Network Working Group Request for Comments: 1243 S. Waldbusser, Editor Carnegie Mellon University July 1991

# AppleTalk Management Information Base

### Status of this Memo

This memo defines objects for managing AppleTalk objects for use with the SNMP protocol. This memo is a product of the AppleTalk-IP Working Group of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). This RFC specifies an IAB standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "IAB Official Protocol Standards" for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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#### 1. Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in TCP/IP-based internets. In particular, it defines objects for managing AppleTalk networks.

## 2. The Network Management Framework

The Internet-standard Network Management Framework consists of three components. They are:

RFC 1155 which defines the SMI, the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management. RFC 1212 defines a more concise description mechanism, which is wholly consistent with the SMI.

RFC 1156 which defines MIB-I, the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols. RFC 1213, defines MIB-II, an evolution of MIB-I based on implementation experience and new operational requirements.

RFC 1157 which defines the SNMP, the protocol used for network access to managed objects.

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

## 3. Objects

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) [7] defined in the SMI. In particular, each object has a name, a syntax, and an encoding. The name is an object identifier, an administratively assigned name, which specifies an object type. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the OBJECT DESCRIPTOR, to also refer to the object type.

The syntax of an object type defines the abstract data structure corresponding to that object type. The ASN.1 language is used for this purpose. However, the SMI [3] purposely restricts the ASN.1 constructs which may be used. These restrictions are explicitly made for simplicity.

The encoding of an object type is simply how that object type is represented using the object type's syntax. Implicitly tied to the notion of an object type's syntax and encoding is how the object type is represented when being transmitted on the network.

The SMI specifies the use of the basic encoding rules of ASN.1 [8], subject to the additional requirements imposed by the SNMP.

### 3.1. Format of Definitions

Section 5 contains the specification of all object types contained in this MIB module. The object types are defined using the conventions defined in the SMI, as amended by the extensions specified in [9,10].

#### 4. Overview

AppleTalk is a protocol suite which features an open peer-to-peer architecture that runs over a variety of transmission media. AppleTalk is defined in [10]. This protocol suite interoperates with the IP protocol suite through various encapsulation methods. As large AppleTalk networks are built that coexist with large IP networks, a method to manage the AppleTalk networks with SNMP becomes necessary. This MIB defines managed objects to be used for managing AppleTalk networks.

#### 4.1. Structure of MIB

The objects are arranged into the following groups:

- LLAP
- AARP
- ATPort
- DDP
- RTMP
- KIP
- ZIP
- NBP
- ATEcho

These groups are the basic unit of conformance. If the semantics of a group is applicable to an implementation, then it must implement all objects in that group. For example, a managed agent must implement the KIP group if and only if it implements the KIP protocol.

These groups are defined to provide a means of assigning object identifiers, and to provide a method for managed agents to know which objects they must implement.

### 4.2. The LocalTalk Link Access Protocol Group

The LocalTalk Link Access Protocol (LLAP) is a medium-speed data-link protocol designed for low cost and plug-and-play operation. The LLAP group is designed to manage all interfaces on a managed device that use this protocol.

## 4.3. The AppleTalk Address Resolution Protocol Group

The AppleTalk Address Resolution Protocol (AARP) is used to map between AppleTalk node addresses, used by the Datagram Delivery Protocol, and the addresses of the underlying data link layer. The AARP table allows for management of the Address Mapping Table on the managed device.

## 4.4. The AppleTalk Port Group

An AppleTalk Port is a logical connection to a network over which AppleTalk packets can be transmitted. This group allows the management of the configuration of these AppleTalk ports.

## 4.5. The Datagram Delivery Protocol Group

The Datagram Delivery Protocol (DDP) is the network-layer protocol that is responsible for the socket-to-socket delivery of datagrams over the AppleTalk Internet. This group manages the DDP layer on the managed device.

## 4.6. The Routing Table Maintenance Protocol Group

The Routing Table Maintenance Protocol (RTMP) is used by AppleTalk routers to create and maintain the routing tables that dictate the process of forwarding datagrams on the AppleTalk internet. The RTMP group manages the RTMP protocol as well as the routing tables generated by this protocol.

