

Technical University of Denmark

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Written exam, 13th December 2023

Course name: Discrete mathematics 2: algebra
Exam duration: 4 hours

Course nr. 01018

Aid: All Aid

“Weighting”: All questions are equally important

Additional information: All answers have to be motivated and intermediate steps need to be given to a reasonable extent.

Question 1

Let (S_6, \circ) be the group of permutations of $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$. Let f denote the permutation

$$f := (1\ 3) \circ (1\ 2\ 4\ 5) \circ (1\ 6\ 4\ 2\ 5\ 3).$$

- a) Write f as a composition of disjoint cycles.
- b) What are the order and the cycle type of f ? Compute the permutation f^{70} .
- c) Does S_6 contain a permutation with cycle type $(0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0)$? Motivate your answer.
- d) Let g be the permutation

$$g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 5 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 2 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \in S_6.$$

Compute $f \circ g$ and $g \circ f$.

Question 2

Let n be an integer with $n \geq 2$ and consider the symmetric group on n letters (S_n, \circ) . Let U be the subset of S_n given by $U := \{f \in S_n \mid f[n] \neq n\}$.

- a) Is U a subgroup of (S_n, \circ) ? Compute $|U|$.
- b) Prove that a subgroup H of (S_n, \circ) contains U if and only if $H = S_n$. [**Hint:** use Lagrange's Theorem]
- c) Consider the following relation on S_n : for $g, h \in S_n$ we say that $g \sim h$ if $g[n] = h[n]$. Prove that \sim is an equivalence relation on S_n .
- d) What is the cardinality of an equivalence class of \sim ?
- e) Prove that S_n is the disjoint union $S_n = U \cup [id_n]_{\sim}$. Here $[id_n]_{\sim}$ denotes the equivalence class of the identity permutation id_n with respect to \sim .

Question 3 Let $(\mathbb{Z}[X], +, \cdot)$ denote the ring of polynomials with coefficients in \mathbb{Z} , and let $I \subseteq \mathbb{Z}[X]$ be the ideal generated by $X - 3$ and 7 , that is, $I = \langle X - 3, 7 \rangle$.

- a) Show that for every $p(X) \in \mathbb{Z}[X]$, there is an integer $0 \leq \alpha_p \leq 6$ such that $p(X) - \alpha_p \in I$.
- b) Prove that $\varphi : \mathbb{Z}[X] \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_7$ with $\varphi(p(X)) = \alpha_p$ is a ring homomorphism.

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- c) Compute the kernel and the image of φ .
 - d) Prove that the quotient ring $\mathbb{Z}[X]/I$ is isomorphic to \mathbb{Z}_7 .

Question 4

As usual, the finite field with 5 elements is denoted by $(\mathbb{F}_5, +, \cdot)$, while $(\mathbb{F}_5[X], +, \cdot)$ denotes the ring of polynomials with coefficients in \mathbb{F}_5 . Define the quotient ring $(R, +, \cdot)$, where $R := \mathbb{F}_5[X]/\langle X^4 + 2X^3 + 4X + 3 \rangle$.

- a) Compute the standard form of the coset $X^6 + 3X^5 + X^4 + 1 + \langle X^4 + 2X^3 + 4X + 3 \rangle$.
- b) Write the polynomial $X^4 + 2X^3 + 4X + 3 \in \mathbb{F}_5[X]$ as a product of irreducible polynomials.
- c) Prove that R contains at least 13 distinct zero-divisors.
- d) Show that $X + \langle X^4 + 2X^3 + 4X + 3 \rangle$ is a unit of R and compute its multiplicative inverse.

END OF THE EXAM