OpenCL (Open Computing Language) is a multivendor open standard for general-purpose parallel programming of heterogeneous systems that include CPUs, GPUs and other processors. OpenCL provides a uniform programming environment for software developers to write efficient, portable code for high-performance compute servers, desktop computer systems and handheld devices.

[n.n.n] refers to the section in the API Specification available at www.khronos.org/opencl.

### The OpenCL Runtime

#### Command Queues [5.1]

cl\_command\_queue clCreateCommandQueue ( cl\_context context, cl\_device\_id device, cl\_command\_queue\_properties properties, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

properties: CL\_QUEUE\_PROFILING\_ENABLE, CL\_QUEUE\_OUT\_OF\_ORDER\_EXEC\_MODE\_ ENABLE

cl int clRetainCommandQueue (cl command queue command aueue)

cl\_int clReleaseCommandQueue (cl\_command\_queue command\_queue)

cl\_int clGetCommandQueueInfo (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_command\_queue\_info param\_name, size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_name: CL\_QUEUE\_CONTEXT, CL\_QUEUE\_DEVICE,
CL\_QUEUE\_REFERENCE\_COUNT, CL\_QUEUE\_PROPERTIES

cl\_int clSetCommandQueueProperty (cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_command\_queue\_properties properties, cl\_bool enable,

cl\_command\_queue\_properties \*old\_properties)

CL\_QUEUE\_OUT\_OF\_ORDER\_EXEC\_MODE\_ENABLE, CL\_QUEUE\_PROFILING\_ENABLE

#### The OpenCL Platform Layer

The OpenCL platform layer which implements platform-specific features that allow applications to query OpenCL devices, device configuration information, and to create OpenCL contexts using one or more devices.

#### Contexts [4.3]

cl\_context clCreateContext (

cl\_context\_properties \*properties, cl\_uint num\_devices, const cl\_device\_id \*devices, void (\*pfn\_notify) (const char \*errinfo, const void \*private\_info, size\_t cb, void \*user\_data), void \*user\_data, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

cl\_context\_properties: CL\_CONTEXT\_PLATFORM,
CL\_GL\_CONTEXT\_KHR, CL\_GL\_SHAREGROUP\_KHR,
CL\_EGL\_DISPLAY\_KHR, CL\_GLX\_DISPLAY\_KHR,
CL\_WGL\_HDC\_KHR

cl context clCreateContextFromType (

collect telegrate content of the state of th cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

cl\_context\_properties: (same as for cl\_create\_context)

cl int clRetainContext (cl context context)

cl\_int clReleaseContext (cl\_context context)

cl\_int clGetContextInfo (cl\_context context, cl\_context\_info param\_name, size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_name: CL\_CONTEXT\_REFERENCE\_COUNT, CL\_CONTEXT\_DEVICES, CL\_CONTEXT\_PROPERTIES

#### Querying Platform Info and Devices [4.1, 4.2]

cl\_int clGetPlatformIDs (cl\_uint num\_entries, cl\_platform\_id \*platforms, cl\_uint \*num\_platforms)

cl\_int clGetPlatformInfo (cl\_platform\_id platform, cl\_platform\_info param\_name, size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret) param\_name: CL\_PLATFORM\_PROFILE,
CL\_PLATFORM\_VERSION, CL\_PLATFORM\_NAME

CL\_PLATFORM\_VENDOR, CL\_PLATFORM\_EXTENSIONS

cl\_int clGetDeviceIDs (cl\_platform\_id platform, cl\_device\_type device\_type, cl\_uint num\_entries, cl\_device\_id \*devices, cl\_uint \*num\_devices)

device\_type: CL\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_CPU, CL\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_GPU, CL\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_ACCELERATOR, CL\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_DEFAULT, CL\_DEVICE\_TYPE\_ALL

cl\_int clGetDeviceInfo (
 cl\_device\_id device, cl\_device\_info param\_name,
 size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value,
 size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param name: CL DEVICE PLATFORM, CL DEVICE TYPE,

aram\_name: CL\_DEVICE\_PLATFORM, CL\_DEVICE\_
CL\_DEVICE\_VENDOR\_ID,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_COMPUTE\_UNITS,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_WORK\_ITEM\_DIMENSIONS,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_WORK\_ITEM\_SIZES,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_WORK\_GROUP\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_WORK\_GROUP\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_PREFERRED\_VECTOR\_WIDTH\_CHAR,
CL\_DEVICE\_PREFERRED\_VECTOR\_WIDTH\_SINT,
CL\_DEVICE\_PREFERRED\_VECTOR\_WIDTH\_SIXT,
CL\_DEVICE\_PREFERRED\_VECTOR\_WIDT

CL\_DEVICE\_PREFERRED\_VECTOR\_WIDTH\_SHORT,
CL\_DEVICE\_PREFERRED\_VECTOR\_WIDTH\_INT,
CL\_DEVICE\_PREFERRED\_VECTOR\_WIDTH\_LONG,
CL\_DEVICE\_PREFERRED\_VECTOR\_WIDTH\_FLOAT,
CL\_DEVICE\_PREFERRED\_VECTOR\_WIDTH\_DOUBLE,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_CLOCK\_FREQUENCY,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_ELOCK\_FREQUENCY,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_MEM\_ALLOC\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_MEM\_ALLOC\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_FAD\_IMAGE\_ARGS

CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_READ\_IMAGE\_ARGS,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_WRITE\_IMAGE\_ARGS,

CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_WRITE\_IMAGE\_ARGS,
CL\_DEVICE\_IMAGE2D\_MAX\_{WIDTH | HEIGHT},
CL\_DEVICE\_IMAGE3D\_MAX\_{WIDTH | HEIGHT | DEPTH},
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_SAMPLERS,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_PARAMETER\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_MEM\_BASE\_ADDR\_ALIGN,
CL\_DEVICE\_MIN\_DATA\_TYPE\_ALIGN\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_SINGLE\_FP\_CONFIG,
CL\_DEVICE\_GLOBAL\_MEM\_CACHE\_TYPE,
CL\_DEVICE\_GLOBAL\_MEM\_CACHE\_TYPE,
CL\_DEVICE\_GLOBAL\_MEM\_CACHE\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_GLOBAL\_MEM\_CACHE\_S

CL\_DEVICE\_GLOBAL\_MEM\_CACHELINESIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_GLOBAL\_MEM\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_CONSTANT\_BUFFER\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_MAX\_CONSTANT\_ARGS,
CL\_DEVICE\_LOCAL\_MEM\_TYPE,
CL\_DEVICE\_LOCAL\_MEM\_TYPE,
CL\_DEVICE\_LOCAL\_MEM\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_LOCAL\_MEM\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_LOCAL\_MEM\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_LOCAL\_MEM\_SIZE,
CL\_DEVICE\_CERPO\_CORPECTION\_SURPORT

CL\_DEVICE\_ERROR\_CORRECTION\_SUPPORT,

CL\_DEVICE\_PROFILING\_TIMER\_RESOLUTION, CL\_DEVICE\_ENDIAN\_LITTLE,

CL\_DEVICE\_AVAILABLE, CL\_DEVICE\_COMPILER\_AVAILABLE,
CL\_DEVICE\_EXECUTION\_CAPABILITIES,
CL\_DEVICE\_QUEUE\_PROPERTIES,

CL\_DEVICE\_NAME, CL\_DRIVER\_VERSION, CL\_DEVICE\_VERSION, CL\_DEVICE\_VENDOR, CL\_DEVICE\_PROFILE, CL\_DEVICE\_EXTENSIONS

## **Memory Objects**

Memory objects include *buffer* objects, and *image* objects. Refer to the Graphic page for information about image objects.

