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IP Multicast MIB

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes objects used for managing multicast function, independent of the specific multicast protocol(s) in use. This document obsoletes RFC 2932.

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1. Introduction

This MIB describes objects used for managing IP multicast function, including IP multicast routing. These objects are independent of the specific multicast routing protocol in use. Managed objects specific to particular multicast protocols are defined elsewhere.

1.1. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

2. History

This document obsoletes [RFC2932]. The MIB module defined by this document is a re-working of the MIB module from [RFC2932], with changes that include the following:

- o This MIB module includes support for IPv6 addressing and the IPv6 scoped address architecture. [RFC2932] supported only IPv4.
- o This MIB module allows several multicast protocols to perform routing on a single interface, where [RFC2932] assumed each interface supported at most one multicast routing protocol. Multicast routing protocols are now per-route, see ipMcastRouteProtocol.
- o This MIB module includes objects that are not specific to multicast routing. It allows management of multicast function on systems that do not perform routing, whereas [RFC2932] was restricted to multicast routing.
- o This MIB module includes a table of Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) address ranges to which SSM semantics [RFC3569] should be applied.
- o This MIB module includes a table of local applications that are receiving multicast data.
- o This MIB module includes a table of multicast scope zones.
- 3. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, ([RFC2578], [RFC2579] and [RFC2580]).

4. Overview

This MIB module contains two scalars and eight tables. The tables are:

- 1. The IP Multicast Interface Table, which contains multicast information specific to interfaces.
- 2. The IP Multicast SSM Range Table, which contains one row per range of multicast group addresses to which Source-Specific Multicast semantics [RFC3569] should be applied.
- 3. The IP Multicast Route Table, which contains multicast routing information for IP datagrams sent by particular sources to the IP multicast groups known to a system.
- 4. The IP Multicast Routing Next Hop Table, which contains information about next-hops for the routing of IP multicast datagrams. Each entry is one of a list of next-hops on outgoing interfaces for particular sources sending to a particular multicast group address.
- 5. The IP Multicast Scope Boundary Table, which contains the boundaries configured for multicast scopes [RFC2365].
- 6. The IP Multicast Scope Name Table, which contains human-readable names for multicast scopes.
- 7. The IP Multicast Local Listener Table, which contains identifiers for local applications that are receiving multicast data.
- 8. The IP Multicast Zone Table, which contains an entry for each scope zone known to a system, and maps each zone to the multicast address range that is the corresponding scope.

This MIB module uses textual conventions defined in the IF-MIB [RFC2863], the INET-ADDRESS-MIB [RFC4001] and the IANA-RTPROTO-MIB.

5. IMPORTED MIB Modules and REFERENCE Clauses

The MIB modules defined in this document IMPORTs definitions normatively from the following MIB modules, beyond [RFC2578], [RFC2579], and [RFC2580]: HCNUM-TC [RFC2856], IF-MIB [RFC2863], IANA-RTPROTO-MIB, SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB [RFC3411], INET-ADDRESS-MIB [RFC4001], and LANGTAG-TC-MIB [RFC5131].

This MIB module also includes REFERENCE clauses that make normative references to Administratively Scoped IP Multicast [RFC2365], Unicast-Prefix-based IPv6 Multicast Addresses [RFC3306], IPv6 Scoped Address Architecture [RFC4007], and IPv6 Addressing Architecture [RFC4291].

Finally, this MIB module makes informative references to several RFCs in the text of DESCRIPTION clauses, including sysApplMIB [RFC2287], IP-MIB [RFC4293], Source-Specific Multicast [RFC3569], Protocol Independent Multicast-Sparse Mode version 2 (PIM-SMv2) Protocol Specification [RFC4601], Bidirectional Protocol Independent Multicast (BIDIR-PIM) [RFC5015], and Tags for Identifying Languages [RFC4646].

6. Definitions

IPMCAST-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, mib-2, Unsigned32, Counter64, Gauge32, TimeTicks FROM SNMPv2-SMI -- [RFC2578] RowŠtatús, TruthValue, StorageType, TimeStamp FROM SNMPv2-IC MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF FROM HCNIM-TC -- [RFC2579] -- [RFC2580] FROM HCNUM-TC -- [RFC2856] CounterBasedGauge64 InterfaceIndex0rZero, FROM IF-MIB InterfaceIndex -- [RFC2863] IANAipRouteProtocol, IANAipMRouteProtocol FROM IANA-RTPROTO-MIB SnmpAdminString FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB -- [RFC3411] InetAddress, InetAddressType, InetAddressPrefixLength, InetZoneIndex, InetVersion -- [RFC4001] FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB LangTag FROM LANGTAG-TC-MIB; -- [RFC5131]

ipMcastMIB MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "200711090000Z" -- 9 November 2007
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DESCRIPTION

"The MIB module for management of IP Multicast, including multicast routing, data forwarding, and data reception.

Copyright (C) The IETF Trust (2007). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC 5132; see the RFC itself for full legal notices."

REVISION "200711090000Z" -- 9 November 2007 DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC 5132.

This MIB module obsoletes IPMROUTE-STD-MIB defined by [RFC2932]. Changes include the following:

- o This MIB module includes support for IPv6 addressing and the IPv6 scoped address architecture. [RFC2932] supported only IPv4.
- o This MIB module allows several multicast protocols to perform routing on a single interface, where [RFC2932] assumed each interface supported at most one multicast routing protocol. Multicast routing protocols are now per-route, see ipMcastRouteProtocol.

