Network Working Group Request for Comments: 2496

Obsoletes: 1407

Category: Standards Track

D. Fowler, Editor Newbridge Networks January 1999

Definitions of Managed Objects for the DS3/E3 Interface Type

### Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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#### **Abstract**

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes objects used for managing DS3 and E3 interfaces. This document is a companion document with Definitions of Managed Objects for the DSO (RFC 2494 [25]), DS1/E1/DS2/E2 (RFC 2495 [17]), and the work in progress SONET/SDH Interface Types.

This memo specifies a MIB module in a manner that is both compliant to the SNMPv2 SMI, and semantically identical to the peer SNMPv1 definitions.

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# 1. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- An overall architecture, described in RFC 2271 [1].
- Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIv1 and described in STD 16, RFC 1155 [2], STD 16, RFC 1212 [3] and RFC 1215 [4]. The second version, called SMIv2, is described in RFC 1902 [5], RFC 1903 [6] and RFC 1904 [7].
- Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in RFC 1901 [9] and RFC 1906 [10]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in RFC 1906 [10], RFC 2272 [11] and RFC 2274 [12].

- o Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in RFC 1905 [13].
- o A set of fundamental applications described in RFC 2273 [14] and the view-based access control mechanism described in RFC 2275 [15]. Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI. This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2. A MIB conforming to the SMIv1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64).

Some machine readable information in SMIv2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIv1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

# 1.1. Changes from RFC1407

This MIB obsoletes RFC1407. The changes from RFC1407 are the following:

- (1) The Fractional Table has been deprecated
- (2) This document uses SMIv2
- (3) Values are given for ifTable and ifXTable
- (4) Example usage of ifStackTable is included
- (5) dsx3IfIndex has been deprecated
- (6) The definition of valid intervals has been clarified for the case where the agent proxied for other devices. In particular, the treatment of missing intervals has been clarified.
- (7) An inward loopback has been added.
- (8) Additional lineStatus bits have been added for Near End in Unavailable Signal State, Carrier Equipment Out of Service, DS@ Payload AIS, and DS@ Performance Threshold

- (9) A read-write line Length object has been added.
- (10) Added a lineStatus last change, trap and enabler.
- (11) Textual Conventions for statistics objects have been used.
- (12) A new object, dsx3LoopbackStatus, has been introduced to reflect the loopbacks established on a DS3/E3 interface and the source to the requests. dsx3LoopbackConfig continues to be the desired loopback state while dsx3LoopbackStatus reflects the actual state.
- (13) A dual loopback has been added to allow the setting of an inward loopback and a line loopback at the same time.
- (14) An object has been added to indicated whether or not this is a channelized DS3/E3.
- (15) A new object has been added to indicate which DS1 is to set for remote loopback.

#### 2. Overview

These objects are used when the particular media being used to realize an interface is a DS3/E3 interface. At present, this applies to these values of the ifType variable in the Internet-standard MIB:

ds3 (30)

The DS3 definitions contained herein are based on the DS3 specifications in ANSI T1.102-1987, ANSI T1.107-1988, ANSI T1.107a-1990, and ANSI T1.404-1989 [8,9,9a,10]. The E3 definitions contained herein are based on the E3 specifications in CCITT G.751 [12].

# 2.1. Use of ifTable for DS3 Layer

Only the ifGeneralGroup needs to be supported.

| ifTable Objec | t Use for DS3 Layer   |
|---------------|---|
| ifIndex       | Interface index.  |
| ifDescr       | See interfaces MIB [5]  |
| ifType        | ds3(30)   |
| ifSpeed       | Speed of line rate<br>DS3 - 44736000<br>E3 - 34368000   |
| ifPhysAddress | The value of the Circuit Identifier. If no Circuit Identifier has been assigned this object should have an octet string with zero length. |
| ifAdminStatus | See interfaces MIB [5]  |
| ifOperStatus  | See interfaces MIB [5]  |
| ifLastChange  | See interfaces MIB [5]  |
| ifName        | See interfaces MIB [5]  |
| ifLinkUpDownT | rapEnable Set to enabled(1).  |
| ifHighSpeed   | Speed of line in Mega-bits per second (either 45 or 34)   |
| ifConnectorPr | esent Set to true(1) normally, except for cases such as DS3/E3 over AAL1/ATM where false(2) is appropriate                                |

# 2.2. Usage Guidelines

# 2.2.1. Usage of ifStackTable

The assignment of the index values could for example be:

| ifIndex | Description   |
|---------|---------------|
| 1       | Ethernet      |
| 2       | Line#A Router |
| 3       | Line#B Router |

| 4  | Line#C | Router      |
|----|--------|-------------|
| 5  | Line#D | Router      |
| 6  | Line#A | CSU Router  |
| 7  | Line#B | CSU Router  |
| 8  | Line#C | CSU Router  |
| 9  | Line#D | CSU Router  |
| 10 | Line#A | CSU Network |
| 11 | Line#B | CSU Network |
| 12 | Line#C | CSU Network |
| 13 | Line#D | CSU Network |

The ifStackTable is then used to show the relationships between the various DS3 interfaces.

## ifStackTable Entries

| HigherLayer | LowerLayer<br>6 |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 2           | 7               |
| 4           | 8               |
| 5           | 9               |
| 6<br>7      | 10              |
| 7           | 11              |
| 8           | 12              |
| 9           | 13              |

If the CSU shelf is managed by itself by a local SNMP Agent, the situation would be identical, except the Ethernet and the 4 router interfaces are deleted. Interfaces would also be numbered from 1 to 8.

| ifIndex |        | otio | 1       |
|---------|--------|------|---------|
| 1       | Line#A | CSU  | Router  |
| 2       | Line#B | CSU  | Router  |
| 3       | Line#C | CSU  | Router  |
| 4       | Line#D | CSU  | Router  |
| 5       | Line#A | CSU  | Network |
| 6       | Line#B | CSU  | Network |
| 7       | Line#C | CSU  | Network |
| 8       | Line#D | CSU  | Network |

# ifStackTable Entries

| HigherLayer | LowerLayer |
|-------------|------------|
| 1           | 5          |
| 2           | 6          |
| 3           | 7          |
| 4           | 8          |

## 2.2.2. Usage of Channelization for DS3, DS1, DS0

An example is given here to explain the channelization objects in the DS3, DS1, and DS0 MIBs to help the implementor use the objects correctly. Treatment of E3 and E1 would be similar, with the number of DS0s being different depending on the framing of the E1.

Assume that a DS3 (with ifIndex 1) is Channelized into DS1s (without DS2s). The object dsx3Channelization is set to enabledDs1. When this object is set to enabledDS1, 28 ifEntries of type DS1 will be created by the agent. If dsx3Channelization is set to disabled, then the DS1s are destroyed.

Assume the entries in the ifTable for the DS1s are created in channel order and the ifIndex values are 2 through 29. In the DS1 MIB, there will be an entry in the dsx1ChanMappingTable for each ds1. The entries will be as follows:

# dsx1ChanMappingTable Entries

| ifIndex | dsx1Ds1ChannelNumber | dsx1ChanMappedIfIndex |
|---------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1       | 1<br>2               | 2 3                   |
| 1       | 28                   | 29                    |

In addition, the DS1s are channelized into DS0s. The object dsx1Channelization is set to enabledDS0 for each DS1. There will be 24 DS0s in the ifTable for each DS1. Assume the entries in the ifTable are created in channel order and the ifIndex values for the DS0s in the first DS1 are 30 through 53. In the DS0 MIB, there will be an entry in the dsx0ChanMappingTable for each DS0. The entries will be as follows:

## dsx0ChanMappingTable Entries

| ifIndex | dsx0Ds0ChannelNumber | dsx0ChanMappedIfIndex |
|---------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 2       | 1                    | 30                    |
| 2       | 2                    | 31                    |
| 2       | 24                   | 53                    |

# 2.2.3. Usage of Channelization for DS3, DS2, DS1

An example is given here to explain the channelization objects in the DS3 and DS1 MIBs to help the implementor use the objects correctly.

Assume that a DS3 (with ifIndex 1) is Channelized into DS2s. The object dsx3Channelization is set to enabledDs2. There will be 7 DS2s (ifType of DS1) in the ifTable. Assume the entries in the ifTable for the DS2s are created in channel order and the ifIndex values are 2 through 8. In the DS1 MIB, there will be an entry in the dsx1ChanMappingTable for each DS2. The entries will be as follows:

# dsx1ChanMappingTable Entries

| ifIndex<br>1<br>1 | dsx1Ds1ChannelNumber<br>1<br>2 | <pre>dsx1ChanMappedIfIndex 2 3</pre> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| i                 | 7                              | 8                                    |

In addition, the DS2s are channelized into DS1s. The object dsx1Channelization is set to enabledDS1 for each DS2. There will be 4 DS1s in the ifTable for each DS2. Assume the entries in the ifTable are created in channel order and the ifIndex values for the DS1s in the first DS2 are 9 through 12, then 13 through 16 for the second DS2, and so on. In the DS1 MIB, there will be an entry in the dsx1ChanMappingTable for each DS1. The entries will be as follows:

# dsx1ChanMappingTable Entries

| ifIndex | dsx1Ds1ChannelNumber | dsx1ChanMappedIfIndex |
|---------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 2       | 1                    | 9                     |
| 2       | 2                    | 10                    |
| 2       | 3                    | 11                    |
| 2       | 4                    | 12                    |
| 3       | 1                    | 13                    |
| 3       | 2                    | 14                    |
| • • •   |                      |                       |
| 8       | 4                    | 36                    |

## 2.2.4. Usage of Loopbacks

This section discusses the behaviour of objects related to loopbacks.

