

# Autonomic Computer Systems CS321:

## Course overview and administrative matters

September 20, 2011

Prof. Dr. Christian Tschudin and Dr. Manolis Sifalakis  
Departement Mathematik und Informatik, Universität Basel

### Overview 2011-09-20

---

Welcome to CS321 “Autonomic Computer Systems”! Today:

- Administrative matters
- Motivation
- Why “Autonomics”? Brief intro to fault tolerance
- IBM’s autonomic initiative (2001)

Which language to use:

- all slides will be in English, some lectures too
- can some lectures be given in German or not?

# Lecturers and Assistants

---

- Lecturers:  
Manolis Sifalakis  
Christian Tschudin  
(Ghazi Bouabene, Massimo Monti, Thomas Meyer)
- Assistants:  
Ghazi Bouabene, Massimo Monti
- Please register at <https://mona.unibas.ch/> and  
<http://courses.cs.unibas.ch/>  
(requires an eMail address from UniBasel)

# Time and Place

---

- Lecture schedule:
  - Tuesday 14-16, room 408, CS Dept Schanzenstrasse 46
  - Thursday 8-10, room 205, CS Dept Bernoullistrasse 16
- Exercises
  - time slot (generously) reserved for Tuesday 9–12
  - room U1075 (PharmaZentrum)
  - starting next week?

# Course Profile

---

- Prerequisites:
  - Bachelor degree in Computer Science or equivalent,
  - especially: knowledge in OS and computer networking
- Master level course profile:
  - includes self-studies
  - not only “established” knowledge, partly exploration
- Grading (“Leistungsüberprüfung”):
  - participation in two seminar sessions
  - exercises: pass/fail or points, threshold to be discussed
  - oral exam on Dec 20st and 22nd, 2011

# Organisation

---

- Lectures
- During exercise slots: if necessary,
  - introduction to management tools, their concepts
  - preparation for exercises
  - discussion of solutions
- Possibility of a visit to an (autonomic) computing center, or person invited
- Closing seminar

# Motivation for this Course

---

Shifting gears:

1. (typical Bachelor CS studies)  
Getting something programmed and running:  
mastering complexity of hardware and algorithms
2. (software engineering and project management)  
Getting large projects working
3. In this course:  
Keeping *systems* running, managing them (-selves)

# Goal of this Course

---

Adopt an “autonomic” mind set:

- Understand important aspects of managing “computer operations”, at all levels (config to high level policy)
- Get insights in (the challenges of) running mid-scale computer systems
- Learn about existing approaches and solutions
- “Grand challenge” of keeping computer systems running:  
Peek at the new “autonomics” research topic and projects

# Content Clusters 2011

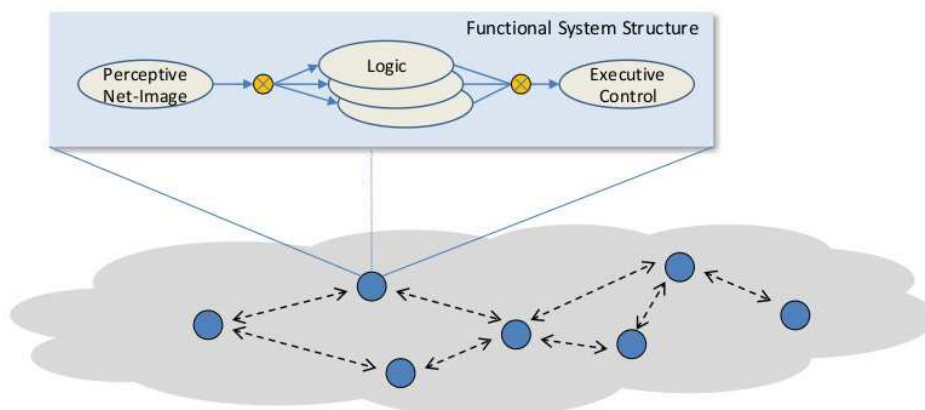
---

1. Intro – “autonomic” hype, the self-star inflation (see next slide set), and **Distributed algorithms**
2. **Fundamentals of Internetworking**
3. **(Network) Architecture**  
functional (network) composition, customization
4. **(Network) System Dynamics**

Contentwise, this course complements “*Distributed Information Systems*” of Prof Schuldt.

## Content Clusters: a Network View (1/6)

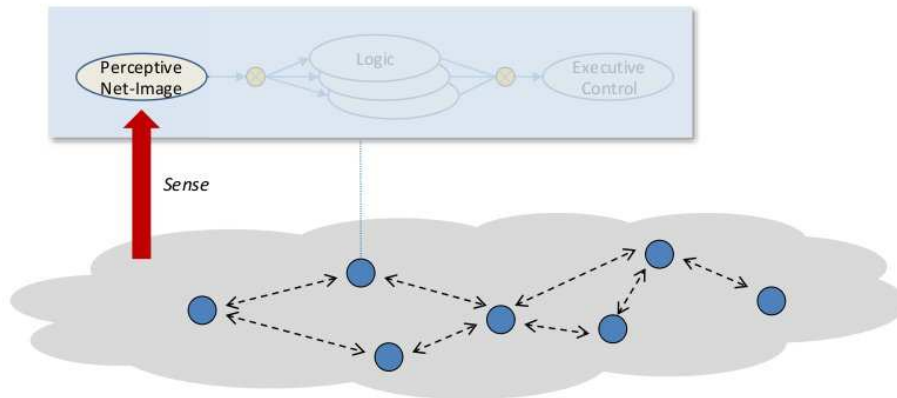
---



## (2/6) Perception of the Environment

Sensing, receiving, measuring, monitoring... What ?

