Streamlining the handling of import and export in FPGA Oberon

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Purpose

This technical note presents a simplification of the handling of import and export for the FPGA Oberon system¹.

Brief historical context

The topic of *symbol files* (=module interface files) has accompanied compiler development ever since the original *module* concept with *separate compilation* and type-checking across module boundaries (as opposed to *independent* compilation where no such checks are performed) has been introduced in the 70s and adopted in languages such as Mesa, Ada, Modula-2 and Oberon.

A correct implementation of the *module* concept was by no means obvious initially. However, the concept has evolved and today, simple implementations exist covering all key requirements, e.g.,

- handle *re-export conditions* (imported types can be *re-exported*, their *imports* may be hidden)
- allow for *recursive data structures* (pointer declarations may *forward reference* a record type)
- include non-exported (*hidden*) fields in exported records (eg. for use by the garbage collector)
- handle *module aliases* correctly (a module can be imported under a different name)

A careful and detailed study of the evolution that led to today's status quo – which contains many useful lessons and is therefore well worth the effort – is far beyond the scope of this technical note. The reader is referred to the literature [1-13]. Here, a very rough sketch must suffice:

- Module concept introduced in 1972, early languages include Mesa, Modula and Ada [1].
- Modula-2 implementation on PDP-11 already used the concept of separate compilation [2].
- Modula-2 implementation on Lilith already used the concept of separate compilation [3].
- First single-pass compiler for Modula-2 compiler in 1984 used a *post-order* traversal [4, 5, 7].
- Some Oberon compilers in the 1990s used a *pre-order* traversal of the symbol table [8-11].
- The Oberon on ARM compiler (2008) used a *fixup* technique for types in symbol files [12].
- The FPGA Oberon RISC compiler (2013) uses *pre-order* traversal and a *fixup* technique [13].

As with the underlying languages, all these re-implementations and refinements of the handling of import and export (and the symbol files) are characterized by a continuous *reduction* of complexity.

In this technical note, we present yet another potential step in this direction by eliminating the so-called "fixup" technique (see below) for *types* in symbol files.

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¹ http://www.projectoberon.com

Symbol files in ARM Oberon (2008) and in FPGA Oberon (2013)

The Oberon system and compiler were re-implemented in 2013 using FPGA. The compiler was derived from an earlier version of the Oberon compiler for the ARM processor. In the FPGA Oberon compiler, the same "fixup" technique to implement forward references *in* symbol files as in the ARM Oberon compiler is used. To quote from the *Oberon on ARM* report [12]:

If a type is imported again and then discarded, it is mandatory that this occurs before a reference to it is established elsewhere. This implies that types must always be defined before they are referenced. Fortunately, this requirement is fulfilled by the language and in particular by the one-pass strategy of the compiler. However, there is one exception, namely the possibility of forward referencing a record type in a pointer declaration, allowing for recursive data structures:

```
TYPE P = POINTER TO R;

R = RECORD x, y: P = END
```

Hence, this case must be treated in an exceptional way, i.e. the definition of P must not cause the inclusion of the definition of R, but rather cause a forward reference in the symbol file. Such references must by fixed up when the pertinent record declaration had been read. This is the reason for the term {fix} in the syntax of (record) types. Furthermore, the recursive definition

```
TYPE P = POINTER TO RECORD x, y: P END
```

suggests that the test for re-import must occur before the type is established, i.e. that the type's name must precede the type's description in the symbol file, where the arrow marks the fixup.:

```
TYP [#14 P form = PTR [^1]]
TYP [#15 R form = REC [^9] lev = 0 size = 8 { y [^14] off = 4 x [^14] off = 0}] \rightarrow 14
```

Observations

The above excerpt correctly states that "types must always be defined before they are referenced". However, if pre-order traversal is used when generating the symbol file – as is the case in FPGA Oberon – this is already the case. Also, a type's name always precedes the type's description in the symbol file. See the source code of procedures OutType and Export in ORB:

```
PROCEDURE OutType(VAR R: Files.Rider; t: Type);
...
BEGIN

IF t.ref > 0 THEN (*type was already output*) Write(R, -t.ref)
ELSE ...

IF t.form = Pointer THEN OutType(R, t.base)
ELSIF t.form = Array THEN OutType(R, t.base); ...
ELSIF t.form = Record THEN
    If t.base # NIL THEN OutType(R, t.base) ELSE OutType(R, noType) END;
ELSIF t.form = Proc THEN OutType(R, t.base); ...
END; ...
END OutType;
PROCEDURE Export*(VAR modid: ORS.Ident; VAR newSF: BOOLEAN; VAR key: LONGINT);
```

```
BEGIN ...
  WHILE obj # NIL DO
  IF obj.expo THEN
    Write(R, obj.class); Files.WriteString(R, obj.name); (*e.g. name of type obj*)
    OutType(R, obj.type);
    IF obj.class = Typ THEN ...
    ELSIF obj.class = Const THEN ...
    END ;
    obj := obj.next
  END ;
END Export;
And similarly for procedures InType and Import in ORB:
PROCEDURE InType(VAR R: Files.Rider; thismod: Object; VAR T: Type);
BEGIN Read(R, ref);
  IF ref < 0 THEN T := typtab[-ref] (*already read*)</pre>
  ELSE NEW(t); T := t; typtab[ref] := t; t.mno := thismod.lev;
    IF form = Pointer THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); ...
    ELSIF form = Array THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); ...
    ELSIF form = Record THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); ...
    ELSIF form = Proc THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); ...
    END
  END
END InType;
PROCEDURE Import*(VAR modid, modid1: ORS.Ident);
BEGIN ...
  Read(R, class);
  WHILE class # 0 DO
    NEW(obj); obj.class := class; Files.ReadString(R, obj.name);
    InType(R, thismod, obj.type); ...
```

One can easily verify that types are *always* already "fixed" with the right value, by slightly modifying the current implementation of *ORP.Import* as follows:

```
WHILE k # 0 DO
   IF typtab[k].base # t THEN ORS.Mark("type not yet fixed up") END;
   typtab[k].base := t; Read(R, k)
END
```

IF class = Typ THEN ...