A buffer object stores a one-dimensional collection of elements. Elements of a buffer object can be a scalar data type (such an int, float), vector data type, or a user-defined structure, and are stored in sequential fashion and can be accessed using a pointer by a kernel executing on a device. The data is stored in the same format as it is accessed by the kernel.

#### Create Buffer Objects [5.2.1]

cl\_mem clCreateBuffer (cl\_context context, cl\_mem\_flags flags, size\_t size, void \*host\_ptr, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

flags: CL\_MEM\_READ\_WRITE, CL\_MEM\_WRITE\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_READ\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_USE\_HOST\_PTR, CL\_MEM\_ALLOC\_HOST\_PTR,

CL\_MEM\_COPY\_HOST\_PTR

## Read, Write, Copy Buffer Objects [5.2.2 - 5.2.3]

cl int clEnqueueReadBuffer (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_mem buffer, cl\_bool blocking\_read, size\_t offset, size\_t cb, void \*ptr, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

cl int clEnqueueWriteBuffer (

cl command queue command queue, cl mem buffer, cl\_bool blocking\_write, size\_t offset, size\_t cb, const void \*ptr, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

cl int clEnqueueCopyBuffer (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_mem src\_buffer, cl\_mem dst\_buffer, size\_t src\_offset, size\_t dst\_offset, size\_t cb, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

cl\_int clRetainMemObject (cl\_mem memobj)

cl\_int clReleaseMemObject (cl\_mem memobj)

Map and Unmap Memory Objects [5.2.8]

void \* clEnqueueMapBuffer (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_mem buffer, cl\_bool blocking\_map, cl\_map\_flags map\_flags, size\_t offset, size\_t cb, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

cl\_int clEnqueueUnmapMemObject (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_mem memobj, void \*mapped\_ptr, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

## **Query Buffer Object [5.2.9]**

cl\_int clGetMemObjectInfo (cl\_mem memobj,

cl\_mem\_info param\_name, size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_name: CL\_MEM\_TYPE, CL\_MEM\_FLAGS, CL\_MEM\_HOST\_PTR,

CL\_MEM\_SIZE, CL\_MEM\_MAP\_COUNT, CL\_MEM\_REFERENCE\_COUNT, CL\_MEM\_CONTEXT

## **Program Objects**

#### Create Program Objects [5.4.1]

cl\_program clCreateProgramWithSource ( cl\_context context, cl\_uint count, const char \*\*strings, const size\_t \*lengths, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

cl\_program clCreateProgramWithBinary (

cl\_context context, cl\_uint num\_devices, const cl\_device\_id \*device\_list, const size\_t \*lengths, const unsigned char \*\*binaries, cl\_int \*binary\_status, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

cl\_int clRetainProgram (cl\_program program)

cl\_int clReleaseProgram (cl\_program program)

#### **Build Program Executable [5.4.2]**

cl\_int clBuildProgram (cl\_program program, cl\_uint num\_devices, const cl\_device\_id \*device\_list, const char \*options, void (\*pfn\_notify) (cl\_program, void \*user\_data), void \*user\_data)

#### **Build Options** [5.4.3]

#### Preprocessor options:

(-D options processed in order listed in clBuildProgram)

-D name,

-D name=definition,

#### Math Intrinsics options:

-cl-single-precision-constant, -cl-denorms-are-zero,

#### Optimization options:

-cl-opt-disable -cl-strict-aliasing -cl-no-signed-zeros, -cl-finite-math-only, -cl-fast-relaxed-math,

-cl-unsafe-math-optimizations Warning request/suppress options:

#### Unload the OpenCL Compiler [5.4.4]

cl\_int clUnloadCompiler (void)

#### Query Program Objects [5.4.5]

cl\_int clGetProgramInfo (cl\_program program,

cl\_program\_info param\_name, size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

JALE PROGRAM CONTEXT,
CL PROGRAM CONTEXT,
CL PROGRAM CONTEXT,
CL PROGRAM DEVICES,
CL PROGRAM DEVICES,
CL PROGRAM SOURCE,
CL PROGRAM BINARY SIZES,
CL PROGRAM BINARY SIZES,
CL PROGRAM BINARY SIZES,
CL PROGRAM BINARY SIZES,

CL PROGRAM SOURCE

## ${\sf cl\_int} \ \ \textbf{clGetProgramBuildInfo} \ ({\sf cl\_program} \ \textit{program,}$

cl device id device

cl program build info param name, size\_t param\_value\_size

void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_name: CL\_PROGRAM\_BUILD\_STATUS, CL\_PROGRAM\_BUILD\_OPTIONS, CL\_PROGRAM\_BUILD\_LOG

#### **Kernel and Event Objects**

#### Create Kernel Queries [5.5.1]

- cl\_kernel clCreateKernel (cl\_program program, const char \*kernel\_name, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)
- cl\_int clCreateKernelsInProgram (cl\_program program, cl\_uint num\_kernels, cl\_kernel \*kernels, cl\_uint \*num\_kernels\_ret)
- cl\_int clRetainKernel (cl\_kernel kernel)
- cl\_int clReleaseKernel (cl\_kernel kernel)

#### Kernel Arguments & Object Queries [5.5.2, 5.5.3]

cl\_int clSetKernelArg (cl\_kernel kernel, cl\_uint arg\_index, size\_t arg\_size, const void \*arg\_value)

## cl\_int clGetKernelInfo (cl\_kernel kernel,

cl\_kernel\_info param\_name, size\_t param\_value\_size,
void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_name: CL\_KERNEL\_FUNCTION\_NAME, CL\_KERNEL\_NUM\_ARGS, CL\_KERNEL\_REFERENCE\_COUNT, CL\_KERNEL\_CONTEXT, CL\_KERNEL\_PROGRAM

#### cl\_int clGetKernelWorkGroupInfo (cl\_kernel kernel,

cl device id device

cl\_kernel\_work\_group\_info param\_name,

void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_name: CL\_KERNEL\_WORK\_GROUP\_SIZE, CL\_KERNEL\_COMPILE\_WORK\_GROUP\_SIZE,

