STN: A Robust and Distributed Control Plane

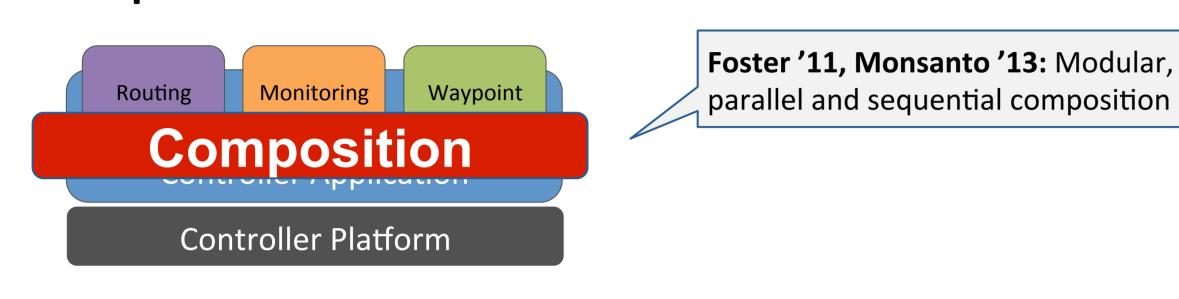
Marco Canini, Daniele De Cicco, Petr Kuznetsov, Dan Levin, Stefan Schmid and Stefano Vissicchio



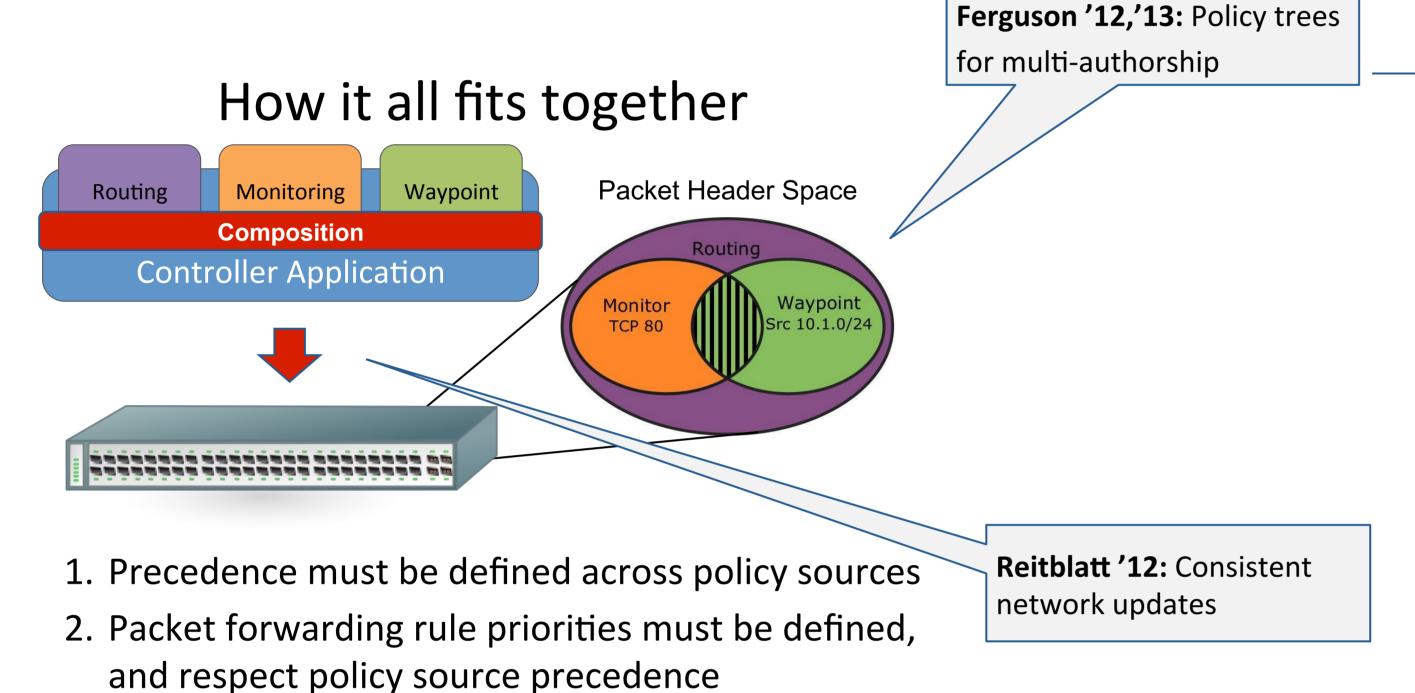
- How to realize distributed policy composition, with:
- Support for multi-authorship and transactional semantics, that is:
- Robust to a number of controller stop-failures