- This MIB module includes objects that are not specific to multicast routing. It allows management of multicast function on systems that do not perform routing, whereas [RFC2932] was restricted to multicast routing.
- This MIB module includes a table of Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) address ranges to which SSM semantics [RFC3569] should be applied.
- This MIB module includes a table of local applications that are receiving multicast data.
- This MIB module includes a table of multicast scope zones."

```
::= { mib-2 168 }
-- Top-level structure of the MIB
ipMcast
             OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIB 1 }
ipMcastEnabled OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The enabled status of IP Multicast function on this
            system.
            The storage type of this object is determined by
            ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType."
    ::= { ipMcast 1 }
ipMcastRouteEntryCount OBJECT-TYPE
              Gauge32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of rows in the ipMcastRouteTable. This can be
            used to check for multicast routing activity, and to monitor
            the multicast routing table size.
    ::= { ipMcast 2 }
ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
                StorageType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The storage type used for the global IP multicast
            configuration of this device, comprised of the objects
            listed below. If this storage type takes the value
            'permanent', write-access to the listed objects need not be
            allowed.
            The objects described by this storage type are:
            ipMcastEnabled.'
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcast 11 }
    The Multicast Interface Table
ipMcastInterfaceTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastInterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table used to manage the multicast
            protocol active on an interface."
    ::= { ipMcast 3 }
ipMcastInterfaceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
              IpMcastInterfaceEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) containing the multicast protocol
            information for a particular interface.
            Per-interface multicast forwarding statistics are also
            available in ipIfStatsTable.
    REFERENCE "RFC 4293 ipIfStatsTable'
    INDEX
               { ipMcastInterfaceIPVersion,
                 ipMcastInterfaceIfIndex }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceTable 1 }
IpMcastInterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastInterfaceIPVersion
                                       InetVersion.
    ipMcastInterfaceIfIndex
                                       InterfaceIndex,
                                       Unsigned32,
    ipMcastInterfaceTtl
    ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit
                                       Unsigned32,
    ipMcastInterfaceStorageType
                                      StorageType
}
```

```
ipMcastInterfaceIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
               InetVersion
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP version of this row."
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 1 }
ipMcastInterfaceIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
              InterfaceIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
             a particular value of this index is the same interface as
             identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex.
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 2 }
ipMcastInterfaceTtl OBJECT-TYPE
                Unsigned32 (0..256)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The datagram Time to Live (TTL) threshold for the
             interface. Any IP multicast datagrams with a TTL (IPv4) or
            Hop Limit (IPv6) less than this threshold will not be forwarded out the interface. The default value of 0 means
             all multicast packets are forwarded out the interface. A
             value of 256 means that no multicast packets are forwarded
             out the interface."
    DEFVAL
                { 0 }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 3 }
ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The rate-limit, in kilobits per second, of forwarded multicast traffic on the interface. A rate-limit of 0
             indicates that no rate limiting is done."
    DEFVAL
               { 0 }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 4 }
ipMcastInterfaceStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
              "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
              'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
             objects in the row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 5 }
-- The SSM Range Table
ipMcastSsmRangeTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastSsmRangeEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                 current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
              "This table is used to create and manage the range(s) of
             group addresses to which SSM semantics should be applied."
    REFERENCE "RFC 3569"
    ::= { ipMcast 4 }
ipMcastSsmRangeEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                 IpMcastSsmRangeEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "An entry (conceptual row) containing a range of group addresses to which SSM semantics should be applied.
             Object Identifiers (OIDs) are limited to 128
             sub-identifiers, but this limit is not enforced by the
             syntax of this entry. In practice, this does not present a problem, because IP address types allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    REFERENCE "RFC 3569"
                 { ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType,
    INDEX
                   ipMcastSsmRangeAddress,
                   ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength }
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeTable 1 }
IpMcastSsmRangeEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType
                                     InetAddressType,
    ipMcastSsmRangeAddress
                                     InetAddress,
    ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus
                                     RowStatus,
                                     StorageType
    ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType
}
```

```
ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
                InetAddressType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The address type of the multicast group prefix."
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 1 }
ipMcastSsmRangeAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The multicast group address which, when combined with ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength, gives the group prefix for this
              SSM range. The InetAddressType is given by
              ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType.
              This address object is only significant up to
              ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength bits. The remaining address
             bits are set to zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any
              non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.
             For IPv6 SSM address ranges, only ranges prefixed by FF3x::/16 are permitted, where 'x' is a valid IPv6 RFC 4291
             multicast address scope. The syntax of the address range is given by RFC 3306, Sections 4 and 7.
              For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone
              index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
              length. The use of these address types indicate that this
              SSM range entry applies only within the given zone. Zone
              index zero is not valid in this table.
              If non-global scope SSM range entries are present, then
              consistent ipMcastBoundaryTable entries are required on
              routers at the zone boundary."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 4291 Section 2.7, RFC 3306 Sections 4, 6,
              and 7"
```