CL\_KERNEL\_LOCAL\_MEM\_SIZE

#### Execute Kernels [5.6]

cl\_int clEnqueueNDRangeKernel (
 cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_kernel kernel,
 cl\_uint work\_dim, const size\_t \*global\_work\_offset,
 const size\_t \*global\_work\_size,
 const size\_t \*local\_work\_size,
 cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_woit\_list,
 const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

#### cl\_int clEnqueueTask (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_kernel kernel, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

cl\_int clEnqueueNativeKernel (cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, void (\*user\_func)(void \*), void \*args, size\_t cb\_args, cl\_uint num\_mem\_objects, const cl\_mem \*mem\_list, const void \*\*args\_mem\_loc, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

#### Event Objects [5.7]

#### cl\_int clWaitForEvents (

cl uint num events, const cl event \*event list)

#### cl int clGetEventInfo (

cl\_event event, cl\_event\_info param\_name, size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

cl\_int clRetainEvent (cl\_event event)

cl\_int clReleaseEvent (cl\_event event)

#### **Out-of-order Execution of Kernels** & Memory Object Commands [5.8]

#### cl\_int clEnqueueMarker (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_event \*event)

#### cl\_int clEnqueueWaitForEvents (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_uint num\_events, const cl\_event \*event\_list)

#### cl\_int clEnqueueBarrier (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue)

#### **Profile Operations on Memory Objects** & Kernels [5.9]

#### cl\_int clGetEventProfilingInfo (cl\_event event,

cl\_profiling\_info param\_nam

size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_name: CL\_PROFILING\_COMMAND\_QUEUED, CL\_PROFILING\_COMMAND\_SUBMIT, CL\_PROFILING\_COMMAND\_START,

CL PROFILING COMMAND END

#### Flush and Finish [5.10]

cl\_int clFlush (cl\_command\_queue command\_queue)

#### cl\_int clFinish (cl\_command\_queue command\_queue)

param\_name: CL\_EVENT\_COMMAND\_QUEUE, CL\_EVENT\_COMMAND\_TYPE, CL\_EVENT\_COMMAND\_EXECUTION\_STATUS, CL\_EVENT\_REFERENCE\_COUNT

## **Supported Data Types**

#### Built-in Scalar Data Types [6.1.1]

OpenCL Type	API Type	Description
bool		true (1) or false (0)
char	cl_char	8-bit signed
unsigned char, uchar	cl_uchar	8-bit unsigned
short	cl_short	16-bit signed
unsigned short, ushort	cl_ushort	16-bit unsigned
int	cl_int	32-bit signed
unsigned int, uint	cl_uint	32-bit unsigned
long	cl_long	64-bit signed
unsigned long, ulong	cl_ulong	64-bit unsigned
float	cl_float	32-bit float
half	cl_half	16-bit float (for storage only)
size_t		32- or 64-bit unsigned integer
ptrdiff_t		32- or 64-bit signed integer
intptr_t		signed integer
uintptr_t		unsigned integer
void		void

#### Built-in Vector Data Types [6.1.2]

OpenCL Type	API Type	Description
charn	cl_charn	8-bit signed
uchar <i>n</i>	cl_ucharn	8-bit unsigned
shortn	cl_shortn	16-bit signed
ushort <i>n</i>	cl_ushort <i>n</i>	16-bit unsigned
intn	cl_intn	32-bit signed
uint <i>n</i>	cl_uintn	32-bit unsigned
longn	cl_longn	64-bit signed
ulongn	cl_ulongn	64-bt unsigned
floatn	cl_float <i>n</i>	32-bit float

#### Other Built-in Data Types [6.1.3]

OpenCL Type	Description
image2d_t	2D image handle
image3d_t	3D image handle
sampler_t	sampler handle
event_t	event handle

#### Reserved Data Types [6.1.4]

OpenCL Type	Description
booln	boolean vector
double, doublen OPT	64-bit float, vector
halfn OPT	16-bit float, vector
quad, quadn	128-bit float, vector
complex half, complex halfn imaginary half, imaginary halfn	16-bit complex, vector
complex float, complex floatn imaginary float, imaginary float,	32-bit complex, vector
complex double, complex doublen imaginary double, imaginary doublen	64-bit complex, vector
complex quad, complex quadn imaginary quad, imaginary quad,	128-bit complex, vector
floatnxm	n*m matrix of 32-bit floats
doublenxm	n*m matrix of 64-bit floats
long double, long doublen	64 - 128-bit float, vector
long long, long longn	128-bit signed
unsigned long long, ulong long, ulong longn	128-bit unsigned

### Vector Component Addressing [6.1.7]

The components of a vector may be addressed as shown below or as shown in the table of equivalencies.

#### Vector Components

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
float2 v;	v.x, v.s0	v.y, v.s1														
float4 v;	v.x, v.s0	v.y, v.s1	v.z, v.s2	v.w, v.s3												
float8 v;	v.s0	v.s1	v.s2	v.s3	v.s4	v.s5	v.s6	v.s7								
float16 v;	v.s0	v.s1	v.s2	v.s3	v.s4	v.s5	v.s6	v.s7	v.s8	v.s9	v.sa, v.sA	v.sb, v.sB	v.sc, v.sC	v.sd, v.sD	v.se, v.sE	v.sf, v.sF

#### **Vector Addressing Equivalencies**

	v.lo	v.hi	v.odd	v.even
float2	v.x, v.s0	v.y, v.s1	v.y, v.s1	v.x, v.s0
float4	v.s01, v.xy	v.s23, v.zw	v.s13, v.yw	v.s02, v.xz
float8	v.s0123	v.s4567	v.s1357	v.s0246
float16	v.s01234567	v.s89abcdef	v.s13579bdf	v.s02468ace

When addressing vector components by numeric indices, they must be preceded by the letter s or S, e.g.: s1.

Swizzling, duplication, and nesting are allowed, e.g.: v.yx, v.xx, v.lo.x

#### **Conversions and Type Casting Examples**

T a = (T)b; // Scalar to scalar, or scalar to vector

 $Ta = \text{convert}_T(b);$   $Ta = \text{convert}_T(b);$   $Ta = \text{convert}_T(b);$   $Ta = \text{convert}_T(b);$ 

#### Rounding Modes [6.2.3.2] R can be:

rte Round to nearest even

Round toward zero Round toward positive infinity

rtn Round toward negative infinity

## Operators [6.3]

 $Ta = as_T(b);$ 

These operators behave similarly as in C99 except that operands may include vector types when possible:

+	-	*	%	/		++	==	!=	&
~	٨	>	<	>=	<=		!	&&	Ш
?:	>>	<<	,	=	op=	Siz	eof		

## Address Space Qualifiers [6.5]

\_\_global, global local, local \_constant, constant \_\_private, private

#### Function Qualifiers [6.7]

kernel, kernel

\_attribute\_\_((vec\_type\_hint(int)))

\_attribute\_\_((work\_group\_size\_hint(X, Y, Z))) \_attribute\_\_((reqd\_work\_group\_size(X, Y, Z)))