The object dsx3LoopbackConfig represents the desired state of loopbacks on this interface. Using this object a Manager can request:

LineLoopback
PayloadLoopback (if ESF framing)
InwardLoopback
DualLoopback (Line + Inward)
NoLoopback

The remote end can also request lookbacks either through the FDL channel if ESF or inband if D4. The loopbacks that can be request this way are:
LineLoopback
PayloadLoopback (if ESF framing)
NoLoopback

To model the current state of loopbacks on a DS3 interface, the object dsx3LoopbackStatus defines which loopback is currently applies to an interface. This objects, which is a bitmap, will have bits turned on which reflect the currently active loopbacks on the interface as well as the source of those loopbacks.

The following restrictions/rules apply to loopbacks:

The far end cannot undo loopbacks set by a manager.

A manager can undo loopbacks set by the far end.

Both a line loopback and an inward loopback can be set at the same time. Only these two loopbacks can co-exist and either one may be set by the manager or the far end. A LineLoopback request from the far end is incremental to an existing Inward loopback established by a manager. When a NoLoopback is received from the far end in this case, the InwardLoopback remains in place.

# 2.3. Objectives of this MIB Module

There are numerous things that could be included in a MIB for DS3/E3 signals: the management of multiplexors, CSUs, DSUs, and the like. The intent of this document is to facilitate the common management of all devices with DS3/E3 interfaces. As such, a design decision was made up front to very closely align the MIB with the set of objects that can generally be read from DS3/E3 devices that are currently deployed.

# 2.4. DS3/E3 Terminology

The terminology used in this document to describe error conditions on a DS3 interface as monitored by a DS3 device are based on the late but not final draft of what became the ANSI T1.231 standard [11]. If the definition in this document does not match the definition in the ANSI T1.231 document, the implementer should follow the definition described in this document.

#### 2.4.1. Error Events

- Bipolar Violation (BPV) Error Event
  A bipolar violation error event, for B3ZS(HDB3)-coded signals, is the occurrence of a pulse of the same polarity as the previous pulse without being part of the zero substitution code, B3ZS(HDB3). For B3ZS(HDB3)-coded signals, a bipolar violation error event may also include other error patterns such as: three(four) or more consecutive zeros and incorrect polarity. (See T1.231 section 7.1.1.1.1)
- Excessive Zeros (EXZ) Error Event
  An EXZ is the occurrence of any zero string length equal to or greater than 3 for B3ZS, or greater than 4 for HDB3. (See T1.231 section 7.1.1.1.2)
- Line Coding Violation (LCV) Error Event
  This parameter is a count of both BPVs and EXZs occurring over
  the accumulation period. An EXZ increments the LCV by one
  regardless of the length of the zero string. (Also known as
  CV-L. See T1.231 section 7.4.1.1)
- P-bit Coding Violation (PCV) Error Event
  For all DS3 applications, a coding violation error event is a
  P-bit Parity Error event. A P-bit Parity Error event is the
  occurrence of a received P-bit code on the DS3 M-frame that is
  not identical to the corresponding locally- calculated code.
  (See T1.231 section 7.1.1.2.1)
- C-bit Coding Violation (CCV) Error Event
  For C-bit Parity and SYNTRAN DS3 applications, this is the count of coding violations reported via the C-bits. For C-bit Parity, it is a count of CP-bit parity errors occurring in the accumulation interval. For SYNTRAN, it is a count of CRC-9 errors occurring in the accumulation interval. (See T1.231 section 7.1.1.2.2)

## 2.4.2. Performance Parameters

All performance parameters are accumulated in fifteen minute intervals and up to 96 intervals (24 hours worth) are kept by an agent. Fewer than 96 intervals of data will be available if the agent has been restarted within the last 24 hours. In addition, there is a rolling 24-hour total of each performance parameter.

There is no requirement for an agent to ensure fixed relationship between the start of a fifteen minute interval and any wall clock; however some agents may align the fifteen minute intervals with quarter hours.

Performance parameters are of types PerfCurrentCount, PerfIntervalCount and PerfTotalCount. These textual conventions are all Gauge32, and they are used because it is possible for these objects to decrease. Objects may decrease when Unavailable Seconds occurs across a fifteen minutes interval boundary. See Unavailable Seconds discussion later in this section.

- Line Errored Seconds (LES)
  A Line Errored Second is a second in which one or more CV
  occurred OR one or more LOS defects. (Also known as ES-L. See
  T1.231 section 7.4.1.2)
- P-bit Errored Seconds (PES)
  An PES is a second with one or more PCVs OR one or more Out of Frame defects OR a detected incoming AIS. This gauge is not incremented when UASs are counted. (Also known as ESP-P. See T1.231 section 7.4.2.2)
- P-bit Severely Errored Seconds (PSES)

  A PSES is a second with 44 or more PCVs OR one or more Out of Frame defects OR a detected incoming AIS. This gauge is not incremented when UASs are counted. (Also known as SESP-P. See T1.231 section 7.4.2.5)
- C-bit Errored Seconds (CES)
  An CES is a second with one or more CCVs OR one or more Out of Frame defects OR a detected incoming AIS. This count is only for the SYNTRAN and C-bit Parity DS3 applications. This gauge is not incremented when UASs are counted. (Also known as ESCP-P. See T1.231 section 7.4.2.2)
- C-bit Severely Errored Seconds (CSES)

  A CSES is a second with 44 or more CCVs OR one or more Out of Frame defects OR a detected incoming AIS. This count is only for the SYNTRAN and C-bit Parity DS3 applications. This gauge is not incremented when UASs are counted. (Also known as SESCP-P. See T1.231 section 7.4.2.5)
- Severely Errored Framing Seconds (SEFS)
  A SEFS is a second with one or more Out of Frame defects OR a detected incoming AIS. This item is not incremented during unavailable seconds. (Also known as SAS-P. See T1.231 section 7.4.2.6)

Unavailable Seconds (UAS)

UAS are calculated by counting the number of seconds that the interface is unavailable. The DS3 interface is said to be unavailable from the onset of 10 contiguous PSESs, or the onset of the condition leading to a failure (see Failure States). If the condition leading to the failure was immediately preceded by one or more contiguous PSESs, then the DS3 interface unavailability starts from the onset of these PSESs. Once unavailable, and if no failure is present, the DS3 interface becomes available at the onset of 10 contiguous seconds with no PSESs. Once unavailable, and if a failure is present, the DS3 interface becomes available at the onset of 10 contiguous seconds with no PSESs, if the failure clearing time is less than or equal to 10 seconds. If the failure clearing time is more than 10 seconds, the DS3 interface becomes available at the onset of 10 contiguous seconds with no PSESs, or the onset period leading to the successful clearing condition, whichever occurs later. With respect to the DS3 error counts, all counters are incremented while the DS3 interface is deemed available. While the interface is deemed unavailable, the only count that is incremented is UASs.

Note that this definition implies that the agent cannot determine until after a ten second interval has passed whether a given one-second interval belongs to available or unavailable time. If the agent chooses to update the various performance statistics in real time then it must be prepared to retroactively reduce the PES, PSES, CES, and CSES counts by 10 and increase the UAS count by 10 when it determines that available time has been entered. It must also be prepared to adjust the PCV, CCV, and SEFS count as necessary since these parameters are not accumulated during unavailable time. It must be similarly prepared to retroactively decrease the UAS count by 10 and increase the PES, CES, PCV, and CCV counts as necessary upon entering available time. A special case exists when the 10 second period leading to available or unavailable time crosses a 900 second statistics window boundary, as the foregoing description implies that the PCV, CCV, PES, CES, PSES, CSEC, SEFS, and UAS counts for the PREVIOUS interval must be adjusted. In this case successive GETs of the affected dsx3IntervalPSESs and dsx3IntervalUASs objects will return differing values if the first GET occurs during the first few seconds of the window.

The agent may instead choose to delay updates to the various statistics by 10 seconds in order to avoid retroactive adjustments to the counters. A way to do this is sketched in Appendix B.

In any case, a linkDown trap shall be sent only after the agent has determined for certain that the unavailable state has been entered, but the time on the trap will be that of the first UAS (i.e., 10 seconds earlier). A linkUp trap shall be handled similarly.

