VS2DRT Version 1.1

Data Input Formats

Line	Variable	Description		
[Line group A read by SETUP]				
A-1	TITL	80-character problem description		
		(formatted read, 20A4).		
A-2	TMAX	Maximum simulation time.		
	STIM	Initial time (usually set to 0).		
	ANG	Angle by which grid is to be tilted		
		(Must be between -90 and +90 degrees,		
		ANG = 0 for no tilting, see Healy (1990)		
		for further discussion), degrees.		
A-3	ZUNIT ALL UNITS ARE	Units used for length (A4), "m" for		
	ENTERED ON SINGLE LINE	meters.		
A-3	TUNIT	Units used for time (A4), "sec" for		
		seconds		
A-3	CUNX	Units used for mass (A4), "gram"for		
		grams.		
A-3	HUNX	Units used for heat (A4), "J" for Joules.		
A-5	NXR	Number of cells in horizontal or		
	NLY	radialdirection		
		Number of cells in vertical direction		
A-6	NRECH	Number of recharge periods. (NOTE: set		
		set NRECH to a negative number (-1		
		times		
		actual number of recharge periods) to		
		output binary values of head and		
		concentration at selected observation		
		times to file fort.12. Selecting this option		
		allows the simulation to be restarted at		
		any		
	NITIME	observation time; however, it may		
	NUMT	require		
		<i>a large amount of disk storage space.)</i> Maximum number of time steps.		
		(NOTE: if		
		enhanced precision in print out to file 9		
		and file 11 is desired set NUMT equal to		
		a negative number. That is, multiply		
		actual		
		maximum number of time steps by -1)1		
		$\frac{1}{1}$		

A-7	RAD	Logical variable = T if radial coordinate
		are
		used; otherwise = F.

1A note on output file names: in these instructions, files are referred to as "file n" where n may

be 6, 7, 8, 9, or 11 and refers to Fortran unit numbers associated with output statements within

the program. Actual file names are assigned by the user within the namelist file. The first line in

that file gives the data input file for which these instructions apply (commonly vs2dt.dat); lines 2

through 6 of the namelist file list names for file 6, file 7, file 8, file 9, and file 11.

File 6 is the main output file (commonly named vs2dt.out). File 7 is an auxiliary file that is currently

unused. File 8 contains pressure heads and concentrations for all nodes in the model grid at selected observation times (variables.out). File 9 lists selected mass balance components at all

or selected times (balance.out). File 11 contains heads, moisture content, saturations, and concentrations at selected observation points for all or selected times (obsPoints.out).

Line A-6A is present only if TRANS = T.

	ITSTOP	Logical variable = T if simulation is to	
		terminate after ITMAX iterations in	
		onetime step;	
		otherwise = F .	
	HEAT	Logical variable = T if heat transport is	
		to be simulated. otherwise = F.	
	SOLUTE	Logical variable = T if reactive transport	
		is	
		to be simulated. otherwise = F.	
Line A-8 ,A-9	Line A-8 ,A-9,A-10 is present if SOLUTE=T		
A-8	CHEMFILE	Phreeqc input file name (A80)	
A-9	DATABASEFILE	Thermodynamics database file	
		name(A80)	
A-10	PREFIX	Prefix name (A80)	
Line A-11 is p	resent if SOLUTE=T or HEAT =T		
A-11	CIS	Logical variable = T if centered-in-space	
		differencing is to be used; = F if	
		differencing is to be used; = F if backward-in-space differencing is to be	
		backward-in-space differencing is to be used for transport equation	
	CIT	backward-in-space differencing is to be used for transport equation Logical variable = T if centered-in-time	
	CIT	backward-in-space differencing is to be used for transport equation Logical variable = T if centered-in-time differencing is to be used; = F if	
	CIT	backward-in-space differencing is to be used for transport equation Logical variable = T if centered-in-time differencing is to be used; = F if backward-in-time or fully implicit	
		backward-in-space differencing is to be used for transport equation Logical variable = T if centered-in-time differencing is to be used; = F if	
Line A-12 is p	CIT resent if SOLUTE=T	backward-in-space differencing is to be used for transport equation Logical variable = T if centered-in-time differencing is to be used; = F if backward-in-time or fully implicit	
Line A-12 is p A-12		backward-in-space differencing is to be used for transport equation Logical variable = T if centered-in-time differencing is to be used; = F if backward-in-time or fully implicit	
	resent if SOLUTE=T	backward-in-space differencing is to be used for transport equation Logical variable = T if centered-in-time differencing is to be used; = F if backward-in-time or fully implicit differencing is to be used.	