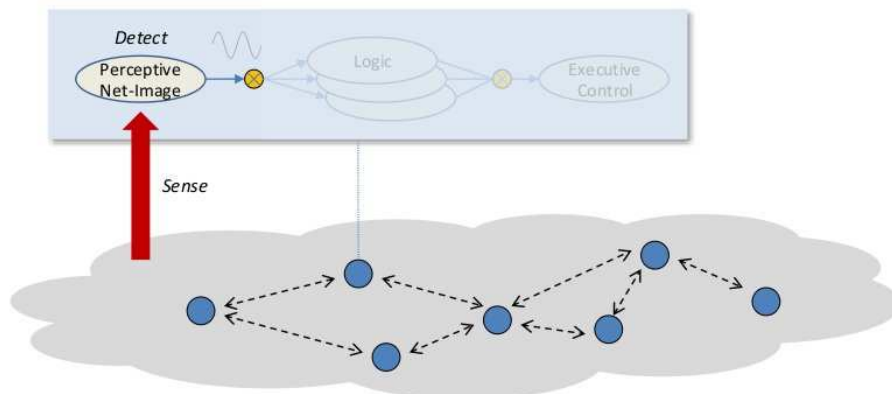
- Internal state (memory, power, cpu load, interface status, reception errors, ...)
- Network topology (neighborhood, link state, routing state, ...)
- Traffic (packet arrival, congestion, delay, throughput, ...)
- Physical Environment (noise, attenuation, position, ...)



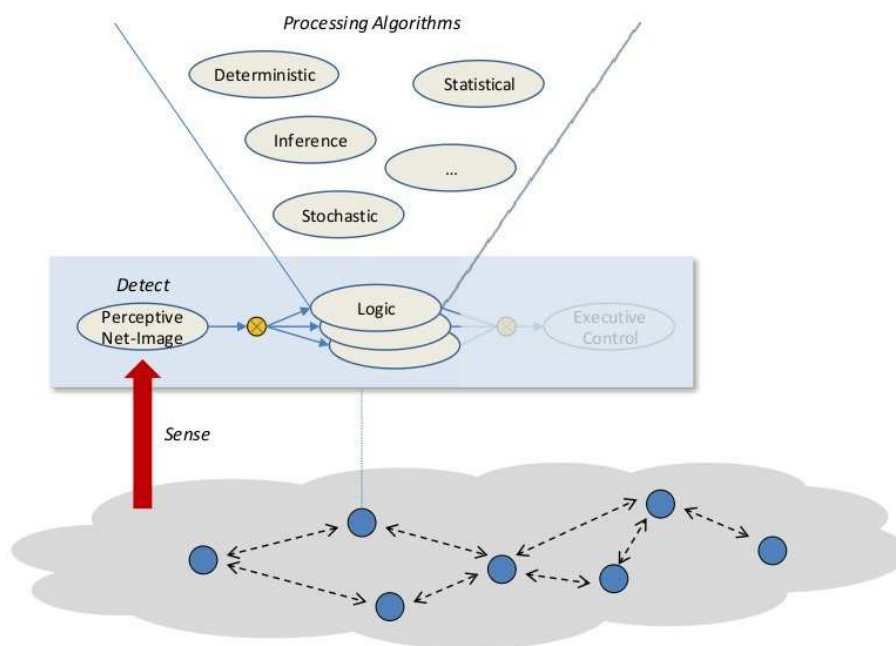
## (3/6) Event Driven Operation

Detection of **state changes** (events) drive system/network operation (logic processing). E.g.:

- Normal events (e.g. packet arrival, neighborhood advertisements, ...)
- Network state (e.g. topology changes, mobility, ...)
- Perturbations (faults, race traffic conditions, resource exhaustion, ...)



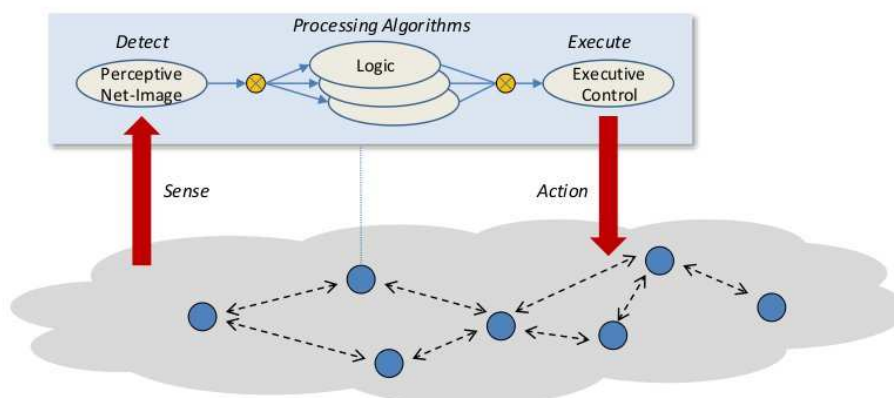
## (4/6) (Reactive) Logic Operation/Analysis



## (5/6) Execute Action / Adapt to Changes

### Responses to events

- Normal communication (packet transmission, service provision, ...)
- (Re-)Configuration (modify state, update routing state, change name, ...)
- Adapt current functions (modify protocol parameters, allocate resources, ...)
- Modify functionality (employ new functions, deploy updates, claim new role, ...)



## (6/6) Course Foci

---

