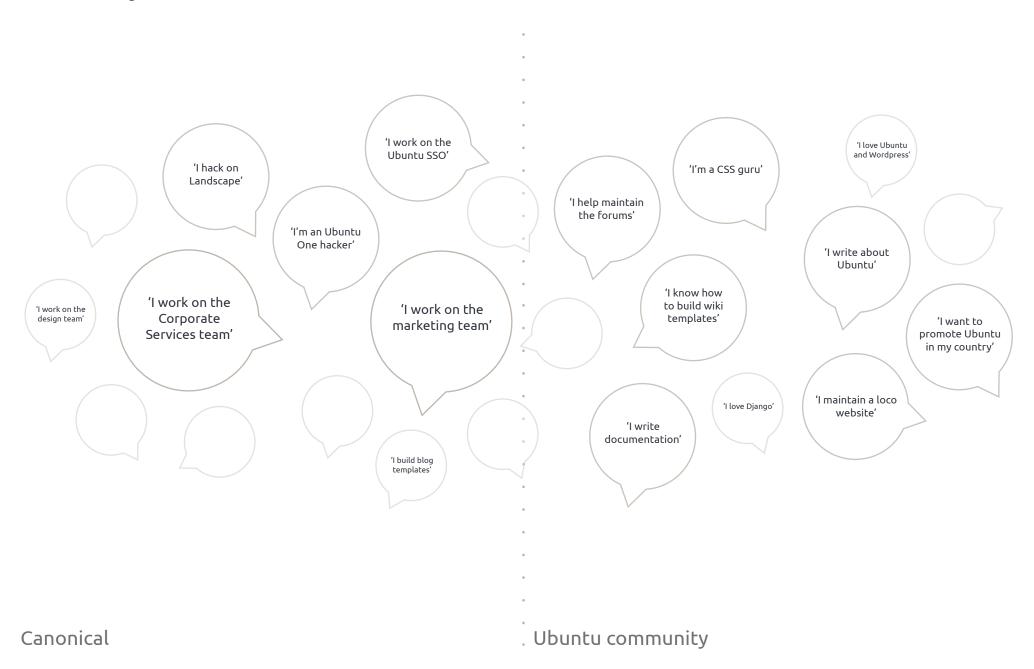




Where are you in the Ubuntu universe?



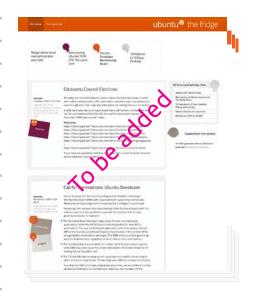
The Ubuntu web universe



In a diverse universe, it is important to speak a common language









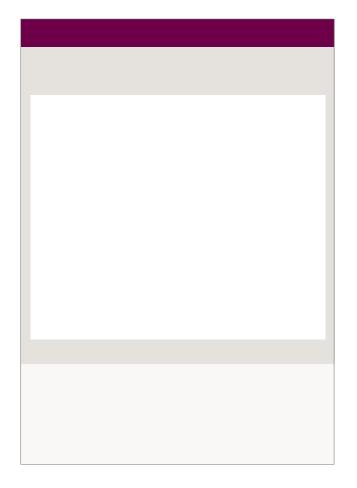
Canonical websites and web-based services

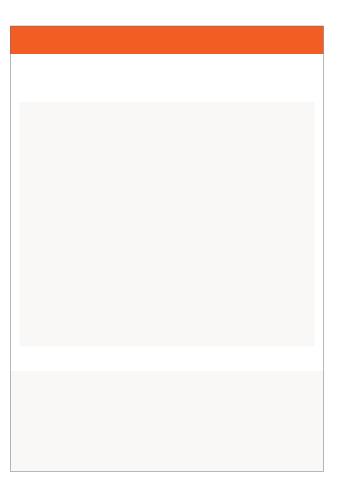
Ubuntu websites and online services
 maintained by Canonical

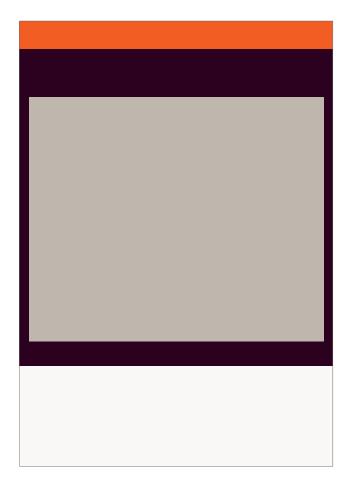
Websites maintained by the Ubuntucommunity, supported by Canonical

Independent Ubuntu-related websites,blogs, online magazines, etc.