DESCRIPTION

SYNTAX

STATUS

::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 2 }

ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible current

InetAddressPrefixLength

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with

```
ipMcastSsmRangeAddress, gives the group prefix for this SSM
             range.
             The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object
             must be in the range 8..128."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 4291 Section 2.7, RFC 3306 Sections 4, 6,
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 3 }
ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The status of this row, by which rows in this table can
             be created and destroyed.
             This status object can be set to active(1) without setting
             any other columnar objects in this entry.
             All writeable objects in this entry can be modified when the
             status of this entry is active(1).
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 4 }
ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
            'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
            objects in the row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 5 }
    The IP Multicast Routing Table
ipMcastRouteTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastRouteEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The (conceptual) table containing multicast routing
             information for IP datagrams sent by particular sources
```

```
to the IP multicast groups known to this router."
    ::= { ipMcast 5 }
ipMcastRouteEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpMcastRouteEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "An entry (conceptual row) containing the multicast routing
            information for IP datagrams from a particular source and
            addressed to a particular IP multicast group address.
            OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice, this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
                { ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType.
    INDEX
                  ipMcastRouteGroup,
                  ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength,
                  ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType,
                  ipMcastRouteSource,
                  ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength }
    ::= { ipMcastRouteTable 1 }
IpMcastRouteEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType
                                        InetAddressType,
                                        InetAddress.
    ipMcastRouteGroup
                                        InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength
                                        InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType
                                        InetAddress.
    ipMcastRouteSource
                                        InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength
                                        InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType
    ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor
                                        InetAddress,
    ipMcastRouteInIfIndex
                                        InterfaceIndexOrZero.
    ipMcastRouteTimeStamp
                                        TimeStamp,
    ipMcastRouteExpiryTime
                                        TimeTicks,
                                        IANAipMRouteProtocol,
    ipMcastRouteProtocol
    ipMcastRouteRtProtocol
                                        IANAipRouteProtocol,
    ipMcastRouteRtAddressType
                                        InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteRtAddress
                                        InetAddress
                                        InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength
    ipMcastRouteRtType
                                        INTEGER,
                                        Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteOctets
    ipMcastRoutePkts
                                        Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteTtlDropOctets
                                        Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteTtlDropPackets
                                        Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfOctets
                                        Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfPackets
                                        Counter64,
```

```
ipMcastRouteBps
                                            CounterBasedGauge64
}
ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
                InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastRouteGroup. Legal values correspond to
              the subset of address families for which multicast
              forwarding is supported."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 1 }
ipMcastRouteGroup OBJECT-TYPE
                InetAddress
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The IP multicast group address which, when combined with
              the corresponding value specified in
             ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength, identifies the groups for
              which this entry contains multicast routing information.
              This address object is only significant up to
              ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength bits. The remaining address
             bits are set to zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any
              non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.
             For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
                        The use of these address types indicate that this
              forwarding state applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 2 }
ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
                 InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with
              the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteGroup, identifies the
              groups for which this entry contains multicast routing
              information.
```

The InetAddressType is given by

```
ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and
'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values
              'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range 8..128."
     ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 3 }
ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
                 InetAddressType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
              "A value indicating the address family of the address
              contained in ipMcastRouteSource.
              A value of unknown(0) indicates a non-source-specific entry,
              corresponding to all sources in the group. Otherwise, the
              value MUST be the same as the value of
              ipMcastRouteGroupType.'
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 4 }
ipMcastRouteSource OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The network address which, when combined with the
              corresponding value of ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength, identifies the sources for which this entry contains
              multicast routing information.
              This address object is only significant up to
              ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength bits. The remaining address
             bits are set to zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any
              non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.
             For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
              length. The use of these address types indicate that this
              source address applies only within the given zone. Zone
              index zero is not valid in this table.'
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 5 }
ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
                InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                 current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
```

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteSource, identifies the sources for which this entry contains multicast routing information.

The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType. For the value 'unknown', this object must be zero. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range 8..128." ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 6 } ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType OBJECT-TYPE InetAddressType SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only **STATUS** current **DESCRIPTION** "A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor. An address type of unknown(0) indicates that the upstream neighbor is unknown, for example in BIDIR-PIM." REFERENCE "RFC 5015" ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 7 } ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor OBJECT-TYPE InetAddress SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only **STATUS** current **DESCRIPTION** 'The address of the upstream neighbor (for example, RPF neighbor) from which IP datagrams from these sources to this multicast address are received." ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 8 } ipMcastRouteInIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE InterfaceIndex0rZero SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current **DESCRIPTION** "The value of ifIndex for the interface on which IP datagrams sent by these sources to this multicast address are received. A value of 0 indicates that datagrams are not subject to an incoming interface check, but may be accepted

REFERENCE "RFC 5015"

