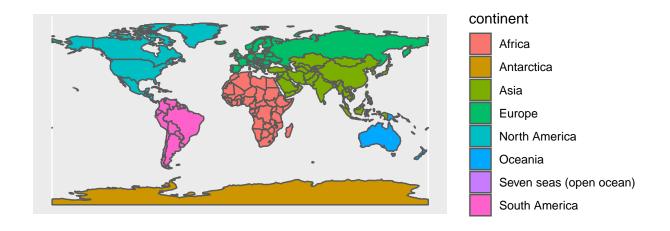
tallest-and-widest.R

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```
# Carl Schmertmann
# 15 Nov 2021
\# find N-S and E-W extremes for countries
library(spData)
## To access larger datasets in this package, install the spDataLarge
## package with: `install.packages('spDataLarge',
## repos='https://nowosad.github.io/drat/', type='source')`
library(sf)
## Linking to GEOS 3.9.1, GDAL 3.2.1, PROJ 7.2.1
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.5 v purrr 0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.4 v dplyr 1.0.7
## v tidyr 1.1.4 v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 2.0.2 v forcats 0.5.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
# plot world map just to verify data
ggplot(data=world) +
 geom_sf(aes(fill=continent))
```



```
# break multi-polygon countries into polygons. For the "clump"
# countries we'll paste the single polygons back together.
# For all others we'll keep the LARGEST contiguous
# polygon only. This will
# chop off Svalbard, Alaska+Hawaii, Argentine Antarctica, etc...
clump = c('Chile','Japan','New Zealand', 'Australia', 'Indonesia', 'Philippines')
world2 = world %>%
         filter(type %in% c('Country','Sovereign country')) %>%
          st_cast(., 'POLYGON') %>%
         mutate(subarea = st_area(geom)) %>%
         arrange(name long, -subarea) %>%
         group_by(name_long) %>%
         mutate(i=seq(name long)) %>%
         filter( (i==1) | (name_long %in% clump)) %>%
          summarize(glued_back_together = TRUE)
## Warning in st_cast.sf(., "POLYGON"): repeating attributes for all sub-geometries
```

Warning in st_cast.sf(., "POLYGON"): repeating attributes for all sub-geometries
for which they may not be constant

```
this_crs = st_crs(world)
# add the corners of the bounding boxes as variables
box$NW_corner = st_as_sf(box, coords=c('xmin', 'ymax'))$geometry
box$SW_corner = st_as_sf(box, coords=c('xmin', 'ymin'))$geometry
box$SE_corner = st_as_sf(box, coords=c('xmax', 'ymin'))$geometry
box$NE_corner = st_as_sf(box, coords=c('xmax', 'ymax'))$geometry
st_crs(box$NW_corner) = this_crs
st_crs(box$SW_corner) = this_crs
st_crs(box$SE_corner) = this_crs
st_crs(box$NE_corner) = this_crs
# calculate the "height" of each country in km
box_height = sapply(1:nrow(box), function(k) {
                   st_distance(box$SW_corner[k], box$NW_corner[k]) / 1000
names(box_height) = world2$name_long
# 20 tallest
tmp = box_height %>% sort() %>% rev() %>% head(20)
tibble( name=names(tmp), height_km = round(tmp))
## # A tibble: 20 x 2
##
     name
                                       height_km
##
      <chr>
                                            <dbl>
## 1 Brazil
                                             4338
## 2 Chile
                                             4229
## 3 Russian Federation
                                             4064
## 4 China
                                             3689
## 5 Australia
                                             3666
## 6 Argentina
                                             3393
## 7 Canada
                                             3363
## 8 India
                                             3061
## 9 United States
                                             2703
                                             2625
## 10 Greenland
## 11 Democratic Republic of the Congo
                                             2059
## 12 Myanmar
                                             2046
## 13 Peru
                                             2034
## 14 Mexico
                                             2022
## 15 Algeria
                                             2008
## 16 Colombia
                                             1861
## 17 Mozambique
                                             1826
## 18 Chad
                                             1778
## 19 Indonesia
                                             1761
## 20 Saudi Arabia
                                             1758
# Sweden, Chile, and Norway
tmp = box_height[c('Sweden','Norway','Chile','Finland')] %>% sort() %>% rev()
```

```
tibble( name=names(tmp), height_km = round(tmp))
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##
   name height_km
##
    <chr>
               <dbl>
                 4229
## 1 Chile
## 2 Sweden
                 1528
## 3 Norway
                 1457
## 4 Finland
                 1147
\# "WIDTH" still needs work... depends on latitudes
# calculate the "width" of each country in km
if (FALSE) {
box_width = sapply(1:nrow(box), function(k) {
 st_distance(box$SW_corner[k], box$SE_corner[k]) / 1000
})
names(box_width) = world2$name_long
# 20 widest
tmp = box_width %>% sort() %>% rev() %>% head(20)
tibble( name=names(tmp), width_km = round(tmp))
}
```