Colour landscape – common language, different accents







Canonical Primary colours



HEX #772953



HEX #dfdcd9



HEX #f7f6f5



HEX #ffffff





Ubuntu

Primary colours



HEX #f7f6f5



HEX #ffffff

Ubuntu Server and Cloud

HEX #2c001e

Primary colours



HEX #dd4814



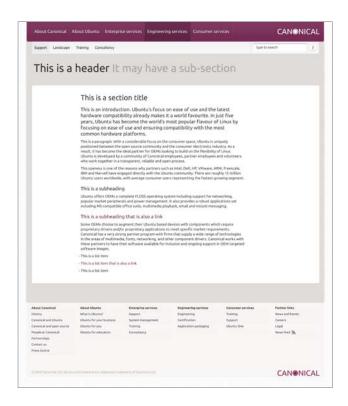


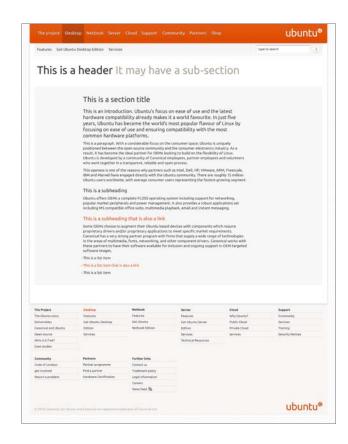


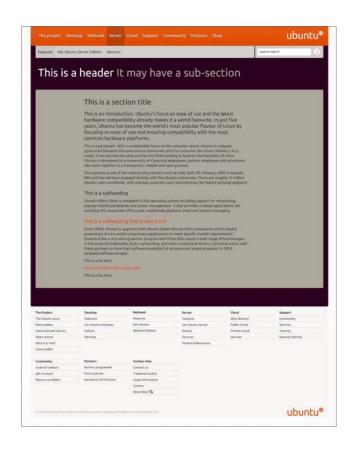
Warm grey 10% Warm grey* HEX #f7f6f5 HEX #aea79f

Ubuntu web design guidelines Introduction Canonical and Ubuntu

Colour landscape – Canonical and Ubuntu base templates







Canonical

Aubergine is the primary Canonical brand colour. It's confident and opinionated.

Warm grey and white are used as content background colours to bring clarity, honesty and transparency to the design.

Ubuntu

Orange is the primary **Ubuntu** colour. It's lively, crisp and warm.

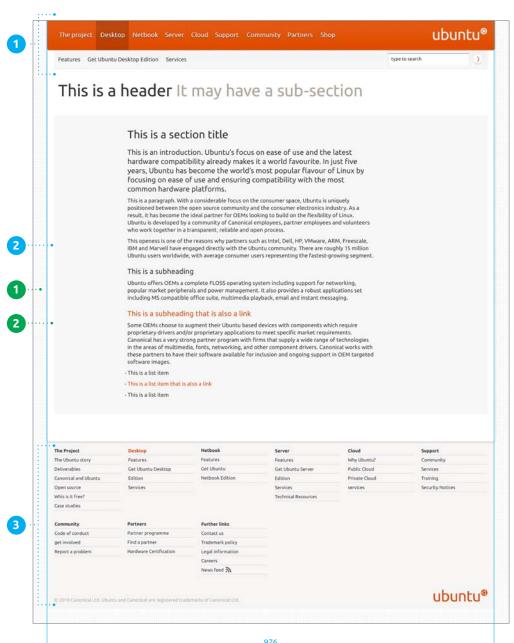
White and 10% tint of warm grey are used as content background colours for a bright, open feel.

Ubuntu Server and Cloud

Dark purple is the primary colours for Ubuntu Server and Cloud.

Warm grey is used as a supporting background colour.

Basic structure



LAYOUT SPECIFICATION

1 Header area
Consists of primary and
secondary navigation. More on
the header area on page XX.

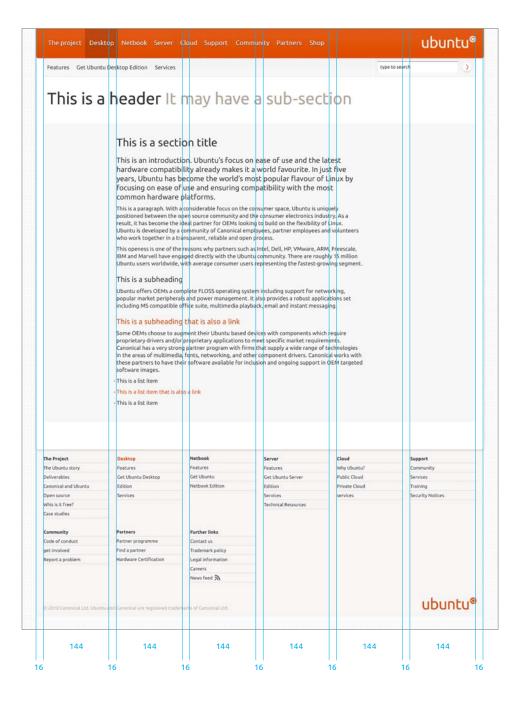
Content area
This is where the page content is displayed.

