce the complexity because simple and elegant systems are "obvious" once they are there. There is no one size fits it all for architecture and design. Each system has its own risks and challenges that have to be addressed by the architecture and frameworks used. To enhance and maintain a good architecture, each developer has to understand enough of design and architecture of

the system to make decisions that keep the integrity of the system. Without awareness and willingness to invest in architecture, systems very quickly degrade and become hard to maintain. Because what we do as developers has an impact on humans, I have a strong interest in sociology, psychology and the way our sensing our perception, our thinking works. **Software development is an inherent complex and social process.** The systems we create are a

reflection of the organizations and the people involved. **Excellent teams develop a set of common**

principles that are consistent and that reduces complexity. It does not matter too much what the

principles are as long as they fit the system and they are consistent.

team of professionals that is adding value for customers.

 wrote a generic reflective editor based on EMF Eclipse Modeling Framework using annotations. This allowed to replace 150,000 lines hand written C++ code with 3,500 lines of EMF (emfatic). • EMF based configuration modeling system which allowed to specify composable components (using the reflective editor with dynamic EMF models) designed a builder pattern for EMF models that allowed to simplify writing parsers for existing text based file formats designed APIs between the runtime and the IDE worked on the integration of existing command line tools into the IDE • created "magic interfaces" a way to declare data structures as interfaces that can be bound to different storage formats, like IMemento, IConfigurationElement, IPreferenceStore, IDialogSettings • designed a UI for p2 (the eclipse installation and provisioning technology) based product column oriented composable table abstraction efficient (vt100) terminal emulator for eclipse • participated in a lot of the wind river workbench (C/C++ IDE based on eclipse CDT) design and architecture decisions worked on interaction design (Alan Cooper) and how this would make our products better developed the "What do I have to know to do the next step?" methodology for better usability (I should write a blog post on this topic...) educated teams on the benefits of domain driven design (DDD) - a reflection on specific challenges when writing tools for software developers... • coaching and training of developers (by closely working together) - especially in model driven design One of my colleges in the architect team used to say about me: "Give Michael a problem to solve and he will find and solve a more general problem." (not sure if this is good or bad, but it reflects some truth about me) Since 2005 Member of the Eclipse Architecture Council 2005, I joined the Eclipse Architecture Council. I have given talks and tutorial (with others) on API