

Introduction to Generative Adversarial Networks

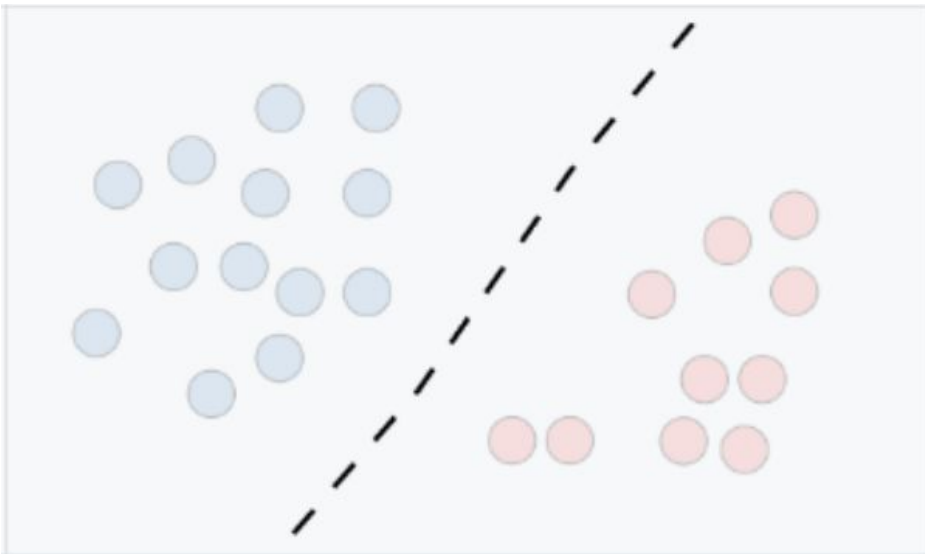
Pranoy Radhakrishnan
Co-Founder
Neuroplex

Generative and Discriminative Models

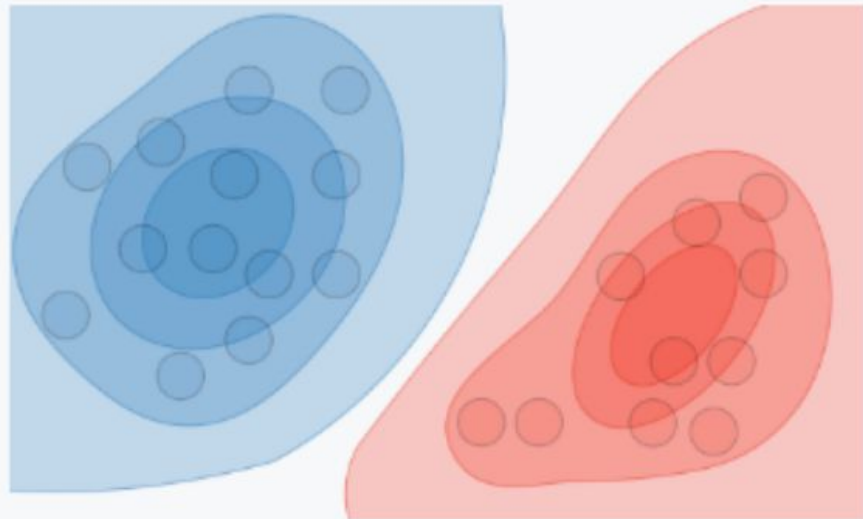
Generative modeling means building a model that can generate new examples that come from the same distribution as the training data.

Discriminative models learn the function mapping inputs and outputs.

Discriminative Models



Generative Models



Generative Adversarial Networks



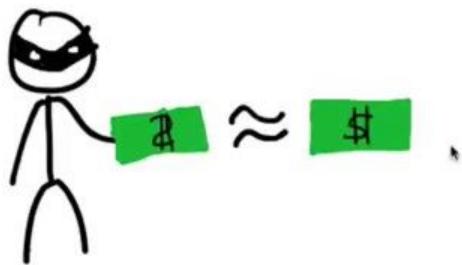


I do not exist!

Produced by a GAN (generative adversarial network)
[StyleGAN](#) (Dec 2018) - [Karras](#) et al. and Nvidia
[Original GAN](#) (2014) - [Goodfellow](#) et al.
Don't panic. Learn about [how it works](#).
Help me figure out what was learned by this AI [here](#).

