

# Virtual Network Embedding with Collocation

## Benefits and Limitations of Pre-Clustering

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# Today's Datacenters...

- Multi-tenant virtualized
- Tenants typically pay for host resources
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## Problem [Ballani'11]:

Studies have shown that the intra-cloud bandwidth can vary by an order of magnitude.

⇒ Unpredictable application performance

# Remove the uncertainty



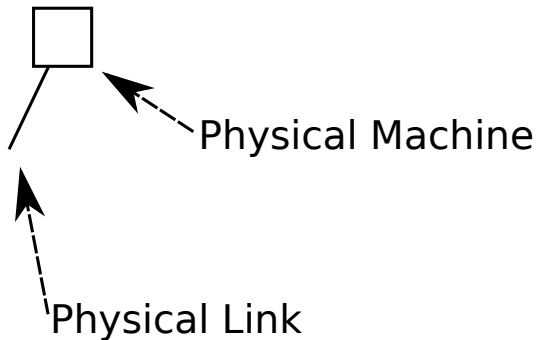
# Remove the uncertainty



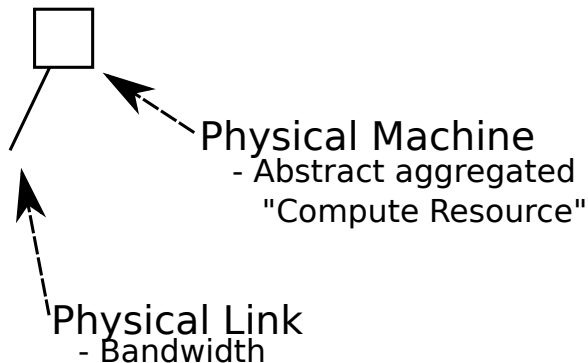
# Outline

- Explain model and problem
- Identify the impact of the collocation option on embedding algorithms
- Introduce *Pre-Clustering* - a technique to enable any existing algorithm to generate collocated embeddings