According to ANSI T1.231 unavailable time begins at the \_onset\_ of 10 contiguous severely errored seconds -- that is, unavailable time starts with the \_first\_ of the 10 contiguous SESs. Also, while an interface is deemed unavailable all counters for that interface are frozen except for the UAS count. It follows that an implementation which strictly complies with this standard must \_not\_ increment any counters other than the UAS count -- even temporarily -- as a result of anything that happens during those 10 seconds. Since changes in the signal state lag the data to which they apply by 10 seconds, an ANSI-compliant implementation must pass the the one-second statistics through a 10-second delay line prior to updating any counters. That can be done by performing the following steps at the end of each one second interval.

- i) Read near/far end CV counter and alarm status flags from the hardware.
- ii) Accumulate the CV counts for the preceding second and compare them to the ES and SES threshold for the layer in question. Update the signal state and shift the one-second CV counts and ES/SES flags into the 10-element delay line. Note that far-end one-second statistics are to be flagged as "absent" during any second in which there is an incoming defect at the layer in question or at any lower layer.
- iii) Update the current interval statistics using the signal state from the \_previous\_ update cycle and the one-second CV counts and ES/SES flags shifted out of the 10-element delay line.

This approach is further described in Appendix B.

#### 2.4.3. Performance Defects

#### Failure States:

The Remote Alarm Indication (RAI) failure, in SYNTRAN applications, is declared after detecting the Yellow Alarm

Signal on the alarm channel. See ANSI T1.107a-1990 [9a]. The Remote Alarm Indication failure, in C-bit Parity DS3 applications, is declared as soon as the presence of either one or two alarm signals are detected on the Far End Alarm Channel. See [9]. The Remote Alarm Indication failure may also be declared after detecting the far-end SEF/AIS defect (aka yellow). The Remote Alarm Indication failure is cleared as soon as the presence of the any of the above alarms are removed.

Also, the incoming failure state is declared when a defect persists for at least 2-10 seconds. The defects are the following: Loss of Signal (LOS), an Out of Frame (OOF) or an incoming Alarm Indication Signal (AIS). The Failure State is cleared when the defect is absent for less than or equal to 20 seconds.

Far End SEF/AIS defect (aka yellow)
A Far End SEF/AIS defect is the occurrence of the two X-bits in a M-frame set to zero. The Far End SEF/AIS defect is terminated when the two X-bits in a M-frame are set to one. (Also known as SASCP-PFE. See T1.231 section 7.4.4.2.6)

Out of Frame (OOF) defect
A DS3 OOF defect is detected when any three or more errors in sixteen or fewer consecutive F-bits occur within a DS3 M-frame. An OOF defect may also be called a Severely Errored Frame (SEF) defect. An OOF defect is cleared when reframe occurs. A DS3 Loss of Frame (LOF) failure is declared when the DS3 OOF defect is consistent for 2 to 10 seconds. The DS3 OOF defect ends when reframe occurs. The DS3 LOF failure is cleared when the DS3 OOF defect is absent for 10 to 20 seconds. (See T1.231 section 7.1.2.2.1)

An E3 00F defect is detected when four consecutive frame alignment signals have been incorrectly received in there predicted positions in an E3 signal. E3 frame alignment occurs when the presence of three consecutive frame alignment signals have been detected.

Loss of Signal (LOS) defect
The DS3 LOS defect is declared upon observing 175 +/- 75
contiguous pulse positions with no pulses of either positive
or negative polarity. The DS3 LOS defect is terminated upon
observing an average pulse density of at least 33% over a
period of 175 +/- 75 contiguous pulse positions starting with
the receipt of a pulse. (See T1.231 section 7.1.2.1.1)

Alarm Indication Signal (AIS) defect The DS3 AIS is framed with "stuck stuffing." This implies that it has a valid M-subframe alignments bits, M-frame alignment bits, and P bits. The information bits are set to a 1010... sequence, starting with a one (1) after each Msubframe alignment bit, M-frame alignment bit, X bit, P bit, and C bit. The C bits are all set to zero giving what is called "stuck stuffing." The X bits are set to one. The DS3 AIS defect is declared after DS3 AIS is present in contiguous M-frames for a time equal to or greater than T, where 0.2 ms <= T <= 100 ms. The DS3 AIS defect is terminated after AIS is absent in contiguous M frames for a time equal to or greater absent in contiguous M-frames for a time equal to or greater than T. (See T1.231 section 7.1.2.2.3)

The E3 binary content of the AIS is nominally a continuous stream of ones. AIS detection and the application of consequent actions, should be completed within a time limit of

#### Other Terms 2.4.4.

## Circuit Identifier

This is a character string specified by the circuit vendor, and is useful when communicating with the vendor during the troubleshooting process.

**Proxy** 

In this document, the word proxy is meant to indicate an application which receives SNMP messages and replies to them on behalf of the devices which implement the actual DS3/E3 interfaces. The proxy may have already collected the information about the DS3/E3 interfaces into its local database and may not necessarily forward the requests to the actual DS3/E3 interface. It is expected in such an application that there are periods of time where the proxy is not communicating with the DS3/E3 interfaces. In these instances the proxy will not necessarily have up-to-date configuration information and will most likely have missed the collection of some statistics data. Missed statistics data collection will result in invalid data in the interval table.

#### 3. **Object Definitions**

DS3-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

**IMPORTS** 

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, transmission FROM SNMPv2-SMI

```
DisplayString, TimeStamp, TruthValue
                                              FROM SNMPv2-TC
     MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP,
     NOTIFICATION-GROUP
                                              FROM SNMPv2-CONF
                                              FROM IF-MIB
     InterfaceIndex
     PerfCurrentCount, PerfIntervalCount,
     PerfTotalCount
                                              FROM PerfHist-TC-MIB;
ds3 MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "9808012130Z"
    ORGANIZATION "IETF Trunk MIB Working Group"
    CONTACT-INFO
               David Fowler
       Postal: Newbridge Networks Corporation
               600 March Road
               Kanata, Ontario, Canada K2K 2E6
               Tel: +1 613 591 3600
               Fax: +1 613 599 3667
       E-mail: davef@newbridge.com"
    DESCRIPTION
         "The is the MIB module that describes
          DS3 and E3 interfaces objects."
    ::= { transmission 30 }
-- The DS3/E3 Near End Group
-- The DS3/E3 Near End Group consists of four tables:
      DS3/E3 Configuration
      DS3/E3 Current
      DS3/E3 Interval
      DS3/E3 Total
-- the DS3/E3 Configuration Table
dsx3ConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx3ConfigEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The DS3/E3 Configuration table."
     ::= { ds3 5 }
dsx3ConfigEntry OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX Dsx3ConfigEntry
```

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

```
STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "An entry in the DS3/E3 Configuration table."
             { dsx3LineIndex }
     ::= { dsx3ConfigTable 1 }
Dsx3ConfigEntry ::=
     SEQUENCE {
    dsx3LineIndex
                                                  InterfaceIndex,
         dsx3IfIndex
                                                  InterfaceIndex,
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3TimeElapsed
         dsx3ValidIntervals
                                                  INTEGER,
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3LineType
         dsx3LineCoding
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3SendCode
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3CircuitIdentifier
                                                  DisplayString,
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3LoopbackConfig
         dsx3LineStatus
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3TransmitClockSource
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3InvalidIntervals
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3LineLength
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3LineStatusLastChange
                                                  TimeStamp,
         dsx3LineStatusChangeTrapEnable
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3LoopbackStatus
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3Channelization
                                                  INTEGER,
         dsx3Ds1ForRemoteLoop
                                                  INTEGER
}
dsx3LineIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This object should be made equal to ifIndex. The
             next paragraph describes its previous usage.
             Making the object equal to ifIndex allows propoer use of ifStackTable.
             Previously, this object was the identifier of a
             DS3/E3 Interface on a managed device. If there is
             an ifEntry that is directly associated with this and only this DS3/E3 interface, it should have the
             same value as ifIndex. Otherwise, number the
             dsx3LineIndices with an unique identifier
```