## Preprocessor Directives & Macros [6.9]

#pragma OPENCL FP\_CONTRACT on-off-switch on-off-switch: ON, OFF, DEFAULT

#### **Predefined Macro Names**

FILE LINE

OPENCL\_VERSION\_\_ \_ENDIAN\_LITTLE

\_\_ROUNDING\_MODE\_

\_kernel\_exec(X, typen)

\_IMAGE\_SUPPORT\_ FAST\_RELAXED\_MATH\_\_

Current source file Line number Integer version number

1 if device is little endian Current rounding mode (default "rte")

Same as: \_\_kernel \_\_attribute\_\_( (work\_group\_size\_hint(X, 1, 1))) \ \_attribute\_\_((vec\_type\_hint(typen)))

1 if images are supported, 1 if -cl-fast-relaxed-math optimization

option is specified

### Work-Item Built-in Functions [6.11.1]

D is dimension index.

uint get_work_dim ()	Num. of dimensions in use
size_t get_global_size (uint D)	Num. of global work-items
size_t <b>get_global_id</b> (uint D)	Global work-item ID value
size_t get_local_size (uint D)	Num. of local work-items
size_t get_local_id (uint D)	Local work-item ID
size_t get_num_groups (uint D)	Num. of work-groups
size_t get_group_id (uint D)	Returns the work-group ID

## Floating Point Math Constants [6.11.2]

MAXFLOAT Value of maximum non-infinite singleprecision floating-point number.

HUGE\_VALF Positive float constant expression.

JGE\_VALF Positive float constant expression.
HUGE\_VALF evaluates to +infinity. Used as an error value.

Constant expression of type float representing positive or unsigned infinity.

NAN Constant expression of type float representing a quiet NaN.

INFINITY

#### Integer Built-in Functions [6.11.3]

*T* is type char, char*n*, uchar, uchar*n*, short, short*n*, ushort, ushort*n*, int, int*n*, uint, uint*n*, long, long*n*, ulong, or ulong*n*. *U* refers to the unsigned version of *T*.

Telefo to the ansigned ver	
<i>U</i> abs ( <i>T x</i> )	x
$U$ abs_diff $(Tx, Ty)$	x - y   without modulo overflow
$T$ add_sat $(Tx, Ty)$	x + y and saturates the result
T hadd $(Tx, Ty)$	(x + y) >> 1 without modulo overflow
T rhadd $(Tx, Ty)$	(x + y + 1) >> 1
T clz (T x)	Number of leading 0-bits in x
T mad_hi (T α, T b, T c)	$mul_hi(a, b) + c$
T mad24 (T a, T b, T c)	Multiply 24-bit integer values $a$ and $b$ and add the 32-bit integer result to 32-bit integer $c$
T mad_sat (T α, T b, T c)	a * b + c and saturates the result
T max (T x, T y)	y if x < y, otherwise it returns x

$T \min (Tx, Ty)$	y if y < x, otherwise it returns x			
$T$ mul_hi ( $Tx$ , $Ty$ )	high half of the product of x and y			
T mul24 (T a, T b)	Multiply 24-bit integer values a and b			
T rotate (T v, T i)	result[indx] = v[indx] << i[indx]			
$T \operatorname{sub\_sat} (Tx, Ty)$	x - y and saturates the result			
For <b>upsample</b> , scalar types are permitted for the vector types below.				
shortn <b>upsample</b> (charn hi, ucharn lo)	result[i]= ((short)hi[i]<< 8)   lo[i]			
ushort <i>n</i> <b>upsample</b> (uchar <i>n hi,</i> uchar <i>n lo</i> )	result[i]=((ushort)hi[i]<< 8) lo[i]			
intn <b>upsample</b> (shortn hi, ushortn lo)	result[i]=((int)hi[i]<< 16) lo[i]			
uint <i>n</i> <b>upsample</b> (ushort <i>n hi</i> , ushort <i>n lo</i> )	result[i]=((uint)hi[i]<< 16) lo[i]			
longn upsample (intn hi, uintn lo)	result[i]=((long)hi[i]<< 32) lo[i]			
ulongn <b>upsample</b> (uintn hi, uintn lo)	result[i]=((ulong)hi[i]<< 32) lo[i]			

#### Common Built-in Functions [6.11.4]

 ${\cal T}$  is type float or floatn (or optionally double, doublen, or halfn). Optional extensions enable double, doublen, and halfn types.

float n clamp (float n x, float min, float max) doublen clamp (doublen x, double min, double max)	Clamp x to range given
halfn clamp (halfn x, half min, half max)	by min, max
1	radians to degrees
	Max of x and y
· ······ (· · · / / /	Min of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i>
( , //	Linear blend of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i>
	degrees to radians
floatn step (float edge, floatn x)	0.0 if x < edge, else 1.0
	Step and interpolate
$T \operatorname{sign}(T x)$	Sign of x

#### Math Built-in Functions [6.11.2]

*T* is type float or float*n* (or optionally double, double*n*, or half*n*). int*n*, uint*n*, and ulong*n* must be scalar when *T* is scalar. The symbol HN indicates that Half and Native variants are available by prepending "half\_" or "native\_" to the function name, as in half\_cos() and native\_cos(). **Optional extensions enable double**, double*n*, and half*n* types.

doublen, and nami types.	
T acos (T)	Arc cosine
T acosh (T)	Inverse hyperbolic cosine
T acospi (T x)	acos (x) / π
T asin (T)	Arc sine
T asinh ( $T$ )	Inverse hyperbolic sine
⊤ asinpi (⊤x)	asin (x) / π
T atan (T y_over_x)	Arc tangent
T atan2 (T y, T x)	Arc tangent of y / x
T atanh $(T)$	Hyperbolic arc tangent
Tatanpi (Tx)	atan (x) / π
	atan2 (x, y) / π
⊤ cbrt (⊤)	cube root
T ceil (T)	Round to integer toward + infinity
T copysign (Tx, Ty)	x with sign changed to sign of y
T cos (T) HN	cosine
T cosh (T)	hyperbolic consine
⊤ cospi (⊤ x)	cos (π x)
T half_divide (T x, T y)	x/y
T native_divide (T x, T y)	
T erfc (T)	Complementary error function
<i>T</i> erf ( <i>T</i> )	Calculates error function of T
$T \exp(T x)$ HN	Exponential base e
<i>T</i> exp2 ( <i>T</i> ) HN	Exponential base 2