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 9 }

on multiple interfaces (for example, in BIDIR-PIM)."

```
ipMcastRouteTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of sysUpTime at which the multicast routing
            information represented by this entry was learned by the
            router.
            If this information was present at the most recent re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 10 }
ipMcastRouteExpiryTime OBJECT-TYPE
              TimeTicks
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The minimum amount of time remaining before this entry will
            be aged out. The value 0 indicates that the entry is not
            subject to aging.
                               If ipMcastRouteNextHopState is pruned(1),
            this object represents the remaining time until the prune
                     If this timer expires, state reverts to
            forwarding(2). Otherwise, this object represents the time
            until this entry is removed from the table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 11 }
ipMcastRouteProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
               IANAipMRouteProtocol
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The multicast routing protocol via which this multicast
            forwarding entry was learned."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 12 }
ipMcastRouteRtProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
               IANAipRouteProtocol
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The routing mechanism via which the route used to find the
            upstream or parent interface for this multicast forwarding
            entry was learned."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 13 }
ipMcastRouteRtAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
                 InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
              "A value indicating the address family of the address
              contained in ipMcastRouteRtAddress."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 14 }
ipMcastRouteRtAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The address portion of the route used to find the upstream
              or parent interface for this multicast forwarding entry.
              This address object is only significant up to
              ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength bits. The remaining address bits
              are set to zero.
             For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
              length. The use of these address types indicate that this
              forwarding state applies only within the given zone. Zone
              index zero is not valid in this table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 15 }
ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The length in bits of the mask associated with the route
              used to find the upstream or parent interface for this
              multicast forwarding entry.
             The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastRouteRtAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object
              must be in the range 8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 16 }
ipMcastRouteRtType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                  unicast (1), -- Unicast route used in multicast RIB
multicast (2) -- Multicast route
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The reason the given route was placed in the (logical) multicast Routing Information Base (RIB). A value of unicast means that the route would normally be placed only in the unicast RIB, but was placed in the multicast RIB due (instead or in addition) to local configuration, such as when running PIM over RIP. A value of multicast means that the route was explicitly added to the multicast RIB by the routing protocol, such as the Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) or Multiprotocol BGP."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 17 }

ipMcastRouteOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of octets contained in IP datagrams that were received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, and which were forwarded by this router.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 18 }

ipMcastRoutePkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of packets routed using this multicast route entry.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 19 }

ipMcastRouteTtlDropOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of octets contained in IP datagrams that this router has received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, which were dropped because the TTL (IPv4) or Hop Limit (IPv6) was decremented to zero, or to a value less than ipMcastInterfaceTtl for all next hops.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 20 }

ipMcastRouteTtlDropPackets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of packets that this router has received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, which were dropped because the TTL (IPv4) or Hop Limit (IPv6) was decremented to zero, or to a value less than ipMcastInterfaceTtl for all next hops.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 21 }

ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of octets contained in IP datagrams that this router has received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, which were dropped because they were received on an unexpected interface.

For RPF checking protocols (such as PIM-SM), these packets arrived on interfaces other than ipMcastRouteInIfIndex, and were dropped because of this failed RPF check. (RPF paths are 'Reverse Path Forwarding' paths; the unicast routes to the expected origin of multicast data flows).

Other protocols may drop packets on an incoming interface check for different reasons (for example, BIDIR-PIM performs a DF check on receipt of packets). All packets dropped as a result of an incoming interface check are counted here.

If this counter increases rapidly, this indicates a problem. A significant quantity of multicast data is arriving at this router on unexpected interfaces, and is not being forwarded.

For guidance, if the rate of increase of this counter exceeds 1% of the rate of increase of ipMcastRouteOctets, then there are multicast routing problems that require investigation.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

REFERENCE "RFC 4601 and RFC 5015" ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 22 }

ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfPackets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of packets which this router has received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, which were dropped because they were received on an unexpected interface.

For RPF checking protocols (such as PIM-SM), these packets arrived on interfaces other than ipMcastRouteInIfIndex, and were dropped because of this failed RPF check. (RPF paths are 'Reverse Path Forwarding' path; the unicast routes to the expected origin of multicast data flows).

Other protocols may drop packets on an incoming interface check for different reasons (for example, BIDIR-PIM performs a DF check on receipt of packets). All packets dropped as a result of an incoming interface check are counted here.

If this counter increases rapidly, this indicates a problem. A significant quantity of multicast data is arriving at this router on unexpected interfaces, and is not being forwarded.

For guidance, if the rate of increase of this counter

exceeds 1% of the rate of increase of ipMcastRoutePkts, then there are multicast routing problems that require investigation.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

REFERENCE "RFC 4601 and RFC 5015"
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 23 }

ipMcastRouteBps OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX CounterBasedGauge64 UNITS "bits per second"

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Bits per second forwarded by this router using this multicast routing entry.

This value is a sample; it is the number of bits forwarded during the last whole 1 second sampling period. The value during the current 1 second sampling period is not made available until the period is completed.

The quantity being sampled is the same as that measured by ipMcastRouteOctets. The units and the sampling method are different."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 24 }

-- The IP Multicast Routing Next Hop Table

ipMcastRouteNextHopTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpMcastRouteNextHopEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The (conceptual) table containing information on the next-hops on outgoing interfaces for routing IP multicast datagrams. Each entry is one of a list of next-hops on outgoing interfaces for particular sources sending to a particular multicast group address."

::= { ipMcast 6 }

```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
             "An entry (conceptual row) in the list of next-hops on
            outgoing interfaces to which IP multicast datagrams from
            particular sources to an IP multicast group address are
            routed.
            OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice, this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    INDEX
                { ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType.
                  ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup,
                  ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength,
                  ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType,
                  ipMcastRouteNextHopSource,
                  ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength.
                  ipMcastRouteNextHopIfIndex,
                  ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType,
                  ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress }
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopTable 1 }
IpMcastRouteNextHopEntrv ::= SEOUENCE {
    ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType
                                             InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup
                                             InetAddress
    ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength
                                             InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType
                                             InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopSource
                                             InetAddress,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength
                                             InetAddressPrefixLength,
                                             InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopIfIndex
    ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType
                                             InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress
                                             InetAddress,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopState
                                             INTEGER.
    ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp
                                             TimeStamp,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopExpiryTime
                                             TimeTicks,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops
                                             Unsigned32,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopProtocol
                                             IANAipMRouteProtocol,
                                             Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopOctets
                                             Counter64
    ipMcastRouteNextHopPkts
}
ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
```

```
contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup. Legal values
    correspond to the subset of address families for which
    multicast forwarding is supported."
::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 1 }
```

ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The IP multicast group address which, when combined with the corresponding value specified in ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength, identifies the groups for which this entry contains multicast forwarding information.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength bits. The remaining address bits are set to zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this forwarding state applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 2 }

ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteGroup, identifies the groups for which this entry contains multicast routing information.

The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range 8..128."

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 3 }

ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressType
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopSource.

A value of unknown(0) indicates a non-source-specific entry, corresponding to all sources in the group. Otherwise, the value MUST be the same as the value of ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupType."

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 4 }

ipMcastRouteNextHopSource OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The network address which, when combined with the corresponding value of the mask specified in ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength, identifies the sources for which this entry specifies a next-hop on an outgoing interface.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength bits. The remaining address bits are set to zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this source address applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 5 }

ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value specified in ipMcastRouteNextHopSource, identifies the sources for which this entry specifies a next-hop on an outgoing interface.

```
The InetAddressType is given by
             ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType. For the value
             unknown', this object must be zero. For values 'ipv4' and
             'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32.
                                                                    For values
             'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range 8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 6 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The ifIndex value of the interface for the outgoing
             interface for this next-hop."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 7 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
                InetAddressType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A value indicating the address family of the address
             contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 8 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The address of the next-hop specific to this entry. For
             most interfaces, this is identical to
             ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup. Non-Broadcast Multi-Access
             (NBMA) interfaces, however, may
             have multiple next-hop addresses out a single outgoing
             interface.
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 9 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopState OBJECT-TYPE
                INTEGER { pruned(1), forwarding(2) }
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
             "An indication of whether the outgoing interface and next-
             hop represented by this entry is currently being used to forward IP datagrams. The value 'forwarding' indicates it is currently being used; the value 'pruned' indicates it is
```