### 4.7. The Kinetics Internet Protocol Group

The Kinetics Internet Protocol (KIP) is a protocol for encapsulating and routing AppleTalk datagrams over an IP internet. This name is historical. The KIP group manages the KIP routing protocol as well as the routing tables generated by this protocol.

## 4.8. The Zone Information Protocol Group

The Zone Information Protocol (ZIP) is used to maintain a mapping between networks and zone names to facilitate the name lookup process performed by the Name Binding Protocol. The ZIP group manages this protocol and the mapping it produces.

### 4.9. The Name Binding Protocol Group

The Name Binding Protocol (NBP) is a transport-level protocol that is used to convert human readable service names into the numeric AppleTalk network addresses needed for communicating across the

AppleTalk network. The NBP group manages this protocol and the NBP services that exist on the managed device.

## 4.10. The AppleTalk Echo Protocol Group

The AppleTalk Echo Protocol is a transport-level protocol used to test and verify the status of the AppleTalk internet. The AtEcho group manages this protocol.

### 4.11. Textual Conventions

A new data type is introduced as a textual convention in this MIB document. This textual convention enhances the readability of the specification and can ease comparison with other specifications if appropriate. It should be noted that the introduction of this textual convention has no effect on either the syntax or the semantics of any managed objects. The use of this is merely an artifact of the explanatory method used. Objects defined in terms of this method are always encoded by means of the rules that define the primitive type. Hence, no changes to the SMI or the SNMP are necessary to accommodate this textual convention which is adopted merely for the convenience of readers and writers in pursuit of the elusive goal of clear, concise, and unambiguous MIB documents.

The new data type is:

DdpAddress ::= -- 2 octets of net number, -- 1 octet of node number OCTET STRING (SIZE (3))

### 5. Definitions

RFC1243-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

**IMPORTS** 

Counter, IpAddress
FROM RFC1155-SMI
DisplayString, mib-2
FROM RFC1213-MIB
OBJECT-TYPE
FROM RFC-1212;