Footer area
Read more about the footer area
on page XX.

GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

- 1 Body background Background-color: #ffffff Background-image: 4x4px dot pattern using 1px #cecac5 dot
- Page background Background-color: #ffffff Corner radius: Bottom left, right: 4px Drop shadow: 4px #bbbbbb

The Ubuntu grid system



What are grids and why use them?

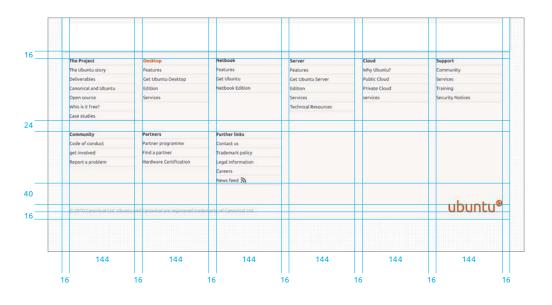
Grids are very important in web design. They help the designers structure the page visually and are very useful to developers who build templates and stylesheets.

The Ubuntu grid system

All Ubuntu templates are built using the same, 16px-based, 6-column grid. All horizontal and vertical margins and paddings are multiple of 8 and 16px.

Header and footer





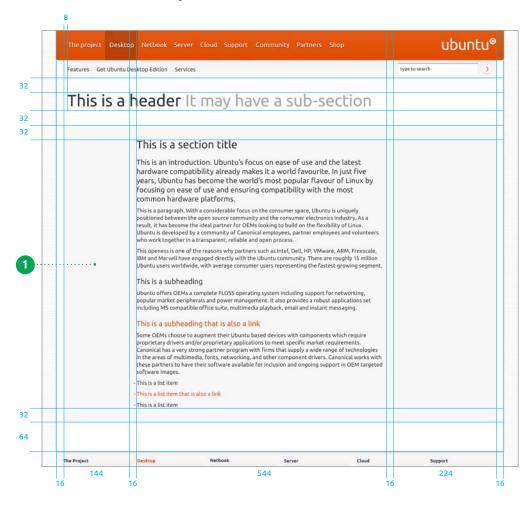
Page header

Ubuntu page header consists of top-level navigation, second-level navigation (where necessary) and search box. Read more about the navigation on page 19.

Footer area

Footer area consists of **footer navigation** and **legal/copyright** info. Footer navigation acts as a sitemap, enhances search engine optimisation and supports the main navigation. Read more about the footer on page 19.

General template



What is general template for?

General template defines the most basic, single-column content page. Please note that the grid is consistently using multiples of 8 and 16px.

The text area stretches across 3.5 columns – white space on the left and right provides the necessary "breathing space" and the measure (length of each line of text) is optimised for legibility.

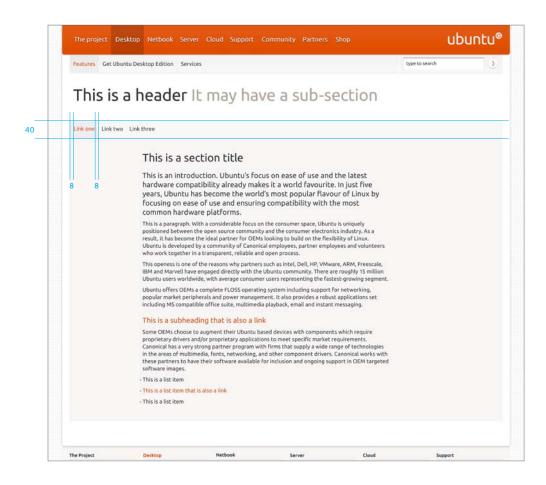
. .

GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

1

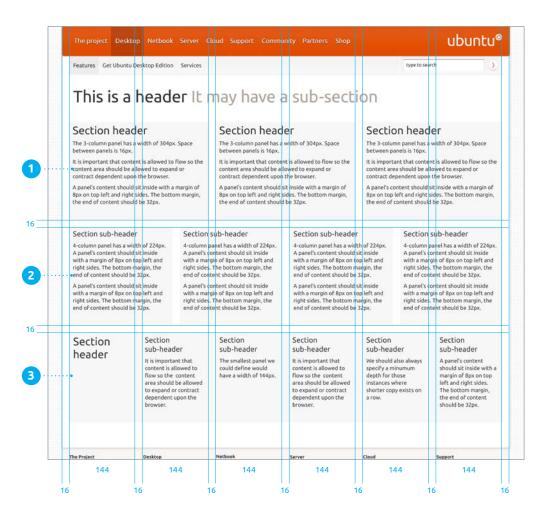
Content panel

Background-color: #f7f7f7 Corner radius: 4px General template with tertiary navigation



Page using the tertiary navigation inherits all other properties of the standard general template page. Read more about the tertiary navigation on page 19.