<https://thispersondoesnotexist.com/>

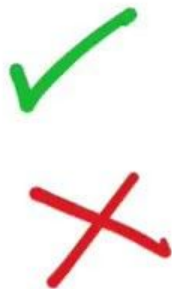
Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)

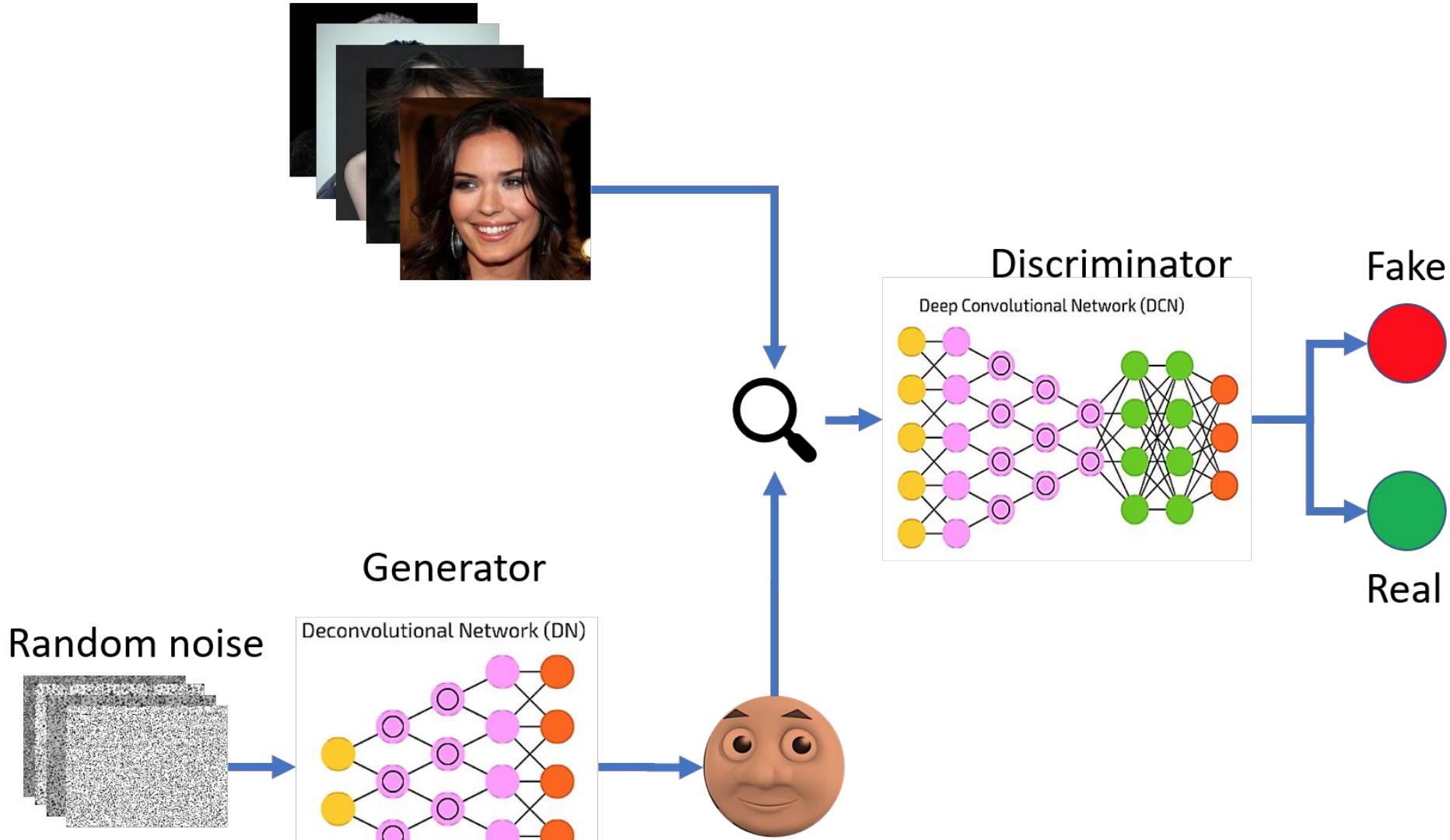


counterfeiters

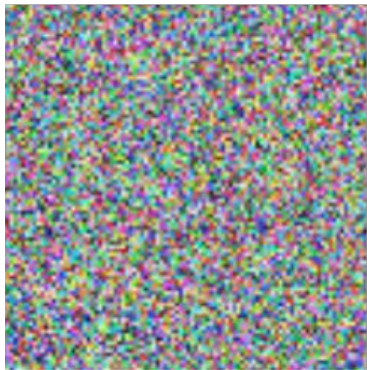


police

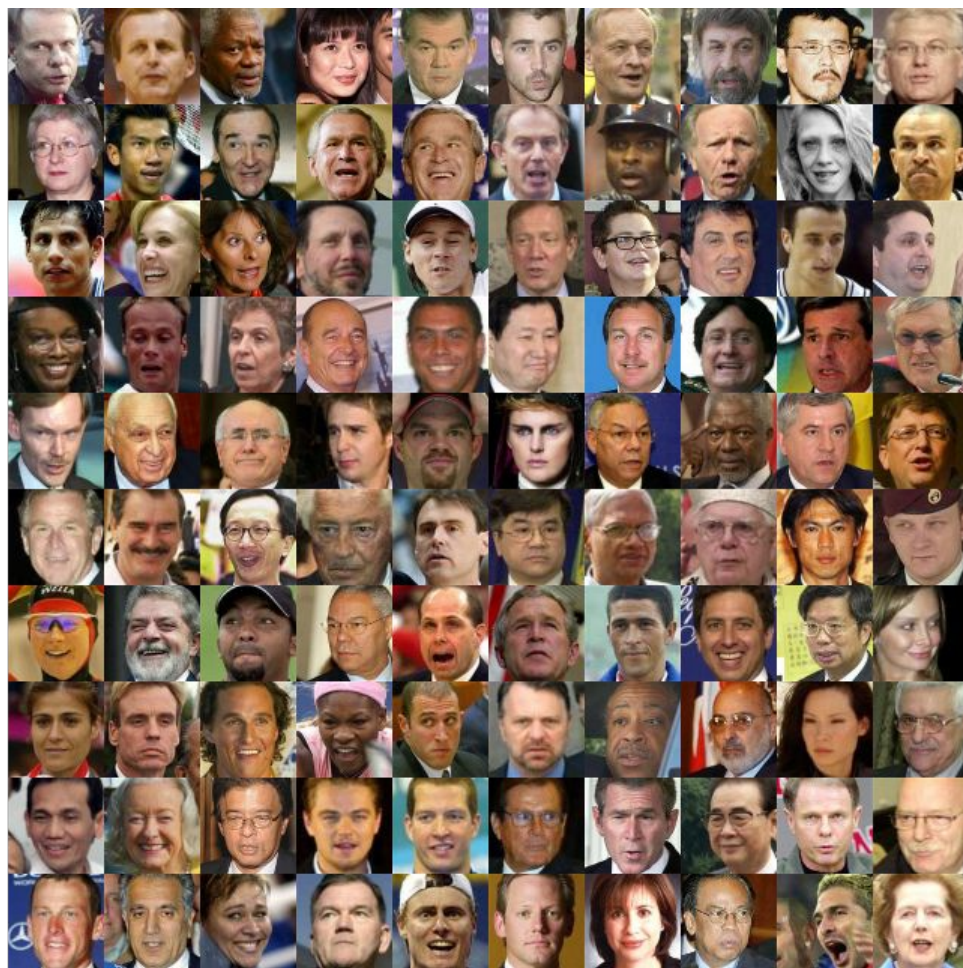