- -- This MIB module uses the extended OBJECT-TYPE macro as defined in [9]
- -- AppleTalk MIB

```
appletalk
                           OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 13 }
          DdpAddress ::= -- 2 octets of net number
                                -- 1 octet of node number
                     OCTET STRING (SIZE (3))
          -- This data type is used for encoding a DDP protocol
-- address. The format of this address is a serial
          -- encoding of the two octets of network number in
          -- network byte order, followed by the 1 octet node
          -- number.
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 1 }
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 2 }
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 3 }
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 4 }
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 5 }
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 6 }
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 7 }
          llap
          aarp
          atport
          ddp
          rtmp
          kip
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 7
          zip
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 8 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { appletalk 9
          nbp
          atecho
-- The LLAP Group
llapTable OBJECT-TYPE
          SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF LlapEntry
          ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory
          DESCRIPTION
                "The list of LLAP entries."
          ::= { llap 1 }
llapEntry OBJECT-TYPE
          SYNTAX LlapEntry
          ACCESS not-accessible
          STATUS mandatory
          DESCRIPTION
                'An LLAP entry containing objects for the
                LocalTalk Link Access Protocol for a particular
                LocalTalk interface."
          INDEX { llapIfIndex }
          ::= { llapTable 1 }
INTEGER,
          llapInPkts
                                          Counter,
          llapOutPkts
                                          Counter,
          llapInNoHandlers
                                          Counter,
```

```
llapInLengthErrors
                                     Counter,
         llapInBads
                                     Counter,
         llapCollisions
                                     Counter,
         llapDefers
                                     Counter,
         llapNoDataErrors
                                    Counter,
         llapRandomCTSErrors
                                    Counter.
         llapFCSErrors
                                    Counter
İlapIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX INTEGER
         ACCESS read-only
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
             "The LLAP interface to which this entry pertains. The interface identified by a particular value of
             this index is the same interface as identified
             by the same value of ifIndex."
         ::= { llapEntry 1 }
llapInPkts OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX Counter
         ACCESS read-only
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of good packets received on this LocalTalk interface."
         ::= { llapEntry 2 }
llapOutPkts OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX Counter
         ACCESS read-only
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of packets transmitted on this LocalTalk interface."
         ::= { llapEntry 3 }
llapInNoHandlers OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX Counter
         ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The total number of good packets received on this
             LocalTalk interface for which there was no
             protocol handler."
         ::= { llapEntry 4 }
```

```
llapInLengthErrors OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX Counter
         ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of packets received on this LocalTalk interface whose actual length did not match the length in the header."
         ::= { llapEntry 5 }
llapInErrors OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX Counter
         ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The total number of packets containing errors
              received on this LocalTalk interface.'
         ::= { llapEntry 6 }
llapCollisions OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX Counter
         ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The total number of collisions assumed on this
              LocalTalk interface due to the lack of a lapCTS
              reply."
         ::= { llapEntry 7 }
llapDefers OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX Counter
         ACCESS read-only
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The total number of times this LocalTalk
              interface deferred to other packets."
         ::= { llapEntry 8 }
llapNoDataErrors OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX Counter
         ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The total number of times this LocalTalk
              interface received a lapRTS packet and expected
              a data packet, but did not receive any data
              packet.
         ::= { llapEntry 9 }
```

```
llapRandomCTSErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of times this LocalTalk interface received a lapCTS packet that was
             not solicited by a lapRTS packet.
         ::= { llapEntry 10 }
llapFCSErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of times this LocalTalk
             interface received a packet with an FCS
             (Frame Check Sequence) error."
         ::= { llapEntry 11 }
-- The AARP Group
aarpTable OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF AarpEntry
        ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The AppleTalk Address Translation Table
             contains an equivalence of AppleTalk Network
             Addresses to the link layer physical address."
         ::= { aarp 1 }
aarpEntry OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX AarpEntry
        ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "Each entry contains one AppleTalk Network
             Address to physical address equivalence."
        INDEX { aarpIfIndex, aarpNetAddress }
        ::= { aarpTable 1 }
AarpEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        aarpIfIndex
                          INTEGER.
        aarpPhysAddress OCTET STRING,
        aarpNetAddress DdpAddress
}
```

```
aarpIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX INTEGER
         ACCESS read-only
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The interface on which this entry's equivalence
             is effective. The interface identified by a particular value of this index is the same
             interface as identified by the same value of
             ifIndex.