following the rules of choosing a number that is greater than ifNumber and numbering the inside interfaces (e.g., equipment side) with even

```
numbers and outside interfaces (e.g, network side)
             with odd numbers.
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 1 }
dsx3IfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION
             "This value for this object is equal to the value
             of ifIndex from the Interfaces table of MIB II
             (RFC 1213)."
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 2 }
dsx3TimeElapsed OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER (0..899)
     MAX-ACCESS
                  read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The number of seconds that have elapsed since the
             beginning of the near end current error-
measurement period. If, for some reason, such as
             an adjustment in the system's time-of-day clock,
             the current interval exceeds the maximum value.
             the agent will return the maximum value.'
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 3 }
dsx3ValidIntervals OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER (0..96)
     MAX-ACCESS
                  read-only
     STATUS
             current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The number of previous near end intervals for
             which data was collected. The value will be 96 unless the interface was brought online within
             the last 24 hours, in which case the value will be
             the number of complete 15 minute near end
             intervals since the interface has been online.
             the case where the agent is a proxy, it is
             possible that some intervals are unavailable.
             this case, this interval is the maximum interval number for which data is available."
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 4 }
dsx3LineType OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  dsx3other(1),
```

```
dsx3M23(2),
                 dsx3SYNTRAN(3),
                 dsx3CbitParity(4)
                 dsx3ClearChannel(5),
                 e3other(6),
                 e3Framed(7).
                 e3Plcp(8)
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This variable indicates the variety of DS3 C-bit
            or E3 application implementing this interface. The
            type of interface affects the interpretation of
            the usage and error statistics. The rate of DS3
             is 44.736 Mbps and E3 is 34.368 Mbps. The
            dsx3ClearChannel value means that the C-bits are
            not used except for sending/receiving AIS.
            The values, in sequence, describe:
            TITLE:
                                SPECIFICATION:
                                ANSI T1.107-1988 [9]
ANSI T1.107-1988 [9]
ANSI T1.107a-1990 [9a]
ANSI T1.102-1987 [8]
            dsx3M23
            dsx3SYNTRAN
            dsx3CbitParitv
            dsx3ClearChannel
                                 CCITT G.751 [12]
            e3Framed
            e3Plcp
                                 ETSI T/NA(91)18 [13]."
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 5 }
dsx3LineCoding OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER {
                 dsx30ther(1),
                 dsx3B3ZS(2),
                 e3HDB3(3)
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This variable describes the variety of Zero Code
             Suppression used on this interface, which in turn
            affects a number of its characteristics.
            dsx3B3ZS and e3HDB3 refer to the use of specified
            patterns of normal bits and bipolar violations
            which are used to replace sequences of zero bits
            of a specified length."
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 6 }
```

```
dsx3SendCode OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER {
                dsx3SendNoCode(1)
                dsx3SendLineCode(2)
                dsx3SendPayloadCode(3),
                dsx3SendResetCode(4),
                dsx3SendDS1LoopCode(5),
                dsx3SendTestPattern(6)
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This variable indicates what type of code is
             being sent across the DS3/E3 interface by the device. (These are optional for E3 interfaces.)
             Setting this variable causes the interface to
             begin sending the code requested.
             The values mean:
                dsx3SendNoCode
                    sending looped or normal data
                dsx3SendLineCode
                    sending a request for a line loopback
                dsx3SendPayloadCode
                    sending a request for a payload loopback
                    (i.e., all DS1/E1s in a DS3/E3 frame)
                dsx3SendResetCode
                    sending a loopback deactivation request
                dsx3SendDS1LoopCode
                    requesting to loopback a particular DS1/E1 within a DS3/E3 frame. The DS1/E1 is
                    indicated in dsx3Ds1ForRemoteLoop.
                dsx3SendTestPattern
                    sending a test pattern."
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 7 }
dsx3CircuitIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..255))
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This variable contains the transmission vendor's
             circuit identifier, for the purpose of
```

```
facilitating troubleshooting."
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 8 }
dsx3LoopbackConfig OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  dsx3NoLoop(1),
                  dsx3PayloadLoop(2),
                  dsx3LineLoop(3),
                  dsx30therLoop(4)
                  dsx3InwardLoop(5),
                  dsx3DualLoop(6)
     MAX-ACCESS
                  read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
           "This variable represents the desired loopback
           configuration of the DS3/E3 interface.
           The values mean:
           dsx3NoLoop
            Not in the loopback state. A device that is not capable of performing a loopback on the interface shall always return this as
             its value.
           dsx3PayloadLoop
             The received signal at this interface is looped
             through the device. Typically the received signal
             is looped back for retransmission after it has
             passed through the device's framing function.
           dsx3LineLoop
             The received signal at this interface does not
             go through the device (minimum penetration) but
             is looped back out.
           dsx30therLoop
             Loopbacks that are not defined here.
           dsx3InwardLoop
             The sent signal at this interface is looped back
             through the device.
           dsx3DualLoop
             Both dsx1LineLoop and dsx1InwardLoop will be
             active simultaneously."
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 9 }
```

dsx3LineStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER (1..4095)
          MAX-ACCESS read-only
          STATUS
                  current
          DESCRIPTION
                  "This variable indicates the Line Status of the
                  interface. It contains loopback state information and failure state information. The dsx3LineStatus
                  is a bit map represented as a sum, therefore, it
                  can represent multiple failures and a loopback
                  (see dsx3LoopbackConfig object for the type of
                  loopback) simultaneously. The dsx3NoAlarm must be
                  set if and only if no other flag is set.
                  If the dsx3loopbackState bit is set, the loopback
                  in effect can be determined from the
                  dsx3loopbackConfig object.
       The various bit positions are:
               dsx3NoAlarm
                                    No alarm present
        1
                                    Receiving Yellow/Remote Alarm Indication
        2
               dsx3RcvRAIFailure
        4
               dsx3XmitRAIAlarm
                                    Transmitting Yellow/Remote
                                    Alarm Indication
              dsx3RcvAIS
                                    Receiving AIS failure state
        8
       16
               dsx3XmitAIS
                                    Transmitting AIS
       32
              dsx3L0F
                                    Receiving LOF failure state
                                    Receiving LOS failure state
              dsx3L0S
       64
               dsx3LoopbackState
                                    Looping the received signal
      128
                                    Receiving a Test Pattern
      256
               dsx3RcvTestCode
               dsx30therFailure
                                    any line status not defined
      512
                                    here
     1024
               dsx3UnavailSigState Near End in Unavailable Signal
                                    State
     2048
               dsx3NetEquip00S
                                    Carrier Equipment Out of Service"
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 10 }
dsx3TransmitClockSource OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER {
                 loopTiming(1),
                 localTiming(2)
                 throughTiming(3)
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The source of Transmit Clock.
            loopTiming indicates that the recovered receive clock
```

is used as the transmit clock.

localTiming indicates that a local clock source is used or that an external clock is attached to the box containing the interface.

throughTiming indicates that transmit clock is derived from the recovered receive clock of another DS3 interface."

::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 11 }

dsx3InvalidIntervals OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..96) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of intervals in the range from 0 to dsx3ValidIntervals for which no data is available. This object will typically be zero except in cases where the data for some intervals are not available (e.g., in proxy situations)."
::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 12 }

dsx3LineLength OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER (0..64000)
UNITS "meters"
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The length of the ds3 line in meters. This object provides information for line build out circuitry if it exists and can use this object to adjust the line build out."

::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 13 }

dsx3LineStatusLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX TimeStamp
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The value of MIB II's sysUpTime object at the time this DS3/E3 entered its current line status state. If the current state was entered prior to the last re-initialization of the proxy-agent, then this object contains a zero value."

::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 14 }

dsx3LineStatusChangeTrapEnable OBJECT-TYPE

```
INTEGER {
     SYNTAX
                    enabled(1)
                    disabled(2)
     MAX-ACCESS
                read-write
     STATUS
                 current
     DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates whether dsx3LineStatusChange traps
            should be generated for this interface.'
     DEFVAL { disabled }
     ::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 15 }
dsx3LoopbackStatus OBJECT-TYPE
                INTEGER (1..127)
     SYNTAX
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS
                 current
     DESCRIPTION
            "This variable represents the current state of the
            loopback on the DS3 interface. It contains
            information about loopbacks established by a
            manager and remotely from the far end.
            The dsx3LoopbackStatus is a bit map represented as
            a sum, therefore is can represent multiple
            loopbacks simultaneously.
            The various bit positions are:
             1 dsx3NoLoopback
                dsx3NearEndPayloadLoopback
             2
               dsx3NearEndLineLoopback
             8
                dsx3NearEndOtherLoopback
            16
                dsx3NearEndInwardLoopback
                dsx3FarEndPayloadLoopback
            32
                dsx3FarEndLineLoopback"
            64
::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 16 }
dsx3Channelization OBJECT-TYPE
                 INTEGER {
     SYNTAX
                    disabled(1)
                    enabledDs1(2),
                    enabledDs2(3)
     MAX-ACCESS
                read-write
     STATUS
                 current
     DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates whether this ds3/e3 is channelized or
            unchannelized. The value of enabledDs1 indicates
```

```
that this is a DS3 channelized into DS1s. The value of enabledDs3 indicated that this is a DS3
              channelized into DS2s. Setting this object will
              cause the creation or deletion of DS2 or DS1
              entries in the ifTable.
::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 17 }
dsx3Ds1ForRemoteLoop OBJECT-TYPE
                    INTEGER (0..29)
      SYNTAX
      MAX-ACCESS read-write
      STATUS
                    current
      DESCRIPTION
              "Indicates which ds1/e1 on this ds3/e3 will be indicated in the remote ds1 loopback request. A value of 0 means no DS1 will be looped. A value of 29 means all ds1s/e1s will be looped."
::= { dsx3ConfigEntry 18 }
-- the DS3/E3 Current Table
dsx3CurrentTable OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX SEOUENCE OF Dsx3CurrentEntry
      MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
              "The DS3/E3 current table contains various
              statistics being collected for the current 15
              minute interval.
      ::= { ds3 6 }
dsx3CurrentEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Dsx3CurrentEntry
      MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
              "An entry in the DS3/E3 Current table."
              { dsx3CurrentIndex }
      ::= { dsx3CurrentTable 1 }
Dsx3CurrentEntry ::=
      SEQUENCE {
           dsx3CurrentIndex
                                           InterfaceIndex,
           dsx3CurrentPESs
                                           PerfCurrentCount,
           dsx3CurrentPSESs
                                           PerfCurrentCount,
          dsx3CurrentSEFSs
                                           PerfCurrentCount,
```