Noise $\sim N(0,1)$



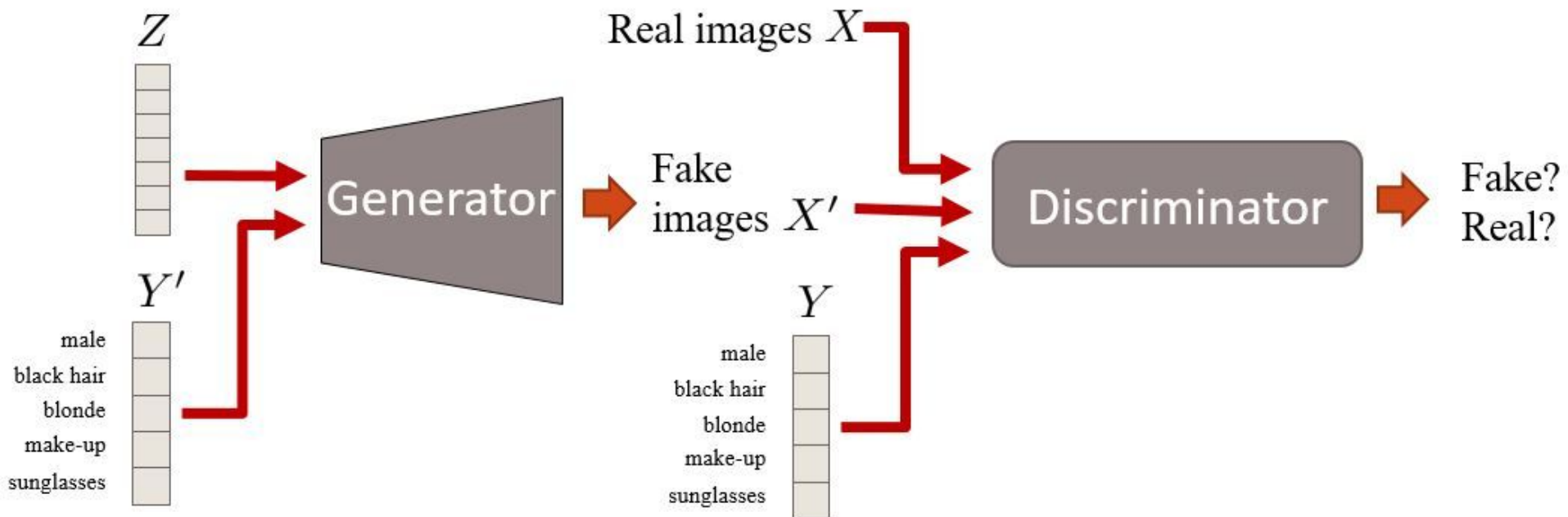
Generative
Model



$$\minmax_{G \quad D} V(D, G) = \mathbb{E}_{x \sim p_{data}(x)} [\log D(x)] + \mathbb{E}_{z \sim p_z(z)} [\log(1 - D(G(z)))]$$

Different Types of GAN

Conditional GAN