# Virtual Network Embedding Problem

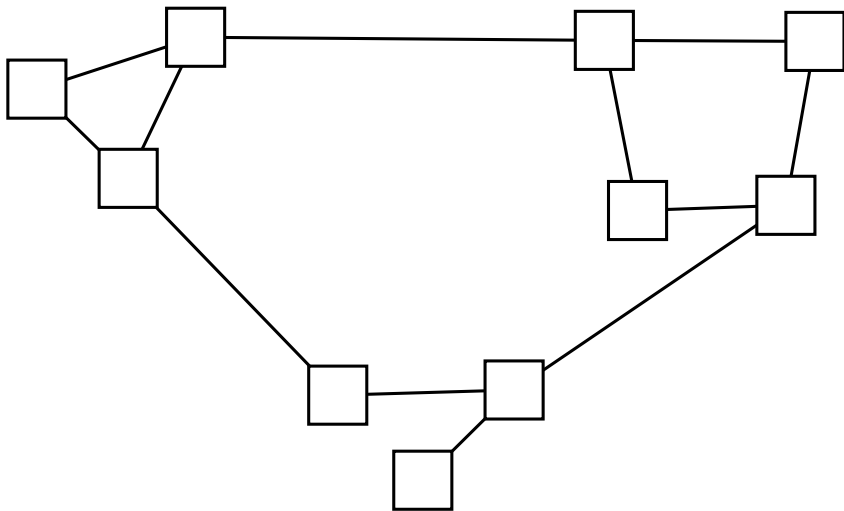


# Virtual Network Embedding Problem

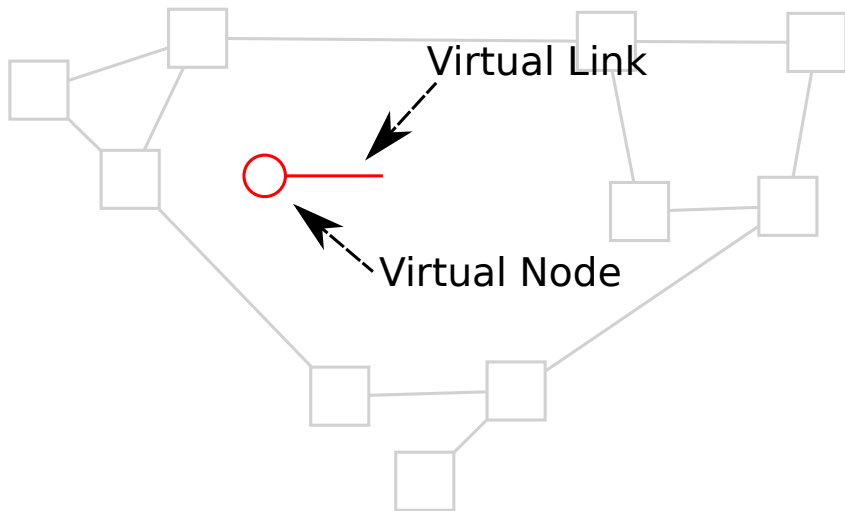




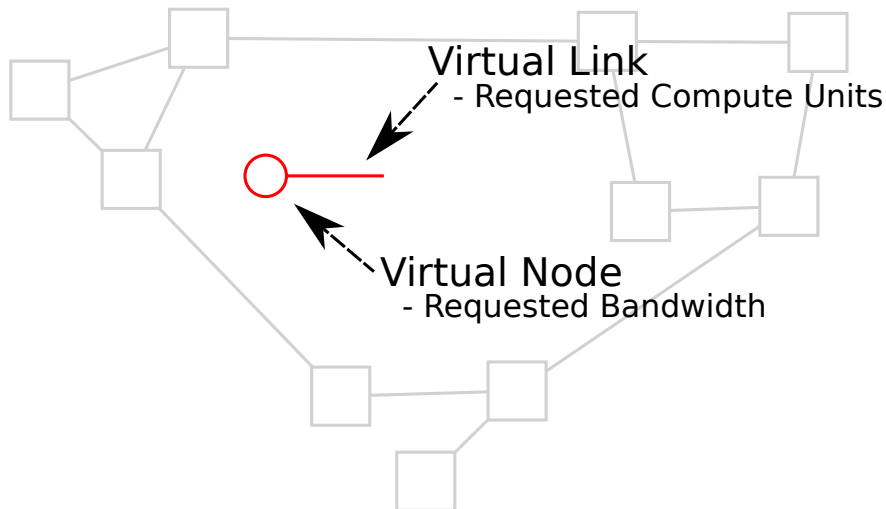
# Virtual Network Embedding Problem



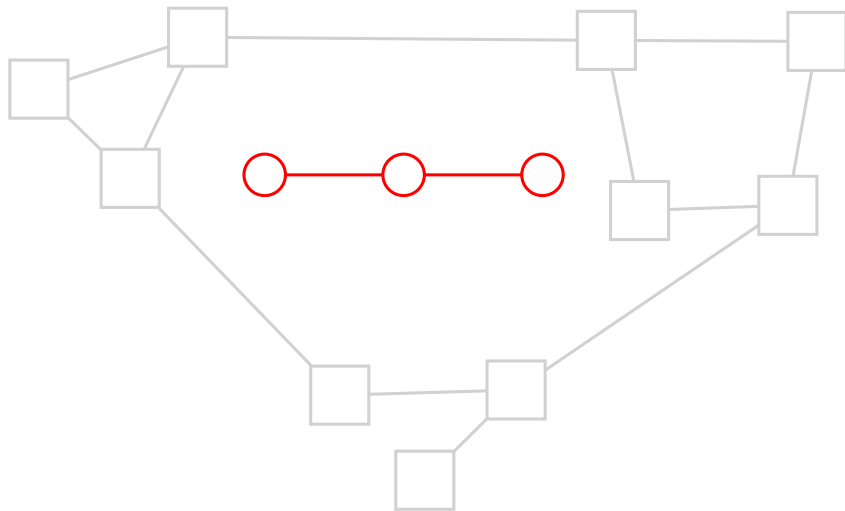
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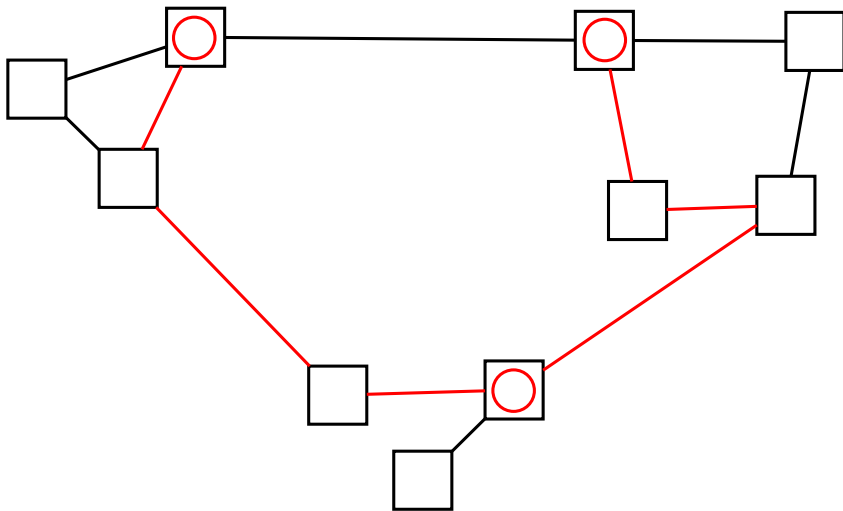
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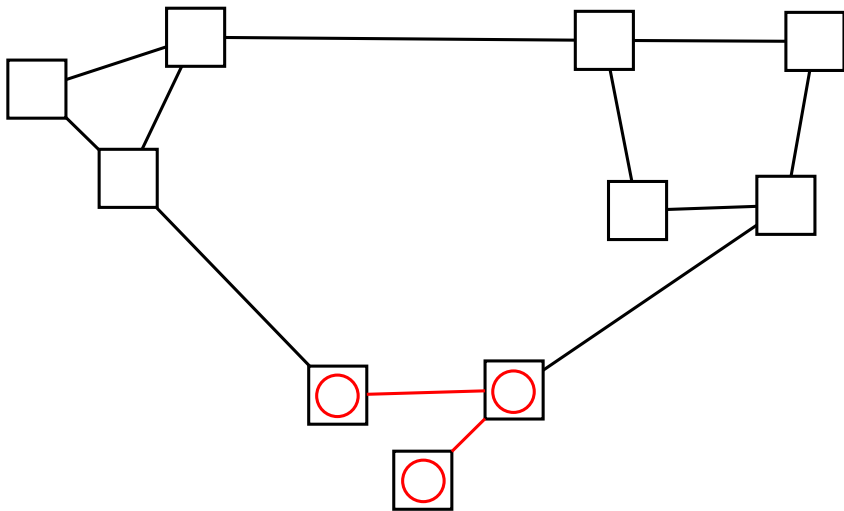
# Virtual Network Embedding Problem



# What is a 'good' mapping?



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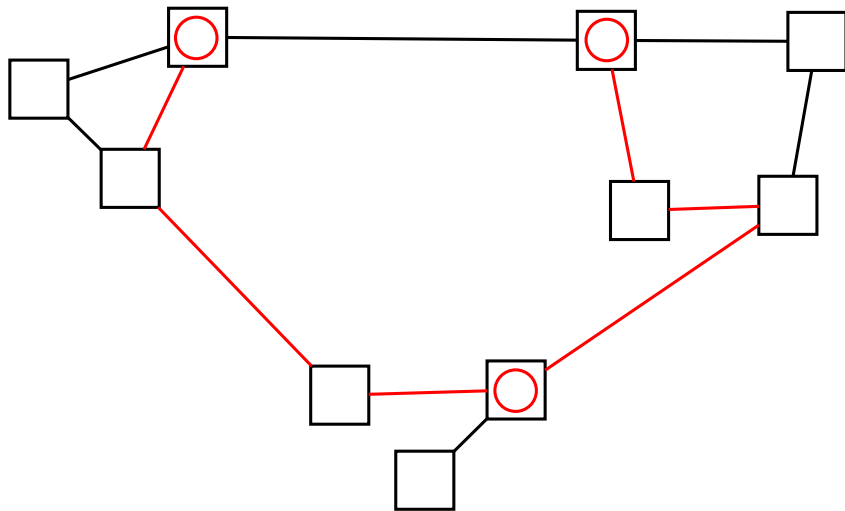


# Existing Solutions

Many existing mapping algorithms

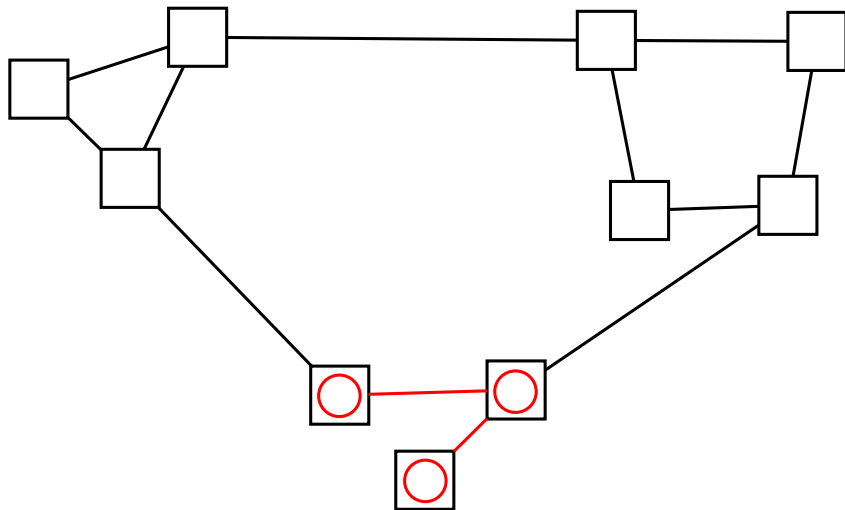
- ViNE [CHOWDHURY, Infocom 2009]
- SecondNet [GUO, Co-NEXT 2010]
- Oktopus [BALLANI, Sigcomm 2011]
- Isomorphism Detection [LISCHKA, Sigcomm 2009]
- Various Mixed-Integer-Programs
- ...