         ::= { aarpEntry 1 }
aarpPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX OCTET STRING
         ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The media-dependent physical address"
         ::= { aarpEntry 2 }
aarpNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX DdpAddress
         ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The AppleTalk Network Address corresponding to
             the media-dependent physical address.
         ::= { aarpEntry 3 }
-- The ATPort Group
atportTable OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF AtportEntry
         ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "A list of AppleTalk ports for this entity."
         ::= { atport 1 }
atportEntry OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX AtportEntry
         ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The description of one of the AppleTalk
              ports on this entity."
         INDEX { atportIndex }
```

```
::= { atportTable 1 }
AtportEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        atportIndex
                                    INTEGER.
                                    DisplayString,
        atportDescr
        atportType
                                    INTEGER.
                                    OCTET STRING (SIZE(2)),
OCTET STRING (SIZE(2)),
        atportNetStart
        atportNetEnd
        atportNetAddress
                                    DdpAddress,
        atportStatus
                                    INTEGER,
                                    INTEGER,
        atportNetConfig
        atportZoneConfig
                                    INTEGER,
                                    OCTET STRING,
        atportZone
        atportIfIndex
                                    INTEGER
}
atportIndex OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "A unique value for each AppleTalk port.
            Its value is between 1 and the total number of
            AppleTalk ports. The value for each port must
            remain constant at least from the
            re-initialization of the entity's network
            management system to the next re-initialization."
        ::= { atportEntry 1 }
atportDescr OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX DisplayString
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatorv
        DESCRIPTION
             "A text string containing information about the
            port. This string is intended for presentation
            to a human; it must not contain anything but
            printable ÁSCII characters."
        ::= { atportEntry 2 }
atportType OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
                               -- none of the following
             other(1),
             localtalk(2)
             ethertalk1(3),
             ethertalk2(4),
             tokentalk(5),
```

```
iptalk(6),
              serial-ppp(7),
              serial-nonstandard(8),
              virtual(9)
         ACCESS read-write
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
             "The type of port, distinguished by the protocol immediately below DDP in the protocol stack."
         ::= { atportEntry 3 }
atportNetStart OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(2))
         ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The first AppleTalk network address in the range
             configured for this port. This is a two octet
             DDP network address in network byte order."
         ::= { atportEntry 4 }
atportNetEnd OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(2))
         ACCESS read-write
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
             "The last AppleTalk network address in the range configured for this port. This is a two octet
             DDP network address in network byte order. If the
             network to which this AppleTalk port is
             connected is a Phase 1 network or a non-extended
             network, the value for atportNetEnd shall be two
octets of zero."
         ::= { atportEntry 5 }
atportNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX DdpAddress
         ACCESS read-write
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The AppleTalk network address configured for this
             port.
         ::= { atportEntry 6 }
atportStatus OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX INTEGER {
              operational(1),
```

```
unconfigured(2),
              off(3),
              invalid(4)
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
              'The configuration status of this port.
             Setting this object to the value invalid(4)
             has the effect of invalidating the corresponding
             entry in the atportTable. That is, it
             effectively disassociates the mapping identified
             with said entry. It is an implementation-specific matter as to whether the
             agent removes an invalidated entry from the table.
             Accordingly, management stations must be
             prepared to receive from agents tabular
             information corresponding to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such entries requires examination of the relevant
             atportStatus object."
                  ::= { atportEntry 7 }
atportNetConfig OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
             configured(1), -- explicit configuration.
                              -- assumed from inspection of net.
             garnered(2),
             guessed(3),
                              -- a "random" configuration.
             unconfigured(4)
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The configuration status of this port."
         ::= { atportEntry 8 }
atportZoneConfig OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
             configured(1), -- explicit configuration
             garnered(2), -- assumed from inspection of net.
                               -- a "random" configuration.
             guessed(3),
             unconfigured(4)
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The configuration status of the zone information
```

```
for this port."
          ::= { atportEntry 9 }
atportZone OBJECT-TYPE
          SYNTAX OCTET STRING
          ACCESS read-write
          STATUS mandatory
          DESCRIPTION
               "The zone name configured for this AppleTalk
               port.
          ::= { atportEntry 10 }
atportIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
          SYNTAX INTEGER
          ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory
          DESCRIPTION
               "The physical interface associated with this
               AppleTalk port. The interface identified by a
               particular value of this index is the same
               interface as identified by the same value of
               ifIndex."
          ::= { atportEntry 11 }
-- The DDP Group
ddpOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter_
          ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
          DESCRIPTION
               "The total number of DDP datagrams which were supplied to DDP by local DDP clients in requests for transmission. Note that this counter does
               for transmission. Note that this connot_include any datagrams counted in
               ddpForwRequests."
          ::= { ddp 1 }
ddpOutShorts OBJECT-TYPE
          SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
          DESCRIPTION
               "The total number of short DDP datagrams which
               were transmitted from this entity."
          ::= \{ ddp 2 \}
```

```
ddpOutLongs OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of long DDP datagrams which were transmitted from this entity."
         ::= { ddp 3 }
ddpInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of input datagrams received by
             DDP, including those received in error.'
         ::= { ddp 4 }
ddpForwRequests OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The number of input datagrams for which this
             entity was not their final DDP destination, as
             a result of which an attempt was made to find a
             route to forward them to that final destination."
         ::= { ddp 5 }
ddpInLocalDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
              "The total number of input DDP datagrams for
             which this entity was their final DDP
             destination."
         ::= { ddp 6 }
ddpNoProtocolHandlers OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of DDP datagrams addressed to
             this entity that were addressed to an upper
             layer protocol for which no protocol handler
             existed."
```

```
::= { ddp 7 }
ddpOutNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of DDP datagrams dropped
             because a route could not be found to their
             final destination.
         ::= { ddp 8 }
ddpTooShortErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of input DDP datagrams dropped
             because the received data length was less than
             the data length specified in the DDP header or
the received data length was less than the
             length of the expected DDP header."
         ::= \{ ddp 9 \}
ddpTooLongErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of input DDP datagrams dropped
             because the received data length was greater
             than the data length specified in the DDP header
             or because they exceeded the maximum DDP
             datagram size."
         ::= \{ dd\bar{p} \ 10 \}
ddpBroadcastErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of input DDP datagrams dropped
             because this entity was not their final
             destination and they were addressed to the link
             level broadcast."
         ::= { ddp 11 }
```

```
ddpShortDDPErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of input DDP datagrams dropped
            because this entity was not their final
            destination and their type was short DDP."
         ::= { ddp 12 }
ddpHopCountErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of input DDP datagrams dropped
            because this entity was not their final
            destination and their hop count would exceed 15."
        ::= { ddp 13 }
ddpChecksumErrors OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX Counter
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of input DDP datagrams dropped
            because of a checksum error."
        ::= { ddp 14 }
-- The RTMP Group
rtmpTable OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RtmpEntry ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "A list of Routing Table Maintenance Protocol
             entries for this entity."
        ::= { rtmp 1 }
rtmpEntry OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX RtmpEntry
        ACCESS not-accessible
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The route entry to a particular network range."
        INDEX { rtmpRangeStart }
```

```
::= { rtmpTable 1 }
RtmpEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
                         OCTET STRING (SIZE(2)),
        rtmpRangeStart
                         OCTET STRING (SIZE(2)),
        rtmpRangeEnd
                         OCTET STRING,
        rtmpNextHop
                         INTEGER,
        rtmpType
        rtmpPort
rtmpHops
                         INTEGER,
                         INTEGER,
                         INTEGER
        rtmpState
}
rtmpRangeStart OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(2))
        ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The first DDP network address in the network
            range to which this routing entry pertains.
            This is a two octet DDP network address in network byte order."
        ::= { rtmpEntry 1 }
rtmpRangeEnd OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(2))
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The last DDP network address in the network range
            to which this routing entry pertains. This is a
            two octet DDP network address in network byte
                     If the network to which this routing
            entry pertains is a Phase 1 network or a
            non-extended network, the value for rtmpRangeEnd
            shall be two octets of zero."
        ::= { rtmpEntry 2 }
rtmpNextHop OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The next hop in the route to this entry's
            destination network. If the type of this route
            is Appletalk, this address takes the same form as DdpAddress."
        ::= { rtmpEntry 3 }
```

```
rtmpType OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
                other(1),
                appletalk(2)
                serial-ppp(3),
                serial-nonstandard(4)
        ÁCCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
            "The type of network over which this route
            points.
        ::= { rtmpEntry 4 }
rtmpPort OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
            "The index of the AppleTalk port over which
            this route points."
        ::= { rtmpEntry 5 }
rtmpHops OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
            "The number of hops required to reach the
            destination network to which this routing
            entry pertains.'
        ::= { rtmpEntry 6 }
rtmpState OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
            good(1),
suspect(2)
            goingBad(3),
            bad(4) -- may be removed from table
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
            "The status of the information contained in this
            route entry.
            Setting this object to the value bad(4) has the
            effect of invalidating the corresponding entry
```

