

# 607\_Fall\_2021\_Tidyversecreate\_Schmalfeld

Mark Schmalfeld

10/22/2021

```
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --

## v ggplot2 3.3.5     v purrr    0.3.4
## v tibble   3.1.4     v dplyr    1.0.7
## v tidyr    1.1.3     v stringr  1.4.0
## v readr    2.0.1     v forcats 0.5.1

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()   masks stats::lag()

library(latexpdf)
```

## Overview of 16 personality factor (PF) test from Kaggle dataset

##The dataset for this vignette uses the Kaggle dataset for the 16 personality factor test.

###1)Pre-setup required using the summarise, mutate, and rowwise functions to prepare the data prior to graphing. ###2)GGPlot is used to explore a few of the basic data variables and to demonstrate how ggplot can be used in several different ways.

What is the 16 PF data set? Questions, answers, and metadata collected from 49,159 16 Factor Personality Tests. The data was hosted on OpenPsychometrics.org a nonprofit effort to educate the public about psychology and to collect data for psychological research. Their notes on the data collected in the code-book.html.

**From Wikipedia:** The Sixteen Personality Factor Questionnaire (16PF) is a self-report personality test developed over several decades of empirical research by Raymond B. Cattell, Maurice Tatsuoka and Herbert Eber. The 16PF provides a measure of normal personality and can also be used by psychologists, and other mental health professionals, as a clinical instrument to help diagnose psychiatric disorders, and help with prognosis and therapy planning. The 16PF can also provide information relevant to the clinical and counseling process, such as an individual's capacity for insight, self-esteem, cognitive style, internalization of standards, openness to change, capacity for empathy, level of interpersonal trust, quality of attachments, interpersonal needs, attitude toward authority, reaction toward dynamics of power, frustration tolerance, and coping style. Thus, the 16PF instrument provides clinicians with a normal-range measurement of anxiety, adjustment, emotional stability and behavioral problems. Clinicians can use 16PF results to identify effective strategies for establishing a working alliance, to develop a therapeutic plan, and to select effective therapeutic interventions or modes of treatment. It can also be used within other areas of psychology, such as career and occupational selection.

## 16 factors and column letter sequence of questions it is correlated with in the table

- A) Warmth: Outgoing versus reserved
- B) Reasoning: Abstract versus concrete
- C) Emotional stability: Calm versus high-strung
- D) Dominance: Forceful versus submissive E)Liveliness: Spontaneous versus restrained F)Perfectionism: Controlled versus undisciplined
- E) Social boldness: Uninhibited versus shy
- F) Sensitivity: Tender-hearted versus tough-minded
- G) Vigilance: Suspicious versus trusting
- H) Privateness: Discreet versus open
- I) Openness to change: Flexible versus attached to the familiar
- J) Apprehension: Worried versus confident
- K) Abstractedness: Imaginative versus practical
- L) Self-reliance: Self-sufficient versus dependent
- M) Rule-consciousness: Conforming versus non-conforming
- N) Tension: Inpatient versus relaxed

Datasource URL

<https://www.kaggle.com/lucasgreenwell/16-factor-personality-test-responses>

Github download URL

[https://raw.githubusercontent.com/schmalmr/607\\_Fall\\_2021\\_Tidyvinette\\_Schmalfeld/main/data.csv](https://raw.githubusercontent.com/schmalmr/607_Fall_2021_Tidyvinette_Schmalfeld/main/data.csv)

[https://raw.githubusercontent.com/schmalmr/607\\_Fall\\_2021\\_Tidyvinette\\_Schmalfeld/main/codebook.html](https://raw.githubusercontent.com/schmalmr/607_Fall_2021_Tidyvinette_Schmalfeld/main/codebook.html)

```
url="https://raw.githubusercontent.com/schmalmr/607_Fall_2021_Tidyvinette_Schmalfeld/main/data.csv"  
pdf<-read.csv(url,header=TRUE, sep="")
```

##First pass data sorting and analysis summary of the 16 categories

- 1) Each letter is correlated with a specific series of questions for a given personality factor 2)Initial analysis is to calculate the row wise mean for each of the personality factors to allow for data analysis on the specific factor related to the individual demographics 3)Demographics is primarily age, gender, country, set assessment of accuracy, time to take test and location where test was taken (or sourced)
- 2) After the first pass simple averages completed in new columns. Some graphical analysis of the data is completed.

#What is “summarise” used for in this case?

Details can be obtained from the help bar in R by typing in summarize or summarise.

#####A few of the details and examples are below from the help menu: summarise() creates a new data frame. It will have one (or more) rows for each combination of grouping variables; if there are no grouping variables, the output will have a single row summarising all observations in the input. It will contain one column for each grouping variable and one column for each of the summary statistics that you have specified.

summarise() and summarize() are synonyms.

Usage summarise(.data, ..., .groups = NULL)

summarize(.data, ..., .groups = NULL)

Examples ##### A summary applied to ungrouped tbl returns a single row mtcars %>% summarise(mean = mean(disp), n = n())

**Usually, you'll want to group first**

```
mtcars %>% group_by(cyl) %>% summarise(mean = mean(disp), n = n())
```

**dplyr 1.0.0 allows to summarise to more than one value:**

```
mtcars %>% group_by(cyl) %>% summarise(qs = quantile(disp, c(0.25, 0.75)), prob = c(0.25, 0.75))
```

**You use a data frame to create multiple columns so you can wrap**

**this up into a function:**

```
my_quantile <- function(x, probs) { tibble(x = quantile(x, probs), probs = probs) } mtcars %>%  
group_by(cyl) %>% summarise(my_quantile(disp, c(0.25, 0.75)))
```

**Each summary call removes one grouping level (since that group**

**is now just a single row)**

```
mtcars %>% group_by(cyl, vs) %>% summarise(cyl_n = n()) %>% group_vars()
```

#What is “rowwise” function and how is it used?

##Key summary and a few examples from help menu. Find full details in the R help bar. Rowwise() allows you to compute on a data frame a row-at-a-time. This is most useful when a vectorised function doesn't exist.

Most dplyr verbs preserve row-wise grouping. The exception is summarise(), which return a grouped\_df. You can explicitly ungroup with ungroup() or as\_tibble(), or convert to a grouped\_df with group\_by().

Usage rowwise(data, ...)

Examples of the use of Rowwise df <- tibble(x = runif(6), y = runif(6), z = runif(6)) ##### Compute the mean of x, y, z in each row df %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(m = mean(c(x, y, z))) ##### use c\_across() to more easily select many variables df %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(m = mean(c\_across(x:z)))

**Compute the minimum of x and y in each row**

```
df %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(m = min(c(x, y, z))) ##### In this case you can use an existing vectorised  
function: df %>% mutate(m = pmin(x, y, z)) ##### Where these functions exist they'll be much faster than  
rowwise #####so be on the lookout for them.
```

**Here I supply variables to preserve after the summary**

```
params %>% rowwise(sim) %>% summarise(z = rnorm(n, mean, sd))
```

#What is “mutate” and how is it used?

## Key summary of Mutate and a few examples from the help section of R. Additional details found in the help menu in R.

Create, modify, and delete columns Description mutate() adds new variables and preserves existing ones; transmute() adds new variables and drops existing ones. New variables overwrite existing variables of the same name. Variables can be removed by setting their value to NULL.

Usage `mutate(.data, ...)`

### S3 method for class ‘`data.frame`’

`mutate( .data, ..., .keep = c("all", "used", "unused", "none"), .before = NULL, .after = NULL )`

Examples #### Newly created variables are available immediately `starwars %>% select(name, mass) %>% mutate( mass2 = mass * 2, mass2_squared = mass2 * mass2 )`

As well as adding new variables, you can use `mutate()` to

remove variables and modify existing variables.

`starwars %>% select(name, height, mass, homeworld) %>% mutate( mass = NULL, height = height * 0.0328084 # convert to feet )`

Use `across()` with `mutate()` to apply a transformation

to multiple columns in a tibble.

`starwars %>% select(name, homeworld, species) %>% mutate(across(!name, as.factor))`

Below is the application examples of summarize to get the column means and standard deviations. The rowwise means and mutate function calculate the mean for each row for the associated group of questions that are of the same class. There are 16 examples that you can see and compare to what is in the data file.

```
(pfdffmean<-pfdff %>% summarise_if(is.numeric, mean))
```

```
##          A1          A2          A3          A4          A5          A6          A7          A8
## 1 3.649566 3.791513 3.799121 3.633495 3.828495 3.670376 3.869871 2.960658
##          A9         A10          B1          B2          B3          B4          B5          B6
## 1 2.140463 2.428853 3.677902 3.495148 4.143372 4.315853 3.976586 3.496389
##          B7          B8          B9          B10         B11         B12         B13          C1          C2
## 1 3.505889 3.7919 2.98812 2.609309 2.723489 1.912081 2.152648 2.80974 3.643626
##          C3          C4          C5          C6          C7          C8          C9          C10
## 1 3.37159 3.349499 2.931528 2.896804 2.750239 2.312679 2.337761 2.516731
##          D1          D2          D3          D4          D5          D6          D7          D8
## 1 3.454098 3.309262 3.549645 3.475355 3.634919 3.551252 2.652658 2.100694
##          D9         D10          E1          E2          E3          E4          E5          E6
## 1 2.861714 2.462235 2.547509 2.875669 3.78773 2.737301 3.872028 2.797128
##          E7          E8          E9          E10         F1          F2          F3          F4
## 1 2.176285 3.104294 2.077524 2.322138 3.059928 3.62782 2.55174 3.610265
```

```

##      F5      F6      F7      F8      F9      F10     G1      G2
## 1 3.341585 2.553795 2.873919 3.512419 2.563457 3.218861 3.433837 2.917736
##      G3      G4      G5      G6      G7      G8      G9      G10
## 1 3.152139 3.307289 3.379015 2.833357 2.778433 2.376248 3.435139 3.08206
##      H1      H2      H3      H4      H5      H6      H7      H8      H9
## 1 3.864013 3.93399 3.53449 2.253321 3.097988 3.6326 2.456661 2.526658 1.949592
##      H10     I1      I2      I3      I4      I5      I6      I7
## 1 2.498423 2.690291 3.331089 3.158425 2.85315 3.457515 2.091255 3.06123
##      I8      I9     I10     J1      J2      J3      J4      J5
## 1 3.272137 3.374031 3.237983 3.559938 3.830489 3.534449 3.855713 3.334181
##      J6      J7      J8      J9     J10     K1      K2      K3      K4
## 1 2.850424 3.347993 2.834537 2.375882 2.385647 3.044753 2.99583 2.712504 3.264
##      K5      K6      K7      K8      K9      K10     L1      L2      L3
## 1 3.14685 3.156268 3.030289 2.80022 3.085376 3.521898 3.35318 2.633048 3.116052
##      L4      L5      L6      L7      L8      L9      L10     M1
## 1 3.698631 3.50298 3.182998 2.996847 2.661913 2.89772 3.389715 3.829289
##      M2      M3      M4      M5      M6      M7      M8      M9
## 1 3.832381 4.207246 3.478793 3.417177 2.155943 2.12663 2.192254 2.141276
##      M10     N1      N2      N3      N4      N5      N6      N7
## 1 2.336744 2.831099 3.530768 3.881202 3.315588 3.668952 3.687199 4.131329
##      N8      N9     N10     O1     O2     O3     O4     O5
## 1 3.608352 3.451555 2.62011 3.574625 2.713013 3.589211 3.447141 3.577026
##      O6      O7     O8     O9    O10     P1     P2     P3
## 1 2.948189 2.841087 3.155943 2.99467 3.436238 2.942452 2.674729 2.978275
##      P4      P5      P6      P7      P8      P9     P10     age
## 1 3.107529 2.601518 3.095486 2.796823 2.93102 3.643829 3.463964 43713.2
##      gender accuracy source elapsed
## 1 1.600195 47641.19 3.021502      NA