Multi-column layouts



How to build multicolumn layouts?

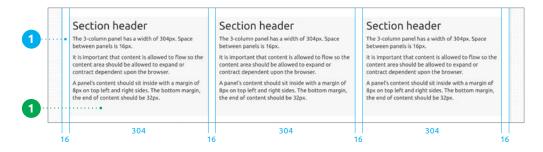
Whether you're using 3, 4 or 6 columns, always remember to follow the general grid. Make sure the spacings are consistent and adhere to the globally defined rules.

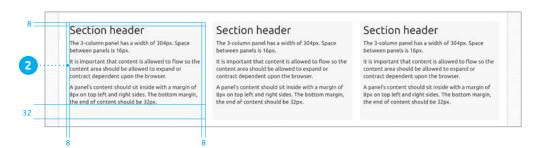
. .

LAYOUT SPECIFICATION

- 1 3-column layout
 This layout uses three separate
 content panels. Width of each
 panel is 304px
- 2 4-column layout
 This layout uses four separate
 content panels. Width of each
 panel is 224px
- 3 6-column layout
 This layout uses six columns of text
 within one content panel. Width of
 each column is 144px.

Multi-column layouts – example 1





3-column layout with standard panels

This example depicts typical content panels in a 3-column layout.

Styling and layout of the standard content panel should be used as a base for all other content panels.

. .

LAYOUT SPECIFICATION

1 Sizes and spacing
Space between panels: 16px
Panel width: 304px

2 Internal padding
Padding top, left, right: 8px
Padding bottom: 32px

GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

1 Content panel Background-color: #f7f7f7 Corner radius: 4px

Multi-column layouts – example 2



Content box with two columns

In this example, the content box stretches across the full width of the page and consists of main header, two columns of text with subheadings and two pictograms. . .

LAYOUT SPECIFICATION

1 Sizes and spacing
Space between columns: 16px
Content column width: 304px

Pictogram column width: 144px

2 Internal padding Padding top, left: 8px Padding bottom: 32px



Typography on the web



The Ubuntu font family

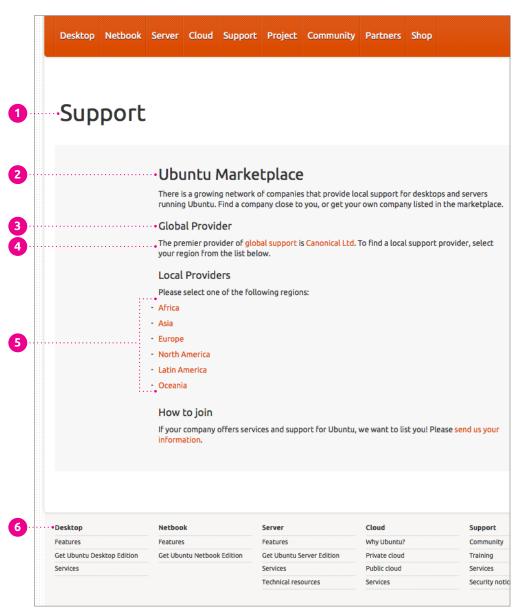
All Ubuntu websites can now take advantage of the new Ubuntu font family. The Ubuntu fonts have been carefully designed, hinted and kerned to provide the best experience and legibility.

The correct global font definition is:

```
body {
    font-family: 'Ubuntubeta', 'Ubuntu',
    'Bitstream Vera Sans', 'DejaVu Sans',
    Tahoma, sans-serif;
}
```

This definition provides appropriate fallback fonts for older versions of Ubuntu and other major operating systems. It is very important to only use one global definition and to not override it with any local classes.

Typographic scale



Typographic scale "in action" on a live page

36 24 16 12 10

Typographic scale defines relationships between headers, paragraphs and other typographic elements. It is important to understand those relationships and apply the correct rules.