```
dsx3CurrentUASs
                                      PerfCurrentCount,
         dsx3CurrentLCVs
                                      PerfCurrentCount,
         dsx3CurrentPCVs
                                      PerfCurrentCount,
         dsx3CurrentLESs
                                      PerfCurrentCount,
         dsx3CurrentCCVs
                                     PerfCurrentCount,
         dsx3CurrentCESs
                                     PerfCurrentCount.
         dsx3CurrentCSESs
                                    PerfCurrentCount
    }
dsx3CurrentIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The index value which uniquely identifies the
            DS3/E3 interface to which this entry is
            applicable. The interface identified by a
            particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value an
            dsx3LineIndex object instance."
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 1 }
dsx3CurrentPESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of P-bit
            Errored Seconds.'
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 2 }
dsx3CurrentPSESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of P-bit
            Severely Errored Seconds."
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 3 }
dsx3CurrentSEFSs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of
            Severely Errored Framing Seconds.'
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 4 }
```

```
dsx3CurrentUASs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of
            Unavailable Seconds."
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 5 }
dsx3CurrentLCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of Line
            Coding Violations."
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 6 }
dsx3CurrentPCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of P-bit
            Coding Violations."
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 7 }
dsx3CurrentLESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The number of Line Errored Seconds."
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 8 }
dsx3CurrentCCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The number of C-bit Coding Violations."
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 9 }
dsx3CurrentCESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The number of C-bit Errored Seconds."
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 10 }
dsx3CurrentCSESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current DESCRIPTION
             "The number of C-bit Severely Errored Seconds."
     ::= { dsx3CurrentEntry 11 }
-- the DS3/E3 Interval Table
dsx3IntervalTable OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx3IntervalEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The DS3/E3 Interval Table contains various
             statistics collected by each DS3/E3 Interface over
the previous 24 hours of operation. The past 24
hours are broken into 96 completed 15 minute
             intervals. Each row in this table represents one
             such interval (identified by dsx3IntervalNumber)
             and for one specific interface (identifed by
             dsx3IntervalIndex)."
     ::= { ds3 7 }
dsx3IntervalEntry OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX Dsx3IntervalEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "An entry in the DS3/E3 Interval table."
              { dsx3IntervalIndex, dsx3IntervalNumber }
     ::= { dsx3IntervalTable 1 }
Dsx3IntervalEntry ::=
     SEQUENCE {
          dsx3IntervalIndex
                                         InterfaceIndex,
                                         INTEGER,
          dsx3IntervalNumber
          dsx3IntervalPESs
                                         PerfIntérvalCount,
          dsx3IntervalPSESs
                                         PerfIntervalCount,
                                      PerfIntervalCount,
PerfIntervalCount,
          dsx3IntervalSEFSs
          dsx3IntervalUASs
          dsx3IntervalLCVs
                                       PerfIntervalCount,
         dsx3IntervalPCVs
                                       PerfIntervalCount,
```

```
dsx3IntervalLESs
                                       PerfIntervalCount,
         dsx3IntervalCCVs
                                      PerfIntervalCount,
         dsx3IntervalCESs
                                      PerfIntervalCount,
         dsx3IntervalCSESs
                                      PerfIntervalCount,
                                   TruthValue
         dsx3IntervalValidData
     }
dsx3IntervalIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The index value which uniquely identifies the
            DS3/E3 interface to which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by a
            particular value of this index is the same
            interface as identified by the same value an
            dsx3LineIndex object instance.'
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 1 }
dsx3IntervalNumber OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER (1..96)
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "A number between 1 and 96, where 1 is the most
            recently completed 15 minute interval and 96 is
            the 15 minutes interval completed 23 hours and 45
            minutes prior to interval 1.
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 2 }
dsx3IntervalPESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of P-bit
            Errored Seconds.'
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 3 }
dsx3IntervalPSESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of P-bit
            Severely Errored Seconds."
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 4 }
```

```
dsx3IntervalSEFSs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of
            Severely Errored Framing Seconds."
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 5 }
dsx3IntervalUASs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of
            Unavailable Seconds. This object may decrease if
            the occurance of unavailable seconds occurs across
            an inteval boundary.'
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 6 }
dsx3IntervalLCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of Line
            Coding Violations."
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 7 }
dsx3IntervalPCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of P-bit
            Coding Violations."
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 8 }
dsx3IntervalLESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The number of Line Errored
                                        Seconds (BPVs or
            illegal zero seguences)."
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 9 }
dsx3IntervalCCVs OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The number of C-bit Coding Violations."
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 10 }
dsx3IntervalCESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The number of C-bit Errored Seconds."
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 11 }
dsx3IntervalCSESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The number of C-bit Severely Errored Seconds."
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 12 }
dsx3IntervalValidData OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX TruthValue
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "This variable indicates if the data for this
            interval is valid."
     ::= { dsx3IntervalEntry 13 }
-- the DS3/E3 Total
dsx3TotalTable OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx3TotalEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The DS3/E3 Total Table contains the cumulative
            sum of the various statistics for the 24 hour
            period preceding the current interval.'
     ::= \{ ds3 8 \}
dsx3TotalEntry OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX Dsx3TotalEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
             "An entry in the DS3/E3 Total table."
    INDEX
             { dsx3TotalIndex }
     ::= { dsx3TotalTable 1 }
Dsx3TotalEntry ::=
     SEQUENCE {
    dsx3TotalIndex
                                InterfaceIndex.
          dsx3TotalPESs
                                PerfTotalCount,
                                PerfTotalCount,
          dsx3TotalPSESs
          dsx3TotalSEFSs
                                PerfTotalCount,
          dsx3TotalUASs
                                PerfTotalCount,
          dsx3TotalLCVs
                                PerfTotalCount,
          dsx3TotalPCVs
                                PerfTotalCount,
          dsx3TotalLESs
                                PerfTotalCount,
          dsx3TotalCCVs
                                PerfTotalCount,
                                PerfTotalCount,
          dsx3TotalCESs
          dsx3TotalCSESs
                                PerfTotalCount
     }
dsx3TotalIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The index value which uniquely identifies the
             DS3/E3 interface to which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by a
             particular value of this index is the same
             interface as identified by the same value an
             dsx3LineIndex object instance.
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 1 }
dsx3TotalPESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of P-bit
             Errored Seconds, encountered by a DS3 interface in
the previous 24 hour interval. Invalid 15 minute
intervals count as 0."
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 2 }
dsx3TotalPSESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of P-bit
             Severely Errored Seconds, encountered by a DS3 interface in the previous 24 hour interval.
             Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 3 }
dsx3TotalSEFSs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of
             Severely Errored Framing Seconds, encountered by a DS3/E3 interface in the previous 24 hour interval.
             Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0.'
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 4 }
dsx3TotalUASs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of
             Unavailable Seconds, encountered by a DS3
             interface in the previous 24 hour interval.
             Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 5 }
dsx3TotalLCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of Line
             Coding Violations encountered by a DS3/E3
             interface in the previous 24 hour interval.
             Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 6 }
dsx3TotalPCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of P-bit
             Coding Violations, encountered by a DS3 interface
```

```
in the previous 24 hour interval. Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 7 }
dsx3TotalLESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current DESCRIPTION
             "The number of Line Errored Seconds (BPVs or
             illegal zero sequences) encountered by a DS3/E3
             interface in the previous 24 hour interval.
             Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 8 }
dsx3TotalCCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The number of C-bit Coding Violations encountered
             by a DS3 interface in the previous 24 hour
             interval. Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 9 }
dsx3TotalCESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The number of C-bit Errored Seconds encountered
             by a DS3 interface in the previous 24 hour
             interval. Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 10 }
dsx3TotalCSESs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The number of C-bit Severely Errored Seconds encountered by a DS3 interface in the previous 24
             hour interval. Invalid 15 minute intervals count
             as 0."
     ::= { dsx3TotalEntry 11 }
-- The DS3 Far End Group
```