	INPRXZ	SET EQUAL TO IPRNTCHE
	IPOUT	= 0 FOR NO PHREEQC OUTPUT; = 1
		FOR EXTENSIVE PHREEQC OUTPUT
A-13	F11P	Logical variable = T if concentration, head, moisture content, and saturation at selected observation points are to be written to file 11 at end of each time step; otherwise = F.
	F7P	Logical variable = T if fluxes through selected boundary faces are output to file07.out for each time step. Boundary faces are specified on input lines B-26 to B-28; otherwise = F.
	F8P	Logical variable = T if output of pressure heads (and concentrations if TRANS = T) to file 8 is desired at selected observation times; otherwise = F.
	F9P	Logical variable = T if one-line mass balance summary for each time step is to be written to file 9; otherwise = F.
	F6P	Logical variable = T if mass balance is to be written to file 6 for each time step; = F if mass balance is to be written to file 6 only at observation times and ends of recharge periods.
A-14	ТНРТ	Logical variable = T if volumetric moisture contents are to be written to file 6; otherwise = F.
	SPNT	Logical variable = T if saturations are to be written to file 6; otherwise = F.
	PPNT	Logical variable = T if pressure heads are to

		be written to file 6; otherwise F.
	HPNT	Logical variable = T if total heads are to
		be
		written to file 6 ; otherwise = F .
	VPNT	Logical variable = T if velocities are to
		be
		written to file 6; otherwise =F.
A-15	IFAC	= 0 if grid spacing in horizontal (or
		radial)
		direction is to be read in for each column
		and multiplied by FACX.
		= 1 if all horizontal grid spacing is to be
		constant and equal to FACX.
		= 2 if horizontal grid spacing is variable,
		with spacing for the first two columns
		equal to FACX and the spacing for each
		subsequent column equal to XMULT times the spacing of the previous
		column,
		until the spacing equals XMAX,
		whereupon
		spacing becomes constant at XMAX.
	FACX	Constant grid spacing in horizontal
	Inch	(or radial) direction (if IFAC=1);
		constant
		multiplier for all spacing (if IFAC=0);
		or initial spacing (if IFAC=2), L.
Line set A	-16 is present if IFAC = 0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
A-16	DXR	Grid spacing in horizontal or radial direc
		tion. Number of entries must equal
		NXR,L.
	-17 is present if IFAC = 0	
A-17	XMULT	Multiplier by which the width of each
		cell
		is increased from that of the previous
		cell.
	XMAX	Maximum allowed horizontal or radial
		spacing, L.
A-18	JFAC	= 0 if grid spacing in vertical direction is
7-10	JIAC	to
		be read in for each row and multiplied
		by
		FACZ.
		= 1 if all vertical grid spacing is to be
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		constant and equal to FACZ.
		= 2 if vertical grid spacing is variable,
		with spacing for the first two rows equal
		to FACZ and the spacing for each
		subsequent row equal to ZMULT times
		the spacing at the previous row, until
		spacing equals ZMAX, whereupon
		spacing
		becomes constant at ZMAX.
A-19	FACZ	Constant grid spacing in vertical
71 73	MCZ	direction
		(if JFAC=1); constant multiplier for all
		spacing (if JFAC=0); or initial vertical
		spacing (if JFAC=0), or initial vertical spacing (if JFAC=2), L.
Line set A 2	$\frac{1}{0 \text{ is present if JFAC}} = 0$	spacing (if JFAC-2), L.
A-20	DELZ	Grid spacing in vertical direction;
A-20	DELL	number of
T: 4 A 2	1: CIEAC O	entries must equal NLY, L.
	1 is present if IFAC = 0	N. 1: 1: 1 1: 1 1: 1
A-21	ZMULT	Multiplier by which each cell is
		increased
		from that of previous cell.
<u> </u>	ZMAX	Maximum allowed vertical spacing, L.
	22 to A-23 are present only if $F8P = 7$	·
A-22	NPLT	Number of time steps to write pressure
		heads and concentrations to file 8 and
		heads, concentrations, saturations,
		moisture contents, and/or velocities to
		file 6.
A-23	PLTIM	Elapsed times at which pressure heads
		and
		concentrations are written to file 8, and
		heads, concentrations, saturations,
		velocties, and/or moisture contents to
		file 6, T.
Line sets A-2	24 to A-25 are present only if $F11P =$	Т,
A-24	NOBS	Number of observation points for which
		heads, concentrations, moisture contents,
1		and saturations are to be written to file
		and saturations are to be written to file
		and saturations are to be written to file 11.
		and saturations are to be written to file 11. (NOTE: Set NOBS equal to a negative
		and saturations are to be written to file 11. (NOTE: Set NOBS equal to a negative number {-1 times number of observation
		and saturations are to be written to file 11. (NOTE: Set NOBS equal to a negative number {-1 times number of observation points} if output to file 11 is desired only