SDN Policy Composition Review

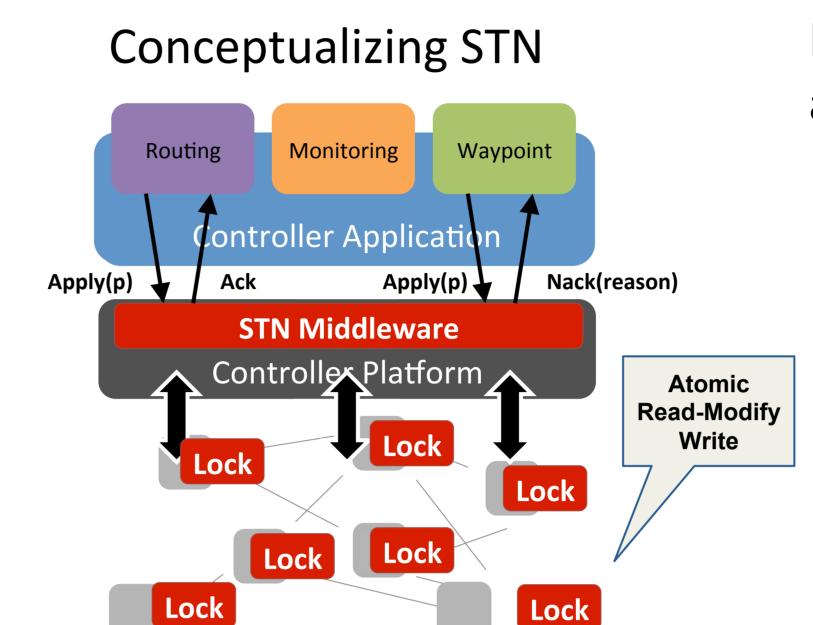
Policy may originate from multiple authors, defined across multiple functional modules.



...necessitates policy composition prior to network update.



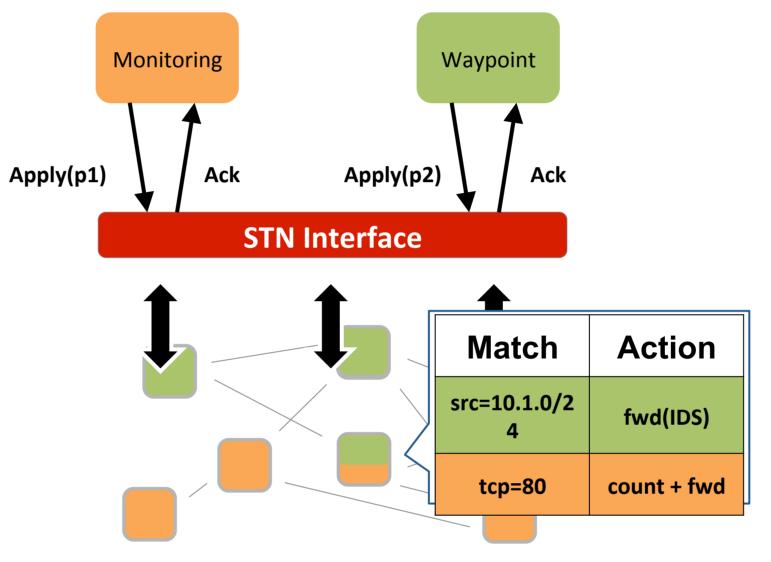
STN: Software Transactional Networking



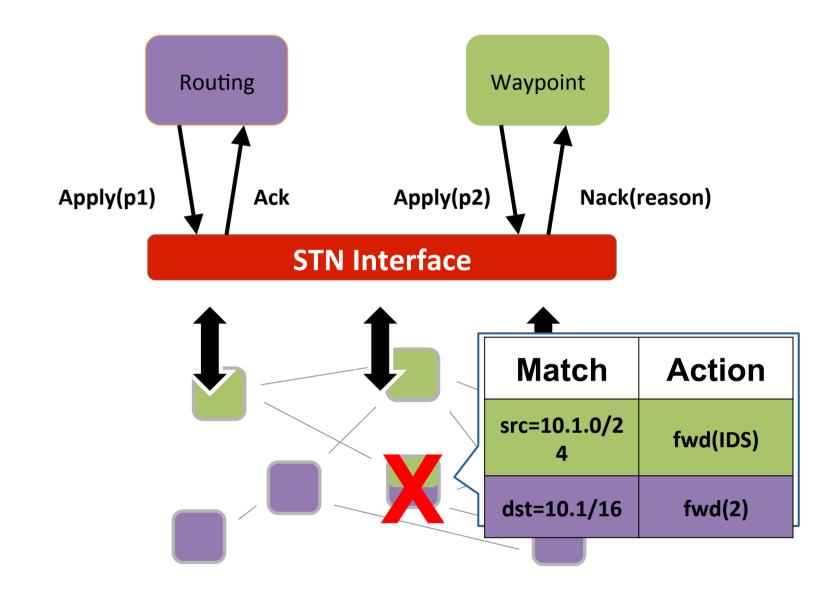
Prototype **implemented on pyretic** as an interface that provides:

- distributed **policy composition**
- support for multi-authorship
- transactional all-or-nothing policy composition semantics
- per-packet consistent policy updates



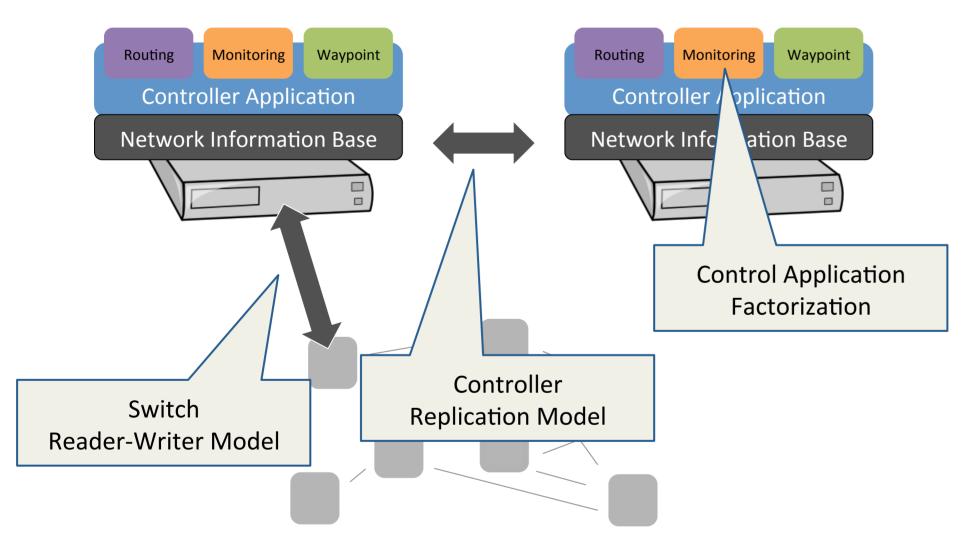


STN in Action (Nack Case)

