HW4 Report

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1 請使用不同的Autoencoder model,以及不同的降維方式(降到不同維度),討論其reconstruction loss & public / private accuracy (因此模型需要兩種,降維方法也需要兩種,但 clustrering不用兩種)

	Reconstruction loss	public accuracy	private accuracy
ModelA + PCA(n_components = 32)	0.1065	0.7812	0.7764
ModelA + TSNE	0.1065	0.8088	0.8021
ModelB + PCA(n_components = 32)	0.0963	0.7923	0.7886
ModelB + TSNE	0.0963	0.8121	0.8077

```
class ModelA(nn.Module):
    def init (self):
        super(Autoencoder, self).__init__()
        # define: encoder
        self.encoder = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(3,8,3,2,2),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
            nn.Conv2d(8,16,3,2,2),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
            nn.Conv2d(16,32,3,2,2),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
            nn.Conv2d(32,64,3,2,2),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
        )
        self.encoderLinear = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(576, 256),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
        )
```

```
self.decoderLinear = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(256,576),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
        )
        # define: decoder
        self.decoder = nn.Sequential(
            nn.ConvTranspose2d(64,32,2,2),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
            nn.ConvTranspose2d(32,16,2,2),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
            nn.ConvTranspose2d(16,8,2,2),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
            nn.ConvTranspose2d(8,3,2,2),
            nn.SELU(0.3),
            nn.Tanh(),
        )
class ModelB(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(ModelTwo, self).__init__()
        # define: encoder
        self.encoder = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(3,8,3,1,1),
            nn.SELU(0.2),
            nn.MaxPool2d(2,2),
            nn.Conv2d(8,16,3,1,1),
            nn.SELU(0.2),
            nn.MaxPool2d(2,2),
            nn.Conv2d(16,32,3,1,1),
            nn.SELU(0.2),
            nn.MaxPool2d(2,2),
            nn.Conv2d(32,64,3,1,1),
            nn.SELU(0.2),
            nn.MaxPool2d(2,2),
        )
        self.encoderLi = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(256, 128),
            nn.SELU(0.2),
        )
        self.decoderLi = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(128,256),
            nn.SELU(0.2),
        )
```

```
# define: decoder
self.decoder = nn.Sequential(
    nn.ConvTranspose2d(64,32,2,2),
    nn.SELU(0.2),
    nn.ConvTranspose2d(32,16,2,2),
    nn.SELU(0.2),
    nn.ConvTranspose2d(16,8,2,2),
    nn.SELU(0.2),
    nn.ConvTranspose2d(8,3,2,2),
    nn.SELU(0.2),
    nn.SELU(0.2),
    nn.Tanh(),
)
```

我兩個model疊的方式其實差不多,只是一個有用maxpooling強制他變小,另一個則是在 convolution的過程中讓它自然變小。理論上用maxpooling會不太好,因為就強制讓他減少資訊,但是結果出來兩者其實差不多甚至maxpooling還要好一些些,可能是我兩個的結構沒有差太多的緣故。另外就是tsne比起pca要好一些,pca要設一些參數不然結果會更糟,不過tsne要做很久。

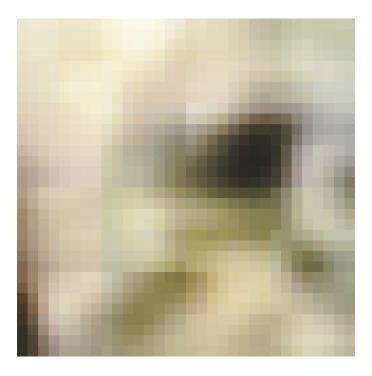
2 從dataset選出2張圖,並貼上原圖以及經過autoencoder後 reconstruct的圖片

以下的四張照片上面都是原圖,下面則是經過autoencoder後reconstruct的圖片。



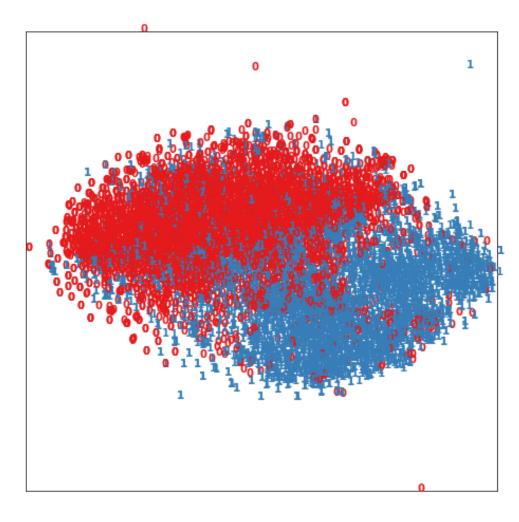






3 二維平面上視覺化label的分佈

這是我做tsne後,看到真正的label的分佈。從我最後的正確率可以看到有些地方是重疊的,也就 是錯誤的部分。



4 Refer to math problem

1 Principle Component Analysis

(a) What are the principal axes

$$\mu=rac{1}{10}\Sigma_{n=1}^{10}x_n=egin{bmatrix}5.4\8\4.8\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = rac{1}{10} \Sigma_{n=1}^{10} (x_i - \mu) (x_i - \mu)^T = egin{bmatrix} 12.04 & 0.5 & 3.28 \ 0.5 & 12.2 & 2.9 \ 3.28 & 2.9 & 8.16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = Q\Lambda Q^T$$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0.616 & 0.678 & -0.399 \\ 0.588 & -0.734 & -0.337 \\ 0.522 & 0.027 & 0.852 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Lambda = egin{bmatrix} 15.29 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 11.63 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 5.47 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma$$
的eigenvector為 $egin{bmatrix} 0.616 \\ 0.588 \\ 0.522 \end{bmatrix}$ 、 $egin{bmatrix} 0.678 \\ -0.734 \\ 0.027 \end{bmatrix}$ 、 $egin{bmatrix} -0.399 \\ -0.337 \\ 0.852 \end{bmatrix}$,就是principal axis