		A double entry is required for each observation point, resulting in 2xNOBS values. No comments allowed.
	6 and A-27 are present only if	
A-26	NMB9	Total number of mass balance components written to file 9.Must be less than 73. (NOTE: Set NMB9 equal to a negative number {-1 times number of components} if output to file 9 is desired only at selected output times rather than at each time step.)
A-27	MB9	The index number of each mass balance component to be written to file 9. (See table 7, from p. 66, in Healy (1990) listed at end of these instructions.)
	p B read by subroutine VSRE	
B-1	EPS	Head closure criterion for iterative solution of flow equation, L.
	HMAX	Relaxation parameter for iterative solution. See discussion in Lappala and others (1987) for more detail. Value is generally in the range of 0.4 to 1.2.
	WUS	Weighting option for intercell relative hydraulic conductivity: WUS = 1 for full upstream weighting. WUS = 0.5 for arithmetic mean. WUS = 0.0 for geometric mean
Line B-2 p	resent if HEAT=T	·
B-2	EPS1	Temperature closure criterion for iterative solution of transport equation, °C.
	EPS2	Velocity closure criterion for outer iteration loop at each time step, L/T.
Line B-3 n	present if SOLUTE=T	1 1/
B-3	EPS3	Concentration closure criterion for iterative solution of transport equation, M/L ₃ .
B-4	MINIT	Minimum number of iterations per time step.

	ITMAX	Maximum number of iterations per time
B-5	PHRD	step. Logical variable = T if initial conditions are read in as pressure heads; = F if initial conditions are read in as moisture contents.
B-6	NTEX	Number of textural classes or lithologies having different values of hydraulic conductivity, specific storage, and/or constants in the functional relations among pressure head, relative conductivity, and moisture content, must be less than 11.
	NPROP	Number of textural classes or lithologies having different values of hydraulic conductivity, specific storage, and/or constants in the functional relations among pressure head, relative conductivity, and moisture content, must be less than 11. Number of flow properties to be read in for each textural class. When using Brooks and Corey, van Genuchten or Nimmo-Rossi functions, set NPROP = 6; when using Haverkamp functions, set NPROP = 8. When using tabulated data, set NPROP = 6 plus number of data points in table. [For example, if the number of pressure Heads in the table is equal to N1, then set NPROP=3*(N1+1)+3]
B-7	HFT	Hydraulic function type, 0 for Brooks- Corey; 1 for van Genuchten; 2 for Haverkamp; 3 for tabular data; and 4 for Rossi-Nimmo.
Line sets 1	B-6, B-7, and B-7A must be r	epeated NTEX times
B-8	ITEX	Index to textural class.
B-9	ANIZ(ITEX)	Ratio of hydraulic conductivity in the z-coordinate direction to that in the x-coordinate direction for textural class ITEX.

HK(ITEX,1)	Saturated hydraulic conductivity (K)
	in the x-coordinate direction for
	class ITEX, L/T.
HK(ITEX,2)	Specific storage (S _s) for class ITEX, L-1.
HK(ITEX,3)	Porosity (f) for class ITEX. MUST BE >0

Definitions for the remaining sequential values on this line are dependent upon which functional

relation is selected to represent the nonlinear coefficients. Five different functional relations are

allowed: (0) Brooks and Corey, (1) van Genuchten, (2) Haverkamp, (3) tabular data, and (4) Rossi-Nimmo. In the following descriptions, definitions for the different functional relations are

indexed by the above numbers. For tabular data, all pressure heads are input first (in decreasing

order from the largest to the smallest), all relative hydraulic conductivities are then input in the

same order, followed by all moisture contents. See Healy (1990) and Lappala and others (1987)

for additional details.

B-9	HK(ITEX,4)	(0) hb, Brooks-Corey bubbling pressure head (must be less than 0), L.
		(1) α , van Genuchten alpha. NOTE: α is as defined by van Genuchten
		(1980) and is the negative reciprocal of α ' used in earlier versions
		(prior to version 3.0) of VS2DT, L. (2) A', Haverkamp parameter (must be less than 0.0), L.
		 (3) Largest pressure head in table. (4) Ψ₀, Rossi-Nimmo parameter.
	HK(ITEX,5)	 (0) Residual moisture content (θ_r). (1) Residual moisture content (θ_r).
		 (2) Residual moisture content (θ_r). (3) Second largest pressure head in table.
	WWW.COTTON	(4) Ψ _D , Rossi-Nimmo parameter.
	HK(ITEX,6)	(0) λ , Brooks-Corey pore-size distribution index.
		(1) n, van Genuchten parameter, β ' in