in the rtmpTable. That is, it effectively disassociates the mapping identified with said

```
entry. It is an implementation-specific matter
             as to whether the agent removes an invalidated
             entry from the table. Accordingly, management
             stations must be prepared to receive from agents tabular information corresponding to entries not
             currently in use. Proper interpretation of such
             entries requires examination of the relevant rtmpState object."
         ::= { rtmpEntry 7 }
-- The KIP Group
kipTable OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF KipEntry
         ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The table of routing information for KIP
             networks.'
         ::= { kip 1 }
kipEntry OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX KipEntry
        ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
             "An entry in the routing table for KIP networks."
        INDEX { kipNetStart }
         ::= { kipTable 1 }
KipEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
                           OCTET STRING (SIZE(2)),
OCTET STRING (SIZE(2)),
         kipNetStart
         kipNetEnd
         kipNextHop
                           IpAddress,
         kipHopCount
                           INTEGER,
         kipBCastAddr
                           IpAddress,
         kipCore
                           INTEGER,
         kipType
                           INTEGER,
                           INTEGER,
         kipState
         kipShare
                           INTEGER
}
kipNetStart OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(2))
         ACCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The first AppleTalk network address in the
             range for this routing entry. This address is a
            two octet DDP network address in network byte
             order."
        ::= { kipEntry 1 }
kipNetEnd OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(2))
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The last AppleTalk network address in the range
             for this routing entry. This address is a two
             octet DDP network address in network byte order.
             If the network to which this AppleTalk port is
             connected is a Phase 1 network or a non-extended
            network, the value for kipNetEnd shall be two
            octets of zero."
        ::= { kipEntry 2 }
kipNextHop OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX IpAddress
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The IP address of the next hop in the route to
        this entry's destination network.'
::= { kipEntry 3 }
kipHopCount OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The number of hops required to reach the
            destination network to which this entry pertains."
        ::= { kipEntry 4 }
kipBCastAddr OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX IpAddress
        ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
            "The form of the IP address used to broadcast on this network."
        ::= { kipEntry 5 }
```

```
kipCore OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
              core(1),
              notcore(2)
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The status of this network as a Kip Core
             network."
        ::= { kipEntry 6 }
kipType OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
              kipRouter(1),
              net(2),
              host(3)
              other(4)
        ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The type of the entity that this route points
             to."
        ::= { kipEntry 7 }
kipState OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
              configured(1),
              learned(2),
              invalid(3)
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The state of this network entry.
             Setting this object to the value invalid(3) has
             the effect of invalidating the corresponding
             entry in the kipTable. That is, it effectively
            disassociates the mapping identified with said
             entry. It is an implementation-specific matter
             as to whether the agent removes an invalidated
             entry from the table.
             Accordingly, management stations must be
             prepared to receive from agents tabular
             information corresponding to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such
```

```
entries requires examination of the relevant
kipState object."
         ::= { kipEntry 8 }
kipShare OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX INTEGER {
               shared(1),
               private(2)
         ACCESS read-write
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "If the information in this entry is propagated
             to other routers as part of a routing protocol, the value of this variable is equal to shared(1). Otherwise its value is private(2)."
         ::= { kipEntry 9 }
-- The ZIP Group
zipTable OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF ZipEntry
         ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The table of zone information for reachable AppleTalk networks."
         ::= { zip 1 }
zipEntry OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX ZipEntry
         ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "An entry of zone information for a particular
              zone and network combination.
         INDEX { zipZoneNetStart, zipZoneIndex }
         ::= { zipTable 1 }
ZipEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
         zipZoneName
                            OCTET STRING,
                            INTEGER,
         zipZoneIndex
         zipZoneNetStart OCTET STRING (SIZE(2)),
                            OCTET STRING (SIZE(2)),
         zipZoneNetEnd
         zipZoneState
                            INTEGER
}
```

```
zipZoneName OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The ASCII zone name of this entry."
         ::= { zipEntry 1 }
zipZoneIndex OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-only
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "An integer that is unique to the zipZoneName that is present in this entry. For any given
             zone name, every zipEntry that has an equal zone
             name will have the same zipZoneIndex."
         ::= { zipEntry 2 }
zipZoneNetStart OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(2))
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The network that starts the range for this
             entry. This address is a two octet DDP network
             address in network byte order."
         ::= { zipEntry 3 }
zipZoneNetEnd OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(2))
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The network that ends the range for this
             entry. This address is a two octet DDP network
             address in network byte order. If the network
             to which this zip entry pertains is a Phase 1
             network or a non-extended network, the value for
zipZoneNetEnd shall be two bytes of zero."
         ::= { zipEntry 4 }
zipZoneState OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
                 valid(1),
                 invalid(2)
        ÁCCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
              "The state of this zip entry.
             Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has
             the effect of invalidating the corresponding
             entry in the zipTable. That is, it effectively disassociates the mapping identified with said
                      It is an implementation-specific matter
             as to whether the agent removes an invalidated
             entry from the table.
             Accordingly, management stations must be
             prepared to receive from agents tabular
             information corresponding to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of
             such entries requires examination of the
             relevant zipZoneState object.'
         ::= { zipEntry 5 }
-- The NBP Group
nbpTable OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF NbpEntry
         ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
             "The table of NBP services registered on this
             entity.'
         ::= { nbp 1 }
nbpEntry OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX NbpEntry
        ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory
         DESCRIPTION
             "The description of an NBP service registered on
             this entity."
         INDEX { nbpIndex }
         ::= { nbpTable 1 }
 NbpEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
         nbpIndex
                           INTEGER,
                          OCTET STRING,
         nbpObject
                          OCTET STRING,
         nbpType
                          OCTET STRING,
         nbpZone
                          INTEGER
        nbpState
 }
```

```
nbpIndex OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER
        ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The index of this NBP entry. This value ranges
             from 1 to the number of NBP entries currently registered on this entity."
         ::= { nbpEntry 1 }
nbpObject OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING
        ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The name of the service described by this
             entity.'
         ::= { nbpEntry 2 }
nbpType OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The type of the service described by this
             entity.
         ::= { nbpEntry 3 }
nbpZone OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX OCTET STRING
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The zone the service described by this entity is
             registered in."
         ::= { nbpEntry 4 }
nbpState OBJECT-TYPE
        SYNTAX INTEGER {
                 valid(1)
                 invalid(2)
        ACCESS read-write
        STATUS mandatory
        DESCRIPTION
             "The state of this NBP entry.
             Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has
```

```
the effect of invalidating the corresponding
entry in the nbpTable. That is, it effectively
disassociates the mapping identified with said
entry. It is an implementation-specific matter
as to whether the agent removes an invalidated
entry from the table.
Accordingly, management stations must be
prepared to receive from agents tabular
information corresponding to entries not
currently in use. Proper interpretation of
such entries requires examination of the
relevant nbpState object."
::= { nbpEntry 5 }
```