```

```
(pfdfsd<-pfdf %>% summarise_if(is.numeric, sd))
```

```

##      A1      A2      A3      A4      A5      A6      A7      A8
## 1 1.140966 1.05912 1.104136 1.067361 0.9925374 0.9760629 0.9649516 1.165763
##      A9      A10     B1      B2      B3      B4      B5      B6
## 1 1.043318 1.079312 1.006225 1.081588 0.9221223 0.8339831 0.9940223 1.069849
##      B7      B8      B9      B10     B11     B12     B13     C1
## 1 1.109821 1.00747 1.260709 1.151811 1.256889 1.019821 1.201195 1.177428
##      C2      C3      C4      C5      C6      C7      C8      C9
## 1 1.159866 1.041797 1.138612 1.213302 1.296478 1.24385 1.244499 1.188539
##      C10     D1      D2      D3      D4      D5      D6      D7      D8
## 1 1.143835 1.066666 1.121973 1.101547 1.118438 1.000152 0.980615 1.089641 0.93607
##      D9      D10     E1      E2      E3      E4      E5      E6
## 1 1.050845 1.193678 1.182456 1.316074 1.105468 1.273396 0.9581962 1.26273
##      E7      E8      E9     E10     F1      F2      F3      F4
## 1 1.116585 1.294537 1.032109 1.212824 1.138122 1.058797 1.547308 1.148554
##      F5      F6      F7      F8      F9      F10     G1      G2
## 1 1.360056 1.126102 1.170314 1.32135 1.116343 1.122671 1.116095 1.290501
##      G3      G4      G5      G6      G7      G8      G9      G10
## 1 1.254693 1.250608 1.179333 1.268525 1.234651 1.152063 1.245578 1.183644
##      H1      H2      H3      H4      H5      H6      H7      H8
## 1 1.224138 1.089703 1.314799 1.185047 1.377407 1.17974 1.292706 1.251914
##      H9      H10     I1      I2      I3      I4      I5      I6
## 1 1.045052 1.16279 1.186722 1.135489 1.096434 1.144267 1.143699 1.109643
##      I7      I8      I9     I10     J1      J2      J3      J4

```

```

## 1 1.05434 1.104762 1.041411 1.077406 1.145495 1.154634 1.22297 1.127113
##      J5      J6      J7      J8      J9      J10     K1     K2
## 1 1.063431 1.079032 1.090795 1.085788 1.20569 1.186767 1.220923 1.278184
##      K3      K4      K5      K6      K7      K8      K9     K10
## 1 1.27592 1.242364 1.191471 1.280072 1.235814 1.211434 1.25694 1.147066
##      L1      L2      L3      L4      L5      L6      L7      L8
## 1 1.245947 1.170879 1.249182 1.129715 1.204617 1.260166 1.161363 1.257849
##      L9      L10     M1      M2      M3      M4      M5      M6
## 1 1.156476 1.157339 1.142065 1.038684 0.8644276 1.040082 1.157362 1.111218
##      M7      M8      M9      M10     N1      N2      N3      N4
## 1 1.152556 1.107748 1.013617 1.114499 1.205135 1.127255 1.027692 1.134726
##      N5      N6      N7      N8      N9      N10     O1      O2
## 1 1.198753 1.123167 0.9105632 1.073697 1.190972 1.204121 1.096303 1.226755
##      O3      O4      O5      O6      O7      O8      O9      O10
## 1 1.020304 1.123379 1.007843 1.219152 1.208809 1.335426 1.285741 1.175737
##      P1      P2      P3      P4      P5      P6      P7      P8
## 1 1.229446 1.240915 1.166713 1.139767 1.019074 1.155755 1.169098 1.209906
##      P9      P10     age     gender    accuracy   source elapsed
## 1 1.103671 1.119474 9685640 0.5109214 9704611 12.93508      NA

```

```

pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Amean=mean(c(A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,A6,A7,A8,A9,A10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Bmean=mean(c(B1,B2,B3,B4,B5,B6,B7,B8,B9,B10, B11, B12,B13)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Cmean=mean(c(C1,C2,C3,C4,C5,C6,C7,C8,C9,C10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Dmean=mean(c(D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7,D8,D9,D10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Emean=mean(c(E1,E2,E3,E4,E5,E6,E7,E8,E9,E10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Fmean=mean(c(F1,F2,F3,F4,F5,F6,F7,F8,F9,F10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Gmean=mean(c(G1,G2,G3,G4,G5,G6,G7,G8,G9,G10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Hmean=mean(c(H1,H2,H3,H4,H5,H6,H7,H8,H9,H10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Imean=mean(c(I1,I2,I3,I4,I5,I6,I7,I8,I9,I10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Jmean=mean(c(J1,J2,J3,J4,J5,J6,J7,J8,J9,J10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Kmean=mean(c(K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K6,K7,K8,K9,K10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Lmean=mean(c(L1,L2,L3,L4,L5,L6,L7,L8,L9,L10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Mmean=mean(c(M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6,M7,M8,M9)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Nmean=mean(c(N1,N2,N3,N4,N5,N6,N7,N8,N9,N10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Omean=mean(c(O1,O2,O3,O4,O5,O6,O7,O8,O9,O10)))
pfdf<-pfdf %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(Pmean=mean(c(P1,P2,P3,P4,P5,P6,P7,P8,P9,P10)))
glimpse(pfdf)

```

```

## Rows: 49,159
## Columns: 185
## Rowwise:
## $ A1      <int> 1, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 2, 5, 5, 5, 5, 3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 5~
## $ A2      <int> 4, 3, 4, 5, 0, 5, 2, 5, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4~
## $ A3      <int> 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 2, 3, 4, 4, 5, 5, 3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4~
## $ A4      <int> 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 3, 5, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4~
## $ A5      <int> 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4~
## $ A6      <int> 2, 4, 4, 3, 3, 5, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4~
## $ A7      <int> 3, 4, 4, 3, 5, 5, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 5, 3, 3, 2, 4, 5, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4~
## $ A8      <int> 4, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 4, 3, 5, 3, 3, 1, 3, 2, 4, 1, 4, 2, 4~
## $ A9      <int> 4, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2~
## $ A10     <int> 3, 2, 2, 2, 4, 4, 3, 2, 2, 3, 3, 1, 4, 4, 3, 2, 2, 1, 2, 3, 2~
## $ B1      <int> 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 4, 5, 3, 5, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3~
## $ B2      <int> 4, 4, 4, 2, 4, 1, 3, 3, 3, 4, 3, 3, 3, 5, 3, 4, 3, 3, 2, 3, 1~
## $ B3      <int> 5, 4, 5, 4, 4, 5, 4, 5, 5, 5, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4~