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Regardless of which functional relation is selected there must be NPROP+1 values on line B-				
9.				
Line B-9A is present only if HEAT = T.				
B-9A	HT(ITEX,1)	Longitudinal dispersivity (αL), L.		
	HT(ITEX,2)	Transverse dispersivity (ατ), L.		
	HT(ITEX,3)	Heat capacity of dry solids (C_s), Q/L ₃ °C.		
	HT(ITEX,4)	Thermal conductivity of watersediment at residual moisture content, $K\tau(\theta_r)$, Q/LT°C.		
	HT(ITEX,5)	Thermal conductivity of watersediment at full saturation, $KT(\varphi)$, Q/L°C.		
	HT(ITEX,6)	Heat capacity of water (C_w) , which is the product of density times specific heat of water, Q/L ₃ $^{\circ}$ C.		
Line B-9B is p	resent only if SOLUTE = T.			
	HS(ITEX,1)	Longitudinal dispersivity (αL), L.		
	HS(ITEX,2)	Transverse dispersivity (α _T), L.		
	HS(ITEX,3)	Molecular diffusion coefficient, Dm, L ₂ /T.		
B-10	IROW	If IROW = 0, textural classes are read for each row. This option is preferable if many rows differ from the others. If IROW = 1, textural classes are read in by blocks of rows, each block consisting of all the rows in sequence consisting of uniform properties or uniform properties separated by vertical interface.		
	s present only if IROW = 0	I v di gampan a		
B-11	JTEX	Indices (ITEX) for textural class for each node, read in row by row. There must be NLY*NXR entries.		
Line set B-11 is present only if IROW = 1 As many groups of B-11 variables as are needed to completely cover the grid are required. The final group of variables for this set must have IR = NXR and JBT = NLY.				
B-12	IL	Left hand column for which texture class		
U 12	1L/	Lett hand column for which texture class		

	applies. Must equal 1 or IR (from
	previous
	line set)+1.
IR	Right hand column for which texture
	class
	applies. Final IR for sequence of rows
	must equal NXR.
JBT	Bottom row of all rows for which the
	column designations apply. JBT must
	not
	be increased from its initial or previous
	value until IR = NXR
JRD	Texture class within block.

Note: As an example, for a column of uniform material: IL = 1, IR = NXR, JBT = NLY, and JRD = texture class designation for the column material. One line will represent the set for this

example.

B-13	IREAD	If IREAD = 0, all initial conditions in
D-13	IKEAD	terms
		of pressure head or moisture content as
		determined by the value of PHRD are
		_
		set
		equal to FACTOR. If IREAD = 1, all
		initial conditions are read from file IU in
		user-designated format and multiplied
		by
		FACTOR. If IREAD = 2 initial
		conditions
		are defined in terms of pressure head,
		and
		an equilibrium profile is specified above
		a c 4 1 4 CDWTV
		free-water surface at a depth of DWTX
		until a pressure head of HMIN is
		reached.
		all pressure heads above this are set to
		HMIN. If IREAD=3 initial heads and
		concentrations are read unformatted
		from
		file fort.13 for continuation of a previous
		simulation beginning at time STIM (line
	EACTOR	A-2).
	FACTOR	Multiplier or constant value, depending
		on
I' D 14	·	value of IREAD, for initial conditions.
Line B-14	is present only if $IREAD = 2$,

B-14	DWTX	Depth to free-water surface above which
		an
		equilibrium profile is computed, L.
	HMIN	Minimum pressure head to limit height
		of
		equilibrium profile, L. Must be negative.
Line B-15 i	s read only if $IREAD = 1$,	
B-15	IU	Unit number from which initial head or
		moisture content values are to be read.
	IFMT	Format to be used in reading initial
		values from unit IU. Must be enclosed
		in quotation marks, for example
		'(10X,E10.3)'.
B-16	BCIT	Logical variable = T if evaporation is to
		be
		simulated at any time during the
		simulation; otherwise = F.
	ETSIM	Logical variable = T if
		evapotranspiration
		(plant-root extraction) is to be simulated
N		at any time during the simulation.

Note: The reader is cautioned on the use of evaporation and evapotranspiration in VS2DH. These

processes can influence and be influenced by soil temperature. As described in Lappala and others

(1987) and implemented in VS2DH, these processes are simplistically assumed to be isothermal.

Users should evaluate the ramifications of this assumption in their applications. If these processes

are an integral component of an application, then use of another numerical model that treats evaporation and evapotranspiration in a more realistic fashion may be warranted.

Line B-17 is present only if BCIT = T or ETSIM = T.

B-17	NPV	Number of ET periods to be simulated.
		NPV values for each variable required
		for the evaporation and/or
		evapotranspiration options must be
		entered
		on the following lines. If ET variables
		are
		held constant throughout the simulation
		code, $NPV = 1$.
		(NOTE: Set NPV equal to a negative
		number {-1 times number of ET periods}
		if solute uptake by plant roots is not
		allowed; otherwise, solute is removed