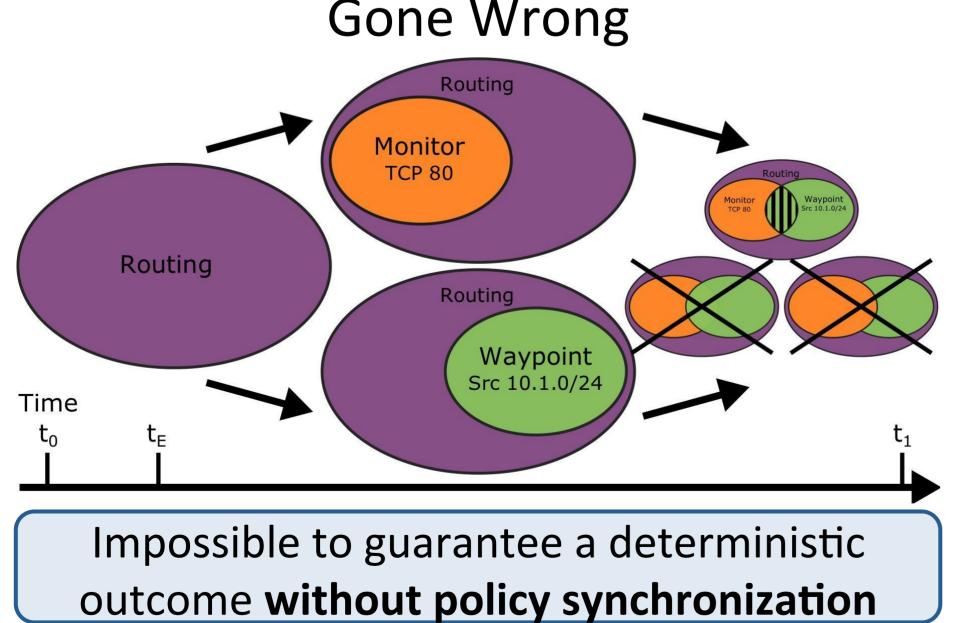


STN prevents concurrent, conflicting policy updates from affecting any traffic

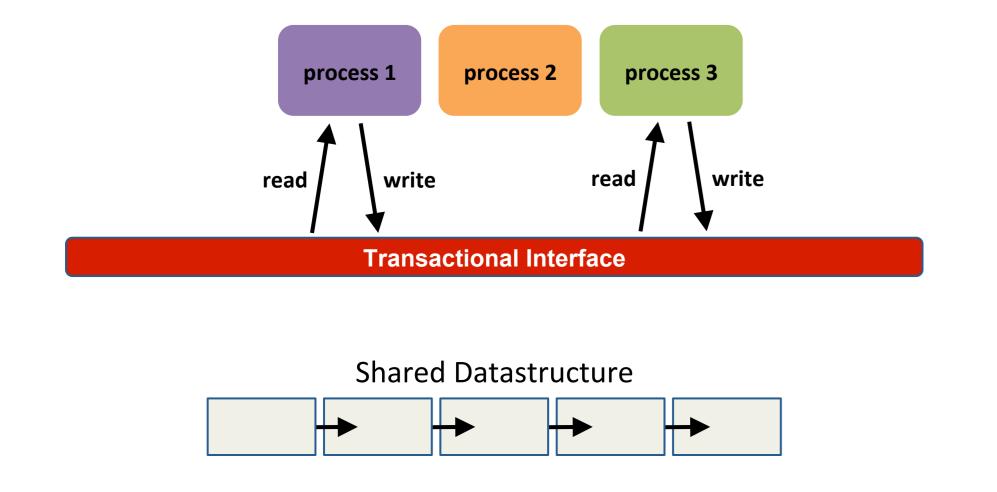
Problem: Distributed Policy Composition



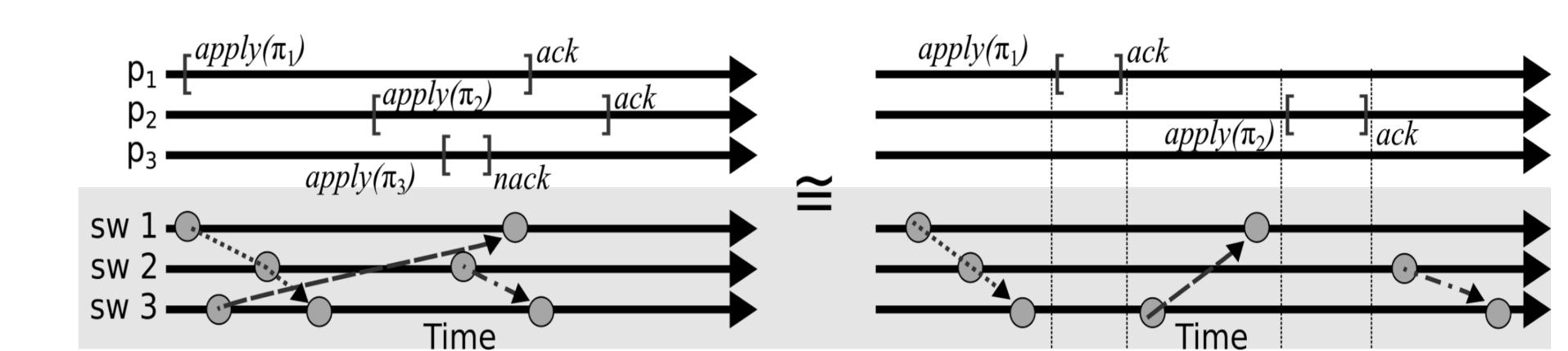
Concurrent Policy Composition
Gone Wrong



Inspiration from Software Transactional Memory



The Result: Linearizable Concurrent Policy Updates



Linearizability (an equivalent sequential history) is the "holy grail" safety property

Robustness to Controller "Stop-Failures"

Theorem 1

STN ensures linearizability and wait-freedom with exponential *tag complexity*

Theorem 2

STN is resilliant to f controller stop-failures with optimal tag complexity f+2

Wait-freedom is the "holy grail" liveness property

References

- [1] Software Transactional Networking: Concurrent and Consistent Policy Composition, In Proceedings of SIGCOMM HotSDN 2013
- [2] The Case for Reliable Software Transactional Networking, Research Report CoRR, http://arxiv.org/abs/1004.4701