Transmission Type fuel efficciency Analysis

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Synopsis

Using the Motor Trends data this report endeavours to find out whether automatic or manual transmission is better for MPG? This report will further more attempt to quantify the MPG difference between automatic and manual transmissions. In an effort to keep the report consise most R code is not show, please feel free to visit this GitHub Repo for the complete R Markdown code.

Data Dictionary

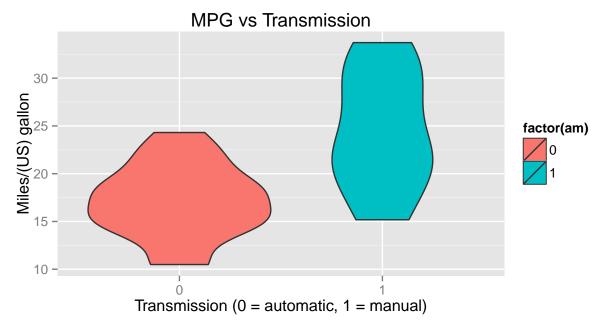
The Motor Trends data consists of 32 observations. For a full description of the data definition please refer to the Motor Trends Data Documentation.

Field	Definition	Field	Definition
$\overline{\mathrm{mpg}}$	Miles/(US) gallon	cyl	Number of cylinders
disp	Displacement (cu.in.)	hp	Gross horsepower
drat	Rear axle ratio	wt	Weight $(lb/1000)$
qsec	1/4 mile time in seconds	vs	V/S (0 = V-engine, 1 = straight engine)
am	Transmission (0 = automatic, $1 = \text{manual}$)	gear	Number of forward gears
carb	Number of carburetors		

Exploring the Motor Trend data

Let's start by getting a feel for the dataset by running summuary() on a few of the more interesting fields followed by a violin plot to get an idea of the role transmission plays in MPG.

##	car	s.mpg	car	s.cyl	cars	.disp	car	s.hp
##	Min.	:10.4	Min.	:4.00	Min.	: 71.1	Min.	: 52.0
##	1st Qu	.:15.4	1st Qu	.:4.00	1st Qu	.:120.8	1st Qu	.: 96.5
##	Median	:19.2	Median	:6.00	Median	:196.3	Median	:123.0
##	Mean	:20.1	Mean	:6.19	Mean	:230.7	Mean	:146.7
##	3rd Qu	.:22.8	3rd Qu	.:8.00	3rd Qu	.:326.0	3rd Qu	.:180.0
##	Max.	:33.9	Max.	:8.00	Max.	:472.0	Max.	:335.0
##	cars	.drat	car	s.wt	cars	.qsec	cars.	carb
## ##	cars Min.		car Min.		cars Min.	-	cars. Min.	
		:2.76		:1.51		:14.5		:1.00
##	Min.	:2.76 .:3.08	Min.	:1.51 .:2.58	Min.	:14.5 .:16.9	Min.	:1.00 :2.00
## ##	Min. 1st Qu	:2.76 :3.08 :3.69	Min. 1st Qu	:1.51 .:2.58 :3.33	Min. 1st Qu	:14.5 .:16.9 :17.7	Min. 1st Qu.	:1.00 :2.00 :2.00
## ## ##	Min. 1st Qu Median	:2.76 :3.08 :3.69 :3.60	Min. 1st Qu Median Mean	:1.51 .:2.58 :3.33	Min. 1st Qu Median	:14.5 .:16.9 :17.7 :17.8	Min. 1st Qu. Median	:1.00 :2.00 :2.00 :2.81



We find that the mean MPG for our Automatic transmissions is 17.1474 and 24.3923 for our Manual transmissions giving us a 7.2449 mean MPG difference with the Automatic transmission being less efficient. This extremely simple comparison is just the beginning of our journey.

Regression Modeling

Next we iteratively run linear regressions starting with summary(lm(mpg ~ cyl + disp + hp + drat + wt + qsec + vs + am + gear + carb, data = cars))\$coef, in each subsequent run we remove the entry (field) with the largest Pr(>|t|) score until we only have one left, namely wt. Next we use the anova() function to find the cut-off point in terms regression variables. We find that including the gear is not beneficial to our regression model and when it is not specified the Transmission type am scrapes in just under 5%.

Field	$\Pr(>F)$ for $(mpg \sim wt, qsec, am)$	$\Pr(>F)$ for $(mpg \sim wt, qsec, am, gear)$
wt	NA	NA
qsec	$9.2862 \times 10-4$	0.0011
am	0.0467	0.0508
gear		0.8897

The fields wt, qsec and am feel like the right set of variables to be looking at but a linear coeficient against qsec seems odd, one would expect diminishing returns for fuel consumed as the qsec shrunk. To this end I introduce the variable qsec.2.I which reads 1/(qsec * qsec). The following two tables detail the coeficients of the respective linear regression models. We see that using the variable qsec.2.I as opposed to qsec yields a tighter fit to our data as evidenced by every single Pr(>|t|) almost being halved.

##		Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
##	(Intercept)	9.618	6.9596	1.382	1.779e-01
##	wt	-3.917	0.7112	-5.507	6.953e-06
##	qsec	1.226	0.2887	4.247	2.162e-04
##	am	2.936	1.4109	2.081	4.672e-02

```
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                   42.806
                              2.6020
                                      16.451 6.347e-16
                                      -5.649 4.719e-06
## wt
                   -3.845
                              0.6806
                -3603.694
                            767.4360
                                      -4.696 6.370e-05
## qsec.2.I
                    3.191
                              1.3612
                                        2.344 2.639e-02
```

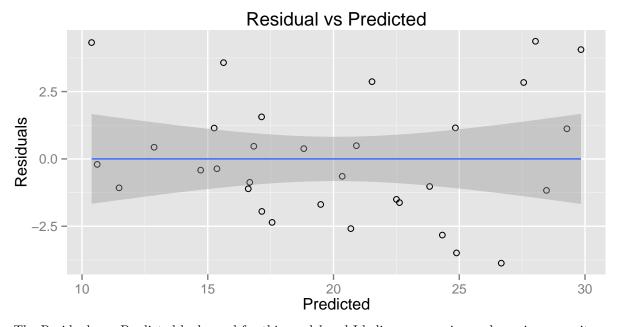
Using the variable qsec we arive a an model that reads for each wt (lb/1000) increase MPG drops by -3.9165. For each additional second in qsec (1/4 mile time in seconds) MPG increases by 1.2259 and Manual transmissions yield a 2.9358 MPG benefit over Automatic transmissions.

Confidence

The R^2 for the qsec and qsec.2.I regression models are 0.8497 and 0.8617 respectively. The R^2 for the qsec.2.I based regression model is marinally stronger (by 0.0121) and with this model explaining 0.8617 of the variability this is a highly predictive model.

Residuals

Lastly we will review the Residuals vs. Predicted of our regression using the qsec.2.I field.



The Residuals vs. Predicted look good for this model and I believe we can in good concience use it.

Conclusion

Using our qsec.2.I based regression model we find that Manual transmissions yield better MPG in the amount of 3.1909 MPG.