		<u>_</u>
		from
		the domain by root uptake.)
	ETCYC	Length of each ET period, T.
	3-20 are present only if BCIT = T.	
B-18	PEVAL	Potential evaporation rate (PEV) at
		beginning of each ET period. Number of
		entries must equal NPV, L/T.
To conform evaporation,	with the sign convention used i	n most existing equations for potential
all entries mus	at be greater than or equal to 0. The	program multiplies all nonzero entries by -
	rative flux is treated as a sink rather	than a source
B-19	RDC(1,J)	Surface resistance to evaporation
D-19	KDC(1,0)	(SRES) at
		beginning of ET period, L-1. For a uniform
		soil, SRES is equal to the reciprocal of
		the
		distance from the top active node to land surface, or 2/DELZ(2). If a surface crust
		is
		present, SRES may be decreased to
		account for the added resistance to water
		movement through the crust. Number of
		entries must equal NPV.
B-20	RDC(2,J)	Pressure potential of the atmosphere (HA)
		at beginning of each ET period; may be
		estimated using equation 6 of
		Lappala and others (1987), L. Number
		of
		entries must equal NPV.
Lines B-21 to	B-25 are present only if ETSIM = T	•
B-21	PTVAL	Potential evapotranspiration rate (PET)
		at
		beginning of each ET period, L/T.
		Number of entries must equal NPV. As
		with PEV, all values must be greater
		than
D 00	DDC(2 D	or equal to 0.
B-22	RDC(3,J)	Rooting depth at beginning of each ET period, L. Number of entries must equal
		NPV.
B-23	RDC(4,J)	Root activity at base of root zone at
		beginning of each ET period, L-2.
		Number of entries must equal NPV.

B-24		
D 27	RDC(5,J)	Root activity at top of root zone at
		beginning
		of each ET period, L-2. Number of
		entries
		must equal NPV
Note: Value 0 to	es for root activity generally are	determined empirically, but typically range from
$3x104 \text{ m/m}_3$. As programmed, root activity v	raries linearly from land surface to the base of the
		any time is represented by a trapezoid. In general,
	-	than at the base of the root zone.
B-25	RDC(6,J)	Pressure head in roots (HROOT) at
		beginning of each ET period, L. Number
		of entries must equal NPV.
Lines B-26	is present only if HEAT = T	
B-26	IREAD	24 If IREAD = 0, initial temperature are
		set equal to FACTOR. If READ =1, all
		initial temperature read from file IU
		in user designated format and multiplied
		by FACTOR
	FACTOR	Multiplier or constant value, depending
		on
		value of IREAD, for initial temperature
Line B-2/1	s present only if $IREAD = 1$.	
B-27	IU	Unit number from which initial
		temperature is to be read.
	HEMT	Format to be used in modificational
	IFMT	Format to be used in reading initial
	IFMT	temperature values from unit IU. Must
	IFMT	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for
	IFMT	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example
	IFMT	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for
Lines B-28		temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'.
Lines B-28 <i>B</i> -28	and B-29 are present only if SOI IREAD	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'.
	and B-29 are present only if SOI	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'.
	and B-29 are present only if SOI	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'. LUTE = T If IREAD = 0 initial solution, pure phase
	and B-29 are present only if SOI	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'. LUTE = T If IREAD = 0 initial solution, pure phase assemblage, exchange, surface, gas,
	and B-29 are present only if SOI	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'. LUTE = T If IREAD = 0 initial solution, pure phase assemblage, exchange, surface, gas, solid phase assemblage and kinetics as
	and B-29 are present only if SOI	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'. LUTE = T If IREAD = 0 initial solution, pure phase assemblage, exchange, surface, gas, solid phase assemblage and kinetics as defined in CHEMFILE are set by INSOL
	and B-29 are present only if SOI	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'. LUTE = T If IREAD = 0 initial solution, pure phase assemblage, exchange, surface, gas, solid phase assemblage and kinetics as defined in CHEMFILE are set by INSOL If IREAD = 1 initial solution, pure phase
	and B-29 are present only if SOI	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'. LUTE = T If IREAD = 0 initial solution, pure phase assemblage, exchange, surface, gas, solid phase assemblage and kinetics as defined in CHEMFILE are set by INSOL If IREAD = 1 initial solution, pure phase assemblage, exchange, surface, gas,
	and B-29 are present only if SOI	temperature values from unit IU. Must be enclosed in quotation marks, for example '(10X, E10.3)'. LUTE = T If IREAD = 0 initial solution, pure phase assemblage, exchange, surface, gas, solid phase assemblage and kinetics as defined in CHEMFILE are set by INSOL If IREAD = 1 initial solution, pure phase assemblage, exchange, surface, gas, solid phase assemblage and kinetics