# Existing Solutions

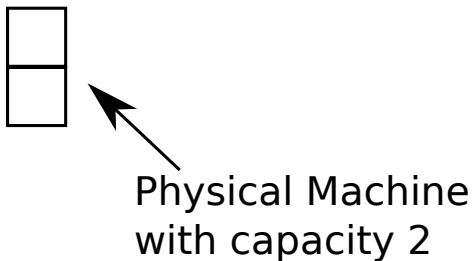




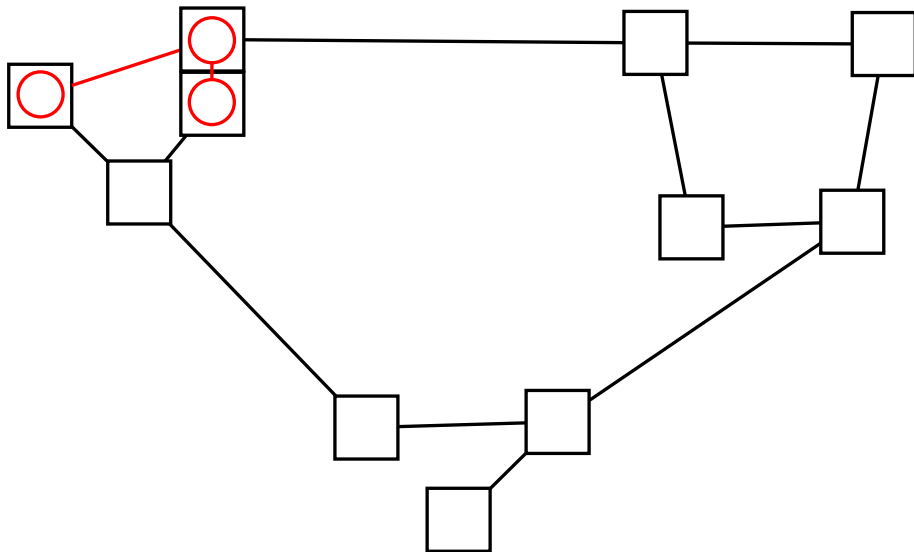
# Existing Solutions



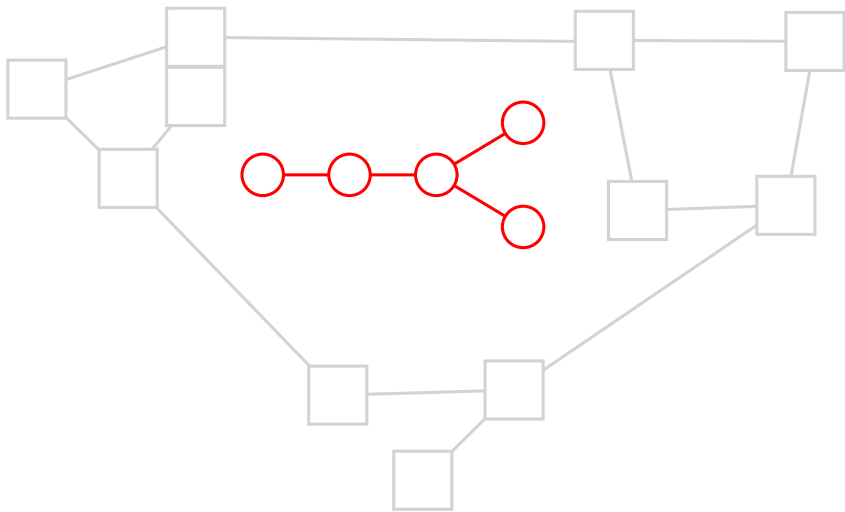
# Collocated Mappings



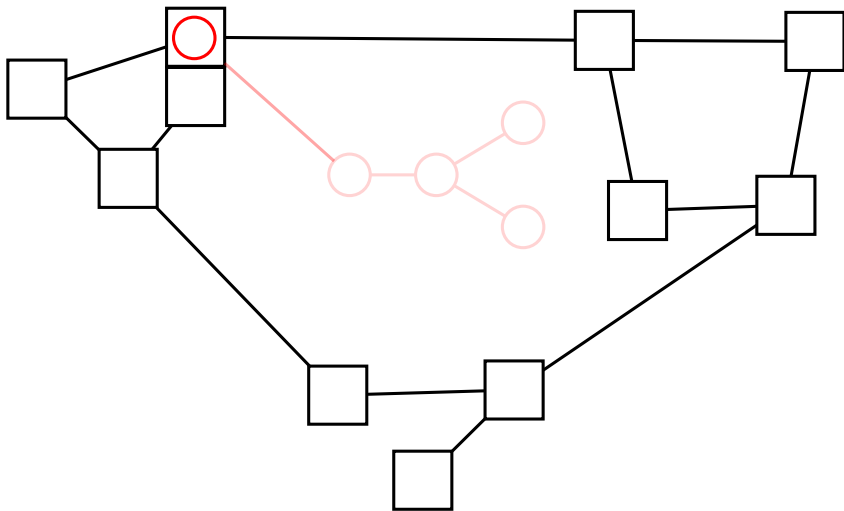
## Collocated Mappings



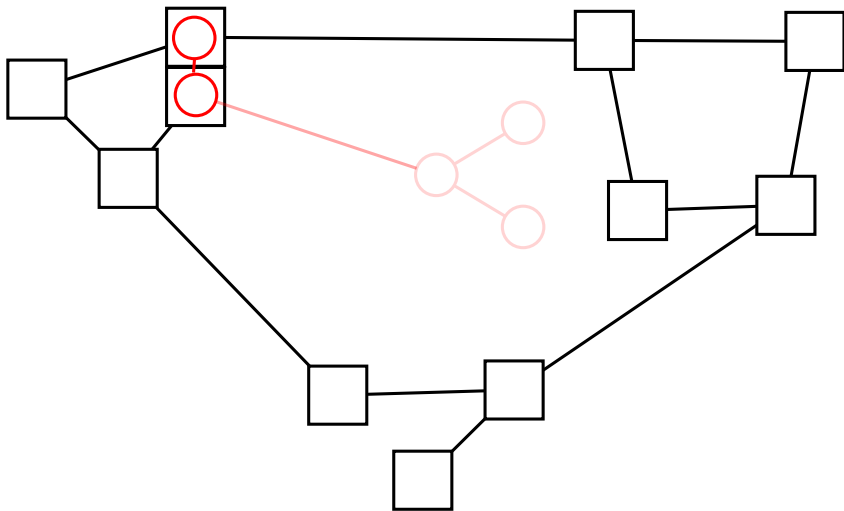
# Benchmarking Algorithm: LoCo



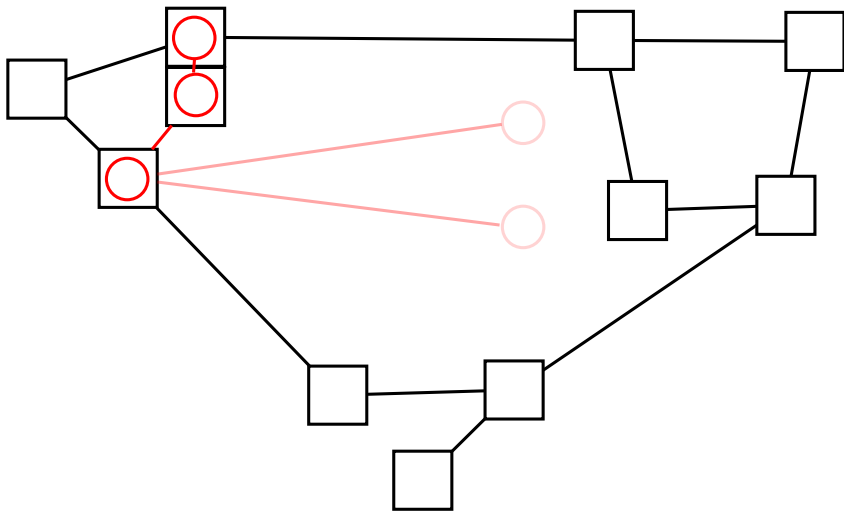
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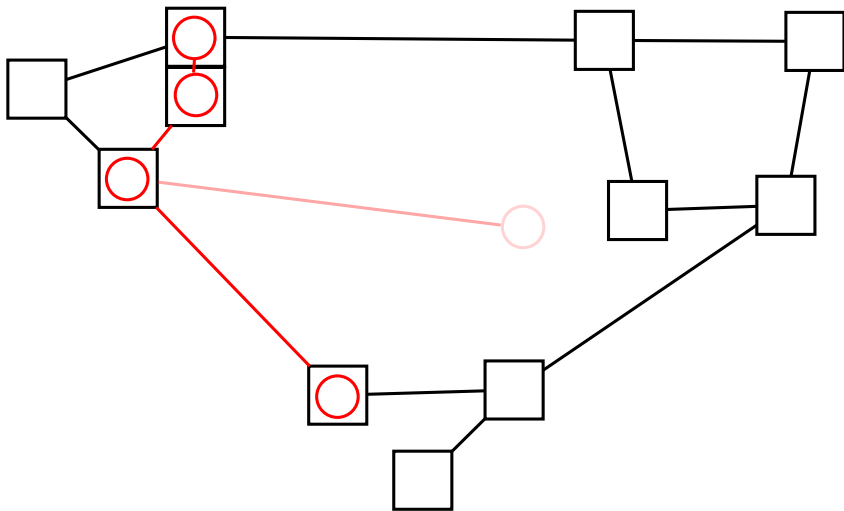
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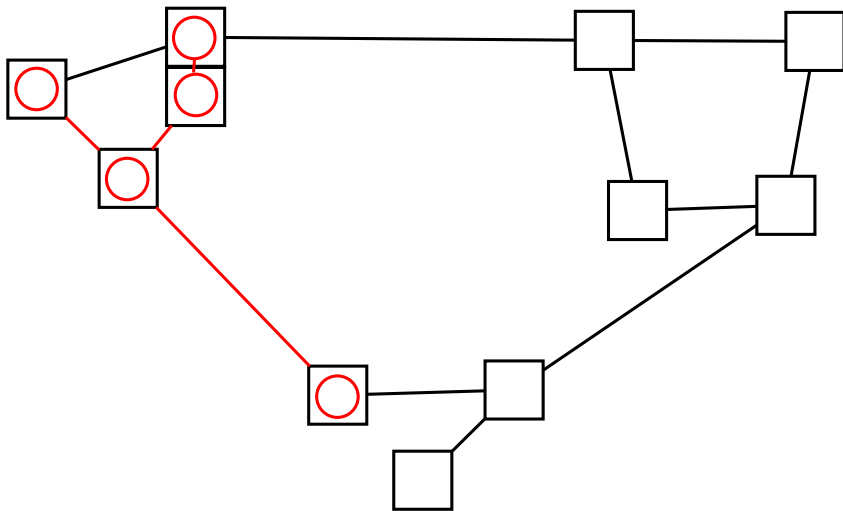


# Benchmarking Algorithm: LoCo





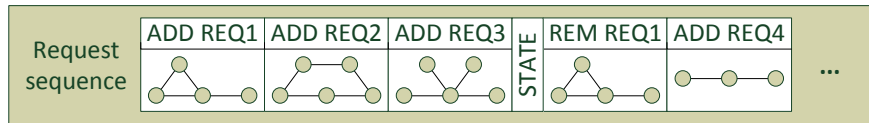
## Benchmarking Algorithm: LoCo



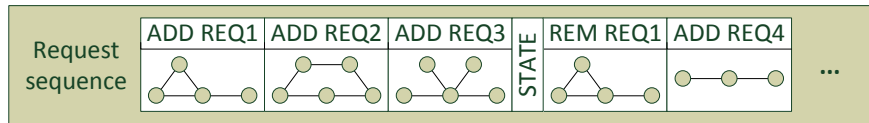