1 Header 1

Font-size: 36px Line-height: 40px

2 Header2

Font-size: 24px Line-height: 28px

3 Header 3 Font-size: 16px Line-height: 20px

4 Paragraph
Font-size: 12px

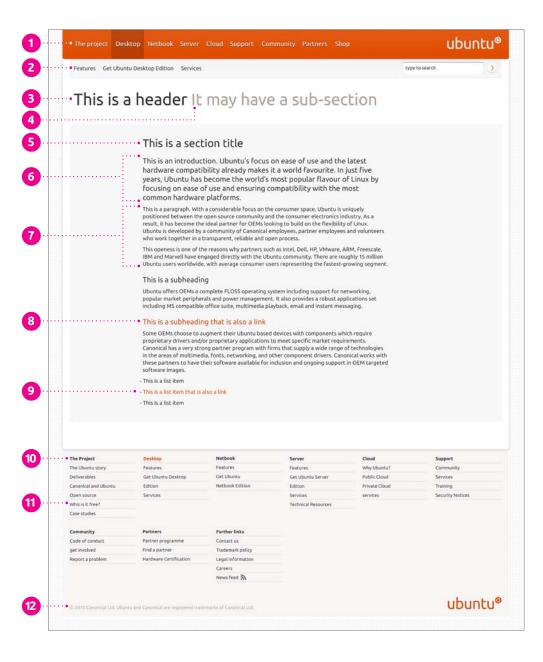
Font-size: 12px Line-height: 16px

5 List

Font-size: 12px Line-height: 16px

6 Small text Font-size: 10px Line-height: 14px

Typographic styles – Ubuntu



1 Top-level navigation

Font-size: 14px Line-height: 16px Color: #ffffff

2 Second-level navigation

Font-size: 12px Line-height: 16px Color: #333333

3 Header 1

Font-size: 36px Line-height: 40px Font-weight: normal Color: #333333 Margin: 0

4 Header 1: sub-section
Font-size: inherit
Line-height: inherit
Font-weight: inherit
Color: #aea79f

5 Header 2

Font-size: 24px Line-height: 28px Font-weight: normal Color: #333333 Margin-top: 16px Margin-bottom: 8px

6 Header 3

Font-size: 16px Line-height: 20px Font-weight: normal Color: #333333 Margin-top: 16px Margin-bottom: 8px

Paragraph
Font-size: 12px
Line-height: 16px
Color: #333333
Margin-bottom: 8px

8 Link Color: #dd4814

9 List item

Color: #333333 List-style-position: outside Margin-bottom: 8px Bullet style: en dash (–)

10 Footer menu: top-level item

Font-size: 10px Line-height: 14px Font-weight: bold Color: #333333

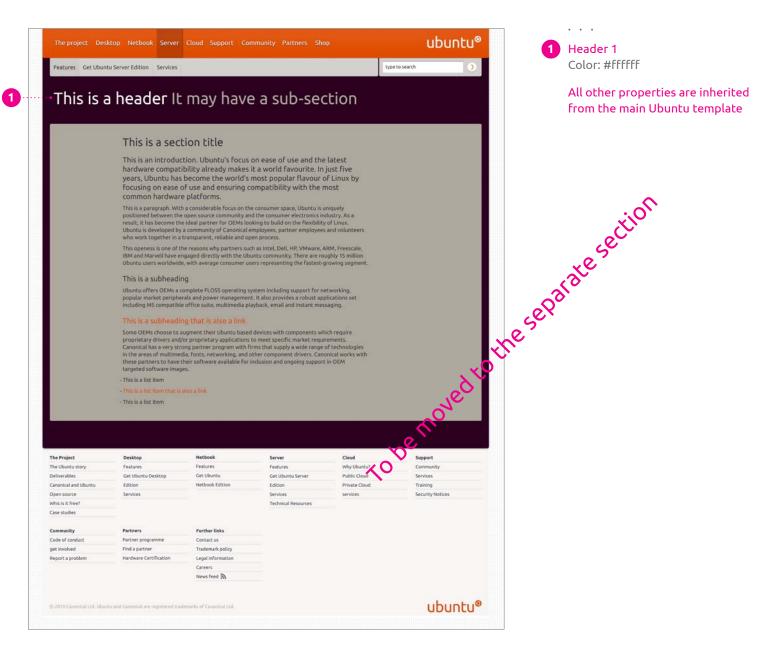
11 Footer menu item

Font-size: 10px Line-height: 14px Color: #333333

12 Copyright footnote

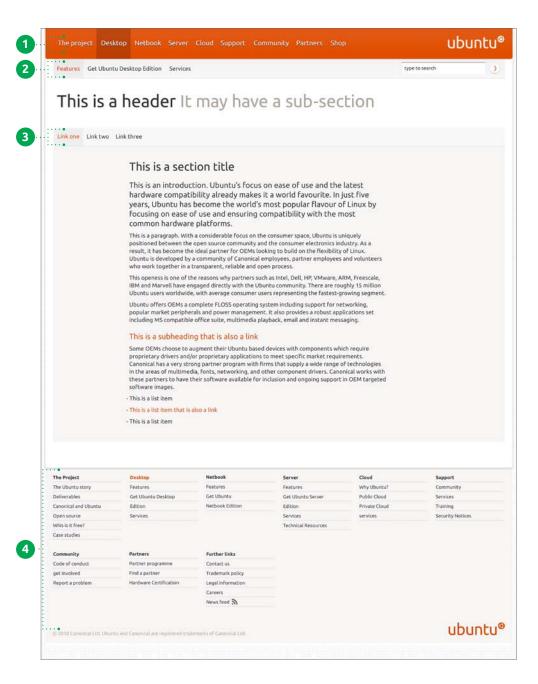
Font-size: 10px Line-height: 14px Color: #aea79f Ubuntu web design guidelines Typography