IF class = Const THEN ...
ELSIF class = Var THEN ...

ELSE

END Import;

END ;

The message "type not yet fixed up" will *never* be printed while importing a module.

This shows that the fixup of cases of previously declared pointer types is *not necessary* as they are already "fixed" with the right value. A more formal proof can of course easily be constructed. It rests on the observation that the *type* is written to the symfile before the corresponding *object*.

Code that can be omitted

The following code (shown in red) in procedures *Import* and *Export* in ORB can be omitted. See the appendix for a <u>complete</u> program listing of module ORB showing <u>all</u> changes made.

```
PROCEDURE Import*(VAR modid, modid1: ORS.Ident);
BEGIN
  IF modid1 = "SYSTEM" THEN
    IF F # NIL THEN
      Read(R, class);
      WHILE class # 0 DO
        NEW(obj); obj.class := class; Files.ReadString(R, obj.name);
        InType(R, thismod, obj.type); obj.lev := -thismod.lev;
        IF class = Typ THEN t := obj.type; t.typobj := obj; Read(R, k);
          (*fixup bases of previously declared pointer types*)
          WHILE k # 0 DO typtab[k].base := t; Read(R, k) END
        ELSE
          IF class = Const THEN ...
          ELSIF class = Var THEN ...
          END
        END
        obj.next := thismod.dsc; thismod.dsc := obj; Read(R, class)
    ELSE ORS.Mark("import not available")
    END
  END
END Import;
PROCEDURE Export*(VAR modid: ORS.Ident; VAR newSF: BOOLEAN; VAR key: LONGINT);
BEGIN ...
  obj := topScope.next;
  WHILE obj # NIL DO
    IF obj.expo THEN
      Write(R, obj.class); Files.WriteString(R, obj.name);
      OutType(R, obj.type);
      IF obj.class = Typ THEN
        IF obj.type.form = Record THEN obj0 := topScope.next;
          (*check whether this is base of previously declared pointer types*)
          WHILE obj0 # obj DO
            IF (obj0.type.form = Pointer) & (obj0.type.base = obj.type)
              & (obj0.type.ref > 0) THEN Write(R, obj0.type.ref) END;
            obj0 := obj0.next
          END
        END ;
        Write(R, 0)
      ELSIF obj.class = Const THEN ...
      ELSIF obj.class = Var THEN ...
    END ;
    obj := obj.next
  END ;
END Export;
```

Module *ORTool* will also need to be adapted to bring it in sync with the modified module *ORB*. See the appendix for a complete program listings of modules ORB and ORTool.

Comments

- 1) In the new implementation, real numbers are also written in a compressed format using procedure *Files.WriteNum* instead of procedure *Files.WriteInt*. This does no harm, so long as the corresponding import code in ORB and ORTool uses *Files.ReadNum* to read the value.
- 2) Oberon-07 does *not* allow pointers to *external* base types and only allows pointers to *named* records. This simplifies the handling of pointer references.
- 3) Strings cannot be exported and imported. This is an implementation restriction in the official Oberon-07 compiler, as published on http://www.projectoberon.com. We have adopted this restriction in our modified compiler (PS: if you want to lift this restriction, see the repository: https://github.com/andreaspirklbauer/Oberon-enhanced-FPGA-Oberon07-compiler).

Changes to the symbol file format

The above modification leads to a slightly modified format of the symbol file format for FPGA Oberon (see ch. 12.6.2 in the book Project Oberon 2013 Edition for additional details).

```
Classes: Con = 1, Var = 2, Par = 3, Fld = 4, Typ = 5

Forms: Byte = 1, Bool = 2, Char = 3, Int = 4, Real = 5, Set = 6,

Pointer = 7, NoTyp = 9, Proc = 10, Array = 12, Record = 13
```

Old syntax:

New syntax:

References (excerpt)

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- 2. Wirth N. *MODULA-2*. Computersysteme ETH Zürich, Technical Report No. 36 (March 1980) (ch. 15 describes the use of an implementation of Modula-2 on a DEC PDP-11 computer)
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- 4. Wirth N. A Fast and Compact Compiler for Modula–2. Computersysteme ETH Zürich, Technical Report No. 64 (July 1985)
- 5. Gutknecht J. Compilation of Data Structures: A New Approach to Efficient Modula–2 Symbol Files. Computersysteme ETH Zürich, Technical Report No. 64 (July 1985)
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- 8. J. Templ. *Sparc–Oberon. User's Guide and Implementation*. Computersysteme ETH Zürich, Technical Report No. 133 (June 1990).
- 9. Griesemer R. *On the Linearization of Graphs and Writing Symbol Files.* Computersysteme ETH Zürich, Technical Report No. 156a (1991)
- 10. Pfister, Heeb, Templ. *Oberon Technical Notes.* Computersysteme ETH Zürich, Technical Report No. 156b (1991)
- 11. Franz M. The Case for Universal Symbol Files. Structured Programming 14: 136-147 (1993)
- 12. Wirth N. *An Oberon Compiler for the ARM Processor*. Technical note (December 2007, April 2008), www.inf.ethz.ch/personal/wirth
- 13. Wirth N., Gutknecht J. Project Oberon 2013 Edition, www.inf.ethz.ch/personal/wirth