(b) compute the principal components for each sample

讓w為
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.616 & 0.588 & 0.522 \\ 0.678 & -0.734 & 0.0272 \\ -0.399 & -0.337 & 0.852 \end{bmatrix}$$
, x_1,x_2,\cdots,x_{10} 的 $principal\ component$ 為

$$wx_1 = \left[egin{array}{c} 3.36 \ -0.708 \ 1.481 \end{array}
ight]$$

$$wx_2 = \left[egin{array}{c} 9.784 \ -3.025 \ -0.039 \end{array}
ight]$$

$$wx_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 13.61 \\ -6.53 \\ 2.418 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$wx_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 7.934 \\ -5.06 \\ 1.16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$wx_5 = egin{bmatrix} 12.363 \ -6.835 \ -5.021 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$wx_6 = \left[egin{array}{c} 7.191 \ 1.836 \ -3.297 \end{array}
ight]$$

$$wx_7 = \left[egin{array}{c} 14.957 \ -0.474 \ 1.369 \end{array}
ight]$$

$$wx_8 = \begin{bmatrix} 7.077 \\ -3.813 \\ -3.048 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$wx_9 = egin{bmatrix} 12.858 \ 3.951 \ -0.973 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$wx_{10} = egin{bmatrix} 16.293 \\ -1.105 \\ -1.747 \end{bmatrix}$$

(c) average reconstruction error if reduce dimension to 2D

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} 0.616 & 0.588 & 0.522 \\ 0.678 & -0.734 & 0.0272 \end{bmatrix}$$

average reconstruction error = $rac{1}{10}\Sigma_{n=1}^{10}||x_n-w^T(wx_n)||^2=6.068$

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(a)

$$(AA^T)^T = (A^T)^T A^T = AA^T$$

$$(A^T A)^T = A^T (A^T)^T = A^T A$$

 (A^TA) 和 (AA^T) 皆為symmetric

$$x^T(AA^T)x = (x^TA)(A^Tx) = (A^Tx)^T(A^Tx) = ||A^Tx||^2 \ge 0$$

$$y^T(A^TA)y = (y^TA^T)(Ay) = (Ay)^T(Ay) = ||Ay||^2 \geq 0$$

 (A^TA) 和 (AA^T) 皆為positive semi-definite

讓 $\lambda > 0$ 為 AA^T 的一個eigenvalue,取v為一個eigenvector

則可得
$$(AA^T)v = \lambda v$$
,因此可得 $(A^TA)(A^Tv) = A^T((AA^T)v) = A^T(\lambda v) = \lambda(A^Tv)$

所以得知 $\lambda > 0$ 也是 A^TA 的一個eigenvalue, A^Tv 為一個eigenvector

同理讓 $\lambda > 0$ 為 A^TA 的一個eigenvalue,取v為一個eigenvector

則可得 $(A^TA)v = \lambda v$,因此可得 $(AA^T)(Av) = A((A^TA)v) = A(\lambda v) = \lambda(Av)$

所以得知 $\lambda > 0$ 也是 AA^T 的一個eigenvalue, A^Tv 為一個eigenvector

由上述可得 AA^T 和 A^TA 有相同的non-zero eigenvalue

(b)

讓
$$z_1 = egin{bmatrix} \sqrt{m} \ 0 \ dots \ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z_2 = egin{bmatrix} -\sqrt{m} \ 0 \ dots \ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z_3 = egin{bmatrix} 0 \ \sqrt{m} \ dots \ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z_4 = \left[egin{array}{c} 0 \ -\sqrt{m} \ dots \ 0 \end{array}
ight]$$

$$z_{2m-1} = \left[egin{array}{c} 0 \ 0 \ dots \ \sqrt{m} \end{array}
ight]$$

$$z_{2m} = \left[egin{array}{c} 0 \ 0 \ dots \ -\sqrt{m} \end{array}
ight]$$

可得 $z_1z_2\cdots z_{2m}$ 的mean為 $rac{1}{2m}\sum_{k=1}^{2m}z_k=0$

Covariance matrix為 $rac{1}{2m}\sum_{k=1}^{2m}(z_k-0)(z_k-0)^T=I_m$

因為 Σ 為positive semi-definite

所以 $\exists A$ 使 $\Sigma = AA^T$

取
$$x_k=Az_k+\mu$$
,可得 $x_1x_2\cdots x_{2m}$ 的mean為 $rac{1}{2m}\sum_{k=1}^{2m}x_k=rac{1}{2m}\sum_{k=1}^{2m}Az_k+\mu=A(rac{1}{2m}\sum_{k=1}^{2m}z_k)+\mu=A*0+\mu=\mu$

Covariance matrix為

$$\frac{1}{2m} \sum_{k=1}^{2m} (x_k - \mu)(x_k - \mu)^T = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{k=1}^{2m} ((Az_k + \mu) - \mu)((Az_k + \mu) - \mu)^T \\
= \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{k=1}^{2m} (Az_k)(Az_k)^T = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{k=1}^{2m} (Az_k z_k^T A^T) = A(\frac{1}{2m} \sum_{k=1}^{2m} z_k z_k^T) A^T = AI_m A^T = AA^T = \Sigma$$
(c)

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