

# Report Lab 3: Radio Engineering

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## 1 Introduction

This lab consisted of generation of Rayleigh faded narrowband channels and evaluation of capacity of MIMO channels.

## 2 Problem 1

The following code shows my implementation of sum-of-sinusoids realization of Jakes Doppler spectrum.

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```
function [h] = sumofsinusoids(Ts,P, w_max,m)
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Generation of narrowband Rayleigh fading Channel
% using sum of sinusoids method.
% PARAMETERS
%   - [h]   - Channels Jakes Doppler spectrum ;
%   - Ts    - Sampling interval
%   - P     - Number of paths
%   - w_max - maximum doppler shift
%   - m     - number of samples to generate
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
psy_p = zeros(1,P);
phi_p = zeros(1,P);
for j =1:20
    psy_p(j) = randnum();
    phi_p(j) = randnum();
end

h = zeros(1,m);
for i = 1:m
    su = 0;
    for p= 0:P-1
        beta_p = power(sqrt(P),-1);
        nu_max = w_max*Ts;
        nu_p    = nu_max * cos(psy_p(p+1));
        su = su + beta_p * exp(1i*2*pi*(phi_p(p+1) + i*nu_p));
    end
end
```

```

        end
        h(i) = su;
    end
end

```

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As the plow shows, the sum-of-sinusoids are fits the theoretical bessell function better than the internal matlab function based on filters.

### 3 Problem 2

In this problem we were supposed to simulate a MIMO channel using a Kronecker MIMO channel model, and plot the mean capacity over a SNR range with low, medium and high correlation scenarios.

### 4 Code

---

```

close all
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%% Problem 1

T_S = 1/(7.68e6);
omega_max = 300;
nb_samples = 10e-3 * 7.68e6;

% Generation of narrowband Rayleigh fading Channel
% using internal filter based MATLAB function

rayChanObj = rayleighchan(T_S, omega_max, 0, 0) ;
rayChanObj.StoreHistory = 1;
x = ones(nb_samples,1);
y = filter(rayChanObj,x);
g = rayChanObj.PathGains;

%-----

% Rayleigh fading channel using Sum of sinusoids method
[acf_sos,lag_sos] = xcorr(sumofsinusoids((1/(7.68e6)), 20,
    300,nb_samples));

% Rayleigh fading channel using filter based method
[acf_flt,lag_flt] = xcorr(y);

```

```

% Plotting
subplot(1,3,1)
plot(lag_sos,acf_sos/max(acf_sos));
title 'Sum of sinusoids'
subplot(1,3,2)
plot(lag_flt,acf_flt/max(acf_flt));
title 'Filter based method'
chlen = -0.01:T_S:0.01;
subplot(1,3,3)
plot(linspace(-76799,76799,length(besselj(0,
    2*pi*300*chlen))),besselj(0, 2*pi*300*chlen));
title 'Theorethical'
figure;
plot(lag_sos,acf_sos/max(acf_sos), 'r');
hold on
grid on
plot(lag_flt,acf_flt/max(acf_flt),'g');
hold on
plot(linspace(-76799,76799,length(besselj(0,
    2*pi*300*chlen))),besselj(0, 2*pi*300*chlen));
title 'Problem one'
legend('Sum-of-Sinusoids', 'Filter based', 'Bessel function' );
hold off

%% Problem 2

% Generate four independent fading channels

a = [0 0.3 0.9]; b = [0 0.9 0.9];
G = zeros(2,2,nb_samples);
tmp = sumofsinusoids((1/(7.68e6)), 20, 300,nb_samples);

for k=1:2
    for j=1:2
        for i= 1:length(sumofsinusoids((1/(7.68e6)), 20, 300,nb_samples))
            G(k,j,i) = tmp(i);
        end
        tmp = sumofsinusoids((1/(7.68e6)), 20, 300,nb_samples);
    end
end
end

```

```

Rtx1 = [1 a(1); conj(a(1)) 1] ; Rrx1 = [1 b(1); conj(b(1)) 1];
Rtx2 = [1 a(2); conj(a(2)) 1] ; Rrx2 = [1 b(2); conj(b(2)) 1];
Rtx3 = [1 a(3); conj(a(3)) 1] ; Rrx3 = [1 b(3); conj(b(3)) 1];

H = zeros(2,2,nb_samples);
%H2 = zeros(2,2,nb_samples);
%H3 = zeros(2,2,nb_samples);

% for n =1:length(G)
%   H1(:, :,n) = sqrtm(Rrx1) .* G(:, :,n) .*transpose(sqrtm(Rtx1));
%   H2(:, :,n) = sqrtm(Rrx2) .* G(:, :,n) .*transpose(sqrtm(Rtx2));
%   H3(:, :,n) = sqrtm(Rrx3) .* G(:, :,n) .*transpose(sqrtm(Rtx3));
% end

SNR = power(10,-20/10):10:power(10,30/10);

figure;
colors = ['b', 'r', 'c'];
tic
for k = 1:3
    R_tx = sqrtm([1 a(k); conj(a(k)) 1]);
    R_rx = sqrtm([1 b(k); conj(b(k)) 1]);
    for m = 1:nb_samples
        H(:, :,m) = R_rx .* G(:, :,m) .* transpose(R_tx);
    end
    CAP = capacity_SU_CL_ML(H,SNR);
    CAP_mean = mean(CAP,2) ;
    plot(SNR, CAP_mean(:), colors(k));
    hold on
end

xlabel('SNR [dB]');
ylabel('Channel Capacity');
title('SNR vs Channel capacity with low, medium, and high correlation');
legend('Low correlation (alpha=0, beta=0)', ...
       'Medium correlation (alpha=0.3, beta=0.9)',...
       'High correlation (alpha=0.9, beta=0.9)');

toc

```

```

% figure;
%
%
% [CAP] = capacity_SU_CL_ML( H1, SNR ,0);
% plot(SNR,CAP);
%
% figure;
% title 'Capacity of SU MIMO channel for medium correlation case';
% for i=1:10:length(SNR)
%     [CAP] = capacity_SU_CL_ML( H2, SNR(i),0);
%     hold on
%     plot(CAP);
% end
% figure;
% title 'Capacity of SU MIMO channel for high correlation case';
% for i=1:10:length(SNR)
%     [CAP] = capacity_SU_CL_ML( H3, SNR(i),0);
%     hold on
%     plot(CAP);
% end

```

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