Formula sheet exam TTT4234 Space Technology I, 4. December 2015

Formulas and constants:

The speed of light = $3 \cdot 10^8 \text{m/s}$

Gravitational acceleration at sea level = 9.81m/s²

$$\mu = 3.986 \cdot 10^5 \text{ km}^3/\text{s}^2$$

$$F = m \cdot a = \Delta p / \Delta t$$

$$F = mv^2/r$$

$$G = 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} Nm^2/kg^2$$

$$M = 5.98 \cdot 10^{24} kg$$

 $R_E = 6370$ km mean value, $R_E = 6378$ km at the equator

X in deciBel (dB):
$$X_{dB} = 10log_{10}(X_{lin})$$

The semi major axis in an ellipsoid = $\frac{1}{2}$ (R_a+R_p)

$$e = (R_a - R_p) / (R_a + R_p) = c/a$$

$$\Delta v = I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot In (M_i/M_f)$$

$$v = \sqrt{\mu(2/r - 1/a)}$$

$$F_s = 0.7 + 0.3 e^{-hb. \text{ of days}/1000}$$

Boltzmann's constant $k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$

The sunlight needs about 8 minutes to travel the distance from the Sun to Earth.

$$T^2 = 4\pi^2 a^3/\mu$$

$$R=2.44*\lambda*h/D$$

$$S/N = (EIRP/L_0) * (G_r / N_0B) * 1/L_a$$

$$G = \eta \times 4\pi A / \lambda^2$$

$$\theta = k\lambda/D, k = 70$$

$$L_0=(4\pi d/\lambda)^2$$

$$E_k = mv^2/2$$