B-29	INSOL(1)	Initial SOLUTION number
	INSOL(2)	EQUILIBRIUM PHASES number, if
		there is no EQUILIBRIUM PHASES
		then set the default value of -1
	INSOL(3)	EXCHANGE number if there is no
		EXCHANGE then set the default value
		of -1
	INSOL(4)	SURFACE if there is no SURFACE
		then set the default value of -1
	INSOL(5)	GAS_PHASE if there is no
		GAS PHASE then set the default value
		of -1
	INSOL(6)	SOLID_SOLUTIONS if there is no
		SOLID_SOLUTIONS then set the
		default value of -1
	INSOL(7)	KINETICS if there is no KINETICS
		then set the default value of -1
Line B-30	present only IREAD=1 in B-29	
B-30	INDSOL(1,N)	Initial SOLUTION number read at all
		nodes row wise
	INDSOL(2,N)	EQUILIBRIUM_PHASES number read
		at all nodes row wise
		If there is no EQUILIBRIUM_PHASES
		set in chemfile file just set default value
		of -1
	INDSOL(3,N)	EXCHANGE number read at all nodes
		row wise
		If there is no EXCHANGE just set
		default value of -1
	INDSOL(4,N)	SURFACE number read at all nodes row
		wise
		If there is no SURFACE set in chemfile
	737D G G Z (7 3 3)	file just set default value of -1
	INDSOL(5,N)	GAS_PHASE number read at all nodes
		row wise
		If there is no GAS_PHASE set in
	INDCOL (C.N.)	chemfile file just set default value of -1
	INDSOL(6,N)	SOLID_SOLUTIONS number read at all
		nodes row wise
		If there is no SOLID_SOLUTIONS set
		in chemfile file just set default value of -
	INDSOL(1,N)	KINETICS number read at all nodes row
	1110000(1,11)	wise
		If there is no KINETICS set in chemfile
		If there is no KINETICS set in chemfile

		file just get defeult value of 1
T : D 20 4	D 21	file just set default value of -1
	B-31 are present only if F7P = T.	N 1 C1 1 C C 1:1
B-29	NUMBF	Number of boundary faces for which fluxes
		will be calculated and output to file file07.out.
	MAXCELLS	Maximum number of cells on any
	WIAACELLS	boundary
		face.
Lines B-30 at	nd B-31 must be repeated NUMBF tir	
B-30	IDBF	Boundary face identifier (integer).
2 00	NUMCELLS	Number of finite difference cells on this
	TOWELLS	boundary face
B-31	J,N	Row and column number of each cell on
20,	0,11	this
		boundary face.
		(NOTE: Line B-28 must be repeated
		NUMCELLS times for each boundary
		face.)
	Inert modifications here for	,
	solute and argus one case	
	#######################################	
[Line group C	C read by subroutine VSTMER, NRE	CH sets of C lines are required]
C-1	TPER	Length of this recharge period, T.
	DELT	Length of initial time step for this
		period, T.
C-2	TMLT	Multiplier for time step length.
	DLTMX	Maximum allowed length of time step,
		T.
	DLTMIN	Minimum allowed length of time step, T.
	TRED	Factor by which time-step length is
	IKED	reduced
		if convergence is not obtained in
		ITMAX
		iterations. Values usually should be in
		the
		range 0.1 to 0.5. If no reduction of
		time-step length is desired, input a value
		of 0.0.
C-3	DSMAX	Maximum allowed change in head per
		time
		step for this period, L.
	STERR	Steady-state head criterion; when the
		maximum change in head between
		successive time steps is less than

		STERR,
		the program assumes that steady state
		has
		been reached for this period and
		advances
		to next recharge period, L.
C-4	POND	Maximum allowed height of ponded
U -4	POND	water
		for constant flux nodes. See Lappala and
		other (1987) for detailed discussion of
		POND, L.
C-5	PRNT	,
C-5	PRNI	,
		concentration,
		moisture contents, and/or saturations are
		be printed to file 6 after each time step;
		= F if they are to be written to file 6 only
		at
		observation times and ends of recharge
		periods.
C-6	BCIT	Logical variable = T if evaporation is to
C-0	ВСП	be
		simulated for this recharge period;
		otherwise = F.
	ETSIM	Logical variable = T if
	EISIVI	6
		evapotranspiration (plant-root extraction) is to be simulated
		for this recharge period; otherwise = F.
	SEEP	Logical variable = T if seepage faces are
	SEEF	to
		be simulated for this recharge period;
		otherwise = F.
C-7 to C-9	ocards are present only if SEI	
C-1 10 C-3	cards are present only if SEI	⊔ı ı,
C-7	NFCS	Number of possible seepage faces.
<i>J i</i>		Line sets C-8 and C-9 must be repeated
		NFCS times
C-8	JJ	Number of nodes on the possible
	90	seepage
		face.
	JLAST	Number of the node which initially
	023,101	represents the highest node of the seep;
		value can range from 0 (bottom of the
		face) up to JJ (top of the face).
C-9	J,N	Row and column of each cell on
J J	9914	possible
		possioic

