

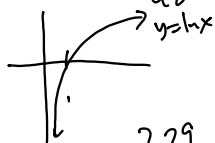
p195 #56

$$Q = Q_0 e^{-t/\tau}$$

τ - elimination time.
 $\tau = 2.5$ hours

$$Q_1 = 0.10 \rightarrow \text{start } Q_0 \quad -t/2.5$$

$$Q_2 = 0.04 \quad 0.04 = 0.10 e^{-t/2.5}$$



$$0.4 = e^{-t/2.5}$$

$$\ln 0.4 = -t/2.5$$

$$2.29 \approx -2.5 \ln 0.4 = t$$

43.

$$Q = Q_0 e^{kt}$$

$$Q = Q_0 (1+r)^t$$

well when Q has doubled

$$Q = 2Q_0$$

$$2Q_0 = Q_0 e^{kt}$$

$$2 = e^{kt}$$

$$\ln 2 = kt$$

$$\left(\frac{\ln 2}{k} = t \right)$$

doubling time

#51

54% of the C^{14} is still there. half-life = 5728 yrs

$$Q = Q_0 e^{kt}$$

$$k = \frac{\ln(0.5)}{t}$$

$$k = \frac{\ln(0.5)}{5728}$$

$$k = -1.21 \times 10^{-4} \quad -1.21 \times 10^{-4} t$$

model

$$Q = Q_0 e^{kt}$$

$$Q = 0.54$$

$$Q_0 \quad -1.21 \times 10^{-4} t$$

$$0.54 = e^{kt}$$

$$\ln 0.54 = -1.21 \times 10^{-4} t \rightarrow -1.14108 = -1.21 \times 10^{-4} t$$

$$5,092 \text{ yrs} = t$$

$$\frac{1}{2} Q_0 = Q_0 e^{kt}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{kt}$$

$$\ln(0.5) = kt$$

Diversity = count # of species,

let i be a specific species.
 then $p_i = \frac{n_i}{N} = \frac{\text{\# of } i\text{th species}}{\text{\# of organisms}}$

Simpson's Index $D = \frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^s p_i^2}$

note: $\sum_{i=1}^s p_i^2 = p_1^2 + p_2^2 + p_3^2 + \dots + p_s^2$

Shannon's $H = -\sum_{i=1}^s p_i \ln(p_i)$