# Benchmarking Algorithm: LoCo

- Backtrack on failure
- Backtrack only over possible start nodes
- Graph exploration is directed by node / link resource requests
- Avoid Backtracking by forward checking

# Evaluation Setup

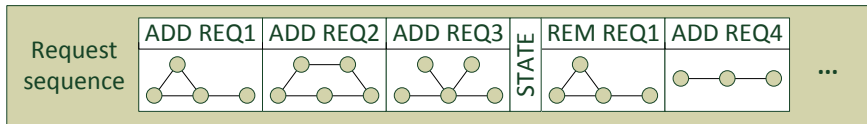


# Evaluation Setup



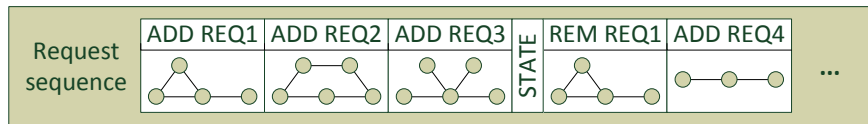
└────────────────────────────────┘  
Add Requests  
Until:  
Sum of requested node  
resources = Sum of substrate  
node resources

# Evaluation Setup



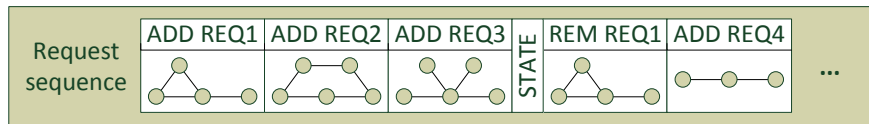
}  
Measure  
node  
utilization

# Evaluation Setup



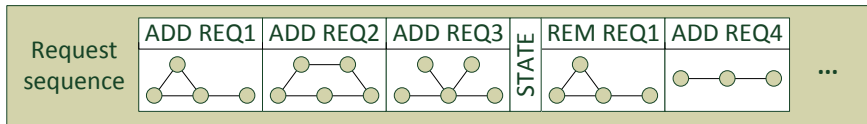
⏟  
Increase  
time until  
a Request  
expires

# Evaluation Setup



⏟  
Add Requests  
Until: ...