Appendix: Changes to modules ORB and ORTool:

Changes to module ORB:

```
MODULE ORB;
              (*NW 25.6.2014 / 1.12.2018 in Oberon-07 / AP 12.12.18*)
  IMPORT Files, ORS;
  (*Definition of data types Object and Type, which together form the data structure
    called "symbol table". Contains procedures for creation of Objects, and for search:
    NewObj, this, thisimport, thisfield (and OpenScope, CloseScope).
    Handling of import and export, i.e. reading and writing of "symbol files" is done
    by procedures
    Import and Export. This module contains the list of standard identifiers, with which
    the symbol table (universe), and that of the pseudo-module SYSTEM are initialized. *)
  CONST versionkey* = 1; maxTypTab = 64;
    (* class values*) Head* = 0;
     Const* = 1; Var* = 2; Par* = 3; Fld* = 4; Typ* = 5;
      SProc* = 6; SFunc* = 7; Mod* = 8;
    (* form values*)
      Byte* = 1; Bool* = 2; Char* = 3; Int* = 4; Real* = 5; Set* = 6;
      Pointer* = 7; NilTyp* = 8; NoTyp* = 9; Proc* = 10;
      String* = 11; Array* = 12; Record* = 13;
  TYPE Object* = POINTER TO ObjDesc;
    Module* = POINTER TO ModDesc;
    Type* = POINTER TO TypeDesc;
    ObiDesc*= RECORD
     class*, exno*: BYTE;
      expo*, rdo*: BOOLEAN;
                            (*exported / read-only*)
     lev*: INTEGER;
     next*, dsc*: Object;
     type*: Type;
      name*: ORS.Ident;
      val*: LONGINT
    END:
    ModDesc* = RECORD (ObjDesc) orgname*: ORS.Ident END ;
    TypeDesc* = RECORD
      form*, ref*, mno*: INTEGER; (*ref is only used for import/export*)
      nofpar*: INTEGER; (*for procedures, extension level for records*)
      len*: LONGINT; (*for arrays, len < 0 => open array; for records: adr of descriptor*)
      dsc*, typobj*: Object;
      base*: Type; (*for arrays, records, pointers*)
      size*: LONGINT; (*in bytes; always multiple of 4, except for Byte, Bool and Char*)
  (* Object classes and the meaning of "val":
    class
           val
            address
    Var
             address
    Const
            value
            offset
    Тур
             type descriptor (TD) address
    SProc
             inline code number
    SFunc
             inline code number
  Type forms and the meaning of "dsc" and "base":
    form
            dsc
                      base
```

```
______
 Pointer -
                  type of dereferenced object
                  result type
 Proc
          params
 Arrav
                  type of elements
 Record
         fields
                 extension *)
VAR topScope*, universe, system*: Object;
 byteType*, boolType*, charType*: Type;
 intType*, realType*, setType*, nilType*, noType*, strType*: Type;
 nofmod, Ref: INTEGER;
 typtab: ARRAY maxTypTab OF Type;
PROCEDURE NewObj*(VAR obj: Object; id: ORS.Ident; class: INTEGER); (*insert new Object*)
VAR new, x: Object;
BEGIN x := topScope;
 WHILE (x.next # NIL) & (x.next.name # id) DO x := x.next END;
 IF x.next = NIL THEN
   NEW(new); new.name := id; new.class := class; new.next := NIL;
   new.rdo := FALSE; new.dsc := NIL;
   x.next := new; obj := new
 ELSE obj := x.next; ORS.Mark("mult def")
 END
END NewObj;
PROCEDURE thisObj*(): Object;
 VAR s, x: Object;
BEGIN s := topScope;
 REPEAT x := s.next;
   WHILE (x # NIL) & (x.name # ORS.id) DO x := x.next END;
   s := s.dsc
 UNTIL (x \# NIL) OR (s = NIL);
 RETURN x
END thisObj;
PROCEDURE thisimport*(mod: Object): Object;
 VAR obj: Object;
BEGIN
 IF mod.rdo THEN
   IF mod.name[0] # 0X THEN
     obj := mod.dsc;
     WHILE (obj # NIL) & (obj.name # ORS.id) DO obj := obj.next END
   ELSE obj := NIL
   END
 ELSE obj := NIL
 END ;
 RETURN obi
END thisimport;
PROCEDURE thisfield*(rec: Type): Object;
 VAR fld: Object;
BEGIN fld := rec.dsc;
 WHILE (fld # NIL) & (fld.name # ORS.id) DO fld := fld.next END ;
 RETURN fld
END thisfield;
PROCEDURE OpenScope*;
 VAR s: Object;
BEGIN NEW(s); s.class := Head; s.dsc := topScope; s.next := NIL; topScope := s
END OpenScope;
PROCEDURE CloseScope*;
BEGIN topScope := topScope.dsc
END CloseScope;
(*-----*)
PROCEDURE MakeFileName*(VAR FName: ORS.Ident; name, ext: ARRAY OF CHAR);
 VAR i, j: INTEGER;
BEGIN i := 0; j := 0;