```
not."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 10 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
                 TimeStamp
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The value of sysUpTime at which the multicast routing
              information represented by this entry was learned by the
              router.
              If this information was present at the most recent re-
              initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
              object contains a zero value.'
     ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 11 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopExpiryTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The minimum amount of time remaining before this entry will
              be aged out. If ipMcastRouteNextHopState is pruned(1), the
              remaining time until the prune expires and the state reverts
              to forwarding(2). Otherwise, the remaining time until this entry is removed from the table. The time remaining may be copied from ipMcastRouteExpiryTime if the protocol in use for this entry does not specify next-hop timers. The value
              O indicates that the entry is not subject to aging.'
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 12 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops OBJECT-TYPE
                 Unsigned32 (0..256)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
```

"The minimum number of hops between this router and any member of this IP multicast group reached via this next-hop on this outgoing interface. Any IP multicast datagrams for the group that have a TTL (IPv4) or Hop Count (IPv6) less than this number of hops will not be forwarded to this next-hop.

A value of 0 means all multicast datagrams are forwarded out the interface. A value of 256 means that no multicast datagrams are forwarded out the interface.

```
This is an optimization applied by multicast routing
            protocols that explicitly track hop counts to downstream
            listeners.
                        Multicast protocols that are not aware of hop
            counts to downstream listeners set this object to 0."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 13 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
               IANAipMRouteProtocol
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The routing mechanism via which this next-hop was learned."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 14 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopOctets OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter64
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets of multicast packets that have been
            forwarded using this route.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
            the value of ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 15 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopPkts OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter64
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of packets which have been forwarded using this
            route.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
            the value of ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 16 }
    The IP Multicast Scope Boundary Table
___
```

```
ipMcastBoundaryTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastBoundaryEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing the system's multicast scope
            zone boundaries."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 Section 5"
    ::= { ipMcast 7 }
ipMcastBoundaryEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpMcastBoundaryEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) describing one of this device's
            multicast scope zone boundaries.
            OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice, this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365 Section 5, RFC 4007 Section 5"
                { ipMcastBoundarvIfIndex.
    INDEX
                  ipMcastBoundaryAddressType,
                  ipMcastBoundaryAddress.
                  ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength }
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryTable 1 }
IpMcastBoundaryEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastBoundaryIfIndex
                                          InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastBoundaryAddressType
                                          InetAddressType,
    ipMcastBoundaryAddress
                                          InetAddress,
    ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength
                                          InetAddressPrefixLenath.
    ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp
                                          TimeStamp,
    ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastOctets
                                          Counter64,
                                          Counter64,
    ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastPkts
    ipMcastBoundaryStatus
                                          RowStatus,
    ipMcastBoundaryStorageType
                                          StorageType
}
ipMcastBoundaryIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The IfIndex value for the interface to which this boundary
            applies. Packets with a destination address in the
```

associated address/mask range will not be forwarded over this interface.

For IPv4, zone boundaries cut through links. this is an external interface. This may be either a physical or virtual interface (tunnel, encapsulation, and so forth.)

For IPv6, zone boundaries cut through nodes. Therefore, this is a virtual interface within the node. This is not an external interface, either real or virtual. Packets crossing this interface neither arrive at nor leave the node, but only move between zones within the node."

REFERENCE "RFC 2365 Section 5, RFC 4007 Section 5" ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 1 }

ipMcastBoundaryAddressType OBJECT-TYPE

InetAddressType MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastBoundaryAddress. Legal values correspond to the subset of address families for which multicast forwarding is supported."

::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 2 }

ipMcastBoundaryAddress OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The group address which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength, identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary exists. Scoped IPv4 multicast address ranges must be prefixed by 239.0.0.0/8. Scoped IPv6 multicast address ranges are FF0x::/16, where x is a valid RFC 4291 multicast scope.

An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanentlyassigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A zone boundary for FF0x::/16 implies an identical boundary for these other prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist in this table.

This address object is only significant up to

```
ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength bits. The remaining
   address bits are set to zero. This is especially important
   for this index field, which is part of the index of this
   entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely
   different entry."
::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 3 }
```

ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which when, combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastBoundaryAddress, identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary exists.

The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastBoundaryAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be set to 16."

::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 4 }

ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TimeStamp MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The value of sysUpTime at which the multicast boundary information represented by this entry was learned by the router.

If this information was present at the most recent reinitialization of the local management subsystem, then this object contains a zero value."

::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 5 }

ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of octets of multicast packets that have been dropped as a result of this zone boundary configuration.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of boundary

```
configuration being removed and replaced, which can be
            detected by observing the value of
            ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp.'
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 6 }
ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter64
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of multicast packets that have been dropped as a
            result of this zone boundary configuration.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of boundary
            configuration being removed and replaced, which can be
            detected by observing the value of
            ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 7 }
ipMcastBoundaryStatus OBJECT-TYPE
              RowStatus
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The status of this row, by which rows in this table can
            be created and destroyed.
            This status object can be set to active(1) without setting
            any other columnar objects in this entry.
            All writeable objects in this entry can be modified when the
    status of this entry is active(1).
::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 8 }
ipMcastBoundaryStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
                StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
           'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
           objects in the row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 9 }
```

```
The IP Multicast Scope Name Table
ipMcastScopeNameTable OBJECT-TYPE
                SEQUENCE OF IpMcastScopeNameEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The (conceptual) table listing multicast scope names."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 Section 4"
    ::= { ipMcast 8 }
ipMcastScopeNameEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpMcastScopeNameEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "An entry (conceptual row) that names a multicast address
             scope.
            OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice this does not present a problem, because IP address types
                                                              In practice,
             allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 Section 4"
                { ipMcastScopeNameAddressType,
    INDEX
                  ipMcastScopeNameAddress
                  ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength,
                  ipMcastScopeNameLanguage }
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameTable 1 }
IpMcastScopeNameEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastScopeNameAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
                                            InetAddress,
InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastScopeNameAddress
    ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength
                                            LangTag,
    ipMcastScopeNameLanguage
    ipMcastScopeNameString
                                            SnmpAdminString,
    ipMcastScopeNameDefault
                                            TruthValue,
    ipMcastScopeNameStatus
                                            RowStatus,
    ipMcastScopeNameStorageType
                                            StorageType
}
ipMcastScopeNameAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddressType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A value indicating the address family of the address
```