Typographic styles – Ubuntu server and cloud



Ubuntu web design guidelines Interactive elements

Navigation



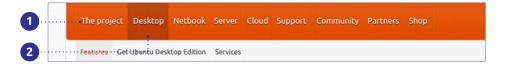
GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

1 Top-level nav

Background-color: #dd4814
Background-image: striped pattern
Corner radius:
Bottom left, bottom right: 4px
Drop-shadow: 4px #bbbbbb

- 2 Second-level nav
 Background-color: #f7f7f7
 Corner radius:
 Bottom left, bottom right: 4px
 Drop-shadow: 4px #bbbbbb
- 3 Third-level nav
 Background-color: #f7f7f7
 Corner radius:
 Top left, Top right: 4px
- 4 Footer nav
 Background-color: #f7f7f7
 Corner radius:
 Bottom left, bottom right: 4px

Navigation









. . .

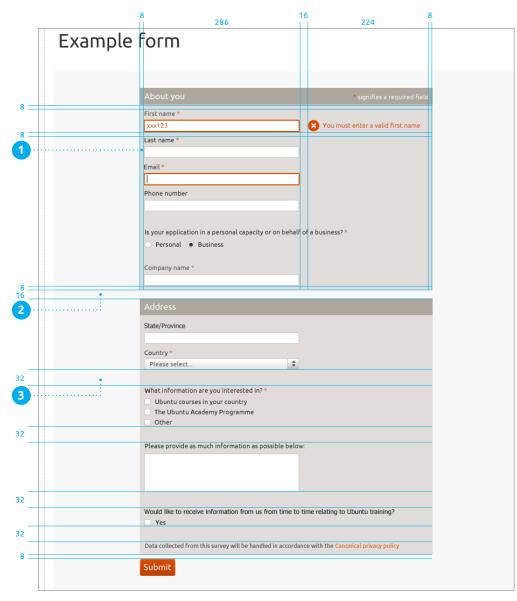
INTERACTION SPECIFICATION

- 1 Top-level nav default state
 This state indicates that the mouse
 is outside and the section is not
 being viewed
- 2 Top-level nav hover/active state
 This state indicates that the
 mouse is over and/or the section is
 currently being viewed

Background-color: #b83a10

- 3 Second-level nav hover/active state
 Background-image: striped pattern
 Color: #dd4814
- 4 Second-level nav default state
- 5 Third-level nav hover/active state Background-image: striped pattern Color: #dd4814
- 6 Third-level nav default state
- 7 Footer nav default state
- 8 Footer nav active state Color: #dd4814
- 9 Footer nav hover state Color: #dd4814 Text-decoration: underline

Web forms – layout



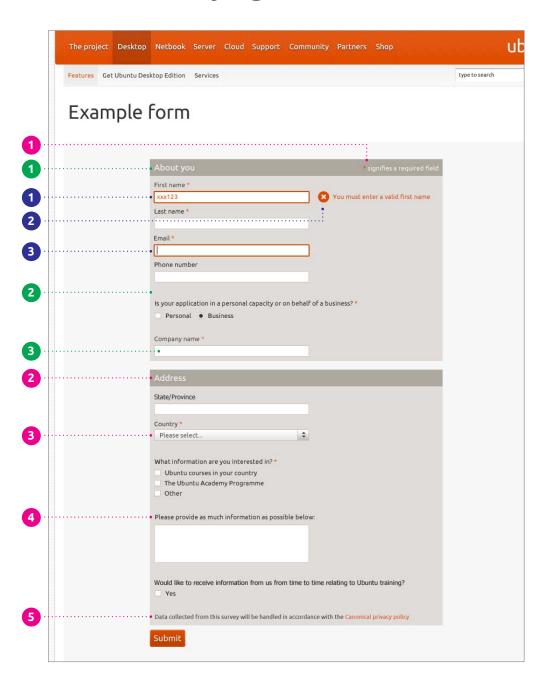
. . .

LAYOUT SPECIFICATION

- 1 Internal padding Padding: 8px
- 2 Space between fieldsets Padding: 16px
- 3 Space between field groups Padding: 32px

Ubuntu web design guidelines Interactive elements

Web forms – styling



. . .

GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

- 1 Fieldset title
 Background-color: #aea79f
- 2 Fieldset background Background-color: #dfdcd9
- 3 Input field
 Border: 1px solid #ccc1c1
 Background-color: white
 Width: 286px
 Height: 20px

INTERACTION SPECIFICATION

- 1 Input with error Border: 2px solid #dd4814 Color: #dd4814
- 2 Error message
 Background-image: Error icon
 Font-size: 12px
 Color: #dd4814
- 3 Focused input
 Border: 2px solid #dd4814
 Color: #333333

. . .

TYPE SPECIFICATION

1 Supporting text
Font-size: 12px
Line-height: 16px
Color: #ffffff
Asterisk color: #dd4814

2 Fieldset title

Font-size: 16px Line-height: 16px Font-weight: normal Color: #ffffff Padding-top: 8px Padding-bottom: 8px

3 Text input/select fields

Font-size: 12px Color: #333333

4 Label

Font-size: 12px Color: #333333 Margin-bottom: 4px Asterisk color: #dd4814

5 Legal/small text

Font-size: 10px Line-height: 14px Color: #333333

Buttons – layout and styling

Download Ubuntu



- 1 Download Ubuntu
- Show me how

. . .

1 Primary buttons

These buttons should be used for primary actions only (ie. triggering a download, submitting a form). There should be only one primary button on one page.

LAYOUT SPECIFICATION

- 1 Internal padding Left, right: 8px Top, bottom: 10px
- 2 Button width
 Dependent on the amount of text
- 3 Button height
 Dependent on the size of text (see next page)

GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

1 Base styling Corner radius: 4px Background-color: #dd4814 Background-image: orange

_

gradient

TYPE SPECIFICATION

1 Button text Color: #ffffff

Font-size: see next page
Line-height: see next page
Text drop shadow: 1px y-offset,
20% opacity black

. . .

2 Secondary buttons

These buttons should be used for supporting actions (ie. displaying help information, cancelling an action). Multiple secondary buttons per page can be used.

GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

2 Base styling

Background-color: #aea79f Background-image: grey gradient

All other properties are inherited from the primary button styles.

Background images should be supplied as sprites, covering default, hover and active states (see next page).

Buttons – states and sizes



• •

INTERACTION SPECIFICATION

- 1 Primary buttons large
 These buttons should be used for primary actions only (ie. triggering a download on a home page).
 There should be only one primary button on one page.
- 2 Secondary buttons large
 These buttons offer high visibility
 and should be used for important
 supporting actions. Multiple
 buttons per page can be used.
- 3 Primary buttons small
 These buttons should be used
 for primary actions on secondary
 pages (ie. submitting a form).
 There should be only one primary
 button on one page.
- 4 Secondary buttons small
 These buttons should be used
 for supporting actions. Multiple
 buttons per page can be used.

. .

GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

- A Default state
 As defined on a previous page
- B Hover state
 Background colours:
 Primary buttons: #b83a0f
 Secondary buttons: #dd4814
- C Active (mouse down) state Primary & secondary: #962d0c

TYPE SPECIFICATION

Text colours:

Default, hover: #ffffff Active: #aea79f

Font size/line height:

Large: 24px/28px Small: 16px/20px

Links and calls to action

•Andalusia deploys 220,000 Ubuntu desktops in schools throughout the region >

The Andalusian Regional Government, Spain, wanted to improve access to IT in schools throughout the region. It asked IT services company infrastructure to connect 2,000 schools in Andalusia. Isotrol implemented 220,000 Ubuntu-based workstations in more than 2,000 schools throughout the region. Now, technology plays an integral role in delivering a more dynamic learning experience in schools across Andalusia. Teachers and students can share information quickly and easily, while each school receives dedicated support from a centralised support service.

- Read the full story or Download the PDF

Why Ubuntu? >

reliable cloud for your business: it is the only distribution which includes all the components you need to build a cloud straight away.

Private cloud >

Ubuntu is the fastest route to a Private clouds give you the power of cloud computing in your own IT infrastructure. So you get the benefits of cloud computing behind the security of your firewall. Deploy workloads and have them running immediately. Grow or shrink computing capacity to meet your application's needs.