                     (*assume name suffix less than 4 characters*)
```

```
WHILE (i < ORS.IdLen-5) & (name[i] > 0X) DO FName[i] := name[i]; INC(i) END;
 REPEAT FName[i]:= ext[j]; INC(i); INC(j) UNTIL ext[j] = 0X;
 FName[i] := 0X
END MakeFileName;
PROCEDURE ThisModule(name, orgname: ORS.Ident; non: BOOLEAN; key: LONGINT): Object;
 VAR mod: Module; obj, obj1: Object;
BEGIN obj1 := topScope; obj := obj1.next; (*search for module*)
 WHILE (obj # NIL) & (obj.name # name) DO obj1 := obj; obj := obj1.next END;
 IF obj = NIL THEN (*insert new module*)
   NEW(mod); mod.class := Mod; mod.rdo := FALSE;
   mod.name := name; mod.orgname := orgname; mod.val := key;
   mod.lev := nofmod; INC(nofmod); mod.type := noType; mod.dsc := NIL; mod.next := NIL;
    obj1.next := mod; obj := mod
 ELSE (*module already present*)
    IF non THEN ORS.Mark("invalid import order") END
 END ;
 RETURN obj
END ThisModule;
PROCEDURE Read(VAR R: Files.Rider; VAR x: INTEGER);
 VAR b: BYTE;
BEGIN Files.ReadByte(R, b);
 IF b < 80H THEN x := b ELSE x := b - 100H END
END Read;
PROCEDURE InType(VAR R: Files.Rider; thismod: Object; VAR T: Type);
 VAR key: LONGINT;
   ref, class, form, np, readonly: INTEGER;
    fld, par, obj, mod: Object;
   t: Type;
    name, modname: ORS.Ident;
BEGIN Read(R, ref);
 IF ref < 0 THEN T := typtab[-ref] (*already read*)</pre>
 ELSE NEW(t); T := t; typtab[ref] := t; t.mno := thismod.lev;
    Read(R, form); t.form := form;
    IF form = Pointer THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); t.size := 4
   ELSIF form = Array THEN
      InType(R, thismod, t.base); Files.ReadNum(R, t.len); Files.ReadNum(R, t.size)
    ELSIF form = Record THEN
      InType(R, thismod, t.base);
      IF t.base.form = NoTyp THEN t.base := NIL; obj := NIL ELSE obj := t.base.dsc END ;
      Files.ReadNum(R, t.len); (*TD adr/exno*)
      Files.ReadNum(R, t.nofpar); (*ext level*)
      Files.ReadNum(R, t.size);
      Read(R, class);
      WHILE class # 0 DO (*fields*)
        NEW(fld); fld.class := class; Files.ReadString(R, fld.name);
        IF fld.name[0] # 0X THEN fld.expo := TRUE; InType(R, thismod, fld.type)
       ELSE fld.expo := FALSE; fld.type := nilType
       Files.ReadNum(R, fld.val); fld.next := obj; obj := fld; Read(R, class)
     END ;
      t.dsc := obj
    ELSIF form = Proc THEN
      InType(R, thismod, t.base);
      obj := NIL; np := 0; Read(R, class);
      WHILE class # 0 DO (*parameters*)
       NEW(par); par.class := class; Read(R, readonly); par.rdo := readonly = 1;
        InType(R, thismod, par.type); par.next := obj; obj := par; INC(np); Read(R, class)
     END ;
      t.dsc := obj; t.nofpar := np; t.size := 4
    END ;
    Files.ReadString(R, modname);
    IF modname[0] # 0X THEN (*re-import*)
      Files.ReadInt(R, key); Files.ReadString(R, name);
     mod := ThisModule(modname, modname, FALSE, key);
      obj := mod.dsc; (*search type*)
      WHILE (obj # NIL) & (obj.name # name) DO obj := obj.next END ;
```

```
IF obj # NIL THEN T := obj.type (*type object found in object list of mod*)
      ELSE (*insert new type object in object list of mod*)
        NEW(obj); obj.name := name; obj.class := Typ; obj.next := mod.dsc;
        mod.dsc := obj; obj.type := t;
        t.mno := mod.lev; t.typobj := obj; T := t
      END ;
      typtab[ref] := T
    END
  END
END InType;
PROCEDURE Import*(VAR modid, modid1: ORS.Ident);
  VAR key: LONGINT; class: INTEGER;
                                                   ← local variables t and k not needed
    obj, thismod: Object;
                                                   ← obj and thismod on a single line
    modname, fname: ORS.Ident;
    F: Files.File; R: Files.Rider;
  IF modid1 = "SYSTEM" THEN
    thismod := ThisModule(modid, modid1, TRUE, key); DEC(nofmod);
    thismod.lev := 0; thismod.dsc := system; thismod.rdo := TRUE
  ELSE MakeFileName(fname, modid1, ".smb"); F := Files.Old(fname);
    IF F # NIL THEN
      Files.Set(R, F, 0); Files.ReadInt(R, key); Files.ReadInt(R, key);
      Files.ReadString(R, modname);
      thismod := ThisModule(modid, modid1, TRUE, key); thismod.rdo := TRUE;