```
contained in ipMcastScopeNameAddress. Legal values
       correspond to the subset of address families for which
       multicast forwarding is supported.'
::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 1 }
```

ipMcastScopeNameAddress OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The group address which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength, identifies the group range associated with the multicast scope. Scoped IPv4 multicast address ranges must be prefixed by 239.0.0/8. Scoped IPv6 multicast address ranges are FF0x::/16, where x is a valid RFC 4291 multicast scope.

An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanentlyassigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A scope FFOx::/16 implies an identical scope name for these other prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist in this table.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength bits. The remaining address bits are set to zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely entry. different entry.'

::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 2 }

ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE InetAddressPrefixLenath MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current **DESCRIPTION**

> "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastScopeNameAddress identifies the group range associated with the multicast scope.

The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastScopeNameAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be set to 16."

::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 3 }

```
SYNTAX
               LangTag
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "Language tag associated with the scope name."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4646"
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 4 }
ipMcastScopeNameString OBJECT-TYPE
                SnmpAdminString
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The textual name associated with the multicast scope. The
             value of this object should be suitable for displaying to
             end-users, such as when allocating a multicast address in
             this scope.
             When no name is specified, the default value of this object for IPv4 should be the string 239.x.x.x/y with x and y replaced with decimal values to describe the address and
             mask length associated with the scope.
             When no name is specified, the default value of this object
             for IPv6 should be the string FF0x::/16, with x replaced by
             the hexadecimal value for the RFC 4291 multicast scope.
             An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanently-
             assigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is
             a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A scope
             FF0x::/16 implies an identical scope name for these other
             prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist
    in this table."
REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 3306 Section 4, RFC 4291 Section 2.7"
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 5 }
ipMcastScopeNameDefault OBJECT-TYPE
               TruthValue
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "If true, indicates a preference that the name in the following language should be used by applications if no name
             is available in a desired language.
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 6 }
```

```
ipMcastScopeNameStatus OBJECT-TYPE
               RowStatus
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The status of this row, by which rows in this table can
be created and destroyed. Before the row can be activated,
             the object ipMcastScopeNameString must be set to a valid value. All writeable objects in this entry can be modified
             when the status is active(1).
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 7 }
ipMcastScopeNameStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
            'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
            objects in the row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 8 }
    The Multicast Listeners Table
ipMcastLocalListenerTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastLocalListenerEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The (conceptual) table listing local applications or
             services that have joined multicast groups as listeners.
             Entries exist for all addresses in the multicast range for
             all applications and services as they are classified on this
             device."
    ::= { ipMcast 9 }
ipMcastLocalListenerEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpMcastLocalListenerEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "An entry (conceptual row) identifying a local application
             or service that has joined a multicast group as a listener.
```

```
OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice, this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    INDEX
               { ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType,
                  ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress,
                  ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType.
                  ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress,
                  ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength,
                  ipMcastLocalListenerIfIndex,
                  ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex }
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerTable 1 }
IpMcastLocalListenerEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType
                                              InetAddressType.
    ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress
                                              InetAddress,
                                              InetAddressType.
    ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType
                                              InetAddress,
    ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress
    ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength
                                              InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastLocalListenerIfIndex
                                              InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex
                                              Unsigned32
}
ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
              InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress. Legal values
            correspond to the subset of address families for which
            multicast is supported."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 1 }
ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddress
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP multicast group for which this entry specifies
            locally joined applications or services."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 2 }
ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
```

"A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastLocalListenerSource.

A value of unknown(0) indicates a non-source-specific entry, corresponding to all sources in the group. Otherwise, the value MUST be the same as the value of ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType."

::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 3 }

ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The network address which, when combined with the corresponding value of the mask specified in ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength, identifies the sources for which this entry specifies a local listener.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength bits. The remaining address bits are set to zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this listener address applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."

::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 4 }

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value specified in ipMcastLocalListenerSource, identifies the sources for which this entry specifies a local listener.

The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType. For the value 'unknown', this object must be zero. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range

```
8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 5 }
ipMcastLocalListenerIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                InterfaceIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The IfIndex value of the interface for which this entry
             specifies a local listener."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 6 }
ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               Unsigned32 (0..2147483647)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A unique value corresponding to a piece of software running
             on this router or host system. Where possible, this should be the system's native, unique identification number.
             This identifier is platform-specific. It may correspond to
             a process ID or application instance number.
             A value of zero indicates that the application instance(s)
             cannot be identified. A value of zero indicates that one or
             more unidentified applications have joined the specified multicast groups (for the specified sources) as listeners."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2287 sysApplRunIndex
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 7 }
    The Multicast Zone Table
ipMcastZoneTable OBJECT-TYPE
              SEQUENCE OF IpMcastZoneEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The (conceptual) table listing scope zones on this device."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 Section 5"
    ::= { ipMcast 10 }
ipMcastZoneEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                IpMcastZoneEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) describing a scope zone on this
            device.
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 Section 5"
               { ipMcastZoneIndex }
    ::= { ipMcastZoneTable 1 }
IpMcastZoneEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastZoneIndex
                                            InetZoneIndex,
    ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex
                                            InetZoneIndex,
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType
    ipMcastZoneScopeAddress
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength
                                            InetAddressPrefixLength
}
ipMcastZoneIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               InetZoneIndex (1..4294967295)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This zone index uniquely identifies a zone on a device.
            Each zone is for a given scope. Scope-level information in
            this table is for the unique scope that corresponds to this
            zone.
            Zero is a special value used to request the default zone for
            a given scope. Zero is not a valid value for this object.
            To test whether ipMcastZoneIndex is the default zone for
            this scope, test whether ipMcastZoneIndex is equal to
            ipMcastZonéScopeDefaultZoneIndex."
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 1 }
ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               InetZoneIndex (1..4294967295)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The default zone index for this scope. This is the zone
            that this device will use if the default (zero) zone is
            requested for this scope.
            Zero is not a valid value for this object."
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 2 }
ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION
```

"The IP address type for which this scope zone exists." ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 3 }

ipMcastZoneScopeAddress OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The multicast group address which, when combined with ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength, gives the multicast address range for this scope. The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType.

Scoped IPv4 multicast address ranges are prefixed by 239.0.0.0/8. Scoped IPv6 multicast address ranges are FF0x::/16, where x is a valid RFC 4291 multicast scope.

An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanently-assigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A scope FF0x::/16 implies an identical scope for these other prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist in this table.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength bits. The remaining address bits are set to zero."

REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 3306 Section 4, RFC 4291 Section 2.7" ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 4 }

ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with ipMcastZoneScopeAddress, gives the multicast address prefix for this scope.

The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be set to 16."

::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 5 }