# Evaluation Setup

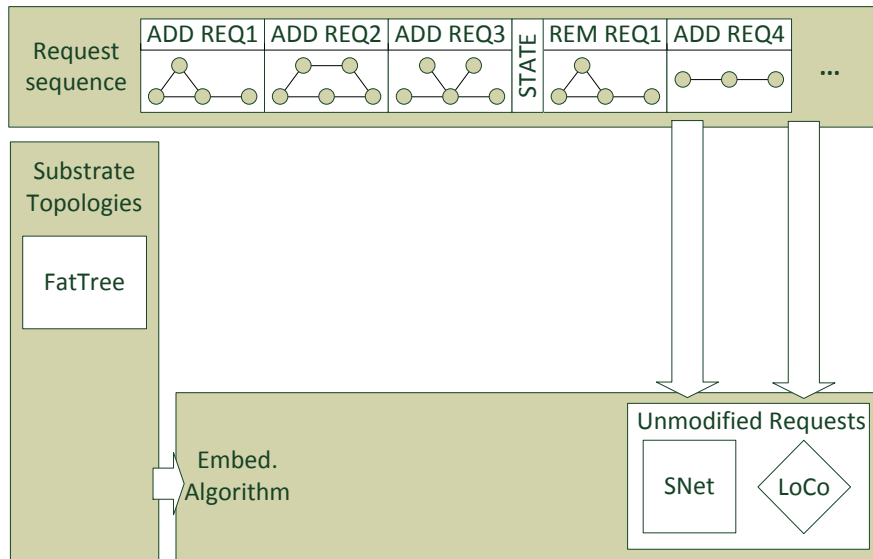


Substrate  
Topologies

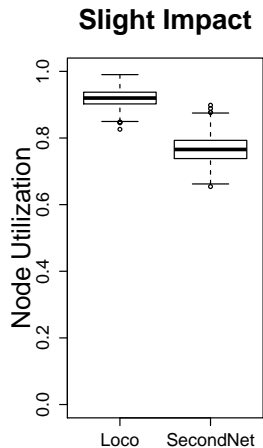
FatTree



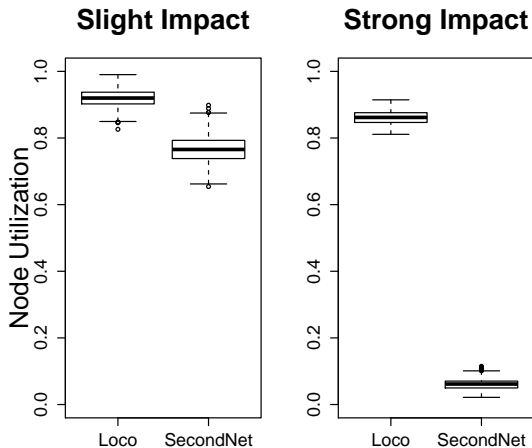
# Evaluation Setup



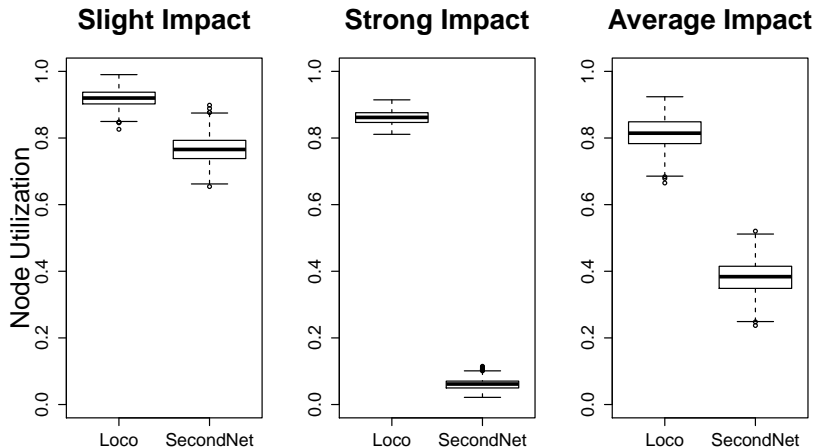
# Impact of the collocation option



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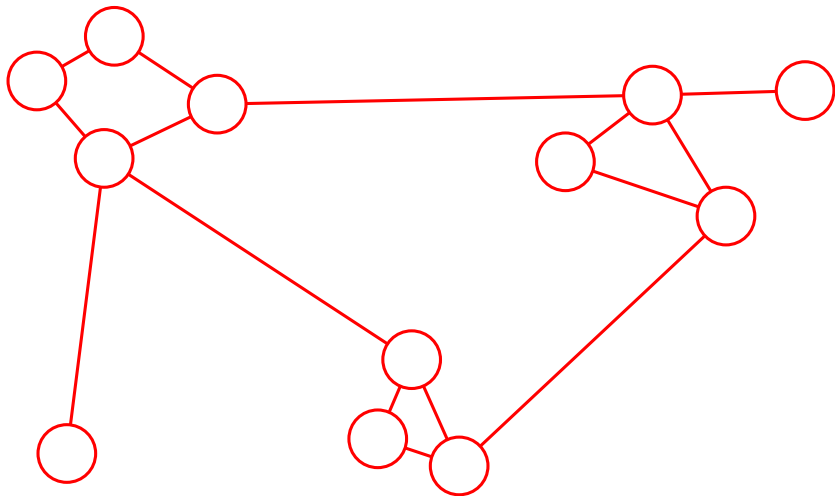


# Impact of the collocation option

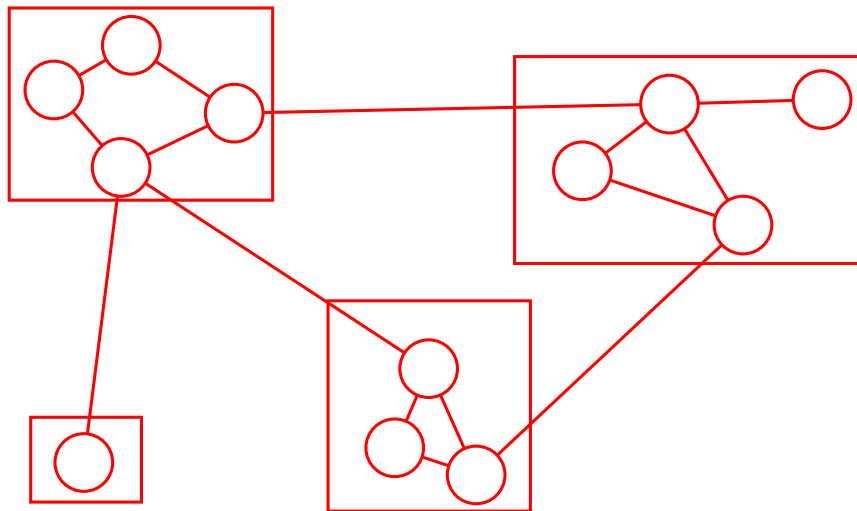


Can we leverage the benefits of collocation with the existing algorithms?