      Read(R, class); (*version key*)
      IF class # versionkey THEN ORS.Mark("wrong version") END ;
      Read(R, class);
      WHILE class # 0 DO
        NEW(obj); obj.class := class; Files.ReadString(R, obj.name);
        InType(R, thismod, obj.type); obj.lev := -thismod.lev;
        IF class = Typ THEN obj.type.typobj := obj
                                                              ← code to fixup ptrs removed
                                                              ← Reals also read with ReadNum
        ELSIF class = Const THEN Files.ReadNum(R, obj.val)
        ELSIF class = Var THEN Files.ReadNum(R, obj.val); obj.rdo := TRUE
        obj.next := thismod.dsc; thismod.dsc := obj; Read(R, class)
    ELSE ORS.Mark("import not available")
  END
END Import;
(*-----*)
PROCEDURE Write(VAR R: Files.Rider; x: INTEGER);
BEGIN Files.WriteByte(R, x) (* -128 \le x \le 128 *)
END Write;
PROCEDURE OutType(VAR R: Files.Rider; t: Type);
  VAR obj, mod, fld, bot: Object;
  PROCEDURE OutPar(VAR R: Files.Rider; par: Object; n: INTEGER);
    VAR cl: INTEGER;
  BEGIN
    IF n > 0 THEN
      OutPar(R, par.next, n-1); cl := par.class;
      Write(R, cl);
      IF par.rdo THEN Write(R, 1) ELSE Write(R, 0) END ;
      OutType(R, par.type)
    F:ND
  END OutPar;
  PROCEDURE FindHiddenPointers(VAR R: Files.Rider; typ: Type; offset: LONGINT);
    VAR fld: Object; i, n: LONGINT;
  BEGIN
    IF (typ.form = Pointer) OR (typ.form = NilTyp) THEN Write(R, Fld); Write(R, 0);
      Files.WriteNum(R, offset)
    ELSIF typ.form = Record THEN fld := typ.dsc;
      WHILE fld # NIL DO FindHiddenPointers(R, fld.type, fld.val + offset);
```

```
fld := fld.next
      END
    ELSIF typ.form = Array THEN i := 0; n := typ.len;
      WHILE i < n DO FindHiddenPointers(R, typ.base, typ.base.size * i + offset); INC(i) END
  END FindHiddenPointers;
BEGIN
  IF t.ref > 0 THEN (*type was already output*) Write(R, -t.ref)
  ELSE obj := t.typobj;
    IF obj # NIL THEN Write(R, Ref); t.ref := Ref; INC(Ref) ELSE Write(R, 0) END;
    Write(R, t.form);
    IF t.form = Pointer THEN OutType(R, t.base)
    ELSIF t.form = Array THEN OutType(R, t.base); Files.WriteNum(R, t.len);
      Files.WriteNum(R, t.size)
    ELSIF t.form = Record THEN
      IF t.base # NIL THEN OutType(R, t.base); bot := t.base.dsc
      ELSE OutType(R, noType); bot := NIL
      END ;
      IF obj # NIL THEN Files.WriteNum(R, obj.exno) ELSE Write(R, 0) END ;
      Files.WriteNum(R, t.nofpar); Files.WriteNum(R, t.size);
      fld := t.dsc;
      WHILE fld # bot DO (*fields*)
        IF fld.expo THEN
          Write(R, Fld); Files.WriteString(R, fld.name); OutType(R, fld.type);
          Files.WriteNum(R, fld.val) (*offset*)
        ELSE FindHiddenPointers(R, fld.type, fld.val)
        END ;
        fld := fld.next
      END ;
      Write(R, 0)
    ELSIF t.form = Proc THEN OutType(R, t.base); OutPar(R, t.dsc, t.nofpar); Write(R, 0)
    END:
    IF (t.mno > 0) & (obj # NIL) THEN (*re-export, output name*)
      mod := topScope.next;
      WHILE (mod # NIL) & (mod.lev # t.mno) DO mod := mod.next END;
      IF mod # NIL THEN Files.WriteString(R, mod(Module).orgname);
       Files.WriteInt(R, mod.val); Files.WriteString(R, obj.name)
      ELSE ORS.Mark("re-export not found"); Write(R, 0)
    ELSE Write(R, 0)
   END
  END
END OutType;
PROCEDURE Export*(VAR modid: ORS.Ident; VAR newSF: BOOLEAN; VAR key: LONGINT);
  VAR x, sum, oldkey: LONGINT;
    obj: Object;
                                                       ← local variable obj0 no longer needed
    filename: ORS.Ident;
    F, F1: Files.File; R, R1: Files.Rider;
BEGIN Ref := Record + 1; MakeFileName(filename, modid, ".smb");
  F := Files.New(filename); Files.Set(R, F, 0);
  Files.WriteInt(R, 0); (*placeholder*)
  Files.WriteInt(R, 0); (*placeholder for key to be inserted at the end*)
  Files.WriteString(R, modid); Write(R, versionkey);
  obj := topScope.next;
  WHILE obj # NIL DO
    IF obj.expo THEN
      Write(R, obj.class); Files.WriteString(R, obj.name);
      OutType(R, obj.type);
                                              \leftarrow code to \underline{\text{check}} whether rec is ptr base removed