```

```

## $ B4 <int> 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 4, 4~  

## $ B5 <int> 5, 5, 4, 4, 5, 3, 5, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 5, 3, 4, 3, 5, 4, 4, 2~  

## $ B6 <int> 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ B7 <int> 5, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 5, 4, 5, 4, 5, 4, 2, 5, 3, 3, 5, 4, 4, 4, 2~  

## $ B8 <int> 4, 2, 4, 4, 5, 3, 5, 5, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ B9 <int> 1, 3, 2, 3, 4, 2, 2, 4, 3, 2, 5, 5, 1, 3, 3, 3, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 5~  

## $ B10 <int> 2, 2, 2, 3, 1, 2, 2, 2, 4, 1, 2, 2, 2, 5, 3, 2, 3, 1, 2, 4, 3~  

## $ B11 <int> 1, 4, 2, 3, 5, 1, 1, 3, 1, 2, 2, 3, 1, 2, 2, 4, 3, 2, 1, 3, 2~  

## $ B12 <int> 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1, 4, 3, 1, 3, 3, 2, 4, 1, 2, 2, 2~  

## $ B13 <int> 1, 1, 2, 4, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 4, 1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 1, 3, 4, 2~  

## $ C1 <int> 4, 1, 2, 3, 2, 2, 1, 3, 4, 4, 2, 3, 3, 3, 2, 3, 2, 5, 3, 4~  

## $ C2 <int> 5, 2, 4, 2, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 4, 3, 2, 5, 5, 4, 4, 5~  

## $ C3 <int> 4, 3, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 4, 3, 4~  

## $ C4 <int> 4, 3, 3, 4, 3, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 2, 5, 3, 2, 5, 4, 4, 3, 4~  

## $ C5 <int> 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 3, 2, 4, 4, 5, 2, 1, 1, 3, 2, 5, 5, 4, 2, 4~  

## $ C6 <int> 4, 5, 3, 3, 4, 2, 4, 2, 2, 2, 2, 4, 3, 3, 4, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1~  

## $ C7 <int> 4, 4, 4, 2, 4, 2, 5, 2, 0, 2, 2, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 2, 1, 3, 1~  

## $ C8 <int> 3, 4, 2, 2, 4, 4, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1, 1, 3, 3, 4, 3, 1, 1, 3, 1~  

## $ C9 <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 3, 3, 3, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1~  

## $ C10 <int> 2, 3, 0, 4, 2, 1, 3, 3, 4, 2, 2, 0, 2, 5, 3, 4, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2~  

## $ D1 <int> 4, 4, 3, 3, 5, 4, 4, 4, 2, 3, 2, 4, 5, 3, 3, 5, 2, 5, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ D2 <int> 3, 2, 3, 2, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 3, 5, 3, 3, 5, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4~  

## $ D3 <int> 5, 4, 2, 3, 3, 5, 3, 3, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 3, 4~  

## $ D4 <int> 5, 4, 2, 4, 4, 5, 3, 3, 2, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 3, 4, 5, 4, 4, 3, 4~  

## $ D5 <int> 4, 4, 3, 2, 5, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 5, 5, 4, 2, 5, 3, 4, 3, 3, 4~  

## $ D6 <int> 4, 5, 4, 3, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4~  

## $ D7 <int> 3, 4, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 4, 2, 3, 1, 1, 5, 3, 2, 2, 1, 2, 3, 2~  

## $ D8 <int> 2, 2, 1, 3, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 4, 1, 3, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2~  

## $ D9 <int> 4, 3, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 4, 2, 1, 3, 3~  

## $ D10 <int> 3, 1, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2, 4, 1, 1, 5, 3, 2, 4, 2, 1, 3, 2~  

## $ E1 <int> 1, 1, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1, 3, 3, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 5~  

## $ E2 <int> 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 4, 1, 2, 2, 4, 5, 3, 2, 5, 3, 3, 2, 3, 2, 2, 4~  

## $ E3 <int> 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 3, 2, 3, 5, 5, 4, 5, 4, 2, 3, 4, 5, 3, 5, 4, 5~  

## $ E4 <int> 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 3, 2, 4, 2, 4, 3, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 5~  

## $ E5 <int> 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ E6 <int> 5, 2, 2, 4, 2, 3, 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 2, 1, 3, 3, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4~  

## $ E7 <int> 1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 2, 2, 2, 4, 1, 4, 4, 1, 3, 3, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2~  

## $ E8 <int> 3, 4, 4, 3, 5, 3, 5, 5, 4, 2, 2, 2, 5, 2, 3, 5, 3, 3, 4, 3, 2~  

## $ E9 <int> 3, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2~  

## $ E10 <int> 4, 1, 4, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 1, 1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 1, 3, 4, 3, 2~  

## $ F1 <int> 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 2, 3, 3, 4, 3, 5, 2, 2, 1, 3, 3, 2, 4, 5, 3, 2~  

## $ F2 <int> 2, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 5, 5, 4, 4~  

## $ F3 <int> 5, 2, 1, 1, 4, 2, 1, 5, 1, 5, 5, 5, 1, 1, 3, 2, 1, 2, 5, 1, 5~  

## $ F4 <int> 1, 4, 2, 3, 4, 2, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 4, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 4, 5, 5, 5~  

## $ F5 <int> 1, 5, 3, 2, 4, 1, 2, 5, 5, 5, 5, 3, 1, 3, 3, 2, 5, 5, 4, 4~  

## $ F6 <int> 4, 2, 3, 4, 2, 4, 1, 2, 1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 5, 2, 1, 2, 3~  

## $ F7 <int> 3, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 2, 4, 4, 3, 2, 4, 2, 3, 3, 3, 5, 1, 1, 2, 4~  

## $ F8 <int> 5, 4, 2, 4, 4, 5, 3, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 4, 2, 3, 3, 5, 1, 3, 5, 4~  

## $ F9 <int> 4, 2, 3, 3, 1, 4, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 2, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3~  

## $ F10 <int> 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 2, 4, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 4, 3, 4, 1, 1, 4, 3, 2~  

## $ G1 <int> 3, 3, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 5, 4, 4~  

## $ G2 <int> 1, 4, 2, 4, 1, 4, 1, 3, 2, 4, 5, 4, 2, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ G3 <int> 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 4, 3, 3, 4, 5, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ G4 <int> 2, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 3, 2, 3, 5, 4, 5, 4, 4, 3, 3, 5, 3, 4, 4~
```

```

## $ G5 <int> 3, 4, 3, 3, 5, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4, 5, 4, 4~  

## $ G6 <int> 4, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 4, 4, 2, 2, 4, 1, 2, 2, 3, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2~  

## $ G7 <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 1, 4, 3, 3, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 4, 3, 3, 2, 1, 1, 2, 4~  

## $ G8 <int> 1, 2, 3, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 4, 2, 1, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3~  

## $ G9 <int> 5, 3, 5, 3, 2, 4, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 2, 2, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 3, 4~  

## $ G10 <int> 1, 3, 4, 3, 2, 2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 3, 2, 1, 3, 2, 4, 4, 3, 2, 4, 4~  

## $ H1 <int> 5, 5, 3, 4, 4, 5, 3, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 3, 4, 4, 5, 2, 2, 3~  

## $ H2 <int> 5, 5, 4, 5, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 3, 4~  

## $ H3 <int> 5, 5, 3, 2, 3, 4, 3, 5, 4, 2, 2, 2, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 3, 1, 1, 2~  

## $ H4 <int> 3, 1, 4, 1, 3, 2, 2, 5, 1, 1, 1, 3, 4, 3, 3, 4, 2, 3, 1, 2, 1~  

## $ H5 <int> 3, 4, 1, 4, 1, 4, 3, 4, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 4, 2~  

## $ H6 <int> 3, 3, 4, 2, 4, 4, 2, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 3, 5, 3, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ H7 <int> 3, 4, 2, 3, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 3, 3, 1, 3, 3, 1, 2~  

## $ H8 <int> 1, 2, 3, 2, 4, 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 1, 3, 2, 3, 1~  

## $ H9 <int> 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 1, 1, 5, 2, 2, 2, 3, 1, 5, 3, 5, 2, 1, 1, 3, 3~  

## $ H10 <int> 4, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 4, 2, 1, 5, 3, 3, 1, 1, 2, 2, 4~  

## $ I1 <int> 3, 5, 3, 2, 4, 4, 4, 3, 2, 2, 4, 1, 4, 2, 3, 4, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2~  

## $ I2 <int> 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 4, 2, 4, 4, 3, 3, 2, 2, 4, 3, 5, 4, 4, 3, 3, 2~  

## $ I3 <int> 4, 3, 4, 4, 2, 3, 2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 2, 4, 3, 5, 5, 3, 3, 3, 3~  

## $ I4 <int> 3, 2, 3, 3, 4, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 3, 4, 3, 4, 5, 2, 3, 2, 2~  

## $ I5 <int> 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 5, 2, 3, 4, 5, 3, 3, 3, 4~  

## $ I6 <int> 4, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 1, 1, 2~  

## $ I7 <int> 2, 2, 2, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 3, 3, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 2~  

## $ I8 <int> 4, 2, 3, 2, 2, 4, 4, 3, 5, 4, 4, 5, 2, 4, 2, 2, 5, 3, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ I9 <int> 2, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 2, 4, 3, 2, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4~  

## $ I10 <int> 4, 2, 4, 1, 3, 4, 2, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 5, 3, 2, 4, 3, 2, 3, 4~  

## $ J1 <int> 5, 5, 4, 5, 3, 3, 1, 2, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 1, 3, 2, 5, 3, 2, 4, 4~  

## $ J2 <int> 5, 4, 4, 5, 4, 3, 5, 4, 2, 3, 2, 3, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5, 3, 4, 4, 3~  

## $ J3 <int> 5, 5, 4, 5, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 3, 1, 5, 4, 4, 4, 3~  

## $ J4 <int> 5, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 2, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 2, 5, 5, 5, 4, 4~  

## $ J5 <int> 5, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 3, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 3, 3, 4, 2~  

## $ J6 <int> 5, 2, 3, 4, 1, 3, 2, 1, 2, 4, 3, 3, 3, 4, 3, 3, 5, 2, 2, 3, 2~  

## $ J7 <int> 5, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 3, 2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 3, 4, 4~  

## $ J8 <int> 2, 3, 3, 1, 5, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 2, 3, 3, 4, 1, 2, 5, 3, 2~  

## $ J9 <int> 1, 2, 1, 1, 4, 3, 1, 4, 4, 2, 4, 4, 1, 5, 3, 4, 1, 1, 1, 2, 3~  

## $ J10 <int> 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 4, 2, 4, 4, 1, 5, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3~  

## $ K1 <int> 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 1, 4, 2, 3, 4, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 4~  

## $ K2 <int> 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 2, 4, 2, 1, 2, 3, 2, 5, 3, 3, 5, 2, 1, 3, 1~  

## $ K3 <int> 2, 2, 4, 1, 1, 3, 3, 2, 2, 3, 4, 2, 1, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 4~  

## $ K4 <int> 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 4, 4, 3, 5, 2, 2, 0, 3, 4, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4~  

## $ K5 <int> 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 2, 2, 4~  

## $ K6 <int> 5, 2, 3, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 5, 4, 5, 5, 3, 2, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ K7 <int> 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 4, 5, 5, 3, 2, 5, 3, 4, 4, 2~  

## $ K8 <int> 5, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 3, 1, 5, 2, 3, 3, 3~  

## $ K9 <int> 2, 3, 3, 3, 2, 5, 4, 4, 4, 1, 2, 4, 5, 5, 3, 2, 5, 3, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ K10 <int> 5, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 5, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ L1 <int> 3, 3, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 2, 3, 4, 3, 5, 3, 1, 1, 4, 4~  

## $ L2 <int> 4, 4, 3, 2, 2, 2, 2, 4, 2, 2, 3, 1, 3, 5, 3, 4, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2~  

## $ L3 <int> 3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 5, 4, 3, 2, 2, 4, 2, 4, 5, 3, 3, 4, 1, 3, 4, 2~  

## $ L4 <int> 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 5, 5, 3, 4, 4, 1, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ L5 <int> 5, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 5, 3, 2, 4, 3, 5, 2, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4~  

## $ L6 <int> 3, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 2, 2, 4, 2, 3, 5, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 4, 2~  

## $ L7 <int> 4, 4, 2, 4, 4, 2, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 4, 2, 3, 3, 5, 3, 1, 2, 3, 5~  

## $ L8 <int> 4, 2, 3, 4, 1, 1, 1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 4, 4, 0, 3, 2, 4, 5, 4, 2, 2~
```

```
## $ L9      <int> 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 2, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 2, 3, 3, 2, 5, 5, 3, 2, 4~  
## $ L10     <int> 4, 3, 4, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 3, 2, 3, 5, 4, 3, 4~  
## $ M1      <int> 5, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 5, 5, 3, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4~  
## $ M2      <int> 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 5, 3, 3, 5, 4, 5, 4, 4~  
## $ M3      <int> 4, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5, 5, 5, 4, 4~  
## $ M4      <int> 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 2, 4, 2, 3, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 5, 4, 3, 2~  
## $ M5      <int> 4, 2, 4, 2, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 1, 5, 3, 1, 5, 3, 3, 3, 4~  
## $ M6      <int> 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 1, 3, 3, 1, 1, 2, 3, 2~  
## $ M7      <int> 1, 1, 1, 4, 2, 5, 1, 1, 1, 2, 4, 2, 2, 5, 3, 3, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2~  
## $ M8      <int> 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 3, 1, 3, 3, 1, 1, 2, 3, 2~  
## $ M9      <int> 3, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 1, 3, 4, 1, 1, 2, 3, 2~  
## $ M10     <int> 3, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1~  
## $ N1      <int> 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 2, 3, 4, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 2, 1, 2, 3~  
## $ N2      <int> 4, 2, 4, 5, 3, 4, 4, 3, 2, 2, 5, 4, 4, 4, 3, 5, 3, 4, 3, 3, 2~  
## $ N3      <int> 4, 4, 5, 5, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5, 2, 2, 4, 4~  
## $ N4      <int> 4, 5, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 4, 3, 4, 2, 4, 2, 3, 2~  
## $ N5      <int> 4, 5, 4, 5, 5, 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 5, 2, 4, 3, 4, 5, 1, 1, 4, 4~  
## $ N6      <int> 5, 5, 5, 4, 5, 3, 5, 4, 4, 4, 2, 1, 5, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 4, 3~  
## $ N7      <int> 5, 5, 4, 5, 5, 4, 5, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4~  
## $ N8      <int> 4, 2, 3, 1, 4, 4, 2, 3, 0, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4~  
## $ N9      <int> 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 5, 4, 4~  
## $ N10     <int> 3, 1, 1, 3, 2, 2, 2, 2, 4, 1, 2, 3, 3, 1, 2, 4, 1, 1, 4, 2, 2~  
## $ 01      <int> 4, 3, 3, 2, 3, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 3, 5, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4~  
## $ 02      <int> 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 1, 3, 3, 4, 2, 5, 2, 2, 4, 3, 2, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2~  
## $ 03      <int> 3, 4, 3, 2, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 5, 3, 3~  
## $ 04      <int> 4, 2, 3, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 4, 4, 5, 3, 5, 2, 4, 3, 4, 4~  
## $ 05      <int> 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3~  
## $ 06      <int> 2, 2, 2, 4, 2, 4, 3, 4, 4, 1, 2, 4, 1, 4, 3, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 4~  
## $ 07      <int> 2, 2, 3, 5, 1, 2, 3, 2, 4, 3, 4, 4, 2, 5, 3, 4, 5, 1, 2, 3, 3~  
## $ 08      <int> 4, 3, 4, 4, 2, 5, 3, 4, 4, 1, 2, 4, 2, 4, 3, 4, 2, 1, 2, 4, 2~  
## $ 09      <int> 4, 4, 3, 5, 1, 3, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 4, 2, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 1, 4, 4, 2~  
## $ 010     <int> 4, 4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 2, 2, 2, 4, 4, 3, 4, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4~  
## $ P1      <int> 5, 4, 3, 4, 4, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 1, 3, 4, 3, 4, 2, 1, 3, 2, 2~  
## $ P2      <int> 5, 4, 3, 2, 3, 4, 2, 3, 2, 1, 4, 2, 4, 4, 3, 5, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2~  
## $ P3      <int> 5, 4, 4, 2, 4, 5, 4, 2, 1, 1, 3, 1, 4, 5, 3, 4, 2, 4, 1, 3, 2~  
## $ P4      <int> 4, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 4, 2, 2, 3, 4, 1, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5, 2, 3, 3, 3~  
## $ P5      <int> 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3, 4, 1, 1, 3, 2~  
## $ P6      <int> 5, 2, 2, 4, 3, 3, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1, 4, 3, 4~  
## $ P7      <int> 1, 3, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 1, 2, 2, 4, 2, 4, 4, 3, 4, 1, 1, 3, 3, 3~  
## $ P8      <int> 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 4, 2, 4, 4, 4, 3, 4, 2, 3, 3, 2, 5, 5, 4, 3, 4~  
## $ P9      <int> 5, 2, 3, 4, 3, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 5, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4~  
## $ P10     <int> 2, 2, 3, 4, 2, 5, 4, 3, 4, 3, 5, 4, 2, 5, 3, 2, 5, 5, 5, 4, 4~  
## $ age     <int> 17, 37, 31, 32, 46, 36, 35, 61, 17, 19, 21, 23, 17, 24, 21, 3~  
## $ gender   <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1~  
## $ accuracy <int> 92, 100, 80, 93, 87, 80, 80, 100, 78, 95, 95, 82, 90, 90, 54, ~  
## $ country   <chr> "US", "US", "US", "US", "NZ", "IT", "US", "US", "US", "US", "~  
## $ source    <int> 6, 1, 6, 1, 1, 3, 1, 1, 6, 6, 6, 6, 1, 1, 6, 1, 5, 1, 6, 6, 6~  
## $ elapsed   <int> 914, 891, 903, 806, 1826, 669, 717, 567, 651, 1835, 770, 922, ~  
## $ Amean     <dbl> 2.9, 3.4, 3.4, 3.3, 3.1, 3.6, 3.1, 3.6, 3.5, 3.6, 4.3, 3.8, 3~  
## $ Bmean     <dbl> 3.153846, 3.153846, 3.384615, 3.615385, 3.538462, 2.769231, 3~  
## $ Cmean     <dbl> 3.5, 3.0, 2.8, 2.9, 3.3, 2.7, 2.9, 2.9, 2.8, 2.8, 2.9, 2.3, 2~  
## $ Dmean     <dbl> 3.7, 3.3, 2.7, 3.0, 3.1, 3.4, 3.1, 3.0, 2.9, 2.9, 3.6, 2.8, 3~  
## $ Emean     <dbl> 2.9, 2.3, 2.5, 2.6, 2.6, 3.0, 2.1, 2.5, 2.8, 2.9, 3.1, 3.3, 2~  
## $ Fmean     <dbl> 3.1, 3.4, 2.8, 3.0, 3.4, 3.0, 2.3, 3.8, 3.0, 3.2, 3.8, 3.4, 2~
```

```

## $ Gmean    <dbl> 2.7, 3.0, 2.9, 3.1, 2.3, 3.3, 3.1, 3.0, 3.1, 3.0, 3.7, 2.9, 2~
## $ Hmean    <dbl> 3.4, 3.2, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.5, 3.9, 2.5, 2.2, 2.4, 2.4, 2~
## $ Imean    <dbl> 3.4, 2.9, 3.3, 2.8, 2.9, 3.4, 2.7, 3.1, 3.6, 3.1, 3.6, 3.0, 2~
## $ Jmean    <dbl> 3.9, 3.5, 3.3, 3.6, 3.1, 3.2, 2.7, 2.4, 3.2, 3.0, 3.6, 3.4, 2~
## $ Kmean    <dbl> 3.4, 2.9, 3.3, 2.6, 3.0, 3.5, 3.2, 3.6, 3.4, 2.6, 3.5, 2.8, 3~
## $ Lmean    <dbl> 3.5, 2.9, 3.4, 3.3, 3.3, 3.1, 3.4, 3.5, 3.0, 2.8, 3.8, 2.7, 3~
## $ Mmean    <dbl> 3.000000, 2.333333, 2.888889, 3.000000, 2.777778, 3.333333, 3~
## $ Nmean    <dbl> 4.1, 3.7, 3.8, 4.1, 3.8, 4.0, 3.0, 3.8, 3.0, 3.2, 4.1, 3.0, 2~
## $ Omean    <dbl> 3.2, 2.9, 2.9, 3.3, 2.8, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 4.1, 2.7, 3.4, 3.5, 3~
## $ Pmean    <dbl> 3.8, 2.8, 2.9, 3.0, 3.2, 3.4, 2.9, 2.6, 2.6, 2.5, 3.7, 2.6, 3~