```
-- The DS3 Far End Group consists of four tables :
     DS3 Far End Configuration
     DS3 Far End Current
     DS3 Far End Interval
     DS3 Far End Total
-- The DS3 Far End Configuration Table
dsx3FarEndConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx3FarEndConfigEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
              "The DS3 Far End Configuration Table contains
             configuration information reported in the C-bits
             from the remote end."
      ::= { ds3 9 }
dsx3FarEndConfigEntry OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX Dsx3FarEndConfigEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "An entry in the DS3 Far End Configuration table."
             { dsx3FarEndLineIndex }
      ::= { dsx3FarEndConfigTable 1 }
Dsx3FarEndConfigEntry ::=
     SEQUENCE {
                                           InterfaceIndex,
          dsx3FarEndLineIndex
         dsx3FarEndEquipCode
                                           DisplayString,
         dsx3FarEndLocationIDCode
                                           DisplayString,
         dsx3FarEndFrameIDCode
                                           DisplayString.
         dsx3FarEndUnitCode
                                           DisplayString,
         dsx3FarEndFacilityIDCode
                                           DisplayString
     }
dsx3FarEndLineIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
              "The index value which uniquely identifies the DS3
             interface to which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by a particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value an dsx3LineIndex object instance."
```

```
::= { dsx3FarEndConfigEntry 1 }
dsx3FarEndEquipCode OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..10))
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This is the Far End Equipment Identification code
             that describes the specific piece of equipment.
             It is sent within the Path Identification
             Message.'
     ::= { dsx3FarEndConfigEntry 2 }
dsx3FarEndLocationIDCode OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..11))
     MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This is the Far End Location Identification code
             that describes the specific location of the equipment. It is sent within the Path Identification Message."
     ::= { dsx3FarEndConfigEntry 3 }
dsx3FarEndFrameIDCode OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..10))
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This is the Far End Frame Identification code
             that identifies where the equipment is located
             within a building at a given location. It is sent within the Path Identification Message."
     ::= { dsx3FarEndConfigEntry 4 }
dsx3FarEndUnitCode OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..6))
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This is the Far End code that identifies the
             equipment location within a bay. It is sent
             within the Path Identification Message.
     ::= { dsx3FarEndConfigEntry 5 }
dsx3FarEndFacilityIDCode OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..38))
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "This code identifies a specific Far End DS3 path.
            It is sent within the Path Identification
            Message."
     ::= { dsx3FarEndConfigEntry 6 }
-- The DS3 Far End Current
dsx3FarEndCurrentTable OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The DS3 Far End Current table contains various
            statistics being collected for the current 15
            minute interval. The statistics are collected from the far end block error code within the C-
            bits."
     ::= { ds3 10 }
dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX Dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "An entry in the DS3 Far End Current table."
     INDEX { dsx3FarEndCurrentIndex }
     ::= { dsx3FarEndCurrentTable 1 }
Dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry ::=
     SEQUENCE {
         dsx3FarEndCurrentIndex
                                        InterfaceIndex,
         dsx3FarEndTimeElapsed
                                         INTEGER.
         dsx3FarEndValidIntervals
                                        INTEGER,
         dsx3FarEndCurrentCESs
                                        PerfCurrentCount,
         dsx3FarEndCurrentCSESs
                                        PerfCurrentCount,
                                        PerfCurrentCount,
         dsx3FarEndCurrentCCVs
         dsx3FarEndCurrentUASs
                                        PerfCurrentCount.
                                        TNTFGFR
         dsx3FarEndInvalidIntervals
    }
 dsx3FarEndCurrentIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The index value which uniquely identifies the DS3
```

```
interface to which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by a particular value of this
              index is identical to the interface identified by
              the same value of dsx3LineIndex."
      ::= { dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry 1 }
dsx3FarEndTimeElapsed OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX INTEGER (0..899)
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
              "The number of seconds that have elapsed since the
              beginning of the far end current error-measurement period. If, for some reason, such as an adjustment in the system's time-of-day clock, the
              current interval exceeds the maximum value, the
              agent will return the maximum value.
      ::= { dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry 2 }
dsx3FarEndValidIntervals OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX INTEGER (0..96)
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
              "The number of previous far end intervals for
              which data was collected. The value will be
              96 unless the interface was brought online within
              the last 24 hours, in which case the value will be the number of complete 15 minute far end intervals since the interface has been online."
      ::= { dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry 3 }
dsx3FarEndCurrentCESs OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
              "The counter associated with the number of Far Far
              End C-bit Errored Seconds."
      ::= { dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry 4 }
dsx3FarEndCurrentCSESs OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
              "The counter associated with the number of Far End
              C-bit Severely Errored Seconds."
```

```
::= { dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry 5 }
dsx3FarEndCurrentCCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of Far End
             C-bit Coding Violations reported via the far end
             block error count."
     ::= { dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry 6 }
dsx3FarEndCurrentUASs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of Far End
             unavailable seconds."
     ::= { dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry 7 }
dsx3FarEndInvalidIntervals OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER (0..96)
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The number of intervals in the range from 0 to dsx3FarEndValidIntervals for which no data is available. This object will typically be zero
             except in cases where the data for some intervals
     are not available (e.g., in proxy situations).'
::= { dsx3FarEndCurrentEntry 8 }
-- The DS3 Far End Interval Table
dsx3FarEndIntervalTable OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The DS3 Far End Interval Table contains various
             statistics collected by each DS3 interface over
             the previous 24 hours of operation. The past 24
             hours are broken into 96 completed 15 minute
             intervals.
     ::= { ds3 11 }
dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX Dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "An entry in the DS3 Far End Interval table."
              { dsx3FarEndIntervalIndex.
     INDEX
                dsx3FarEndIntervalNumber }
     ::= { dsx3FarEndIntervalTable 1 }
Dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry ::=
     SEQUENCE {
           dsx3FarEndIntervalIndex
                                           InterfaceIndex,
           dsx3FarEndIntervalNumber
                                           INTEGER,
                                           PerfIntérvalCount,
           dsx3FarEndIntervalCESs
           dsx3FarEndIntervalCSESs
                                           PerfIntervalCount,
           dsx3FarEndIntervalCCVs
                                           PerfIntervalCount,
           dsx3FarEndIntervalUASs
                                           PerfIntervalCount,
           dsx3FarEndIntervalValidData TruthValue
    }
dsx3FarEndIntervalIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The index value which uniquely identifies the DS3
             interface to which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by a particular value of this index is identical to the interface identified by
             the same value of dsx3LineIndex.'
     ::= { dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry 1 }
dsx3FarEndIntervalNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..96)
    MAX-ACCESS
                 read-only
    STATUS current DESCRIPTION
             "A number between 1 and 96, where 1 is the most
             recently completed 15 minute interval and 96 is
             the 15 minutes interval completed 23 hours and 45
             minutes prior to interval 1.
    ::= { dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry 2 }
dsx3FarEndIntervalCESs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The counter associated with the number of Far End
            C-bit Errored Seconds encountered by a DS3
            interface in one of the previous 96, individual 15 minute, intervals. In the case where the agent is
            a proxy and data is not available, return
            noSuchInstance."
   ::= { dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry 3 }
dsx3FarEndIntervalCSESs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of Far End
            C-bit Severely Errored Seconds.'
   ::= { dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry 4 }
dsx3FarEndIntervalCCVs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of Far End
            C-bit Coding Violations reported via the far end
            block error count."
     ::= { dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry 5 }
dsx3FarEndIntervalUASs OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The counter associated with the number of Far End
            unavailable seconds."
     ::= { dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry 6 }
dsx3FarEndIntervalValidData OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX TruthValue
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "This variable indicates if the data for this
            interval is valid."
     ::= { dsx3FarEndIntervalEntry 7 }
-- The DS3 Far End Total
```

```
dsx3FarEndTotalTable OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx3FarEndTotalEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
              "The DS3 Far End Total Table contains the
             cumulative sum of the various statistics for the
             24 hour period preceding the current interval.'
      ::= { ds3 12 }
dsx3FarEndTotalEntry OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX Dsx3FarEndTotalEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
              "An entry in the DS3 Far End Total table."
              { dsx3FarEndTotalIndex }
     ::= { dsx3FarEndTotalTable 1 }
Dsx3FarEndTotalEntry ::=
     SEQUENCE {
    dsx3FarEndTotalIndex
                                         InterfaceIndex,
          dsx3FarEndTotalCESs
                                         PerfTotalCount,
          dsx3FarEndTotalCSESs
                                         PerfTotalCount.
          dsx3FarEndTotalCCVs
                                         PerfTotalCount.
          dsx3FarEndTotalUASs
                                        PerfTotalCount
     }
dsx3FarEndTotalIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
             "The index value which uniquely identifies the DS3 interface to which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by a particular value of this index is identical to the interface identified by
             the same value of dsx3LineIndex."
      ::= { dsx3FarEndTotalEntry 1 }
dsx3FarEndTotalCESs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The counter associated with the number of Far End
             C-bit Errored Seconds encountered by a DS3
             interface in the previous 24 hour interval.
```