new boundary	conditions are specified.	seepage face, in order from the lowest to the highest elevation; JJ pairs of values are required. Code for reading in boundary conditions by individual node (IBC=0) or by row or column (IBC=1). Only one code may be used for each recharge period, and all boundary conditions for period must be input in the sequence for that code.
	is read only if HEAT=TRUE or SOI	
C-11	JJ	Row number of node.
	NN	Column number of node.
	PEDIIM	Node type identifier for boundary conditions. = 0 for no specified boundary (needed for resetting some nodes after initial recharge period); = 1 for specified pressure head; = 2 for specified flux per unit horizontal surface area in units of L/T; = 3 for possible seepage face; = 4 for specified total head; = 5 for evaporation; = 6 for specified volumetric flow in units of L ₃ /T; = 7 for gravity drain. (The gravity drain boundary condition allows gravity driven vertical fow out of the domain assuming a unit vertical hydraulic gradient. Flow into the domain cannot occur.) Specified head for NTX = 1 or 4 or
	PFDUM	Specified head for NTX = 1 or 4 or specified flux for NTX = 2 or 6. If codes 0, 3, 5, or 7 are specified, the line should contain a
	<u> </u>	are specified, the fine should contain a

		dummy value for PFDUM or should be terminated after NTX by a blank and a slash (/).
Line set C-	12 is read only if HEAT=	
C-12	NTT	Node type identifier for heat transport boundary conditions. = 0 for no specified boundary; = 1 for specified concentration;
	TF	Specified temperature for NTT = 1 or NTX = 1, 2, 4, 6, or 7
Line set C-	13 is read only if SOLUT	E=TRUE
C-13	NTC	Node type identifier for reactive transport boundary conditions. = 0 for no specified boundary; = 1 for specified concentration;
	INSBC1	Solution number of boundary solution
	INSBC2	Solution number of solution initially present
	SBFRAC	Initial solution and boundary solution mixing fraction
Line set C-	14 is read only if HEAT=	FALSE and SOLUTE=FALSE
C-14	JJ	Same as C-11
	NN	Same as C-11
	NTX	Same as C-11
	PFDUM	Same as C-11
for which New bound	dary conditions are specifi	
	ı	TRUE or SOLUTE=TRUE
C-15	JJT	Top node of row or column of nodes sharing same boundary condition.
	JJB	Bottom node of row or column of nodes having same boundary condition. Will equal JJT if a boundary row is being read.
	NNL	Left column in row or column of nodes having same boundary condition.
	NNR	Right column of row or column of nodes having same boundary condition. Will equal NNL if a boundary column is being read in.
	NTX	Same as line C-11.
	PFDUM	Same as line C-11.
		·

Line set C-16 is read only if HEAT=TRUE		
C-16	NTT	Same as line C-12
	TF	Same as line C-12
Line set C-17 i	s read only if SOLUTE=TRUE	
C-17	NTC	Same as line C-13
	INSBC1	Same as line C-13
	INSBC2	Same as line C-13
	SBFRAC	Same as line C-13
Line set C-18 i	s read only if HEAT=FALSE and SO	DLUTE=FALSE
C-18	JJT	Same as line C-15
	JJB	Same as line C-15
	NNL	Same as line C-15
	NNR	Same as line C-15
	NTX	Same as line C-15
	PFDUM	Same as line C-15
C-19	Designated end of recharge period. Must be included after line C-17 or C-1	
	data	
	for each recharge period. Two C-13	I lines must be included after final
	recharge period. Line must always	be entered as 999999 /.

Table 7.--Index of Mass-Balance Components for Output to File 9 Index

Number Component

- 1 Flow in across specified head boundaries -total for simulation
- 2 Flow in across specified head boundaries -total for time step
- 3 Flow in across specified head boundaries -rate for time step
- 4 Flow out across specified head boundaries -total for simulation
- 5 Flow out across specified head boundaries -total for time step
- 6 Flow out across specified head boundaries -rate for time step
- 7 Flow in across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 8 Flow in across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 9 Flow in across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 10 Flow out across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 11 Flow out across specified flux boundaries -total for time step

- 12 Flow out across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 13 Total flow in -total for simulation
- 14 Total flow in -total for time step
- 15 Total flow in -rate for time step
- 16 Total flow out -total for simulation
- 17 Total flow out -total for time step
- 18 Total flow out -rate for time step
- 19 Evaporation -total for simulation
- 20 Evaporation -total for time step
- 21 Evaporation -rate for time step
- 22 Transpiration -total for simulation
- 23 Transpiration -total for time step
- 24 Transpiration -rate for time step
- 25 Evaporation + Transpiration -total for simulation
- 26 Evaporation + Transpiration -total for time step
- 27 Evaporation + Transpiration -rate for time step
- 28 Change in fluid stored in domain -total for simulation
- 29 Change in fluid stored in domain -total for time step
- 30 Change in fluid stored in domain -rate for time step
- 31 Fluid volumetric balance -total for simulation
- 32 Fluid volumetric balance -total for time step
- 33 Fluid volumetric balance -rate for time step
- 34 Solute flux in across specified pressure head boundaries -total for simulation
- 35 Solute flux in across specified pressure head boundaries -total for time step
- 36 Solute flux in across specified pressure head boundaries -rate for time step
- 37 Solute flux out across specified pressure head boundaries -total for simulation
- 38 Solute flux out across specified pressure head boundaries -total for time step
- 39 Solute flux out across specified pressure head boundaries -rate for time step
- 40 Solute flux in across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 41 Solute flux in across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 42 Solute flux in across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 43 Solute flux out across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 44 Solute flux out across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 45 Solute flux out across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 46 Diffusive/Dispersive flux in across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 47 Diffusive/Dispersive flux in across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 48 Diffusive/Dispersive flux in across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 49 Diffusive/Dispersive flux out across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 50 Diffusive/Dispersive flux out across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 51 Diffusive/Dispersive flux out across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 52 Total solute flux in -total for simulation
- 53 Total solute flux in -total for time step
- 54 Total solute flux in -rate for time step
- 55 Total solute flux out -total for simulation
- 56 Total solute flux out -total for time step
- 57 Total solute flux out -rate for time step

