



WORKSHOP ANDROID III

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**WE NEED A BETTER SUBTITLE  
YET**



## PREVIOUSLY, ON WORKSHOP 2

- ▶ Permissions
- ▶ Activity Lifecycle
- ▶ Logcat
- ▶ Intents

**RECYCLERVIEW**

# RECYCLERVIEW

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# BUILD.GRADE (APP)

```
dependencies {  
    ...  
    compile 'com.android.support:recyclerview-v7:23.1.1'  
}
```

## STEP 1: CREATE OBJECT MODEL

```
public class Offer {  
    private String title;  
    private String companyName;  
    private String city;  
    ....  
}
```

## STEP 2: ADD RECYCLER VIEW IN LAYOUT

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>

<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"

    android:orientation="vertical"

    android:layout_width="match_parent"

    android:layout_height="match_parent">

    <android.support.v7.widget.RecyclerView

        android:id="@+id/rv_main"

        android:layout_width="wrap_content"

        android:layout_height="wrap_content">

        </android.support.v7.widget.RecyclerView>

    </LinearLayout>
```



## STEP 3: ADD CUSTOM ROW LAYOUT

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>

<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"

    android:orientation="vertical"

    android:layout_width="match_parent"

    android:layout_height="match_parent">

    <TextView

        android:id="@+id/tv_offer_title"

        android:layout_width="wrap_content"

        android:layout_height="wrap_content" />

</LinearLayout>
```

### STEP 4: CREATE RECYCLERVIEW.ADAPTER

- ▶ The adapter's role is to convert an object at a position into a list row item to be inserted.
- ▶ The adapter requires the existence of a "ViewHolder" object which describes and provides access to all the views within each item row.

## STEP 4: CREATE RECYCLERVIEW.ADAPTER

```
public class OfferAdapter extends RecyclerView.Adapter<OfferAdapter.ViewHolder> {  
    public static class ViewHolder extends RecyclerView.ViewHolder {  
        TextView offerTitleTV;  
        TextView companyNameTV;  
        TextView cityTV;  
        public ViewHolder(View itemView) {  
            super(itemView);  
            offerTitleTV = ((TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.tv_offer_title));  
            companyNameTV = ((TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.tv_company_name));  
            cityTV = ((TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.tv_city));  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### STEP 4: CREATE RECYCLERVIEW.ADAPTER

We need to begin filling in our adapter

....

```
private List<Offer> offers;
```

```
public OfferAdapter(List<Offer> offers) {
```

```
    this.offers = offers;
```

```
}
```

....

### STEP 4: CREATE RECYCLERVIEW.ADAPTER

Every adapter has three primary methods:

- ▶ `onCreateViewHolder`: to inflate the item layout and create the holder
- ▶ `onBindViewHolder`: to set the view attributes based on the data
- ▶ `getItemCount`: to determine the number of items

We need to implement all three to finish the adapter

## STEP 4: CREATE RECYCLERVIEW.ADAPTER

- ▶ onCreateViewHolder: to inflate the item layout and create the holder

```
public ViewHolder onCreateViewHolder(ViewGroup parent, int viewType) {
    Context context = parent.getContext();
    LayoutInflater inflater = LayoutInflater.from(context);
    View offerView = inflater.inflate(R.layout.item_offer, parent, false);
    ViewHolder viewHolder = new ViewHolder(offerView);
    return viewHolder;
}
```

### STEP 4: CREATE RECYCLERVIEW.ADAPTER

- ▶ onBindViewHolder: to set the view attributes based on the data

```
public void onBindViewHolder(ViewHolder holder, int position) {  
    Offer offer = offers.get(position);  
    holder.titleTV.setText(offer.getOfferTitle());  
    holder.companyNameTV.setText(offer.getCompanyName());  
    holder.cityTV.setText(offer.getCity());  
}
```

### STEP 5: BINDING THE ADAPTER TO THE RECYCLER VIEW

```
RecyclerView rv = (RecyclerView)  
findViewById(R.id.rv_main);
```

```
OfferAdapter adapter = new OfferAdapter(offers);
```

```
rv.setAdapter(adapter);
```

```
rv.setLayoutManager(new LinearLayoutManager(this));
```



# NOTIFYING THE ADAPTER

There are many method available to use when notifying the adapter of different changes:

- ▶ `notifyItemChanged(int pos)`: Notify that item at position has changed.
- ▶ `notifyItemInserted(int pos)`: Notify that item reflected at position has been newly inserted.
- ▶ `notifyItemRemoved(int pos)`: Notify that items previously located at position has been removed from the data set.
- ▶ `notifyDataSetChanged()`: Notify that the dataset has changed. Use only as last resort.

# ANIMATIONS

```
dependencies {
```

```
    compile 'jp.wasabeef:recyclerview-animators:2.2.0'
```

```
}
```

```
RecyclerView.ItemAnimator itemAnimator = new  
ScaleInBottomAnimator();
```

```
rv.setItemAnimator(itemAnimator);
```

**THAT'S ALL,  
FOLKS!**

THAT'S ALL!

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## REFERENCE

- ▶ <https://developer.android.com/reference/android/support/v7/widget/RecyclerView.html>
- ▶ <http://www.grokkingandroid.com/first-glance-androids-recyclerview/>
- ▶ <http://www.grokkingandroid.com/statelistdrawables-for-recyclerview-selection/>
- ▶ <http://www.bignerdranch.com/blog/recyclerview-part-1-fundamentals-for-listview-experts/>
- ▶ <https://developer.android.com/training/material/lists-cards.html>
- ▶ <http://antonioleiva.com/recyclerview/>
- ▶ <https://code.tutsplus.com/tutorials/getting-started-with-recyclerview-and-cardview-on-android--cms-23465>
- ▶ <https://code.tutsplus.com/tutorials/introduction-to-the-new-lollipop-activity-transitions--cms-23711>

THAT'S ALL!

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