      IF obj.class = Const THEN
        IF obj.type.form = Proc THEN Files.WriteNum(R, obj.exno)

FICE Files WriteNum(R. obj.val) 

Reals now also written using WriteNum
      ELSIF obj.class = Var THEN Files.WriteNum(R, obj.exno)
      END
    END ;
    obj := obj.next
  END ;
```

```
REPEAT Write(R, 0) UNTIL Files.Length(F) MOD 4 = 0;
    FOR Ref := Record+1 TO maxTypTab-1 DO typtab[Ref] := NIL END ;
    Files.Set(R, F, 0); sum := 0; Files.ReadInt(R, x); (* compute key (checksum) *)
    WHILE ~R.eof DO sum := sum + x; Files.ReadInt(R, x) END ;
    F1 := Files.Old(filename); (*sum is new key*)
    IF F1 # NIL THEN Files.Set(R1, F1, 4); Files.ReadInt(R1, oldkey) ELSE oldkey:= sum+1 END;
    IF sum # oldkey THEN
       IF newSF OR (F1 = NIL) THEN
         key := sum; newSF := TRUE; Files.Set(R, F, 4); Files.WriteInt(R, sum);
         Files.Register(F) (*insert checksum*)
      ELSE ORS.Mark("new symbol file inhibited")
    ELSE newSF := FALSE; key := sum
    END
  END Export;
  PROCEDURE Init*;
  BEGIN topScope := universe; nofmod := 1
  END Init;
  PROCEDURE type(ref, form: INTEGER; size: LONGINT): Type;
    VAR tp: Type;
  BEGIN NEW(tp); tp.form := form; tp.size := size; tp.ref := ref; tp.base := NIL;
    typtab[ref] := tp; RETURN tp
  END type;
  PROCEDURE enter(name: ARRAY OF CHAR; cl: INTEGER; type: Type; n: LONGINT);
    VAR obj: Object;
  BEGIN NEW(obj); obj.name := name; obj.class := cl; obj.type := type; obj.val := n;
    obj.dsc := NIL;
    IF cl = Typ THEN type.typobj := obj END ;
    obj.next := system; system := obj
  END enter:
BEGIN
  byteType := type(Byte, Int, 1);
boolType := type(Bool, Bool, 1);
  charType := type(Char, Char,1);
  intType := type(Int, Int, 4);
  realType := type(Real, Real, 4);
  setType := type(Set, Set,4);
  nilType := type(NilTyp, NilTyp, 4);
  noType := type(NoTyp, NoTyp, 4);
  strType := type(String, String, 8);
  (*initialize universe with data types and in-line procedures;
    LONGINT is synonym to INTEGER, LONGREAL to REAL.
    LED, ADC, SBC; LDPSR, LDREG, REG, COND are not in language definition*)
  system := NIL; (*n = procno*10 + nofpar*)
  enter("UML", SFunc, intType, 132); (*functions*)
  enter("SBC", SFunc, intType, 122);
  enter("ADC", SFunc, intType, 112);
  enter("ROR", SFunc, intType, 92);
enter("ASR", SFunc, intType, 82);
enter("LSL", SFunc, intType, 72);
  enter("LEN", SFunc, intType, 61);
enter("CHR", SFunc, charType, 51);
enter("ORD", SFunc, intType, 41);
enter("FLT", SFunc, realType, 31);
  enter("FLOOR", SFunc, intType, 21);
  enter("ODD", SFunc, boolType, 11);
enter("ABS", SFunc, intType, 1);
enter("LED", SProc, noType, 81);
enter("UNPK", SProc, noType, 72);
                                         (*procedures*)
  enter("PACK", SProc, noType, 62);
  enter("NEW", SProc, noType, 51);
enter("ASSERT", SProc, noType, 41);
  enter("EXCL", SProc, noType, 32);
  enter("INCL", SProc, noType, 22);
```

```
enter("DEC", SProc, noType, 11);
enter("INC", SProc, noType, 1);
enter("SET", Typ, setType, 0);
                                                                (*types*)
   enter("BOOLEAN", Typ, boolType, 0);
   enter("BYTE", Typ, byteType, 0);
enter("CHAR", Typ, charType, 0);
   enter("LONGREAL", Typ, realType, 0);
   enter("REAL", Typ, realType, 0);
   enter( KEAL , Typ, Teallype, 0),
enter("LONGINT", Typ, intType, 0);
enter("INTEGER", Typ, intType, 0);
topScope := NIL; OpenScope; topScope.next := system; universe := topScope;
   system := NIL; (* initialize "unsafe" pseudo-module SYSTEM*)
   enter("H", SFunc, intType, 201);
enter("COND", SFunc, boolType, 191);
enter("SIZE", SFunc, intType, 181);
                                                                  (*functions*)
   enter("ADR", SFunc, intType, 171);
   enter("VAL", SFunc, intType, 162);
enter("REG", SFunc, intType, 151);
enter("BIT", SFunc, boolType, 142);
enter("LDREG", SProc, noType, 142);
                                                                      (*procedures*)
   enter("LDPSR", SProc, noType, 131);
   enter("COPY", SProc, noType, 123);
enter("PUT", SProc, noType, 112);
enter("GET", SProc, noType, 102)
END ORB.
```