- 58 Solute flux out through evapotranspiration -total for simulation
- 59 Solute flux out through evapotranspiration -total for time step
- 60 Solute flux out through evapotranspiration -rate for time step
- 61 First order decay of solute -total for simulation
- 62 First order decay of solute -total for time step
- 63 First order decay of solute -rate for time step
- 64 Adsorption or ion exchange of solute -total for simulation
- 64 Adsorption or ion exchange of solute -total for time step
- 64 Adsorption or ion exchange of solute -rate for time step
- 67 Change in solute stored in domain -total for simulation
- 68 Change in solute stored in domain -total for time step
- 69 Change in solute stored in domain -rate for time step
- 70 Solute mass balance -total for simulation
- 71 Solute mass balance -total for time step
- 72 Solute mass balance -rate for time step

Table 7.--Index of Mass-Balance Components for Output to File 9 Index

Number Component

- 1 Flow in across specified head boundaries -total for simulation
- 2 Flow in across specified head boundaries -total for time step
- 3 Flow in across specified head boundaries -rate for time step
- 4 Flow out across specified head boundaries -total for simulation
- 5 Flow out across specified head boundaries -total for time step
- 6 Flow out across specified head boundaries -rate for time step
- 7 Flow in across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 8 Flow in across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 9 Flow in across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 10 Flow out across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 11 Flow out across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 12 Flow out across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 13 Total flow in -total for simulation
- 14 Total flow in -total for time step
- 15 Total flow in -rate for time step
- 16 Total flow out -total for simulation
- 17 Total flow out -total for time step
- 18 Total flow out -rate for time step
- 19 Evaporation -total for simulation
- 20 Evaporation -total for time step
- 21 Evaporation -rate for time step
- 22 Transpiration -total for simulation
- 23 Transpiration -total for time step
- 24 Transpiration -rate for time step
- 25 Evaporation + Transpiration -total for simulation

- 26 Evaporation + Transpiration -total for time step
- 27 Evaporation + Transpiration -rate for time step
- 28 Change in fluid stored in domain -total for simulation
- 29 Change in fluid stored in domain -total for time step
- 30 Change in fluid stored in domain -rate for time step
- 31 Fluid volumetric balance -total for simulation
- 32 Fluid volumetric balance -total for time step
- 33 Fluid volumetric balance -rate for time step
- 34 Energy flux in across specified pressure head boundaries -total for simulation
- 35 Energy flux in across specified pressure head boundaries -total for time step
- 36 Energy flux in across specified pressure head boundaries -rate for time step
- 37 Energy flux out across specified pressure head boundaries -total for simulation
- 38 Energy flux out across specified pressure head boundaries -total for time step
- 39 Energy flux out across specified pressure head boundaries -rate for time step
- 40 Energy flux in across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 41 Energy flux in across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 42 Energy flux in across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 43 Energy flux out across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 44 Energy flux out across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 45 Energy flux out across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 46 Conductive/Dispersive flux in across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 47 Conductive/Dispersive flux in across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 48 Conductive/Dispersive flux in across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 49 Conductive/Dispersive flux out across specified flux boundaries -total for simulation
- 50 Conductive/Dispersive flux out across specified flux boundaries -total for time step
- 51 Conductive/Dispersive flux out across specified flux boundaries -rate for time step
- 52 Total Energy flux in -total for simulation
- 53 Total Energy flux in -total for time step
- 54 Total Energy flux in -rate for time step
- 55 Total Energy flux out -total for simulation
- 56 Total Energy flux out -total for time step
- 57 Total Energy flux out -rate for time step
- 58 Energy flux out through evapotranspiration -total for simulation
- 59 Energy flux out through evapotranspiration -total for time step
- 60 Energy flux out through evapotranspiration -rate for time step
- 67 Change in Energy stored in domain -total for simulation
- 68 Change in Energy stored in domain -total for time step
- 69 Change in Energy stored in domain -rate for time step
- 70 Energy balance -total for simulation
- 71 Energy balance -total for time step
- 72 Energy balance -rate for time step