```
-- Conformance information
ipMcastMIBConformance
                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIB 2 }
ipMcastMIBCompliances
                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIBConformance 1 }
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIBConformance 2 }
ipMcastMIBGroups
-- Compliance statements
ipMcastMIBComplianceHost MODULE-COMPLIANCE
             current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
             "The compliance statement for hosts supporting IPMCAST-MIB.
             Support for either InetAddressType ipv4 or ipv6 is mandatory; support for both InetAddressTypes ipv4 and ipv6
             is optional. Support for types ipv4z and ipv6z is
             optional.
             -- OBJECT
                            ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType
             -- SYNTAX
                            InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                               ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
             -- DESCRIPTION
                     This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
             ___
                            ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress
             -- OBJECT
                            InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
             -- SYNTAX
             -- DESCRIPTION
                     This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
             --
             -- OBJECT
                            ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType
             -- SYNTAX
                            InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                               ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
             -- DESCRIPTION
                     This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
             -- OBJECT
                            ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress
                            inetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
             -- SYNTAX
             -- DESCRIPTION
                     This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
    MODULE -- this module
    MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup,
```

```
ipMcastMIBBasicGroup }
                 ipMcastEnabled
      OBJECT
      MIN-ACCESS read-only
      DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
                 ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
      OBJECT
      MIN-ACCESS read-only
      DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBSsmGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBRouteGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBCompliances 1 }
ipMcastMIBComplianceRouter MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for routers supporting
            IPMCAST-MIB.
            Support for either InetAddressType ipv4 or ipv6 is mandatory; support for both InetAddressTypes ipv4 and ipv6
            is optional. Support for types ipv4z and ipv6z is
            optional.
            -- OBJECT
                           ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType
                          -- SYNTAX
```

```
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
___
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastSsmRangeAddress
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteGroup
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
___
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
--
              ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType
-- OBJECT
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
___
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
___
              ipMcastRouteSource
-- OBJECT
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- SYNTAX
-- DESCRIPTION
--
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
___
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
___
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
___
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
___
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- SYNTAX
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
___
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
___
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType
```

```
-- SYNTAX
                      InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                         ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
        --
               either ipv4 or ipv6.
        --
        -- OBJECT
                       ipMcastRouteNextHopSource
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
        ___
               either ipv4 or ipv6.
        ___
        ___
        -- OBJECT
                       ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType
                      InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
        -- SYNTAX
                                        ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
        __
               either ipv4 or ipv6.
        ___
        __
        -- OBJECT
                       ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
        ___
               either ipv4 or ipv6."
MODULE -- this module
MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMcastMIBRouteProtoGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBBasicGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBSsmGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBRouteGroup }
  OBJECT
             ipMcastEnabled
  MIN-ACCESS read-only
  DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
             ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
  OBJECT
  MIN-ACCESS read-only
  DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
  OBJECT
             ipMcastInterfaceTtl
  MIN-ACCESS read-only
  DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
             ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit
  OBJECT
  MIN-ACCESS read-only
```

```
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
           ipMcastInterfaceStorageType
OBJECT
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
           ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType
OBJECT
SYNTAX
           InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) }
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    or ipv6.
OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor
           InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
SYNTAX
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    or ipv6."
OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteRtAddressType
           InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
SYNTAX
                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) \hat{i}
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    or ipv6."
           ipMcastRouteRtAddress
OBJECT
           InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
SYNTAX
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    or ipv6."
OBJECT ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
OBJECT
           ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is not mandatory, but SHOULD be supported where
    hardware permits."
```

```
ipMcastMIBPktsOutGroup
      GROUP
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBHopCountGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBRouteOctetsGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBRouteBpsGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
      GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup
      DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBCompliances 2 }
ipMcastMIBComplianceBorderRouter MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for routers on scope
            boundaries supporting IPMCAST-MIB.
            Support for either InetAddressType ipv4z or ipv6z is
            mandatory; support for both InetAddressTypes ipv4z and
            ipv6z is optional.
                           ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType
            -- OBJECT
                          InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3),
            -- SYNTAX
                                            ipv6z(4)}
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
            ___
            -- OBJECT
                           ipMcastSsmRangeAddress
            -- SYNTAX
                           InetAddress (SIZE (4|8|16|20))
```

```
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
___
              ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType
-- OBJECT
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType \{unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
___
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
___
_ _
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteGroup
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
___
              ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType
-- OBJECT
              -- SYNTAX
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
___
___
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteSource
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
--
___
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
___
              ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType
-- OBJECT
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
__
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
```