Applications

Input

Blond hair

Gender

Aged

Pale skin

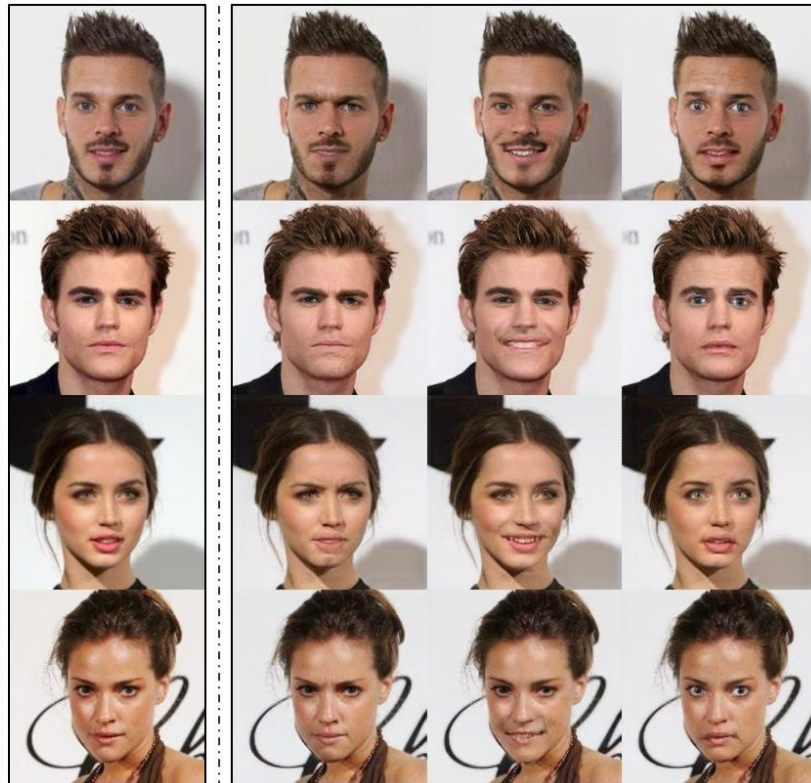


Input

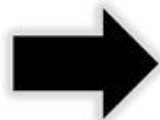
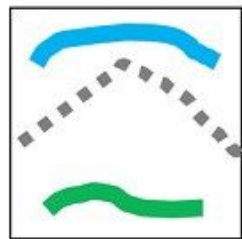
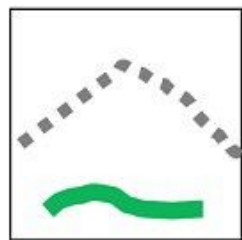
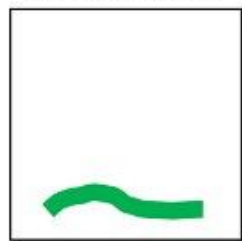
Angry