Changes to module ORTool:

```
MODULE ORTool; (*NW 18.2.2013 / 15.9.2018*)
IMPORT Files, Texts, Oberon, ORB;
                                                                                  ← no longer import module SYSTEM
   VAR W: Texts.Writer;
     mnemo0, mnemo1: ARRAY 16, 4 OF CHAR; (*mnemonics*)
                                                                                 ← global variable "Form" removed
   PROCEDURE Read(VAR R: Files.Rider; VAR x: INTEGER);
     VAR b: BYTE;
   BEGIN Files.ReadByte(R, b);
     IF b < 80H THEN x := b ELSE x := b - 100H END
   END Read;
   PROCEDURE ReadType(VAR R: Files.Rider);
     VAR key, len, size, off: INTEGER; ref, class, form, readonly: INTEGER;
                                                                                   ← local variable "lev" removed
                                                                                   ← local variable "mno" removed
  name, modname: ARRAY 32 OF CHAR;

BEGIN Read(R, ref); Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.Write(W, "[");

IF ref < 0 THEN Texts.Write(W, "^"); Texts.WriteInt(W, -ref, 1)
     ELSE Texts.WriteInt(W, ref, 1);
        Read(R, form); Texts.WriteString(W, " form = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, form, 1);
        IF form = ORB.Pointer THEN ReadType(R)
        ELSIF form = ORB.Array THEN
          ReadType(R); Files.ReadNum(R, len); Files.ReadNum(R, size);
Texts.WriteString(W, " len = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, len, 1);
Texts.WriteString(W, " size = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, size, 1)
        ELSIF form = ORB.Record THEN
           ReadType(R); (*base type*)
           Files.ReadNum(R, off);
  Texts.WriteString(W, " exno = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, off, 1);
          Files.ReadNum(R, off); Texts.WriteString(W, " extlev = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, off, 1); Files.ReadNum(R, size); Texts.WriteString(W, " size = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, size, 1); Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.Write(W, " "); Read(R, class);
           WHILE class # 0 DO (*fields*)
             Files.ReadString(R, name);
              IF name[0] # 0X THEN Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.WriteString(W, name); ReadType(R)
             ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, " --")
             Files.ReadNum(R, off); Texts.WriteInt(W, off, 4); Read(R, class)
```

```
END ;
        Texts.Write(W, "}")
      ELSIF form = ORB.Proc THEN
        ReadType(R); Texts.Write(W, "("); Read(R, class);
        ← comment added (same as in ORB)
          IF readonly = 1 THEN Texts.Write(W, "#") END ;
          ReadType(R); Read(R, class)
        END ;
        Texts.Write(W, ")")
     END ;
     Files.ReadString(R, modname);
      IF modname[0] # 0X THEN
       Files.ReadInt(R, key); Files.ReadString(R, name);
Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.WriteString(W, modname);
Texts.Write(W, "."); Texts.WriteString(W, name);
        Texts.WriteHex(W, key)
     END
   END ;
   Texts.Write(W, "]")
                                                       ← assignment "Form := form" removed
 END ReadType;
 PROCEDURE DecSym*; (*decode symbol file*)
   VAR class, k: INTEGER;
                                                       ← local variable "typno" removed
     name: ARRAY 32 OF CHAR:
      F: Files.File; R: Files.Rider;
     S: Texts.Scanner;
 BEGIN Texts.OpenScanner(S, Oberon.Par.text, Oberon.Par.pos); Texts.Scan(S);
   IF S.class = Texts.Name THEN
     Texts.WriteString(W, "OR-decode "); Texts.WriteString(W, S.s);
      Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf);
      F := Files.Old(S.s);
      IF F # NIL THEN
        Files.Set(R, F, 0); Files.ReadInt(R, k); Files.ReadInt(R, k);
        Files.ReadString(R, name); Texts.WriteString(W, name); Texts.WriteHex(W, k);
        Read(R, class); Texts.WriteInt(W, class, 3); (*sym file version*)
        IF class = ORB.versionkey THEN
          Texts.WriteLn(W); Read(R, class);
          WHILE class # 0 DO
            Texts.WriteInt(W, class, 4); Files.ReadString(R, name);
             Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.WriteString(W, name);
            ReadType(R);
            IF (class = ORB.Const) OR (class = ORB.Var) THEN ← code to fixup ptrbase removed
              Files.ReadNum(R, k); Texts.WriteInt(W, k, 5)
                                                                    (same changes as in ORB)
            END ;
            Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf);
            Read(R, class)
        ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, " bad symfile version")
     ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, " not found")
      END ;
      Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf)
   END
 END DecSym;
(* -----*)
 PROCEDURE WriteReg(r: LONGINT);
 BEGIN Texts.Write(W, " ");
   IF r < 12 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, " R"); Texts.WriteInt(W, r MOD 10H, 1)</pre>
   ELSIF r = 12 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "MT")
ELSIF r = 13 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "SB")
ELSIF r = 14 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "SP")
   ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, "LNK")
   END
 END WriteReg;
 PROCEDURE opcode(w: LONGINT);
```

```
VAR k, op, u, a, b: LONGINT;
                                                               ← local variable "c" removed
  BEGIN
     k := w DIV 4000000H MOD 4;
      a := w DIV 1000000H MOD 10H;
      b := w DIV 100000H MOD 10H:
      op := w DIV 10000H MOD 10H;
      u := w DIV 2000000H MOD 2;
      IF k = 0 THEN
        Texts.WriteString(W, mnemo0[op]);
        IF u = 1 THEN Texts.Write(W, "'") END ;