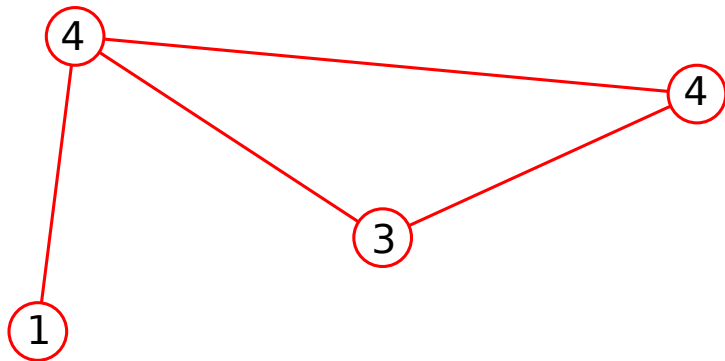
# Pre-Clustering



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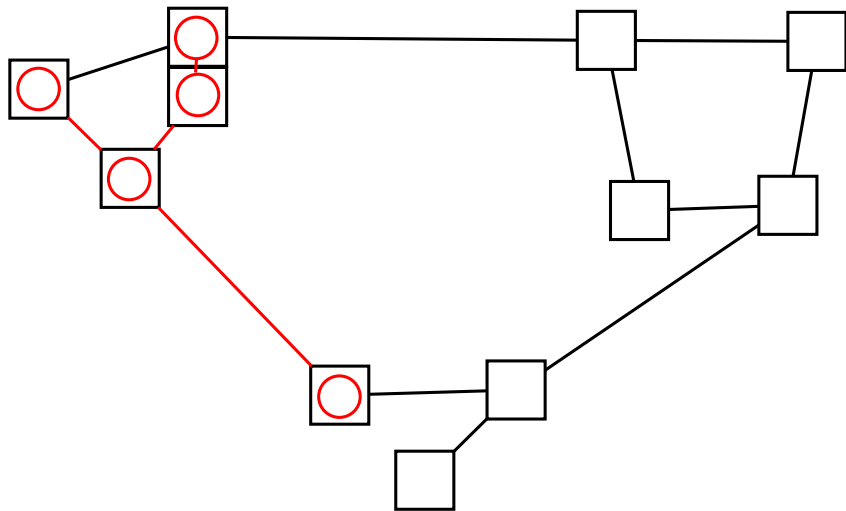


# Pre-Clustering

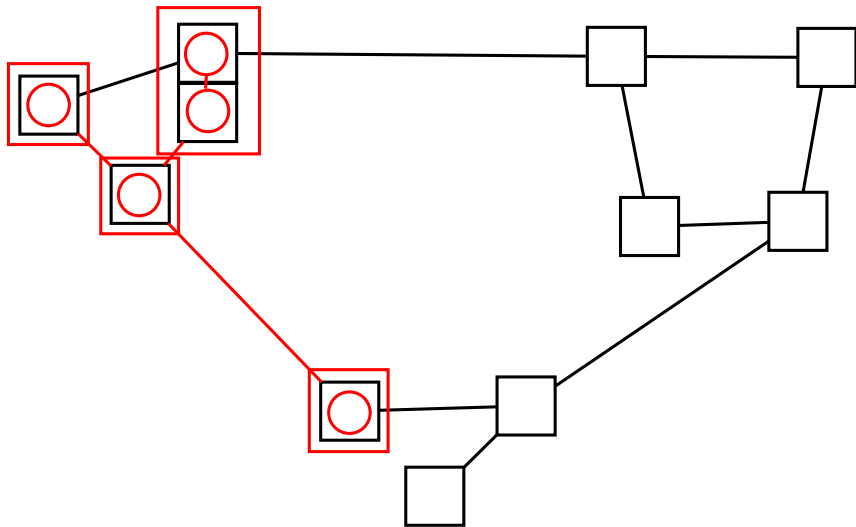
We use:

- Farhat
- LoCo
- OptCut (runtime optimized MIP)

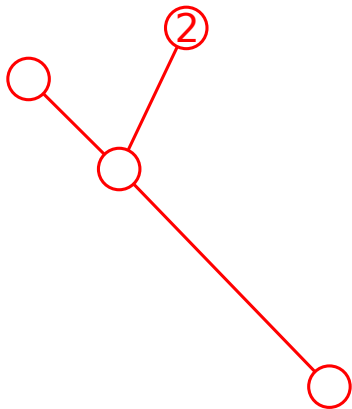
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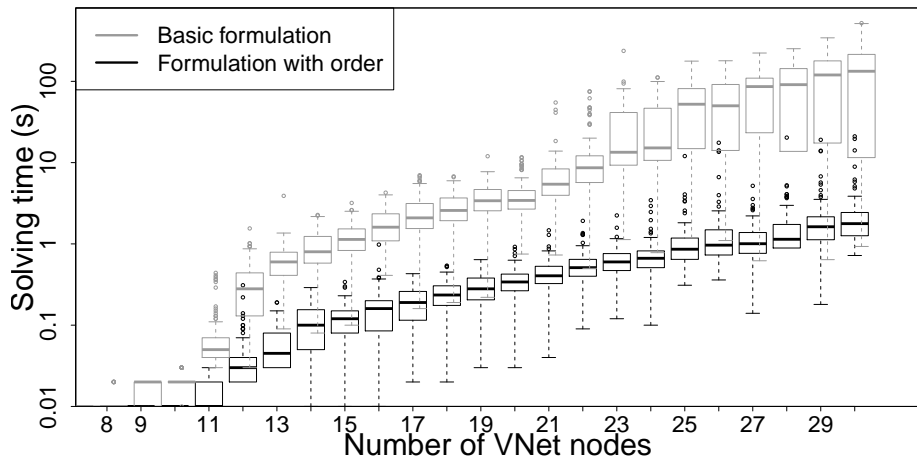


# LoCo Preclustering



- Generates an optimal (w.r.t. the amount of link resources between the merged nodes) Pre-Clustering
- Substrate is represented by two numbers:
  - ▶  $MAX_V$ : The estimated host resources of a node
  - ▶  $MAX_E$ : The estimated link resources attached to a node

⇒ run time independent of substrate size and topology
- Removes symmetry from the problem to speed up the solution process



# Evaluation Parameters

Objective: Embed as many virtual resources as possible

## Substrate

DC topologies (default FatTree with 432 hosts)

Each physical element has 4 resource units

## Requests

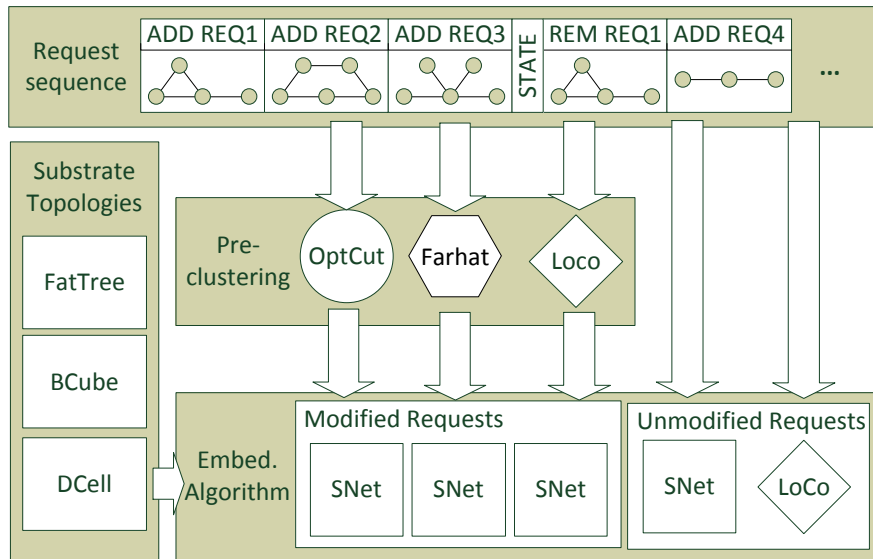
Randomized topologies (2-10 nodes, connection probability 0.15)