Happy

Fearful



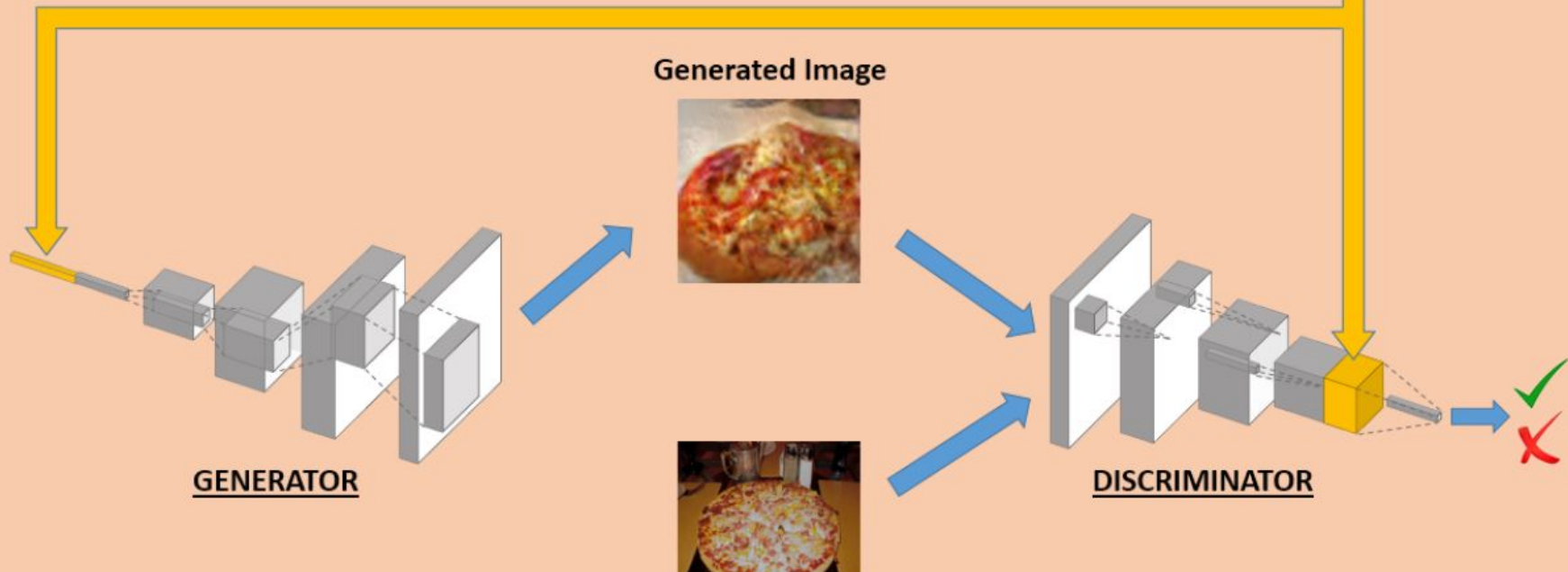
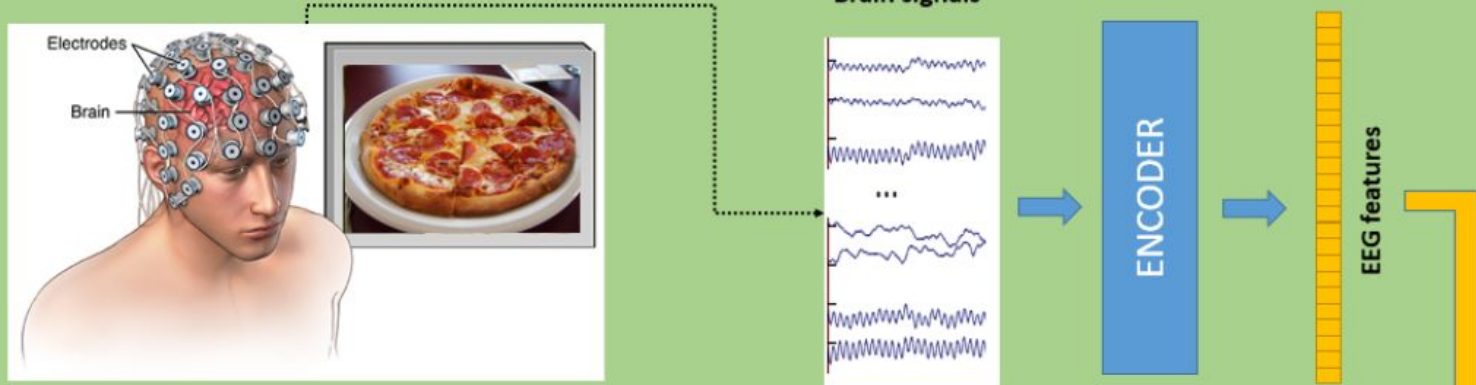
User edits