        WriteReg(a); WriteReg(b); WriteReg(w MOD 10H)
      ELSIF k = 1 THEN
        Texts.WriteString(W, mnemo0[op]);
        IF u = 1 THEN Texts.Write(W, "'") END ;
        WriteReg(a); WriteReg(b); w := w MOD 10000H;
        IF w >= 8000H THEN w := w - 10000H END;
        Texts.WriteInt(W, w, 7)
      ELSIF k = 2 THEN (*LDR/STR*)
        IF u = 1 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "STR ") ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, "LDR") END ;
        WriteReg(a); WriteReg(b); w := w MOD 100000H;
        IF w \ge 80000H THEN w := w - 100000H END;
        Texts.WriteInt(W, w, 8)
      ELSIF k = 3 THEN (*Branch instr*)
Texts.Write(W, "B");
        IF ODD(w DIV 10000000H) THEN Texts.Write(W, "L") END;
        Texts.WriteString(W, mnemo1[a]);
        IF u = 0 THEN WriteReg(w MOD 10H) ELSE
          w := w MOD 100000H;
          IF w >= 80000H THEN w := w - 100000H END;
          Texts.WriteInt(W, w, 8)
        END
      END
  END opcode;
  PROCEDURE Sync(VAR R: Files.Rider);
    VAR ch: CHAR;
  BEGIN Files.Read(R, ch); Texts.WriteString(W, "Sync"); Texts.Write(W, ch); Texts.WriteLn(W)
  END Sync;
  PROCEDURE Write(VAR R: Files.Rider; x: INTEGER);
  BEGIN Files.WriteByte(R, x) (* -128 \leq x \leq 128 *)
  END Write:
  PROCEDURE DecObj*; (*decode object file*)
    VAR class, i, n, key, size, adr, data: INTEGER;
                                                         ← local vars "fix" and "len" removed
      ch: CHAR:
      name: ARRAY 32 OF CHAR;
      F: Files.File; R: Files.Rider;
      S: Texts.Scanner;
  BEGIN Texts.OpenScanner(S, Oberon.Par.text, Oberon.Par.pos); Texts.Scan(S);
    IF S.class = Texts.Name THEN
      Texts.WriteString(W, "decode "); Texts.WriteString(W, S.s); F := Files.Old(S.s);
      IF F # NIL THEN
        Files.Set(R, F, 0); Files.ReadString(R, name); Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.WriteString(W,
name);
        Files.ReadInt(R, key); Texts.WriteHex(W, key); Read(R, class); Texts.WriteInt(W, class,
4); (*version*)
        Files.ReadInt(R, size); Texts.WriteInt(W, size, 6); Texts.WriteLn(W);
Texts.WriteString(W, "imports:"); Texts.WriteLn(W); Files.ReadString(R, name);
        WHILE name[0] # 0X DO
          Texts.Write(W, 9X); Texts.WriteString(W, name);
          Files.ReadInt(R, key); Texts.WriteHex(W, key); Texts.WriteLn(W);
          Files.ReadString(R, name)
        END ;
      (* Sync(R); *)
        Texts.WriteString(W, "type descriptors"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, n); n := n DIV 4; i := 0;
        WHILE i < n DO Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteHex(W, data); INC(i) END;
        Texts.WriteLn(W);
```

```
Texts.WriteString(W, "data"); Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 6);
Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Texts.WriteString(W, "strings"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, n); i := 0;
        WHILE i < n DO Files.Read(R, ch); Texts.Write(W, ch); INC(i) END;
        Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Texts.WriteString(W, "code"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, n); i := 0;
        WHILE i < n DO
          Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteInt(W, i, 4); Texts.Write(W, 9X); Texts.WriteHex(W,
data);
          Texts.Write(W, 9X); opcode(data); Texts.WriteLn(W); INC(i)
       END ;
      (* Sync(R); *)
        Texts.WriteString(W, "commands:"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadString(R, name);
        WHILE name[0] # 0X DO
          Texts.Write(W, 9X); Texts.WriteString(W, name);
          Files.ReadInt(R, adr); Texts.WriteInt(W, adr, 5); Texts.WriteLn(W);
         Files.ReadString(R, name)
       END ;
      (* Sync(R); *)
        Texts.WriteString(W, "entries"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, n); i := 0;
        WHILE i < n DO
         Files.ReadInt(R, adr); Texts.WriteInt(W, adr, 6); INC(i)
        END ;
       Texts.WriteLn(W);
      (* Sync(R); *)
       Texts.WriteString(W, "pointer refs"); Texts.WriteLn(W); Files.ReadInt(R, adr);
        WHILE adr # -1 DO Texts.WriteInt(W, adr, 6); Files.ReadInt(R, adr) END;
        Texts.WriteLn(W);
      (* Sync(R); *)
       Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteString(W, "fixP = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 8);
Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteString(W, "fixD = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 8);
Texts.WriteLn(W);
       Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteString(W, "fixT = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 8);
Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteString(W, "entry = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 8);
Texts.WriteLn(W);
       Files.Read(R, ch);
        IF ch # "O" THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "format eror"); Texts.WriteLn(W) END
      (* Sync(R); *)
      ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, " not found"); Texts.WriteLn(W)
     END :
      Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf)
   END
 END DecObj;
BEGIN Texts.OpenWriter(W); Texts.WriteString(W, "ORTool 1.12.2018"); ← date changed
 Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf);
 mnemo0[0] := "MOV";
 mnemo0[1] := "LSL"
 mnemo0[2] := "ASR";
 mnemo0[3] := "ROR";
 mnemo0[4] := "AND";
 mnemo0[5] := "ANN";
 mnemo0[6] := "IOR";
 mnemo0[7] := "XOR";
 mnemo0[8] := "ADD";
 mnemo0[9] := "SUB";
 mnemo0[10] := "MUL";
 mnemo0[11] := "DIV";
 mnemo0[12] := "FAD";
 mnemo0[13] := "FSB";
 mnemo0[14] := "FML'
 mnemo0[15] := "FDV";
 mnemo1[0] := "MI ";
```

```
mnemo1[8] := "PL";
mnemo1[1] := "EQ ";
mnemo1[9] := "NE ";
mnemo1[2] := "LS ";
mnemo1[10] := "HI ";
mnemo1[5] := "LT ";
mnemo1[13] := "GE ";
mnemo1[6] := "LE ";
mnemo1[14] := "GT ";
mnemo1[15] := "NO"
```