```

## Vignette Info

Note the various macros within the `vignette` section of the metadata block above. These are required in order to instruct R how to build the vignette. Note that you should change the `title` field and the `\VignetteIndexEntry` to match the title of your vignette.

##What is ggplot2 and provide a couple of basic examples of the use of scatter plots and an example of a box plot?

Details on ggplot2 can be found at the following link: <https://github.com/tidyverse/ggplot2>

Cheat sheet for GGPlot2 <https://github.com/rstudio/cheatsheets/blob/master/data-visualization-2.1.pdf>

A short summary of the basic elements explored below are as follows described and from the original site on ggplot in tidyverse:

“It’s hard to succinctly describe how ggplot2 works because it embodies a deep philosophy of visualisation. However, in most cases you start with `ggplot()`, supply a dataset and aesthetic mapping (with `aes()`). You then add on layers (like `geom_point()` or `geom_histogram()`), scales (like `scale_colour_brewer()`), faceting specifications (like `facet_wrap()`) and coordinate systems (like `coord_flip()`).”

ggplot2 is a vast ecosystem of visualization tools. This will focus on a couple of basic plots to provide exposure to ggplot. The scatter plot and a box plot.

#Part 1: This is basic scatter plot format. `pfdf` is the data frame and the `x` and `y` values are the two axis. `geom_point` ensures we plot a point and you can set the size and also the shape. There are no axis limits, no titles and no special features.

```
“ggplot(pfdf,aes(y=elapsed, x=age))+geom_point(size=2)”
```

Try this to see what happens.

#Part 2: Adjust your basic scatter plot to control the axis ranges.