Public cl

Amazon's E (EC2) allows virtual syste without inv Amazon EC Ubuntu Ent modularity, range of ap performance

INTERACTION SPECIFICATION

Section header/call to action

Color: #dd4814

Background-image: orange arrow

Standard link – hover state

Color: #dd4814

Text-decoration: underline

Standard link

Color: #dd4814

Text-decoration: none

Section header – server and cloud

Color: #ffffff

Background-image: white arrow

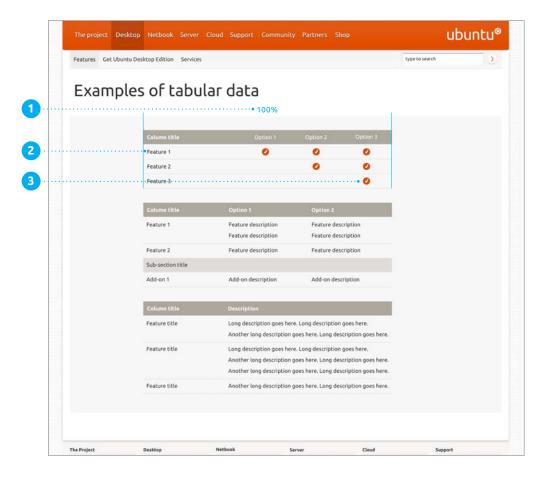
Section header - server and cloud hover state

Color: #ffffff

Background-image: white arrow

Text-decoration: underline

Tables – layout

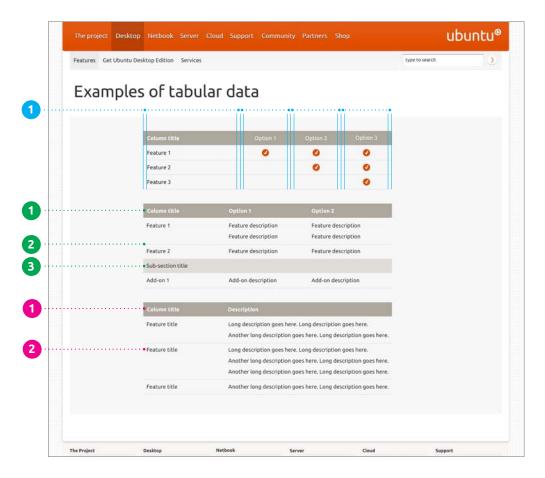


. . .

LAYOUT SPECIFICATION

- 1 Table width
 Width: 100%
 Table should use the whole
 width of the content area.
- 2 Text alignment
 Text-align: left
 All text within table cells
 should be left-aligned. The only
 exception being point 3)
- 3 Icon positioning
 If a table cell contains only an icon, the icon should be centred.
 If the whole column contains icons only, the header text of that column can be centred, too.

Tables – styling



. . .

LAYOUT SPECIFICATION

1 Horizontal spacing Padding-left: 8px

Padding-right: 8px

GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

1 Table header Background-color: #aea79f

2 Separator line 1px dotted #ccccc

3 Table sub-section header Background-color: #dfdcd9

TYPE SPECIFICATION

1 Header text

Font-size: 12px Line-height: 16px Colour: #ffffff Font-weight: bold

Padding-top: 4px
Padding-bottom: 4px

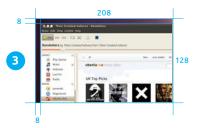
2 Body text

Font-size: 12px Line-height: 16px Colour: #333333 Padding-top: 4px Padding-bottom: 4px Ubuntu web design guidelines Images

Screenshots







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LAYOUT SPECIFICATION

1 Large screenshot

To be used in the overlay-style slideshows.

Image scale: 100% Size: 864x544px

2 Medium screenshot

To be used within the page content.

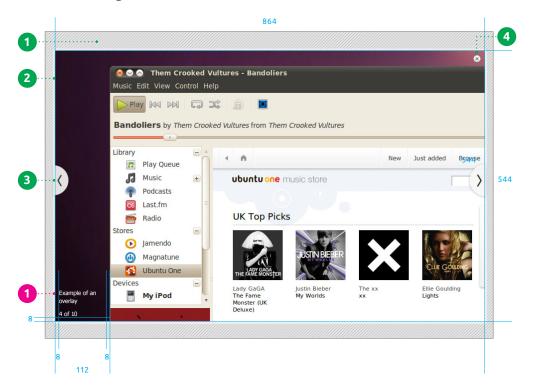
Image scale: 66% Size: 448x304px

3 Small screenshot

To be used in the content snippets.

Image scale: 33% Size: 208x128px Ubuntu web design guidelines Overlays

Overlays



When to use overlays?

Overlays can be used whenever the information they contain has a strong contextual link to the information already present on the page and is extending this information.

Image enlargement or slideshow are examples of correct use of overlays.

. .

GRAPHIC SPECIFICATION

- 1 Overlay background Diagonal, 1px-wide, 50%-opacity black stripes on an 80%-opacity white background
- 2 Border 4px-thick, 50%-opacity white 4px corner radius
- 3 Back/forward button (where appropriate)
 Positioned vertically in the middle of the overlay box
- 4 Close button
 Positioned 8px from the top and
 right edges of the overlay box

TYPE SPECIFICATION

1 Image description and page count Positioned 8px from the left and bottom edges of the overlay box

Text should be defined as paragraph with inherited global settings.

Color: #ffffff