Exponentially distributed duration with mean 10

Resource sum of all requests  $\approx$  available substrate resources

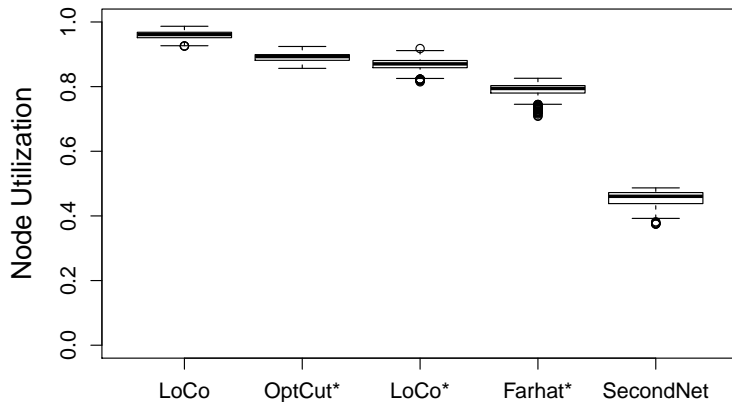
All Per-Clustering approaches are combined with SecondNet

# Experimental Pipeline

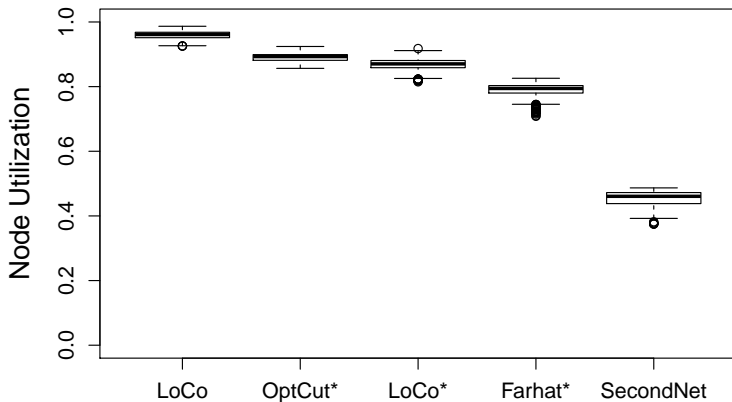




# Performance Analysis



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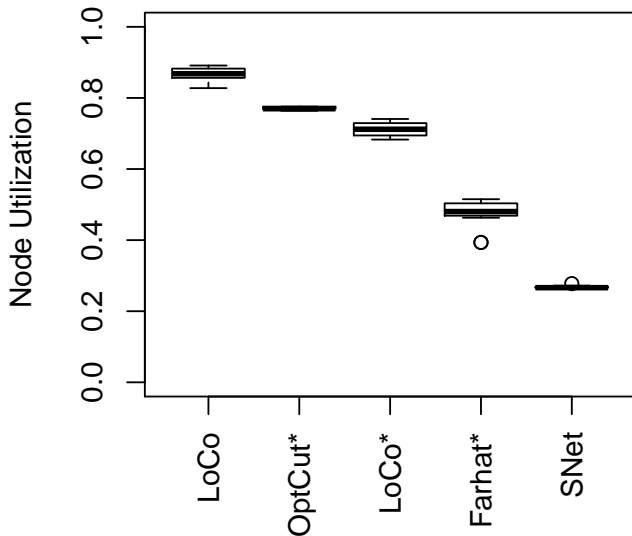


All Pre-Clustering approaches improve the performance of Secondnet by factors  $> 1.5$

But why is standalone LoCo in this scenario more performant?

