Tests on the confidence of the cosh ansatz in the mesonic sector

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To dos

- \square -> Calculate the plost with Est mass for all channels.
- \square -> Quantify the difference between cosh-mass and fit-mass.
- \square -> Quantify where the plateau starts.
- \square -> Reformat the histogramming procedure.

Description

This folder contains scripts and results to study the validity of a cosh ansatz fit in the extraction of effective mass as a function of the temperature in any sotropic lattices. The data studied belongs to the Fastsum collaboration.

The channels available are,

$$chan = \{ g5, vec, ax_plus, ax_minus, g0 \}$$

The temperatures studied correspond to the following time extents,

$$N_\tau = \{128, 64, 56, 48, 40, 36, 32, 28, 24, 20, 16\}.$$

Note that the temperature and the time extent are related by $T = \frac{1}{N_{\tau} \cdot a_{\tau}}$.

The flavour structures available are,

$$fs = \{ uu, us, uc, ss, sc, cc \}.$$

The types of source available are,

$$src = \{ ll, ss \}.$$

Notation used.

In the plots and results inside, there are three main results shown. We will proceed to explain them,

Cosh equation-solved mass ("Effective mass").

In the plots or tables found in this repository, you can find the terms cosh-mass, hyperbolic cosine mass, effective mass and similar. All these terms belong to the same class. We define the hyperbolic cosine equation-solved mass ("effective mass") as the mass extracted from solving the following equation,

$$\frac{\cosh\left(m\cdot(\tau-N_{\tau}/2)\right)}{\cosh\left(m\cdot(\tau+a_{\tau}-N_{\tau}/2)\right)} = \frac{C(\tau)}{C(\tau+a_{\tau})},\tag{1}$$

where τ is the Euclidean time in lattice units, m is the mass, N_{τ} is the temporal extent and $C(\tau)$ is the correlation function (data) evaluated at time τ .

Sliding window fit mass.

The term sliding window fit mass corresponds to the mass extracted by fitting the correlation function data $C(\tau)$ to a cosh anstaz of the form,

$$f(A,m) = \cosh\left(m \cdot (\tau - N_{\tau}/2)\right). \tag{2}$$

The raw data $C(\tau)$ has a range from $[0, N_{-}\tau - 1]$. We define a window $[\tau_{-}0, N_{-}\tau - \tau_{-}0]$, with $\tau_{-}0$ belonging to $\tau_{-}0 \in [0, N_{-}\tau/2 - 1]$. The *sliding* corresponds to iterate this process by shrinking the window, that is $\tau_{-}0 \to \tau_{-}0 + n \cdot a_{-}\tau$ and $N_{-}\tau - \tau \to N_{-}\tau - \tau - a_{-}\tau$. For each window we obtain an estimate on the mass.

Estimate of the mass.

The term *est mass* or *estimation of the mass* corresponds to the following process in a given channel, temperature, source and flavour structure,

- 1. We collect all the sliding window fit results as a function of the window used.
- 2. The data is then binned into several bins.
- 3. We take the most repeated bin as our estimate for the mass.
- 4. The value of the mass is then the average of all the values inside the most repeated bin.
- 5. The error is the maximum between the average of the statistical error inside the bin or the following estimation of the systematic error,

$$\Delta m = \frac{1}{2} \Big[\max(Values) - \min(Values),$$
 (3)

where Values is the set of values inside the most populated bin in the histogram.

This process has to be reanalysed to make it more robust.

Repository

Results/ folder

We store all the results in this folder. The distribution inside is the following,

- 1. plots/: This folder contains all the plots for all channels and flavours structures. For a given channel and flavour structure, all the temperature plots are concatenated inside a file named plot_\$fs_llss_coshfit_\$chan.pdf. The plots show the time dependence of the effective mass and sliding window mass as a function of Euclidean time and window used respectively.
- 2. table_confidenceCosh.tex: Source file to generate table_confidenceCosh.pdf
- 3. table_confidenceCosh.pdf: File showing the confidence level for all channels, temperatures and flavour structures.

scripts/folder

We store all the scripts to generate the plots and the table of confidence.

- 1. reorder_plot.sh: This script generates the plots automatically for a given channel provided the data is in the expected format and contained in the expected folder.
 - 1. The mass extracted from the cosh ansatz has to be located inside a folder called eff_mass. The distribution and names of the files in the folder has to be,

```
eff_mass/fs/$N_\tau$x32/src/effMass_chan_src_N_\taux32.fs
```

2. The sliding window fit data has to be allocated in a folder called **cosh**. The distribution and names of the files in the folder has to be,

```
{\tt cosh/src/N\_\backslash tau/fs/cleaned\_chan.fs\_*.dat}
```

The script will then generate the data inside a folder called <code>JointData_cosh</code>. All the results generated are inside that folder.

3. The estimation of the mass has to be allocated inside a folder named mass. The distribution and names of the files in the folder has to be,

mass/fs/params_fs_*_src*dat