Generated images



 Color
 Sketch

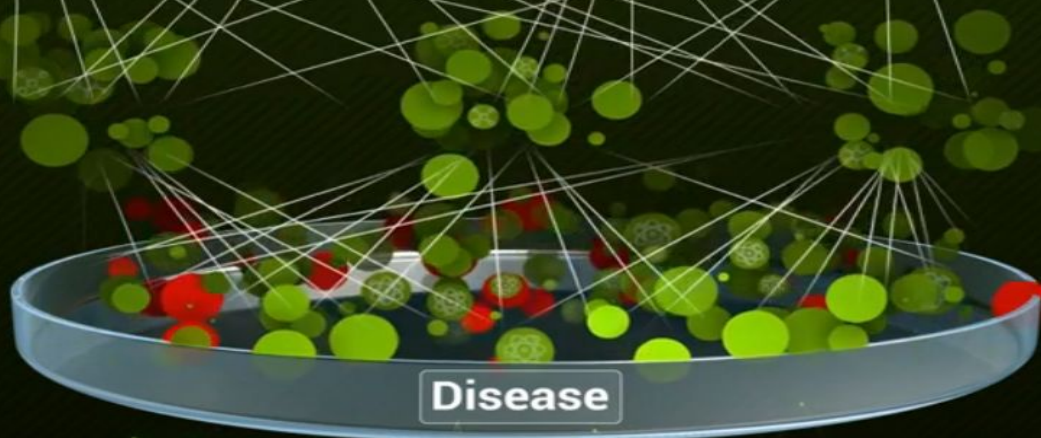
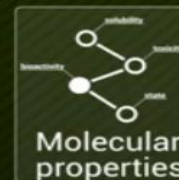


Drug Database

Drug candidates



discriminator



Disease

Generative Adversarial Networks



INSILICO MEDICINE

Monet \leftrightarrow Photos



Monet \rightarrow photo

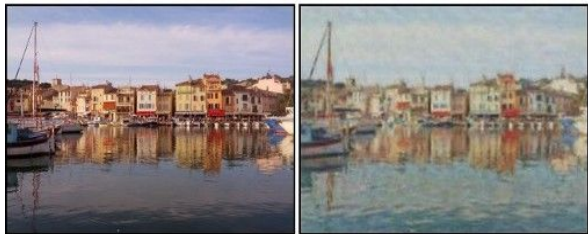


photo \rightarrow Monet

Zebras \leftrightarrow Horses

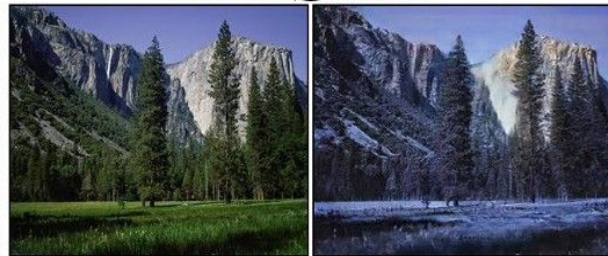


zebra \rightarrow horse

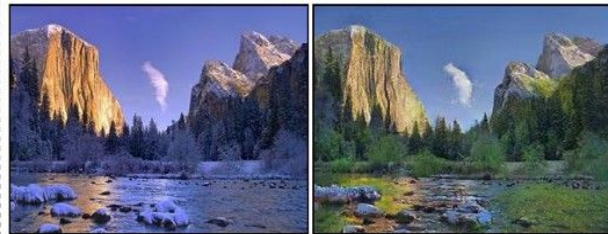


horse \rightarrow zebra

Summer \leftrightarrow Winter



summer \rightarrow winter



winter \rightarrow summer



Photograph



Monet



Van Gogh



Cezanne



Ukiyo-e

bicubic
(21.59dB/0.6423)



SRResNet
(23.53dB/0.7832)



SRGAN
(21.15dB/0.6868)



original