In this case you can and should add a limit to the respondents age. (over 100 years old is likely too high and also a time limit in seconds which is the y axis in this case) Adding limits is preferred in exploring the data as it does not change the dataset to start but makes it more useable or transparent what is happening with the data.

```
ggplot(pfdf,aes(y=elapsed, x=age))+geom_point(size=2)+ylim(0,250000)+xlim(0,100)
```

#Part 3: Extending the scatter plot to include more features with a layer(color)

You can then add another feature to the graph by adding a color feature. In this case we added gender. We also decided to look at another variable the accuracy of the assessment which we limited to 100% max accuracy and 0% min accuracy.

We still have no graph title included yet.

```
ggplot(pfdf,aes(x=accuracy, y=elapsed, color=gender))+geom_point(size=2)+xlim(0,100)+ylim(0,250000)
```

```
#Part 4: Extend to add titles and change to a box plot
```

You can now add a title to the graph as shown below with `ggtitle` and change to a boxplot of a variable with `geom_boxplot()` (instead of `geom_point()`)

```
ggplot(pfdf,aes(x=gender,y=Imean))+geom_boxplot()+ggtitle("Average Vigilance boxplot")
```

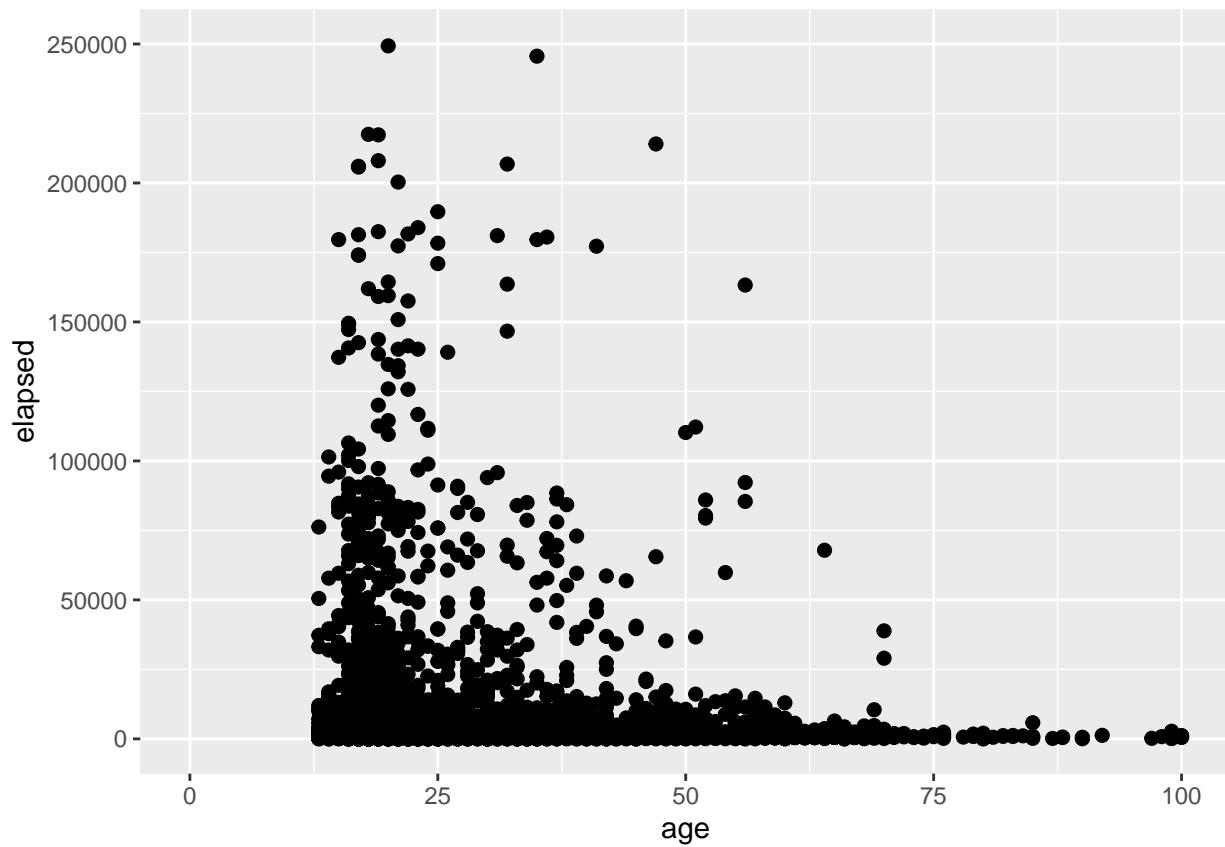
Also included is the simple first pass attempt to overlap the country into the mix. It appears too messy to be of much value. So, we need to rethink this and look for an approach. What do you see as the next potential approach to analyze by country and would you expect this to be important? Likely the country analysis or grouping of the countries by specific cultural indicators and environment would be interesting.

A next step is to plot individual country scores and evaluate this or to group by similar country culture and demographic profiles to see if there are statistically significant differences.

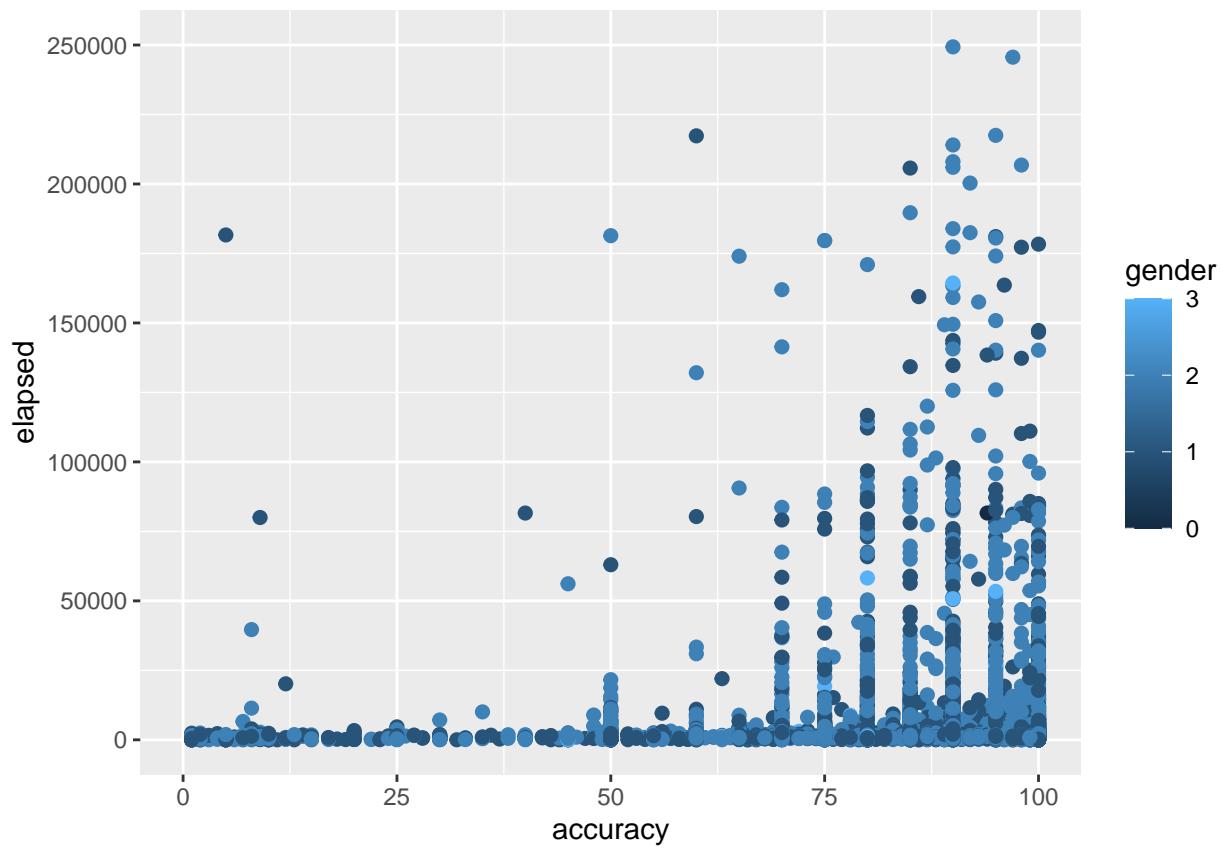
## Figures for simple GGPLOT2 demonstration of scatter plot and a box plot

The figure sizes have been customised so that you can easily put two images side-by-side.