```
-- OBJECT
                      ipMcastRouteNextHopSource
                      InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- SYNTAX
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
        ___
               either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
        ___
        -- OBJECT
                      ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressTvpe
                      InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
        -- SYNTAX
                                        ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
        ___
               either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
        ___
        -- OBJECT
                      ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
               either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
        ___
                      ipMcastBoundaryAddressType
        -- OBJECT
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
        --
                      ipMcastBoundaryAddress
        -- OBJECT
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddress (SIZE (4|16)
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
        ___
        -- OBJECT
                      ipMcastScopeNameAddressType
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
        --
        -- OBJECT
                      ipMcastScopeNameAddress
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddress (SIZE (4|16)
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
MODULE -- this module
MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMcastMIBRouteProtoGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBBasicGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBSsmGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBRouteGroup
                   ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup }
```

```
ipMcastEnabled
OBJECT
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
   "Write access is not required."
OBJECT
          ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
          ipMcastInterfaceTtl
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
          ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit
OBJECT
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
          ipMcastInterfaceStorageType
OBJECT
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
OBJECT
          ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType
          SYNTAX
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
   and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z.
OBJECT
          ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor
SYNTAX
          InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
   and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z.
OBJECT
          ipMcastRouteRtAddressType
          SYNTAX
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
   and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z.
OBJECT
          ipMcastRouteRtAddress
SYNTAX
          InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
DESCRIPTION
```

"This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4

```
and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z.
           ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus
OBJECT
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
OBJECT
           ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is not mandatory, but SHOULD be supported where
    hardware permits."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBPktsOutGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBHopCountGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBRouteOctetsGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBRouteBpsGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
OBJECT
           ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType
           InetAddressType { ipv4(1), ipv6(2) }
SYNTAX
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
OBJECT
           ipMcastZoneScopeAddress
           InetAddress (SIZE (4|16))
SYNTAX
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
```

```
::= { ipMcastMIBCompliances 3 }
-- Units of conformance
ipMcastMIBBasicGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastEnabled, ipMcastRouteEntryCount,
              ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support basic management of IP
            Multicast protocols.
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 1 }
ipMcastMIBSsmGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus,
              ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of Source-
            Specific Multicast routing.'
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 2 }
ipMcastMIBRouteGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastInterfaceTtl.
              ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit,
              ipMcastInterfaceStorageType,
              ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType,
              ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor,
              ipMcastRouteInIfIndex,
              ipMcastRouteTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteExpirvTime
              ipMcastRouteNextHopState,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopExpiryTime
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support basic management of IP
            Multicast routing.
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 3 }
ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRoutePkts,
              ipMcastRouteTtlDropPackets,
              ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfPackets
```

```
}
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A collection of routing diagnostic packet counters."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 4 }
ipMcastMIBPktsOutGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp,
               ipMcastRouteNextHopPkts }
             current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
             "A collection of objects to support management of packet
             counters for each outgoing interface entry of a route.'
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 5 }
ipMcastMIBHopCountGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A collection of objects to support management of the use of hop counts in IP Multicast routing."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 6 }
ipMcastMIBRouteOctetsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteTimeStamp,
               ipMcastRouteOctets,
               ipMcastRouteTtlDropOctets
               ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfOctets,
               ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp,
               ipMcastRouteNextHopOctets }
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A collection of objects to support management of octet
             counters for each forwarding entry."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 7 }
ipMcastMIBRouteBpsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteBps }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A collection of objects to support sampling of data rate
             in bits per second for each forwarding entry.
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 8 }
ipMcastMIBRouteProtoGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteProtocol, ipMcastRouteRtProtocol, ipMcastRouteRtAddressType, ipMcastRouteRtAddress, ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength, ipMcastRouteRtType,
```

```
ipMcastRouteNextHopProtocol }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A collection of objects providing information on the
             relationship between multicast routing information and the
             IP Forwarding Table."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 9 }
ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex }
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A collection of objects to support management of local
             listeners on hosts or routers.
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 10 }
ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp,
               ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastOctets,
               ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastPkts,
               ipMcastBoundaryStatus,
               ipMcastBoundaryStorageType,
               ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex,
               ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType.
               ipMcastZoneScopeAddress.
               ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A collection of objects to support management of multicast
             scope zone boundaries."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 11 }
ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastScopeNameString, ipMcastScopeNameDefault, ipMcastScopeNameStatus, ipMcastScopeNameStorageType }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A collection of objects to support management of multicast
            address scope names.
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 12 }
END
```

7. Security Considerations

7.1. SNMPv3

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to access (read/change/create/delete) them.

7.2. Writeable Objects

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. This section discusses and lists these elements.

Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

In this MIB module, possible effects that can be induced by SET operations on writeable objects include:

- o Modifications to multicast routing behavior that prevent or disrupt services provided by the network, including (but not limited to) multicast data traffic delivery.
- o Modifications to multicast routing behavior that allow interception or subversion of information that is carried by the network. For example, attacks can be envisaged that would pass nominated multicast data streams through a nominated location, without the sources or listeners becoming aware of this subversion.

The following are the read-write and read-create objects defined in this MIB module.

ipMcastEnabled ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType ipMcastInterfaceTtl
ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit ipMcastInterfaceStorageType
ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType
ipMcastBoundaryStatus ipMcastBoundaryStorageType
ipMcastScopeNameString ipMcastScopeNameDefault ipMcastScopeNameStatus
ipMcastScopeNameStorageType

7.3. Readable Objects

As well as the writeable objects discussed above, there are a number of readable objects (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) that may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP.

In this MIB module, possible effects that can be induced by GET and/or NOTIFY operations include:

- o Determination of the topology, disposition, and composition of the network. This information may be commercially sensitive, and may also be used in preparation for attacks, including any of the attacks described above.
- o Determinion of whether multicast data is flowing in the network, or has flowed recently, as well as the locations of senders and recipients. An attacker can apply 'traffic analysis' to this data. In some cases, the information revealed by traffic analyses can be as damaging as full knowledge of the data being transported.

8. IANA Considerations

IPMCAST-MIB is rooted under the mib-2 subtree. IANA has assigned { mib-2 168 } to the IPMCAST-MIB module specified in this document.

9. Acknowledgements

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