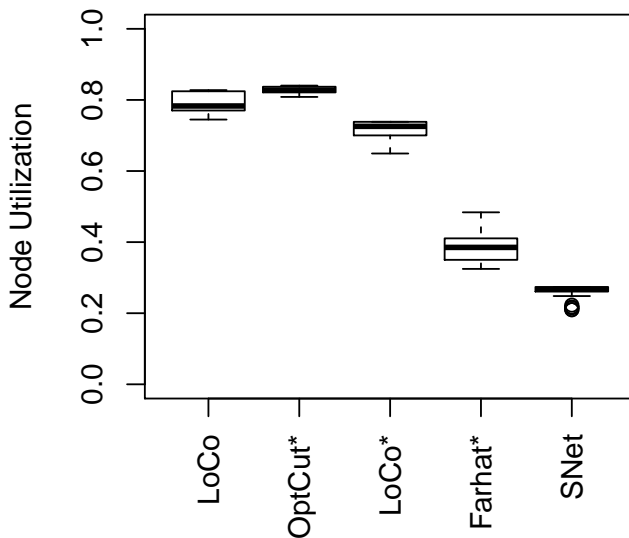
## Reason I: Good Scenario for LoCo

**Size 10**



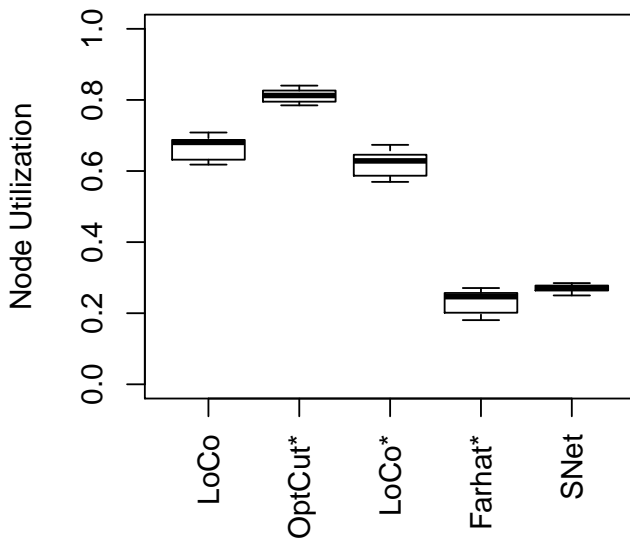
# Reason I: Good Scenario for LoCo

**Size 11**



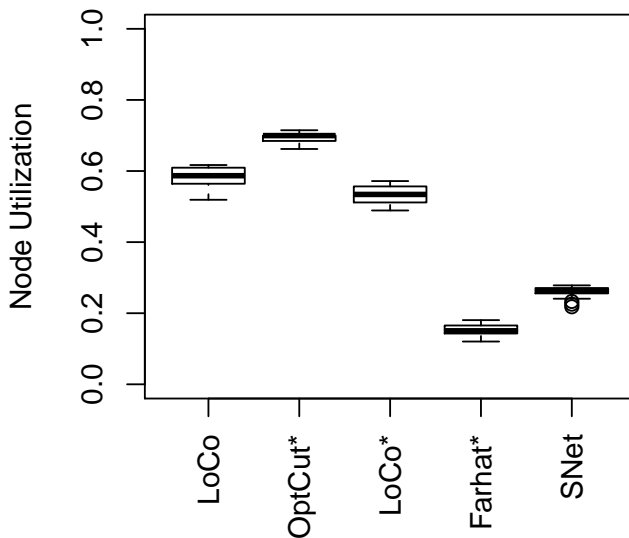
## Reason I: Good Scenario for LoCo

**Size 12**



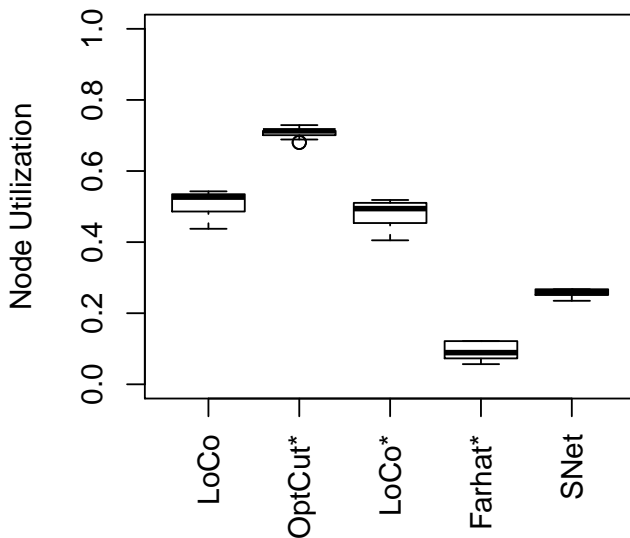
## Reason I: Good Scenario for LoCo

**Size 13**



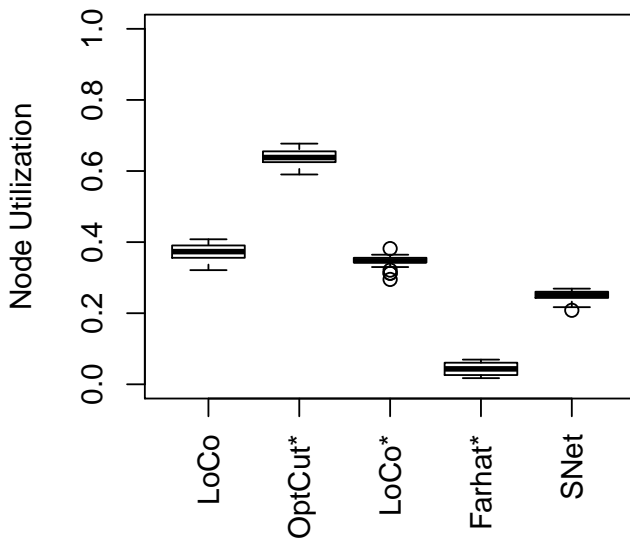
## Reason I: Good Scenario for LoCo

**Size 14**



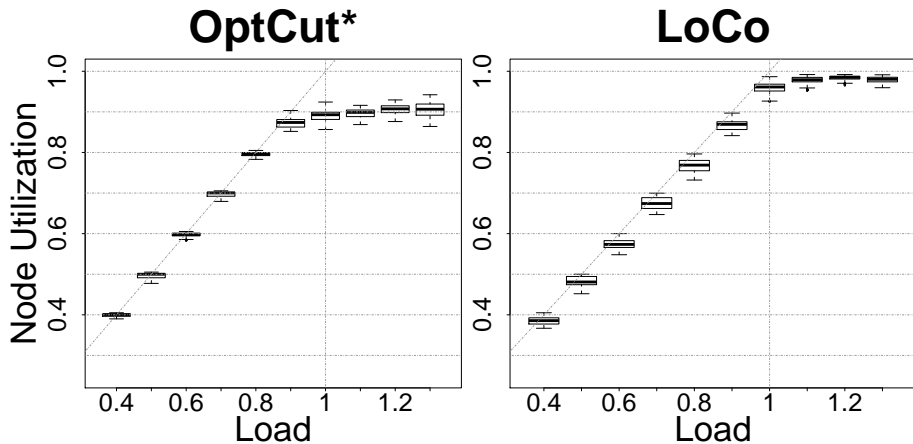
## Reason I: Good Scenario for LoCo

**Size 15**





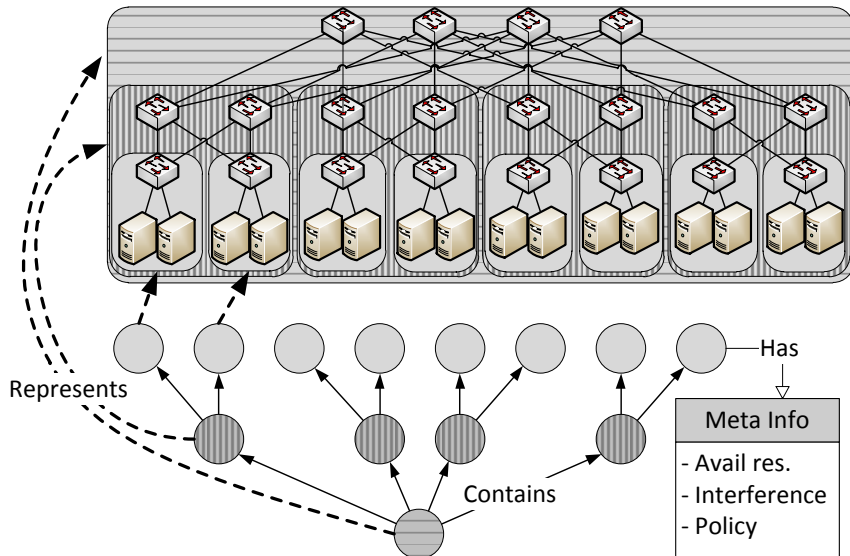
## Reason II: Fragmented Residual Resources



# What else is in the paper?

- Description of the MetaTree Framework

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- Description of the MetaTree Framework
- Detailed description of LoCo

## What else is in the paper?

**Require:** VNet  $G = (V, E)$ ,  $M = \{s\}$  for some  $s \in V(G)$ ,  $P = (\Gamma(s))$

```
while  $|P| > 0$  do  
    sort  $P$                                 (* decreasing link capacities *)  
    choose  $u = P[0]$                         (* next node to map *)  
    map  $u$                                 (* forward checking *)  
    map  $\{u, v\} \quad \forall \quad v \in M, \text{ where } \{u, v\} \in E(G)$   
     $M = M \cup \{u\}$  and  $P = P \setminus \{u\}$   
end while  
if (embedding failed), backtrack on  $s$ 
```

# What else is in the paper?

- Description of the MetaTree Framework
- Detailed description of LoCo
- Concrete MIP formulations and evaluation
  - ▶ Runtime comparison
  - ▶ Impact of  $MAX_E$  and  $MAX_V$

# What else is in the paper?

## Constants:

Set of nodes:  $V$  (1)

Set of edges:  $E \subset V \times V$  (2)

Weights:  $W : V \cup E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$  (3)

Maximal node resources:  $MAX_V$  (4)

Maximal link resources:  $MAX_E$  (5)

Larger nodes:  $\rho : V \rightarrow 2^V$  (6)

## Variables:

PC

Node mapping:  $\text{alloc}_V : V \times V \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$  (7)

Auxiliary variable:  $x : E \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$  (8)

...

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