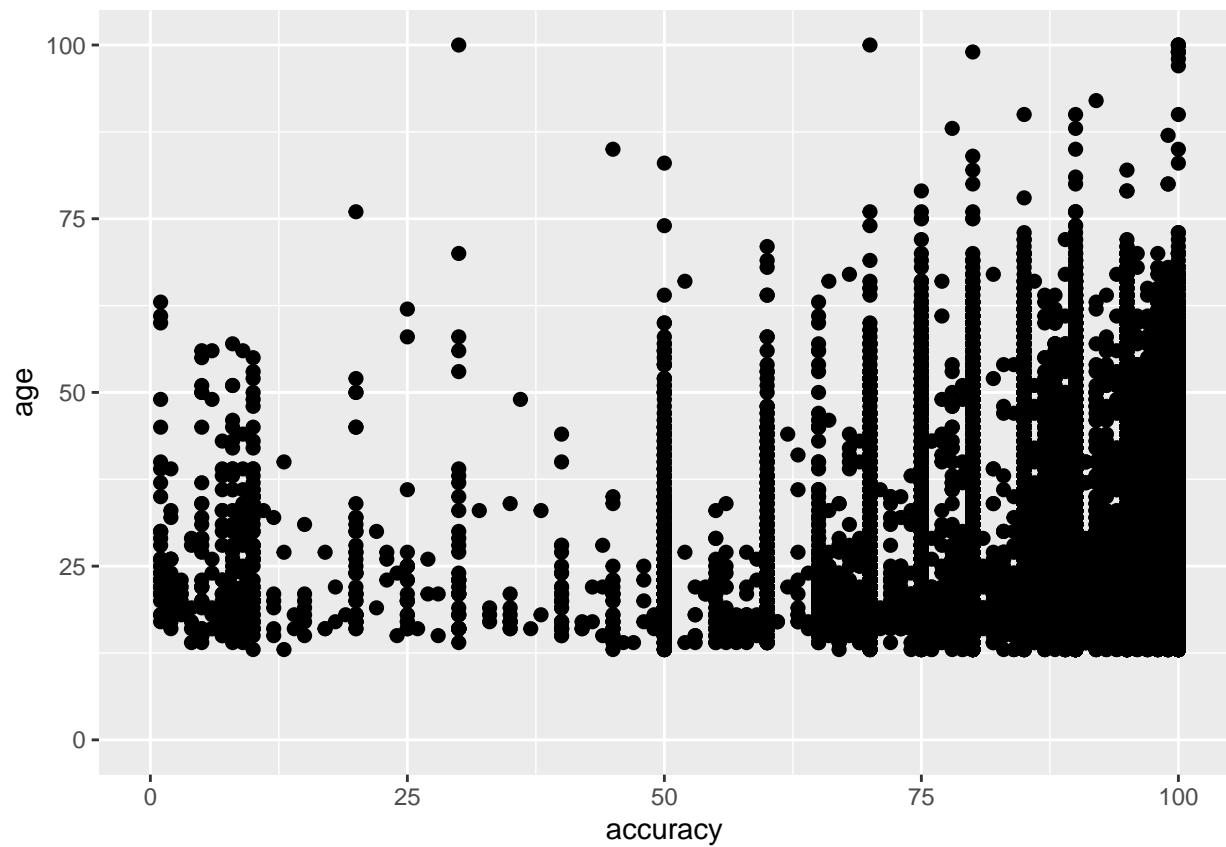
```
## Warning: Removed 130 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



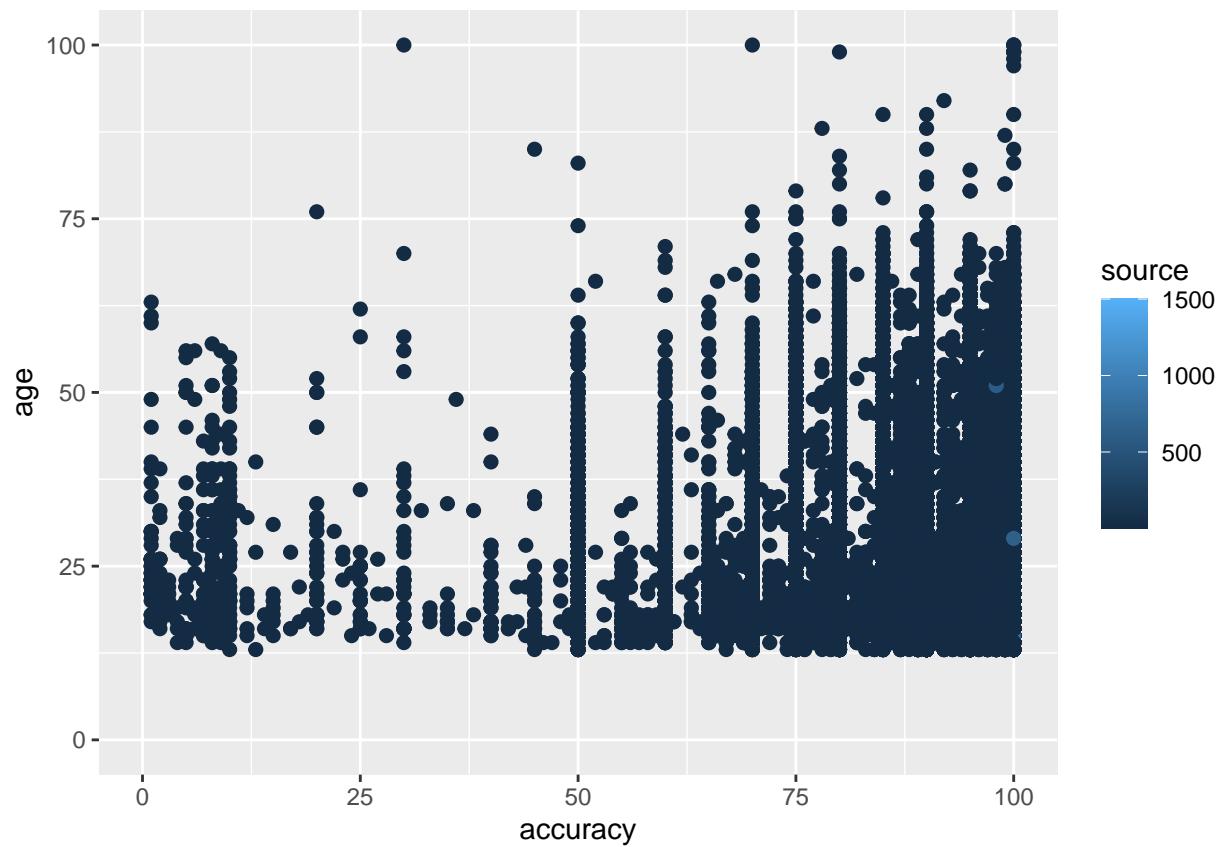
```
## Warning: Removed 85 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



```
## Warning: Removed 90 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

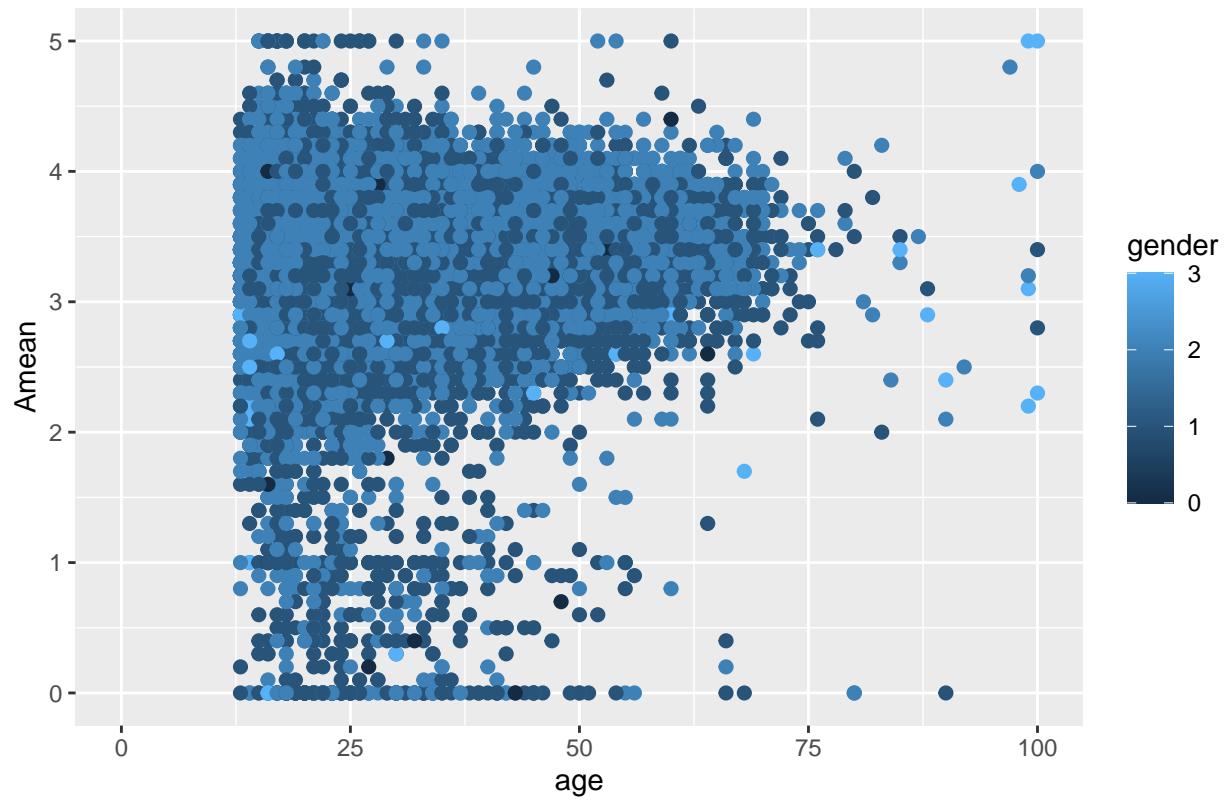