<i>T</i> exp10 ( <i>T</i> ) HN	Exponential base 10
T expm1 (T x)	e^x -1.0
T fabs (T)	Absolute value
<i>T</i> <b>fdim</b> ( <i>T x</i> , <i>T y</i> )	"Positive difference" between x and y
T floor (T)	Round to integer toward - infinity
T fma (T a, T b, T c)	Multiply and add, then round
T fmax ( $Tx$ , $Ty$ ) half $n$ fmax (half $nx$ , half)	Return y if x < y, otherwise it returns x
T fmin $(Tx, Ty)$ half $n$ fmin (half $nx$ , half )	Return <i>y</i> if <i>y</i> < <i>x</i> , otherwise it returns <i>x</i>
$T \operatorname{fmod} (T x, T y)$	Modulus. Returns $x - y * trunc (x/y)$
T fract (T x, T *iptr)	Fractional value in x
T frexp (T x, intn *exp)	Extract mantissa and exponent
T hypot $(Tx, Ty)$	square root of x^2+ y^2
intn ilogb (Tx)	Return exponent as an integer value
T Idexp (T x, intn n) T Idexp (T x, int n)	x * 2^n
T Igamma (T x) T Igamma_r (T x, intn *signp)	Log gamma function
$T \log (T)$ HN	Natural logarithm
7 log2 (₹) HN	Base 2 logarithm
T log10 (T) HN	Base 10 logarithm
T log1p (T x)	In (1.0 + x)
<i>T</i> logb ( <i>T x</i> )	exponent of x
T mad (T a, T b, T c)	Approximates a * b + c
<i>T</i> modf ( <i>T x</i> , <i>T</i> * <i>iptr</i> )	Decompose a floating-point number

float nan (uintn nancod	e)	Quiet NaN
floatn nan (uintn nanco	de)	
halfn nan (ushortn nanc		
doublen nan (ulongn nanc		
doublen nan (uintn nance	oae)	
T nextafter (T x, T y)		Next representable floating-point value following <i>x</i> in the direction of <i>y</i>
<i>T</i> <b>pow</b> ( <i>T x</i> , <i>T y</i> )		Compute $x$ to the power of $y$ ( $x^y$ )
T pown (Tx, intn y)		Compute x^y, where y is an integer
T powr $(Tx, Ty)$	HN	Compute $x^y$ , where $x$ is $>= 0$
T half_recip (Tx)		1/x
T native_recip (Tx)		
T remainder (T x, T y)		Floating point remainder function
T remquo (Tx, Ty, intr	,	Floating point remainder and
*quo)		quotient function
T rint $(T)$		Round integer to nearest even integer
T <b>rootn</b> ( $Tx$ , int $ny$ )		Compute x to the power of 1/y
T round (Tx)		Integral value nearest to x rounding
T rsqrt (T)	HN	Inverse square root
T sin (T)	HN	sine
T sincos (T x, T *cosval)		sine and cosine of x
T sinh (T)		hyperbolic sine
T sinpi (T x)		sin (π x)
T sqrt (T)	HN	square root
<i>T</i> tan ( <i>T</i> )	HN	tangent
T tanh (T)		hyperbolic tangent
T tanpi (T x)		tan (π x)
T tgamma (T)		gamma function
T trunc (T)		Round to integer toward zero

#### Geometric Built-in Functions [6.11.5]

Vector types may have 2 or 4 components. Optional extensions enable double, doublen, and halfn types.

Cross product

Dot product

half4 cross (half4 p0, half4 p1)
float dot (float p0, float p1)
float dot (floatn p0, floatn p1)
double <b>dot</b> (double $p0$ , double $p1$ )
double <b>dot</b> (doublen p0, doublen p1)
half <b>dot</b> (half $p0$ , half $p1$ )
half dot (halfn p0. halfn p1)

float4 cross (float4 p0, float4 p1)

float normalize (float $p$ ) float $n$ normalize (float $n$ $p$ ) double normalize (double $p$ ) double $n$ normalize (double $n$ $p$ ) half normalize (half $p$ ) half $n$ normalize (half $p$ )	Normal vector length 1
float fast_distance (float $p0$ , float $p1$ ) float fast_distance (float $p0$ , float $p1$ )	Vector distance
float fast_length (float $p$ ) float fast_length (float $n$ )	Vector length
float fast_normalize (float $p$ ) float $p$ fl	Normal vector length 1

Each occurrence of T within a function call must be the same. In vector types, n is 2, 4, 8, or 16 unless otherwise specified.

HN= Half and Native variants are available. half\_ and native\_ variants are shown in purple.

OPT = Optional function.

More built-in functions on the reverse >

#### Relational Built-in Functions [6.11.6]

T is type float, floatn, char, charn, uchar, ucharn, short, shortn, ushort, ushortn, int, intn, uint, uintn, long, longn, ulong, or ulongn (and optionally double, doublen). S is type char, charn, short, shortn, int, intn, long, or longn. U is type uchar, ucharn, ushort, ushortn, uint, uintn, ulong, or ulongn. Optional

extensions enable double, doublen, and halfn types.			
int isequal (float x, float y) intn isequal (floatn x, floatn y) int isequal (double x, double y) longn isequal (doublen x, doublen y) int isequal (half x, half y) shortn isequal (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of $x == y$		
int isnotequal (float x, float y) intn isnotequal (floatn x, floatn y) int isnotequal (double x, double y) longn isnotequal (doublen x, doublen y) int isnotequal (half x, half y) shortn isnotequal (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x != y		
int isgreater (float x, float y) int isgreater (floatn x, floatn y) int isgreater (double x, double y) longn isgreater (doublen x, doublen y) int isgreater (halfn x, half y) shortn isgreater (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x > y		
int isgreaterequal (float x, float y) intn isgreaterequal (floatn x, floatn y) int isgreaterequal (double x, double y) longn isgreaterequal (doublen x, doublen y) int isgreaterequal (half x, half y) shortn isgreaterequal (half n x, half n y)	Compare of $x \ge y$		
int isless (float x, float y) intn isless (floatn x, floatn y) int isless (double x, double y) longn isless (doublen x, doublen y) int isless (half x, half y) shortn isless (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x < y		
int islessequal (float x, float y) intn islessequal (floatn x, floatn y) int islessequal (double x, double y) longn islessequal (doublen x, doublen y) int islessequal (half x, half y) shortn islessequal (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of x <= y		
int islessgreater (float x, float y) intn islessgreater (floatn x, floatn y) int islessgreater (double x, double y) longn islessgreater (doublen x, doublen y) int islessgreater (half x, half y) shortn islessgreater (halfn x, halfn y)	Compare of (x < y)    (x > y)		
int isfinite (float) intn isfinite (floatn) int isfinite (double) longn isfinite (doublen) int isfinite (half)	Test for finite value		