```
Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
    ::= { dsx3FarEndTotalEntry 2 }
dsx3FarEndTotalCSESs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of Far End
            C-bit Severely Errored Seconds encountered by a
            DS3 interface in the previous 24 hour interval.
            Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
    ::= { dsx3FarEndTotalEntry 3 }
dsx3FarEndTotalCCVs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of Far End
            C-bit Coding Violations reported via the far end
            block error count encountered by a DS3 interface
            in the previous 24 hour interval. Invalid 15
            minute intervals count as 0."
    ::= { dsx3FarEndTotalEntry 4 }
dsx3FarEndTotalUASs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX PerfTotalCount
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The counter associated with the number of Far End
            unavailable seconds encountered by a DS3 interface
            in the previous 24 hour interval. Invalid 15 minute intervals count as 0."
    ::= { dsx3FarEndTotalEntry 5 }
-- the DS3/E3 Fractional Table
-- This table is deprecated.
dsx3FracTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx3FracEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "This table is deprecated in favour of using
```

ifStackTable.

Implementation of this table was optional. It was designed for those systems dividing a DS3/E3 into channels containing different data streams that are of local interest.

The DS3/E3 fractional table identifies which DS3/E3 channels associated with a CSU are being used to support a logical interface, i.e., an entry in the interfaces table from the Internetstandard MIB.

For example, consider a DS3 device with 4 high speed links carrying router traffic, a feed for voice, a feed for video, and a synchronous channel for a non-routed protocol. We might describe the allocation of channels, in the dsx3FracTable, as follows:

```
dsx3FracIfIndex.2. 1 = 3
dsx3FracIfIndex.2. 2 = 3
dsx3FracIfIndex.2. 3 = 3
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.15 = 4
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.16 = 6
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.17 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.4 = 3
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.18 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.5 = 3
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.19 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.6 = 3
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.20 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.7 = 4
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.21 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2. 8 = 4
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.22 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.9 = 4
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.23 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.24 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.10 = 4
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.11 = 4
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.25 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.12 = 5
                              dsx3FracIfIndex.2.26 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.13 = 5 dsx3FracIfIndex.2.27 = 6
dsx3FracIfIndex.2.14 = 5 dsx3FracIfIndex.2.28 = 6
For dsx3M23, dsx3 SYNTRAN, dsx3CbitParity, and dsx3ClearChannel there are 28 legal channels,
numbered 1 throug h 28.
```

For e3Framed there are 16 legal channels, numbered 1 through 16. The channels (1..16) correspond directly to the equivalently numbered time-slots."
::= { ds3 13 }

dsx3FracEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Dsx3FracEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"An entry in the DS3 Fractional table."

```
INDEX { dsx3FracIndex, dsx3FracNumber }
     ::= { dsx3FracTable 1 }
Dsx3FracEntry ::=
      SEQUENCE {
           dsx3FracIndex
dsx3FracNumber
dsx3FracIfIndex
                                  INTEGER.
                                  INTEGER,
                                 INTEGER
     }
dsx3FracIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER (1..'7fffffff'h)
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS deprecated
     DESCRIPTION
               "The index value which uniquely identifies the
               DS3 interface to which this entry is applicable 
The interface identified by a particular value
               of this index is the same interface as
               identified by the same value an dsx3LineIndex
               object instance.'
    ::= { dsx3FracEntry 1 }
dsx3FracNumber OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER (1..31)
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS deprecated
     DESCRIPTION
               "The channel number for this entry."
    ::= { dsx3FracEntry 2 }
dsx3FracIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..'7fffffff'h) MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS deprecated
     DESCRIPTION
               "An index value that uniquely identifies an
               interface. The interface identified by a
              particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value an ifIndex object instance. If no interface is currently using a channel, the value should be
               zero. If a single interface occupies more than
               one time slot, that ifIndex value will be found in multiple time slots."
    ::= { dsx3FracEntry 3 }
```

```
-- Ds3 TRAPS
ds3Traps OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ds3 15 }
dsx3LineStatusChange NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS { dsx3LineStatus,
                dsx3LineStatusLastChange }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A dsx3LineStatusChange trap is sent when the
             value of an instance of dsx3LineStatus changes. It
             can be utilized by an NMS to trigger polls. When the line status change results in a lower level
             line status change (i.e. ds1), then no traps for the lower level are sent."
                 ::= { ds3Traps 0 1 }
             -- conformance information
             ds3Conformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ds3 14 }
             ds3Groups
                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {
             ds3Conformance 1 } ds3Compliances OBJECT
IDENTIFIER ::= { ds3Conformance 2 }
             -- compliance statements
             ds3Compliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
                  STATUS current
                  DESCRIPTION
                           "The compliance statement for DS3/E3
                           interfaces."
    MODULE -- this module
         MANDATORY-GROUPS { ds3NearEndConfigGroup,
                              ds3NearEndStatisticsGroup }
         GROUP
                      ds3FarEndGroup
         DESCRIPTION
              "Implementation of this group is optional for all
             systems that attach to a DS3 Interface.
             only C-bit Parity and SYNTRAN DS3 applications
             have the capability (option) of providing this information."
```

```
GROUP
                    ds3NearEndOptionalConfigGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "Implementation of this group is optional for all
            systems that attach to a DS3 interface."
        OBJECT
                    dsx3LineType
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "Write access for the line type is not required."
        OBJECT
                    dsx3LineCoding
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "Write access for the line coding is not
            required.'
        OBJECT
                    dsx3SendCode
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "Write access for the send code is not required."
        OBJECT
                    dsx3LoopbackConfig
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "Write access for loopbacks is not required."
                    dsx3TransmitClockSource
        OBJECT
        MIN-ACCESS
                   read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "Write access for the transmit clock source is not
            required."
        OBJECT
                    dsx3LineLength
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "Write access for the line length is not
            required."
        OBJECT
                    dsx3Channelization
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "Write access for the channelization is not
            required."
    ::= { ds3Compliances 1 }
-- units of conformance
```

```
ds3NearEndConfigGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { dsx3LineIndex,
              dsx3TimeElapsed,
              dsx3ValidIntervals.
              dsx3LineType,
              dsx3LineCoding,
              dsx3SendCode,
dsx3CircuitIdentifier,
              dsx3LoopbackConfig,
              dsx3LineStatus,
              dsx3TransmitClockSource,
              dsx3InvalidIntervals,
              dsx3LineLength,
              dsx3LoopbackStatus,
              dsx3Channelization,
              dsx3Ds1ForRemoteLoop }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing configuration
            information applicable to all DS3/E3 interfaces."
    ::= { ds3Groups 1 }
ds3NearEndStatisticsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { dsx3CurrentIndex,
              dsx3CurrentPESs.
              dsx3CurrentPSESs,
              dsx3CurrentSEFSs.
              dsx3CurrentUASs,
              dsx3CurrentLCVs,
              dsx3CurrentPCVs,
              dsx3CurrentLESs,
              dsx3CurrentCCVs,
              dsx3CurrentCESs,
              dsx3CurrentCSESs.
              dsx3IntervalIndex.
              dsx3IntervalNumber,
              dsx3IntervalPESs,
              dsx3IntervalPSESs.
              dsx3IntervalSEFSs,
              dsx3IntervalUASs,
              dsx3IntervalLCVs,
              dsx3IntervalPCVs,
              dsx3IntervalLESs,
              dsx3IntervalCCVs.
              dsx3IntervalCESs.
              dsx3IntervalCSESs
              dsx3IntervalValidData,
              dsx3TotalIndex,
```

```
dsx3TotalPESs,
              dsx3TotalPSESs,
              dsx3TotalSEFSs,
              dsx3TotalUASs.
              dsx3TotalLCVs,
              dsx3TotalPCVs,
              dsx3TotalLESs.
              dsx3TotalCCVs,
              dsx3TotalCESs,
              dsx3TotalCSESs }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing statistics
            information applicable to all DS3/E3 interfaces."
    ::= { ds3Groups 2 }
ds3FarEndGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { dsx3FarEndLineIndex,
              dsx3FarEndEquipCode,
              dsx3FarEndLocationIDCode,
              dsx3FarEndFrameIDCode,
              dsx3FarEndUnitCode,
              dsx3FarEndFacilityIDCode,
              dsx3FarEndCurrentIndex.
              dsx3FarEndTimeElapsed.
              dsx3FarEndValidIntervals,
              dsx3FarEndCurrentCESs.
              dsx3FarEndCurrentCSESs,
              dsx3FarEndCurrentCCVs,
              dsx3FarEndCurrentUASs,
              dsx3FarEndInvalidIntervals.
              dsx3FarEndIntervalIndex,
              dsx3FarEndIntervalNumber,
              dsx3FarEndIntervalCESs.
              dsx3FarEndIntervalCSESs.
              dsx3FarEndIntervalCCVs,
              dsx3FarEndIntervalUASs,
              dsx3FarEndIntervalValidData.
              dsx3FarEndTotalIndex,
              dsx3FarEndTotalCESs,
              dsx3FarEndTotalCSESs,
              dsx3FarEndTotalCCVs,
              dsx3FarEndTotalUASs }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing remote
            configuration and statistics information
            applicable to C-bit Parity and SYNTRAN DS3
```

