8.7. LABS



Exercise 8.3: Creating a Persistent Volume Claim (PVC)

Before Pods can take advantage of the new PV we need to create a **Persistent Volume Claim** (**PVC**).

1. Begin by determining if any currently exist.

```
Student@cp:~$ kubectl get pvc

No resources found in default namespace.
```

2. Create a YAML file for the new pvc.

```
student@cp:~$ vim pvc.yaml
```

```
pvc.yaml

apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
name: pvc-one
spec:
accessModes:
- ReadWriteMany
resources:
requests:
storage: 200Mi
```

3. Create and verify the new pvc is bound. Note that the size is 1Gi, even though 200Mi was suggested. Only a volume of at least that size could be used.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl create -f pvc.yaml
   persistentvolumeclaim/pvc-one created
student@cp:~$ kubectl get pvc
   NAME
              STATUS
                        VOLUME
                                   CAPACITY
                                              ACCESSMODES
                                                             STORAGECLASS
                                                                             AGE
   pvc-one
              Bound
                                   1Gi
                                              R.WX
                        pvvol-1
                                                                             4s
```

4. Look at the status of the pv again, to determine if it is in use. It should show a status of Bound.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl get pv
```

```
NAME CAPACITY ACCESSMODES RECLAIMPOLICY STATUS CLAIM
STORAGECLASS REASON AGE
pvvol-1 1Gi RWX Retain Bound default/pvc-one
5m
```

5. Create a new deployment to use the pvc. We will copy and edit an existing deployment yaml file. We will change the deployment name then add a volumeMounts section under containers and a volumes section to the general spec. The name used must match in both places, whatever name you use. The claimName must match an existing pvc. As shown in the following example. The volumes line is the same indent as containers and dnsPolicy.



```
student@cp:~$ cp first.yaml nfs-pod.yaml
student@cp:~$ vim nfs-pod.yaml
```



nfs-pod.yaml

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
2 kind: Deployment
  metadata:
     annotations:
       deployment.kubernetes.io/revision: "1"
     generation: 1
6
     labels:
      run: nginx
                                        #<-- Edit name
9
     name: nginx-nfs
10
     namespace: default
11 spec:
     replicas: 1
12
     selector:
13
     matchLabels:
14
15
       run: nginx
     strategy:
16
      rollingUpdate:
17
         maxSurge: 1
18
         maxUnavailable: 1
19
       type: RollingUpdate
20
     template:
^{21}
22
       metadata:
23
         creationTimestamp: null
24
         labels:
           run: nginx
25
       spec:
26
         containers:
27
         - image: nginx
28
           imagePullPolicy: Always
29
           name: nginx
30
           volumeMounts:
                                         #<-- Add these three lines
31
           - name: nfs-vol
32
             mountPath: /opt
33
           ports:
34
35
           - containerPort: 80
36
             protocol: TCP
           resources: {}
37
           terminationMessagePath: /dev/termination-log
38
           terminationMessagePolicy: File
39
         volumes:
                                              #<-- Add these four lines
40
         - name: nfs-vol
41
           persistentVolumeClaim:
42
             claimName: pvc-one
43
         dnsPolicy: ClusterFirst
44
         restartPolicy: Always
45
         schedulerName: default-scheduler
46
         securityContext: {}
47
         terminationGracePeriodSeconds: 30
48
```

6. Create the pod using the newly edited file.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl create -f nfs-pod.yaml
```

```
deployment.apps/nginx-nfs created
```



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7. Look at the details of the pod. You may see the daemonset pods running as well.

student@cp:~\$ kubectl get pods

```
NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE
nginx-nfs-1054709768-s8g28 1/1 Running 0 3m
```

student@cp:~\$ kubectl describe pod nginx-nfs-1054709768-s8g28

```
nginx-nfs-1054709768-s8g28
Name:
               default
Namespace:
Priority:
Node:
                worker/10.128.0.5
<output_omitted>
   Mounts:
     /opt from nfs-vol (rw)
<output_omitted>
Volumes:
 nfs-vol:
                PersistentVolumeClaim (a reference to a PersistentV...
   Type:
   ClaimName:
                    pvc-one
   ReadOnly:
                     false
<output_omitted>
```

8. View the status of the PVC. It should show as bound.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl get pvc
```

```
NAME STATUS VOLUME CAPACITY ACCESS MODES STORAGECLASS AGE
pvc-one Bound pvvol-1 1Gi RWX 2m
```