int isinf (float) intn isinf (floatn) int isinf (double) longn isinf (doublen) int isinf (halfn) shortn isinf (halfn)	Test for +ve or –ve infinity
int isnan (float) intr isnan (floatn) int isnan (double) longn isnan (doublen) int isnan (half) shortn isnan (halfn)	Test for a NaN
int isnormal (float) intn isnormal (floatn) int isnormal (double) longn isnormal (doublen) int isnormal (half) shortn isnormal (halfn)	Test for a normal value
int isordered (float x, float y) intr isordered (floatn x, floatn y) int isordered (double x, double y) longn isordered (double x, doublen y) int isordered (halfn x, half y) shortn isordered (halfn x, halfn y)	Test if arguments are ordered
int isunordered (float x, float y) intn isunordered (floatn x, floatn y) int isunordered (double x, double y) longn isunordered (doublen x, doublen y) int isunordered (half x, half y) shortn isunordered (halfn x, halfn y)	Test if arguments are unordered
int signbit (float) intn signbit (floatn) int signbit (double) longn signbit (doublen) int signbit (half) shortn signbit (halfn)	Test for sign bit
int <b>any</b> (5 x)	1 if MSB in any component of x is set; else 0
int <b>all</b> (S x)	1 if MSB in all components of <i>x</i> are set; else 0
T bitselect (T a, T b, T c) halfn bitselect (halfn a, halfn b, halfn c) doublen bitselect (doublen a, doublen b, doublen c)	Each bit of result is corresponding bit of <i>a</i> if corresponding bit of <i>c</i> is 0
T select (T a, T b, S c) T select (T a, T b, U c) doublen select (doublen, doublen, longn)	For each component of a vector type, result[ $i$ ] = if MSB of c[i] is set ? $b[i]$ : $a[i]For scalar type,$

#### Optional Extension: Atomic Functions [9.5]

**Q** is qualifier \_\_global or \_\_local. **T** is type int or unsigned int for 32-bit atomic functions. **T** is type long or ulong for 64-bit atomic functions.

To use the base or extended atomic functions, include this pragma in your application:

#pragma OPENCL EXTENSION extension-name: enable

For **base atomic** functions, *extension-name* is one of: cl\_khr\_global\_int32\_base\_atomics cl\_khr\_local\_int32\_base\_atomics

cl\_khr\_int64\_base\_atomics

shortn isfinite (halfn)

For **extended atomic** functions, *extension-name* is one of: cl\_khr\_global\_int32\_extended\_atomics cl\_khr\_local\_int32\_extended\_atomics

cl\_khr\_int64\_extended\_atomics

Base atomic functions		
T atom_add (Q T *p, T val)	Read, add, and store	
$T$ atom_sub ( $Q T *p, T val$ )	Read, sub, and store	
$T$ atom_xchg ( $Q T * p, T val$ )	Read, swap, and store	
$T$ atom_inc ( $Q T * p$ )	Read, increment, and store	
$T$ <b>atom_dec</b> ( $QT*p$ ) Read, decrement, and stor		
$T$ atom_cmpxchg ( $Q$ $T*p$ , $T$ cmp, $T$ $val$ )Read and store (* $p$ ==cm, ? $val$ : * $p$		

result = c? b: a

Extended atomic functions		
T atom_min (Q T *p, T val)	Read, store min(*p, val)	
T atom_max (Q T * p, T val)	Read, store max(*p, val)	
T atom_and (Q T *p, T val)	Read, store (*p & val)	
T atom_or (Q T *p, T val)	Read, store (*p   val)	
T atom_xor (Q T *p, T val)	Read, store (*p ^ val)	

#### Vector Data Load/Store Built-in Functions [6.11.7]

**Q** is an Address Space Qualifier listed in 6.5 unless otherwise noted. **R** defaults to the current rounding mode, or is one of the Rounding Modes listed in 6.2.3.2. **T** is type char, uchar, short, ushort, int, uint, long, ulong, half, or float (or optionally double). **Tn** refers to the vector form of type T. Optional extension enables the double and

doublen types.	
Tn vloadn (size_t offset, const Q T *p)	Read vector data from memory
void <b>vstoren</b> (Tn data, size_t offset, Q T *p)	Write vector data to memory (Q in this function cannot beconstant)
float vload_half (size_t offset, const Q half *p)	Read a half from memory
floatn vload_halfn (size_t offset, const Q half *p)	Read multiple halfs from memory
void vstore_half (float data, size_t offset, Q half *p) void vstore_half_R (float data, size_t offset, Q half *p) void vstore_half (double data, size_t offset, Q half *p) void vstore_half_R (double data, size_t offset, Q half *p)	Write a half to memory (Q in this function cannot beconstant)
void vstore_halfn (floatn data, size_t offset, Q half *p) void vstore_halfn_R (floatn data, size_t offset, Q half *p) void vstore_halfn (doublen data, size_t offset, Q half *p) void vstore_halfn_R (doublen data, size_t offset, Q half *p)	Write a half vector to memory  (Q in this function cannot beconstant)
floatn vloada_halfn (size_t offset, const Q half *p)	sizeof (floatn) bytes of data read from location (p + (offset * n))
void vstorea_halfn (floatn data, size_t offset, Q half *p) void vstorea_halfn_R (floatn data, size_t offset, Q half *p) void vstorea_halfn (doublen data, size_t offset, Q half *p) void vstorea_halfn_R (doublen data, size_t offset, Q half *p)	Write a half vector to vector-aligned memory  (Q in this function cannot beconstant)

#### Async Copies and Prefetch Built-in Functions [6.11.11]

T is type char, charn, uchar, ucharn, short, shortn, ushortn, int, intn, uint, uintn, long, longn, ulong, ulongn, float, floatn, and optionally double, doublen. Optional extension enables the double and doublen types.

event_t async_work_group_copy (_local T*dst, const_global T*src, size_t num_elements, event_t event) event_t async_work_group_copy (_global T*dst, const_local T*src, size_t num_elements, event_t event)	Copies <i>T</i> elements from <i>src</i> to <i>dst</i>
void wait_group_events (int num_events, event_t *event_list)	Wait for events that identify the async_work_group_copy operations to complete.
void <b>prefetch</b> (constglobal T *p, size_t num_elements)	Prefetch num_elements * sizeof(T) bytes into the global cache.

#### **Synchronization and Explicit Memory Fence Built-in Functions** [6.11.9, 6.11.10]

The *flags* argument specifies the memory address space and can be set to a combination of CLK\_LOCAL\_MEM\_FENCE and CLK GLOBAL MEM FENCE.

void <b>bar</b>	rier ( em_fence_flags flags)	All work-items in a work-group must execute this before any can continue
	m_fence ( em_fence_flags flags)	Orders loads and stores of a work- item executing a kernel
	d_mem_fence ( em_fence_flags flags)	Orders memory loads
	te_mem_fence ( em_fence_flags flags)	Orders memory stores

More built-in functions on the reverse >





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## OpenCL™ API 1.0 Quick Reference Card: Graphics

Following is a guick reference to the subset of the OpenCL API specification that pertains to graphics. [n.n.n] refers to the section in the full specification, which is available at www.khronos.org/opencl.