```
interfaces."
    ::= { ds3Groups 3 }
ds3DeprecatedGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { dsx3IfIndex,
              dsx3FracIndex,
              dsx3FracNumber,
              dsx3FracIfIndex }
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of obsolete objects that may be
            implemented for backwards compatibility."
    ::= { ds3Groups 4 }
ds3NearEndOptionalConfigGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { dsx3LineStatusLastChange,
              dsx3LineStatusChangeTrapÉnable }
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects that may be implemented
            on DS3/E3 interfaces."
    ::= { ds3Groups 5 }
ds3NearEndOptionalTrapGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    NOTIFICATIONS { dsx3LineStatusChange }
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of notifications that may be
            implemented on DS3/E3 interfaces."
    ::= { ds3Groups 6 }
END
```

# 4. Appendix A - Use of dsx3IfIndex and dsx3LineIndex

This Appendix exists to document the previous use if dsx3IfIndex and dsx3LineIndex and to clarify the relationship of dsx3LineIndex as defined in rfc1407 with the dsx3LineIndex as defined in this document.

The following shows the old and new definitions and the relationship:

[New Definition]: "This object should be made equal to ifIndex. The next paragraph describes its previous usage. Making the object equal to ifIndex allows proper use of ifStackTable.

[Old Definition]: "this object is the identifier of a DS3/E3 Interface on a managed device. If there is an ifEntry that is directly associated with this and only this DS3/E3 interface, it should have the same value as ifIndex. Otherwise, number the dsx3LineIndices with an unique identifier following the rules of choosing a number that is greater than ifNumber and numbering the inside interfaces (e.g., equipment side) with even numbers and outside interfaces (e.g, network side) with odd numbers."

When the "Old Definition" was created, my understanding was that it was described this way to allow a manager to treat the value \_as if\_ it were and ifIndex, i.e. the value would either be: 1) an ifIndex value or 2) a value that was guaranteed to be different from all valid ifIndex values.

The new definition is a subset of that definition, i.e. the value is always an ifIndex value.

The following is Section 3.1 from rfc1407:

Different physical configurations for the support of SNMP with DS3/E3 equipment exist. To accommodate these scenarios, two different indices for DS3/E3 interfaces are introduced in this MIB. These indices are dsx3IfIndex and dsx3LineIndex.

External interface scenario: the SNMP Agent represents all managed DS3/E3 lines as external interfaces (for example, an Agent residing on the device supporting DS3/E3 interfaces directly):

For this scenario, all interfaces are assigned an integer value equal to ifIndex, and the following applies:

ifIndex=dsx3IfIndex=dsx3LineIndex for all interfaces.

The dsx3IfIndex column of the DS3/E3 Configuration table relates each DS3/E3 interface to its corresponding interface (ifIndex) in the Internet-standard MIB (MIB-II STD 17, RFC1213).

External&Internal interface scenario: the SNMP Agents resides on an host external from the device supporting DS3/E3 interfaces (e.g., a router). The Agent represents both the host and the DS3/E3 device. The index dsx3LineIndex is used to not only represent the DS3/E3 interfaces external from the host/DS3/E3-device combination, but also the DS3/E3 interfaces connecting the host and the DS3/E3 device. The index dsx3IfIndex is always equal to ifIndex.

## Example:

A shelf full of CSUs connected to a Router. An SNMP Agent residing on the router proxies for itself and the CSU. The router has also an Ethernet interface:

| -             |        | +                     |         |                |                  |
|---------------|--------|-----------------------|---------|----------------|------------------|
| E<br>t<br>h   | R      | 44.736 MBPS           | ds3 M13 | <br>Line#A<br> | ds3 C-bit Parity |
| h<br> e<br> r | 0      | 44.736 MBPS           | ds3 M13 | Line#B         | ds3 C-bit Parity |
| n<br>e<br>t   | U<br>T | 44.736 MBPS           | ds3 M13 | Line#C         | ds3 C-bit Parity |
|               | E      | 44.736 MBPS           | ds3_M13 | Line#D<br>     | ds3 C-bit Parity |
|               | R      | <br> <br><del> </del> |         |                |                  |

The assignment of the index values could for example be:

| ifIndex (= dsx3IfIndex) |        |              | dsx3LineIndex |  |
|-------------------------|--------|--------------|---------------|--|
| 1                       |        | NA           | NA (Ethernet) |  |
| 2                       | Line#A | Router Side  | 6             |  |
| 2                       | Line#A | Network Side | 7             |  |
| 3                       | Line#B | Router Side  | 8             |  |
| 3                       | Line#B | Network Side | 9             |  |
| 4                       | Line#C | Router Side  | 10            |  |
| 4                       | Line#C | Network Side | 11            |  |
| 5                       | Line#D | Router Side  | 12            |  |
| 5                       | Line#D | Network Side | 13            |  |

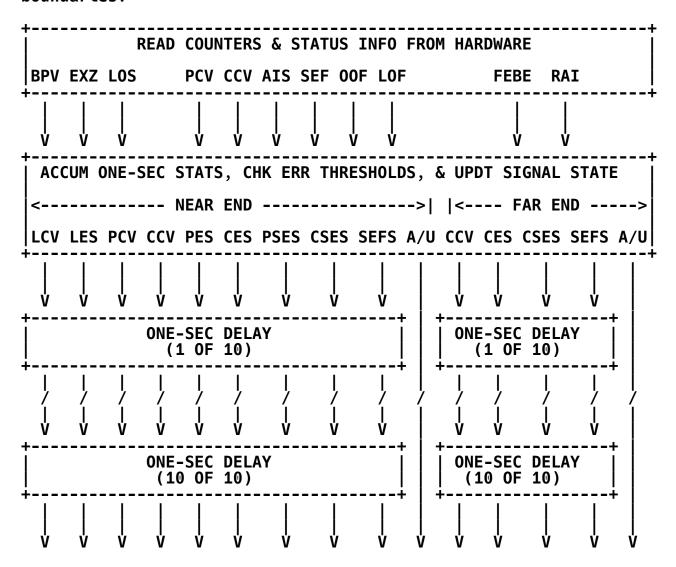
For this example, ifNumber is equal to 5. Note the following description of dsx3LineIndex: the dsx3LineIndex identifies a DS3/E3 Interface on a managed device. If there is an ifEntry that is directly associated with this and only this DS3/E3 interface, it should have the same value as ifIndex. Otherwise, number the dsx3LineIndices with an unique identifier following the rules of choosing a number greater than ifNumber and numbering inside interfaces (e.g., equipment side) with even numbers and outside interfaces (e.g, network side) with odd numbers.

If the CSU shelf is managed by itself by a local SNMP Agent, the situation would be:

| ifIndex (= | <pre>dsx3IfIndex)</pre> |                    | dsx3LineIndex |
|------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 1          | Line#A                  | Network Side       | 1             |
| 2          | Line#A                  | RouterSide         | 2             |
| 3          | Line#B                  | Network Side       | 3             |
| 4          | Line#B                  | RouterSide         | 4             |
| 5          | Line#C                  | Network Side       | 5             |
| 6          | Line#C                  | Router Side        | 6             |
| 7          | Line#D                  | Network Side       | 7             |
| 8          | Line#D                  | <b>Router Side</b> | 8             |

5. Appendix B - The delay approach to Unavialable Seconds.

This procedure is illustrated below for a DS3 C-Bit parity application. Similar rules would apply for other interfaces covered by this MIB. The procedure guarantees that the statistical counters are correctly updated at all times, although they lag real time by 10 seconds. At the end of each 15 minutes interval the current interval counts are transferred to the most recent interval entry and each interval is shifted up by one position, with the oldest being discarded if necessary in order to make room. The current interval counts then start over from zero. Note, however, that the signal state calculation does not start afresh at each interval boundary; rather, signal state information is retained across interval boundaries.



| UPDATE STATISTICS COUNTERS |                        |                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| < NEAR                     | END>                   | <>                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                            | CES PSES CSES SEFS UAS | CCV CES CSES SEFS UAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note that if such a procedure is adopted there is no current interval data for the first ten seconds after a system comes up. noSuchInstance must be returned if a management station attempts to access the current interval counters during this time.

It is an implementation-specific matter whether an agent assumes that the initial state of the interface is available or unavailable.

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# 7. Acknowledgments

This document was produced by the Trunk MIB Working Group

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# 9. Security Considerations

SNMPv1 by itself is such an insecure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET (read) the objects in this MIB.

It is recommended that the implementors consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model RFC 2274 [12] and the View-based Access Control Model RFC 2275 [15] is recommended.

It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB, is properly configured to give access to those objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to access them.

Setting any of the following objects to an inappropriate value can cause loss of traffic. The definition of inappropriate varies for each object. In the case of dsx3LineType, for example, both ends of a ds3/e3 must have the same value in order for traffic to flow. In the case of dsx3SendCode and dsx3LoopbackConfig, for another example, traffic may stop transmitting when particular loopbacks are applied.

dsx3LineType dsx3LineCoding dsx3SendCode dsx3LoopbackConfig dsx3TransmitClockSource dsx3LineLength dsx3Channelization

Setting the following object is mischevious, but not harmful to traffic dsx3CircuitIdentifier

Setting the following object can cause an increase in the number of traps received by the network management station.
dsx3LineStatusChangeTrabEnable

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