## -- The ATEcho Group

```
atechoRequests OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"The number of AppleTalk echo requests received."
::= { atecho 1 }
atechoReplies OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"The number of AppleTalk echo replies sent."
::= { atecho 2 }
END
```

### 6. Acknowledgements

This document was produced by the IETF AppleTalk-IP Working Group:

Terry Braun, Novell
Gregory Bruell, Shiva
Philip Budne, Shiva
Rob Chandhok, CMU
Cyrus Chow, NASA
Bruce Crabill, UMD
Peter DiCamillo, Brown
Robert Elz, U. of Melbourne
Tom Evans, Webster
Karen Frisa, CMU

Russ Hobby, UC Davis Tom Holodnik, CMU Peter Honeyman, U. of Michigan Michael Horowitz, Shiva Van Jacobson, Lawrence Berkeley Labs Doug Kerr, Novell Holly Knight, Apple Philip Koch, Dartmouth Louise Laier, Apple Nik Langrind, Shiva Joshua Littlefield, Cayman Kanchei Loa, Motorola John Mason, Apple Leo McLaughlin, TWG Milo Medin, NASA Greg Minshall, Novell Bob Morgan, Stanford Ed Moy, Berkeley Matthew Nocifore, Drexel Zbigniew Opalka, BBN Alan Oppenheimer, Apple Brad Parker, Cayman Greg Satz, Cisco John Seligson, Apple Frank Slaughter, Shiva Zaw-Sing Su, SRŽ John Veizadés, Apple Peter Vinsel, Apple Jonathan Wenocur, Shiva Steven Willis, Wellfleet

In addition, the contribution of the following individuals is also acknowledged:

Karen Frisa, Carnegie Mellon University Greg Minshall, Novell, Inc. Marshall T. Rose, PSI

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- 8. Security Considerations

Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

9. Author's Address

Steven Waldbusser Carnegie Mellon University 4910 Forbes Ave. Pittsburgh, PA 15213

EMail: waldbusser@andrew.cmu.edu