## **Image Objects**

#### Create Image Objects [5.2.4]

cl\_mem clCreateImage2D (

cl\_context context, cl\_mem\_flags flags, const cl\_image\_format \*image\_format, size\_t image\_width, size\_t image\_height, size\_t image\_row\_pitch, void \*host\_ptr, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

flags: CL MEM\_READ\_WRITE, CL\_MEM\_READ\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_ALLOC\_HOST\_PTR, CL\_MEM\_WRITE\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_USE\_HOST\_PTR CL\_MEM\_COPY\_HOST\_PTR

cl\_mem clCreateImage3D (

cl\_context context, cl\_mem\_flags flags, const cl\_image\_format \*image\_format; size t image\_width, size\_t image\_height, size\_t image\_depth, size\_t image\_row\_pitch, size\_t image\_slice\_pitch, void \*host\_ptr, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

MEM\_READ\_WRITE, flags: CL CL\_MEM\_READ\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_ALLOC\_HOST\_PTR, CL\_MEM\_WRITE\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_USE\_HOST\_PTR, CL\_MEM\_COPY\_HOST\_PTR

### Query List of Supported Image Formats [5.2.5]

cl\_int clGetSupportedImageFormats ( cl\_context context, cl\_mem\_flags flags, cl\_mem\_object\_type image\_type, cl\_uint num\_entries, cl\_image\_format \*image\_formats, cl\_uint \*num\_image\_formats)

flags: CL\_MEM\_READ\_WRITE, CL\_MEM\_READ\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_ALLOC\_HOST\_PTR,

CL\_MEM\_WRITE\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_USE\_HOST\_PTR, CL\_MEM\_COPY\_HOST\_PTR

### Copy Between Image and **Buffer Objects [5.2.7]**

cl\_int clEnqueueCopyImageToBuffer (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_mem src\_image, cl\_mem dst\_buffer, const size\_t src\_origin[3], const size\_t region[3], size\_t dst\_offset, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

cl\_int clEnqueueCopyBufferToImage (

Int cterqueuecopyburer formage (
cl\_command\_queue,
cl\_mem src\_buffer, cl\_mem dst\_image,
size\_t src\_offset, const size\_t dst\_origin[3],
const size\_t region[3],
cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list,
const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

Map and Unmap Image Objects [5.2.8]

void \* clEnqueueMapImage (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue, cl\_mem image, cl\_bool blocking\_map, cl\_map\_flags map\_flags, const size\_t origin[3], const size\_t region[3], size\_t \*image\_row\_pitch, size\_t \*image\_slice\_pitch, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

#### Read, Write, Copy Image Objects [5.2.6]

cl\_int clEnqueueReadImage (

cl\_command\_queue.command\_queue, cl\_mem image, cl\_bool blocking\_read, const size\_t origin[3], const size\_t region[3], size\_t row\_pitch, size\_t slice\_pitch, void \*ptr, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

cl\_int clEnqueueWriteImage (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue,
cl\_mem image, cl\_bool blocking\_write,
const size\_t origin[3], const size\_t region[3],
size\_t input\_row\_pitch, size\_t input\_slice\_pitch,
const void \*ptr, cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list,
const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

cl\_int clEnqueueCopyImage (

cl\_command\_queue command\_queue,
cl\_mem src\_image, cl\_mem dst\_image,
const size\_t src\_origin[3], const size\_t dst\_origin[3],
const size\_t region[3],
cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list,
const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

Query Image Objects [5.2.9]

cl\_int clGetMemObjectInfo (cl\_mem memobj,

cl\_mem\_info param\_name, size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_name: CL\_MEM\_TYPE,

CL\_MEM\_FLAGS, CL\_MEM\_SIZE,
CL\_MEM\_HOST\_PTR, CL\_MEM\_MAP\_COUNT,
CL\_MEM\_REFERENCE\_COUNT, CL\_MEM\_CONTEXT

cl\_int clGetImageInfo (cl\_mem image, cl\_image\_info param\_name, size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_name: CL\_IMAGE\_FORMAT,
CL\_IMAGE\_ELEMENT\_SIZE, CL\_
CL\_IMAGE\_SLICE\_PITCH, CL\_
CL\_IMAGE\_WIDTH, CL\_ CL\_IMAGE\_ROW\_PITCH, CL\_IMAGE\_HEIGHT, CL\_IMAGE\_DEPTH

#### Sampler Objects [5.3]

cl\_sampler clCreateSampler (cl\_context context,

cl\_bool normalized\_coords

addressing mode addressing mode, cl\_filter\_mode filter\_mode, cl\_int \*errcode\_ret)

cl\_int clRetainSampler (cl\_sampler sampler)

cl int clReleaseSampler (cl sampler sampler)

cl\_int clGetSamplerInfo (cl\_sampler sampler,

cl\_sampler\_info param\_name size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value, size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)

param\_value: CL\_SAMPLER\_REFERENCE\_COUNT, CL\_SAMPLER\_CÖNTEXT, CL\_SAMPLER\_FILTER\_MODE, CL\_SAMPLER\_ADDRESSING\_MODE, CL\_SAMPLER\_NORMALIZED\_COORDS

#### Sampler Declaration Fields [6.11.8.1]

The sampler can be passed as an argument to the kernel using **clSetKernelArg**, or it can be a constant variable of type sampler\_t declared in the program source.

const sampler\_t <sampler-name> =
 <normalized-mode> | <address-mode> |

<filter-mode>

normalized-mode:

CLK\_NORMALIZED\_COORDS\_TRUE,
CLK\_NORMALIZED\_COORDS\_FALSE

filter-mode:

CLK\_FILTER\_NEAREST, CLK\_FILTER\_LINEAR

address-mode:

CLK\_ADDRESS\_REPEAT,
CLK\_ADDRESS\_CLAMP\_TO\_EDGE,
CLK\_ADDRESS\_CLAMP, CLK\_ADDRESS\_NONE

Image Access Qualifiers [6.6]

Apply to image image2d t and image3d t types to declare if the image memory object is being read or written by a kernel.

\_\_read\_only, read\_only \_write\_only, write\_only

# **Image Formats** [5.2.4.1, 9.8]

Supported image formats: image\_channel\_order with image\_channel\_data\_type.

**Built-in support** 

CL\_RGBA: CL\_HALF\_FLOAT, CL\_FLOAT, CL\_UNORM\_INT{8|16}, CL\_SIGNED\_INT{8|16|32}, CL\_UNSIGNED\_INT{8|16|32}

CL\_BGRA: CL\_UNORM\_INT8

#### Optional support:

CL R, CL A: CL HALF FLOAT, CL FLOAT, CL\_UNORM\_INT{8|16}, CL\_SIGNED\_INT{8|16|32}, CL\_UNSIGNED\_INT{8|16|32}, CL\_SNORM\_INT{8|16}

CL\_INTENSITY: CL\_HALF\_FLOAT, CL\_FLOAT, CL\_UNORM\_INT{8|16}, CL\_SNORM\_INT{8|16}

CL\_LUMINANCE: CL\_UNORM\_INT{8|16}, CL\_HALF\_FLOAT, CL\_FLOAT, CL\_SNORM\_INT{8|16}

CL\_RG, CL\_RA: CL\_HALF\_FLOAT, CL\_FLOAT, CL\_UNORM\_INT{8|16}, CL\_SIGNED\_INT{8|16|32}, CL\_UNSIGNED\_INT{8|16|32}, CL\_SNORM\_INT{8|16}