```
## Warning: Removed 90 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



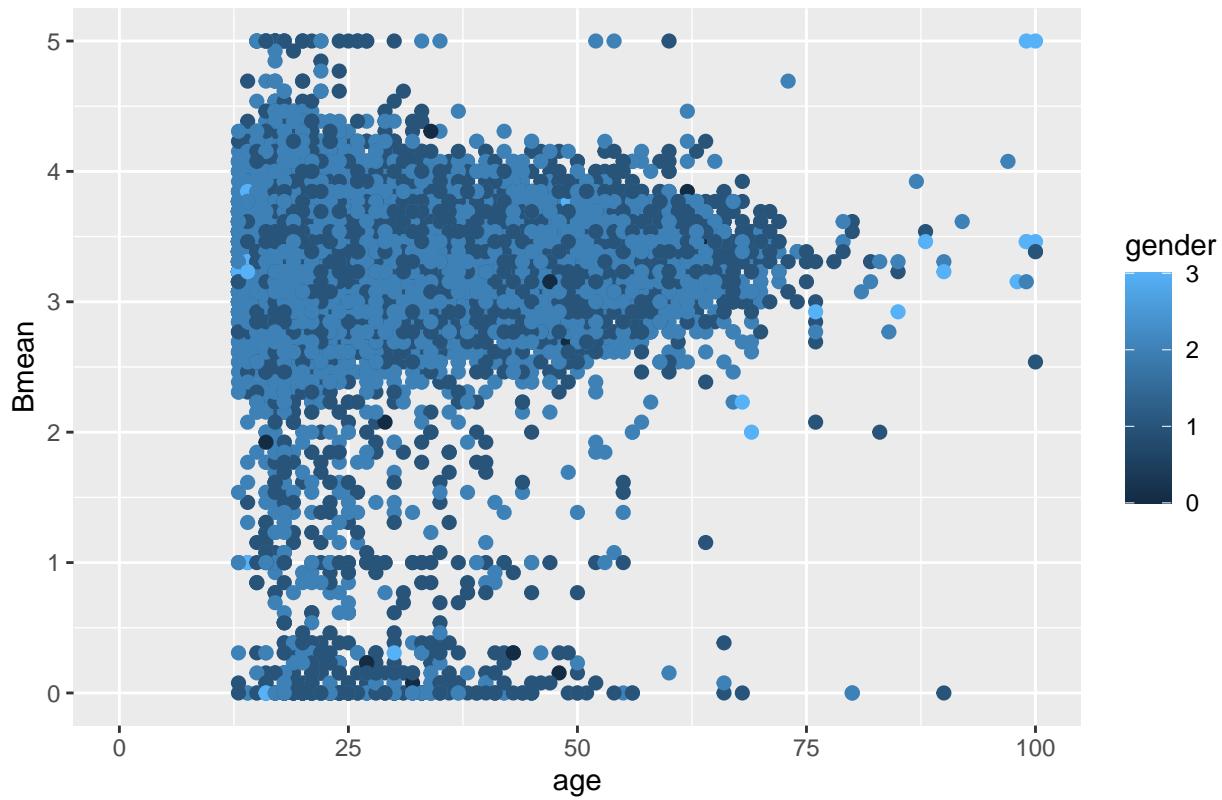
```
## Warning: Removed 68 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

Average Outgoing vs Reserved score vs age, gender overlay



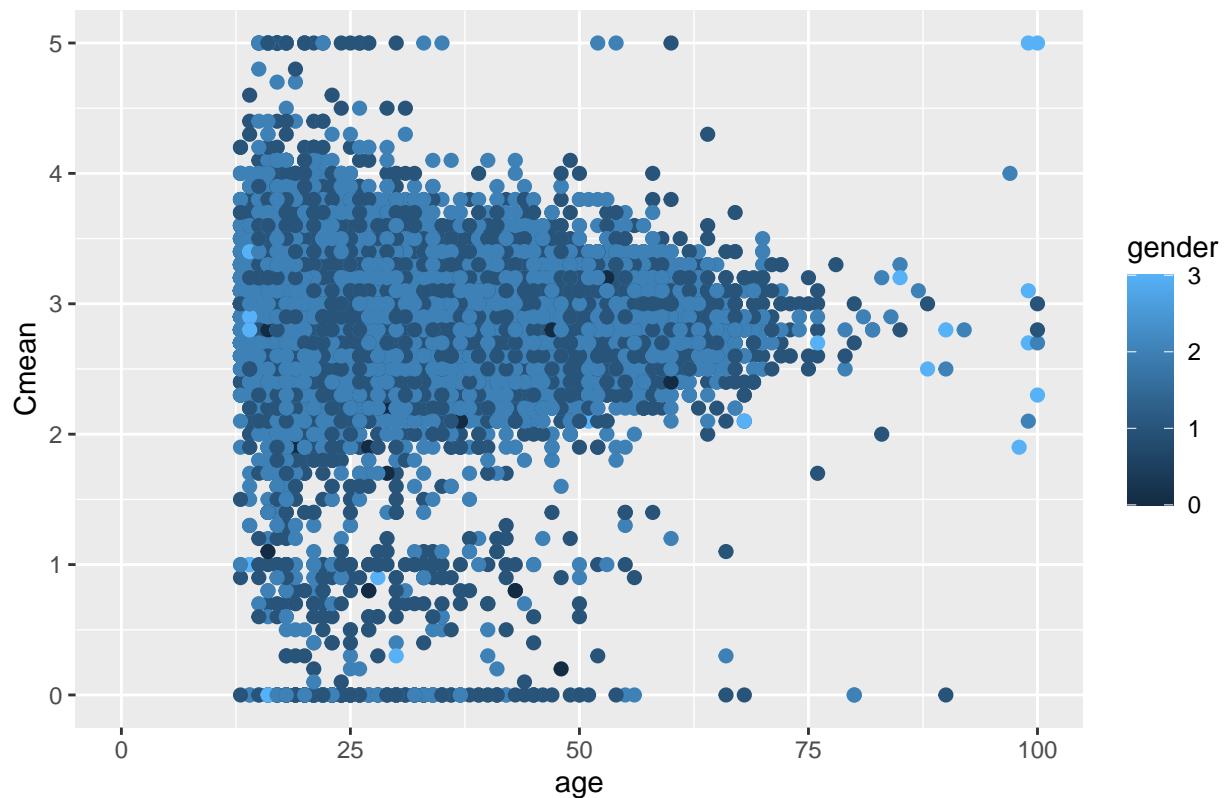
```
## Warning: Removed 68 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

Average Abstract vs concrete reasoning by age and overlay gender



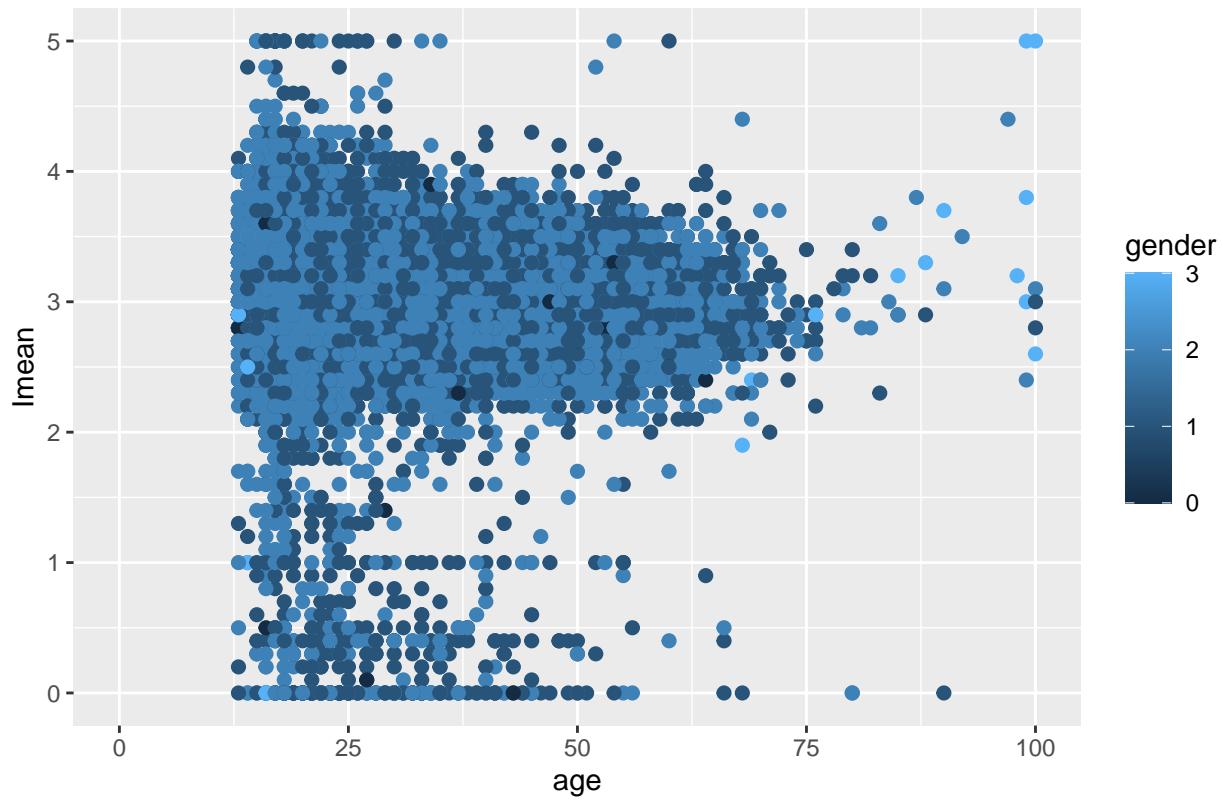
```
## Warning: Removed 68 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

Average Emotional Stability by age and overlay gender



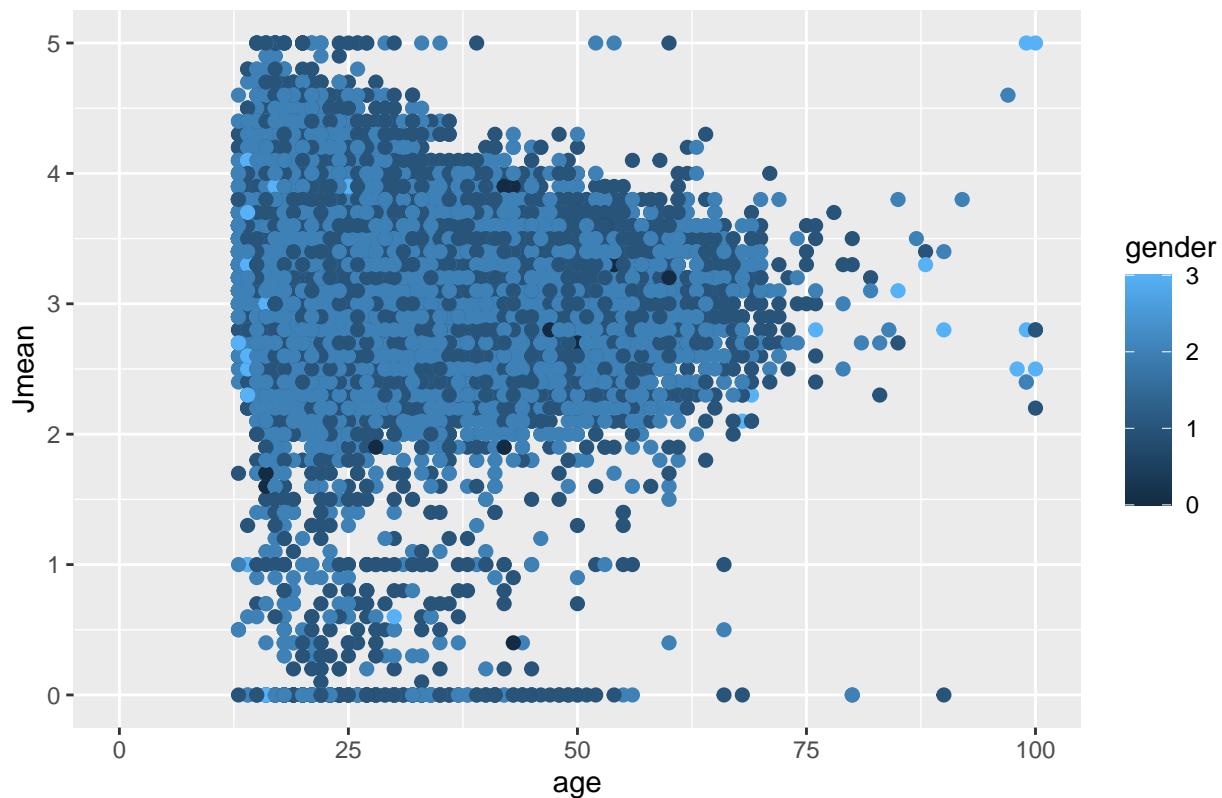
```
## Warning: Removed 68 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