CL\_RGB: CL\_UNORM\_SHORT\_{555|565}, CL\_UNORM\_INT\_101010

CL\_ARGB: CL\_UNORM\_INT8, CL\_SIGNED\_INT8, CL\_UNSIGNED\_INT8, CL\_SNORM\_INT8

CL\_BGRA: CL\_SIGNED\_INT8, CL\_UNSIGNED\_INT8, SNORM\_INT8

## OpenCL<sup>™</sup> API 1.0 Quick Reference Card: Graphics

Image Read and Write Built-in Functions [6.11.8, 9.8]

The built-in functions defined in this section can only be used with image memory objects created with clCreateImage2D or clCreateImage3D. OPT = Optional function.

cicreateimagezb or cicreateimagesb. OPI = Optional function.	
float4 read_imagef (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int2 coord) float4 read_imagef (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord) int4 read_imagei (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int2 coord) int4 read_imagei (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord) unsigned int4 read_imageui (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int2 coord) unsigned int4 read_imageui (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord) half4 read_imageh (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord) half4 read_imageh (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord)  OPT half4 read_imageh (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord)	Read an element from a 2D image. sampler specifies the addressing and filtering mode to use.
void write_imagef (image2d_t image, int2 coord, float4 color) void write_imagei (image2d_t image, int2 coord, int4 color) void write_imageui (image2d_t image, int2 coord, unsigned int4 color)	Write <i>color</i> value to (x, y) location specified by <i>coord</i> in the 2D image
void write_imageh (image2d_t image, int2 coord, half4 color)  OPT	
float4 read_imagef (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int4 coord) float4 read_imagef (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord) int4 read_imagei (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int4 coord) int4 read_imagei (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord) unsigned int4 read_imageui (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int4 coord) unsigned int4 read_imageui (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord) half4 read_imageh (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int4 coord) OPT	Read an element from a 3D image. sampler specifies the addressing and filtering mode to use.
half4 read_imageh (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord)  OPT	
int get_image_width (image2d_t image) int get_image_width (image3d_t image)	2D or 3D image width in pixels
int get_image_height (image2d_t image) int get_image_height (image3d_t image)	2D or 3D image height in pixels
int get_image_depth (image3d_t image)	3D image depth in pixels
int get_image_channel_data_type (image2d_t image) int get_image_channel_data_type (image3d_t image)	image channel data type
int get_image_channel_order (image2d_t image) int get_image_channel_order (image3d_t image)	image channel order
int2 get_image_dim (image2d_t image)	2D image width and height
int4 get_image_dim (image3d_t image)	3D image width, height, and depth
void write_imageh (image3d_t image, int4 coord, half4 color) OPT	Writes <i>color</i> value to (x, y, z) location specified by <i>coord</i> in the 3D image.
void write_imagef (image3d_t image, int4 coord, float4 color) void write_imagei (image3d_t image, int4 coord, int4 color) void write_imageui (image3d_t image, int4 coord, unsigned int4 color)  OPT  OPT	Writes color at coord in the 3D image. Include this pragma to enable these functions: #pragma OPENCL EXTENSION cl_khr_3d_image_writes: enable

## OpenCL/OpenGL Sharing APIs [Appendix B]

Creating OpenCL memory objects from OpenGL objects using the functions clCreateFromGLBuffer, clCreateFromGLTexture2D, clCreateFromGLTexture3D, or clCreateFromGLRenderbuffer ensures that the underlying storage of that OpenGL object will not be deleted while the corresponding OpenCL memory object still exists. (Items shown in red are optional)

CL Buffer Objects > GL Buffer Objects [B.1.1] cl\_mem clCreateFromGLBuffer (cl\_context context,

cl\_mem\_flags flags, GLuint bufobj, int \*errcode\_ret)

flags: CL\_MEM\_{READ\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_WRITE\_ONLY, CL\_MEM\_READ\_WRITE

CL Image Objects > GL Textures [B.1.2] cl\_mem clCreateFromGLTexture2D (

cl\_context context, cl\_mem\_flags flags, GLenum target, GLint miplevel, GLuint texture, int \*errcode\_ret)

flags: (Same as for clCreateFromGLBuffer) target: GL\_TEXTURE\_2D, GL\_TEXTURE\_RECTANGLE, GL\_TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP\_POSITIVE\_{X | Y | Z}, GL\_TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP\_NEGATIVE\_{X | Y | Z}

cl mem clCreateFromGLTexture3D (

\_context context, cl\_mem\_flags flags, GLenum target, GLint miplevel, GLuint texture, int \*errcode\_ret)

flags: (Same as for clCreateFromGLBuffer) target: GL\_TEXTURE\_3D

Image Objects > GL Renderbuffers [B.1.3] cl\_mem clCreateFromGLRenderbuffer (

cl\_context context, cl\_mem\_flags flags, GLuint renderbuffer, int \*errcode\_ret) flags: (Same as for clCreateFromGLBuffer)

Query Information [B.1.4]

cl\_int dGetGLObjectInfo (cl\_mem memobj, cl\_gl\_object\_type \*gl\_object\_type, GLuint \*gl\_object\_name)

gl\_object\_type: CL\_GL\_OBJECT\_BUFFER, CL\_GL\_OBJECT\_TEXTURE2D, CL\_GL\_OBJECT\_TEXTURE\_RECTANGLE, CL\_GL\_OBJECT\_TEXTURE3D, CL\_GL\_OBJECT\_RENDERBUFFER

cl\_int clGetGLTextureInfo (cl\_mem memobj, cl\_gl\_texture\_info param\_name,
size\_t param\_value\_size, void \*param\_value,
size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret)
aram\_name: CL\_GL\_TEXTURE\_TARGET,
CL\_GL\_MIPMAP\_LEVEL

Share Objects [B.1.5]

cl\_int clEnqueueAcquireGLObjects ( cl\_command\_queue command\_queue,
cl\_uint num\_objects, const cl\_mem \*mem\_objects,
cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list,
const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

cl\_int clEnqueueReleaseGLObjects ( cl command queue command queue, cl\_uint num\_objects, const cl\_mem \*mem\_objects,

cl\_uint num\_events\_in\_wait\_list, const cl\_event \*event\_wait\_list, cl\_event \*event)

Querying CL Devices in GL Context [9.11]
cl\_int clGetGLContextInfoKHR (
 const cl\_context\_properties \*properties,
 cl\_gl\_context\_info param\_name,
 size\_t param\_value\_size\_void \*param\_value,
 size\_t \*param\_value\_size\_ret) param\_name: CL\_DEVICES\_FOR\_GL\_CONTEXT\_KHR, CL\_CURRENT\_DEVICE\_FOR\_GL\_CONTEXT\_KHR