### Average Vigilance by age and overlay gender



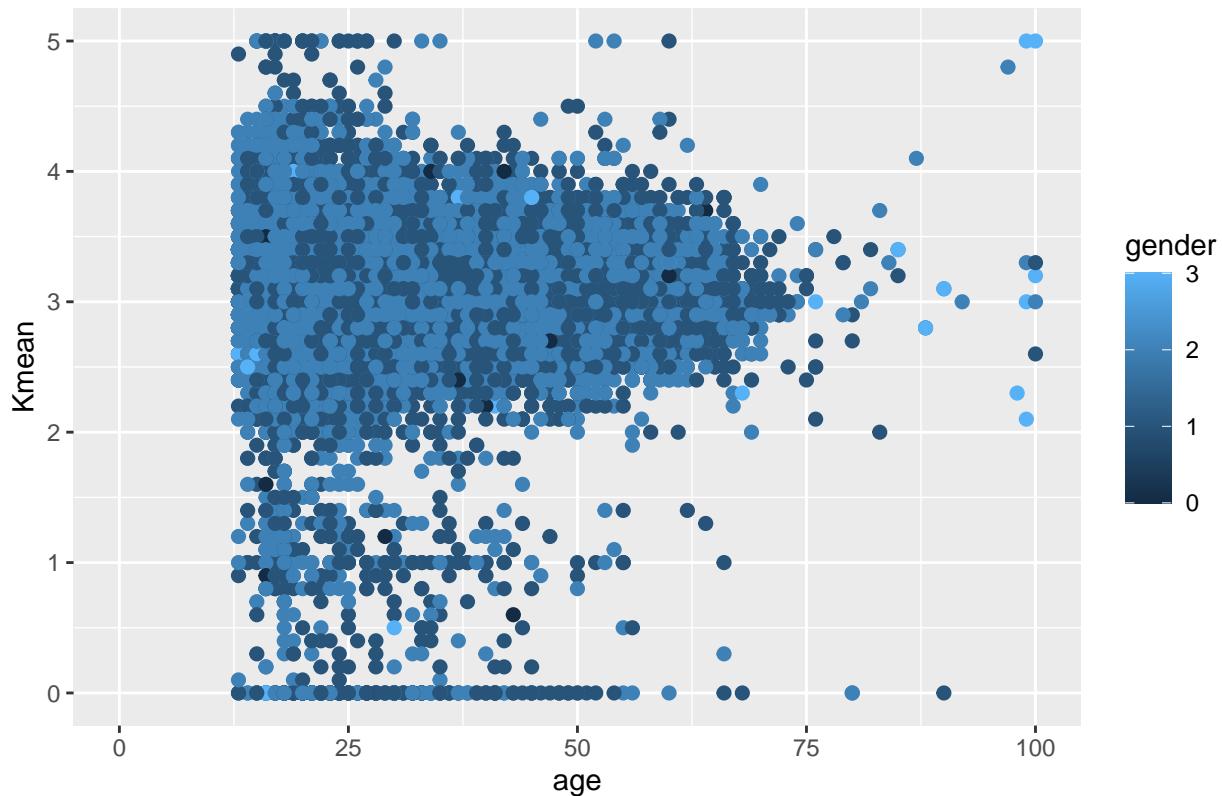
```
## Warning: Removed 68 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

Average Privateness by age and overlay gender



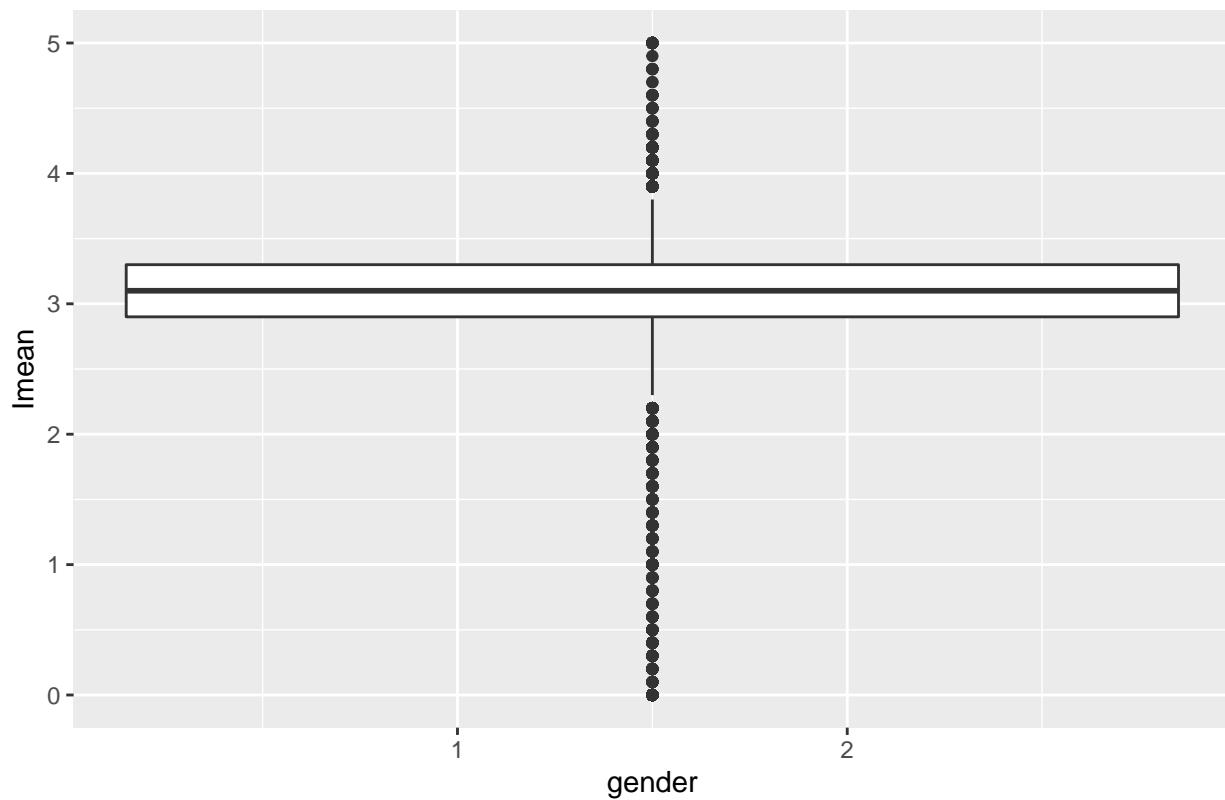
```
## Warning: Removed 68 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

Average openness to change by age and overlay gender



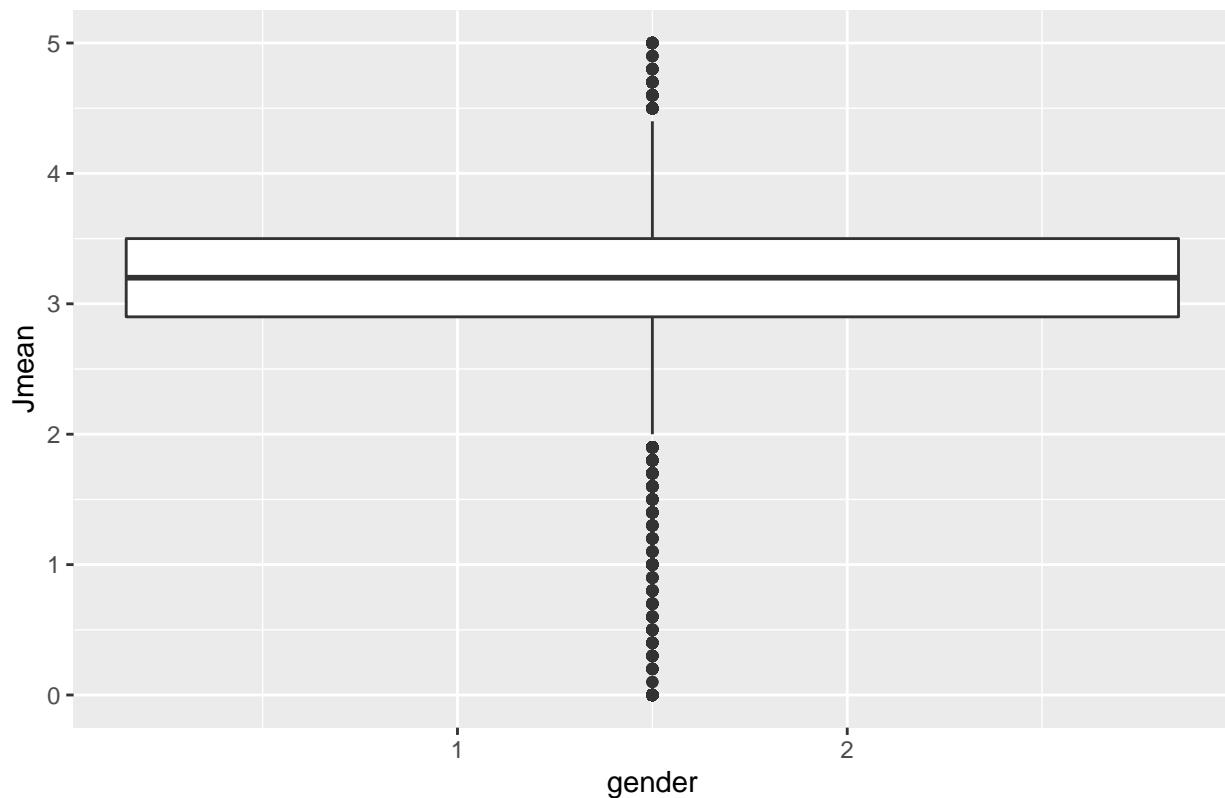
## Warning: Continuous x aesthetic -- did you forget aes(group=...)?

Average Vigilance boxplot



```
## Warning: Continuous x aesthetic -- did you forget aes(group=...)?
```

Average priviteness boxplot



```
## Warning: Continuous x aesthetic -- did you forget aes(group=...)?
```

Average openness to change boxplot

