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RADIUS Accounting Client MIB

Status of this Memo

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Abstract

This memo defines a set of extensions which instrument RADIUS accounting client functions. These extensions represent a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. Using these extensions IP-based management stations can manage RADIUS accounting clients.

1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects used for managing RADIUS accounting clients.

Today a wide range of network devices, including routers and NASes, act as RADIUS accounting clients in order to provide accounting services. As a result, the effective management of RADIUS accounting clients is of considerable importance.

2. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- o An overall architecture, described in RFC 2571 [1].
- Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIv1 and described in

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STD 15, RFC 1155 [2], STD 16, RFC 1212 [3] and RFC 1215 [4]. The second version, called SMIv2, is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [5], RFC 2579 [6] and RFC 2580 [7].

- o Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in RFC 1901 [9] and RFC 1906 [10]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in RFC 1906 [10], RFC 2572 [11] and RFC 2574 [12].
- o Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in RFC 1905 [13].
- A set of fundamental applications described in RFC 2573 [14] and the view-based access control mechanism described in RFC 2575 [15].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI.

This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2. A MIB conforming to the SMIv1 can be poduced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIv2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIv1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

Overview

The RADIUS accounting protocol, described in [16], distinguishes between the client function and the server function. In RADIUS accounting, clients send Accounting-Requests, and servers reply with Accounting-Responses. Typically NAS devices implement the client function, and thus would be expected to implement the RADIUS accounting client MIB, while RADIUS accounting servers implement the server function, and thus would be expected to implement the RADIUS accounting server MIB.

However, it is possible for a RADIUS accounting entity to perform both client and server functions. For example, a RADIUS proxy may act as a server to one or more RADIUS accounting clients, while simultaneously acting as an accounting client to one or more accounting servers. In such situations, it is expected that RADIUS entities combining client and server functionality will support both the client and server MIBs.

3.1. Selected objects

This MIB module contains two scalars as well as a single table:

(1) the RADIUS Accounting Server Table contains one row for each RADIUS server that the client shares a secret with.

Each entry in the RADIUS Accounting Server Table includes thirteen columns presenting a view of the activity of the RADIUS client.

4. Definitions

```
RADIUS-ACC-CLIENT-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

IMPORTS

```
MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY, Counter32, Integer32, Gauge32, IpAddress, TimeTicks, mib-2 FROM SNMPv2-SMI FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF;
```

```
radiusAccClientMIB MODULE-IDENTITY

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ORGANIZATION "IETF RADIUS Working Group."

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```

```
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DESCRIPTION
```

"The MIB module for entities implementing the client side of the Remote Access Dialin User Service (RADIUS) accounting protocol."

REVISION "9906110000Z" -- 11 Jun 1999
DESCRIPTION "Initial version as published in RFC 2620"
::= { radiusAccounting 2 }

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```
radiusMIB OBJECT-IDENTITY
       STATUS current
       DESCRIPTION
             "The OID assigned to RADIUS MIB work by the IANA."
       ::= { mib-2 67 }
radiusAccounting OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {radiusMIB 2}
radiusAccClientMIBObjects
                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
                                              { radiusAccClientMIB 1 }
radiusAccClient OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { radiusAccClientMIBObjects 1 }
radiusAccClientInvalidServerAddresses OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Counter32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
            "The number of RADIUS Accounting-Response packets
             received from unknown addresses.'
      ::= { radiusAccClient 1 }
radiusAccClientIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
            "The NAS-Identifier of the RADIUS accounting client. This
             is not necessarily the same as sysName in MIB II.'
      ::= { radiusAccClient 2 }
radiusAccServerTable OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RadiusAccServerEntry
      MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                 current
      STATUS
      DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing the RADIUS accounting
             servers with which the client shares a secret."
      ::= { radiusAccClient 3 }
radiusAccServerEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                RadiusAccServerEntry
      SYNTAX
      MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
      STATUS
                 current
      DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) representing a RADIUS
             accounting server with which the client shares a secret."
      INDEX
                 { radiusAccServerIndex }
```

```
::= { radiusAccServerTable 1 }
RadiusAccServerEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
      radiusAccServerIndex
                                                       Integer32,
      radiusAccServerAddress
                                                       IpAddress,
      radiusAccClientServerPortNumber
                                                       Integer32.
      radiusAccClientRoundTripTime
                                                       TimeTicks,
      radiusAccClientRequests
                                                       Counter32,
      radiusAccClientRetransmissions
                                                       Counter32,
                                                       Counter32,
      radiusAccClientResponses
      radiusAccClientMalformedResponses
                                                       Counter32,
                                                       Counter32,
      radiusAccClientBadAuthenticators
      radiusAccClientPendingRequests
                                                         Gauge32,
      radiusAccClientTimeouts radiusAccClientUnknownTypes
                                                       Counter32,
                                                       Counter32,
      radiusAccClientPacketsDropped
                                                       Counter32
}
radiusAccServerIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                 Integer32 (1..2147483647)
      SYNTAX
      MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
      STATUS
                 current
      DESCRIPTION
            "A number uniquely identifying each RADIUS
             Accounting server with which this client
             communicates."
      ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 1 }
radiusAccServerAddress OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX IpAddress
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
                 current
      STATUS
      DESCRIPTION
            "The IP address of the RADIUS accounting server
             referred to in this table entry."
      ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 2 }
radiusAccClientServerPortNumber OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Integer32 (0..65535)
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
            "The UDP port the client is using to send requests to
             this server.
      ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 3 }
radiusAccClientRoundTripTime OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX TimeTicks
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
              "The time interval between the most recent
              Accounting-Response and the Accounting-Request that
              matched it from this RADIUS accounting server."
      ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 4 }
-- Request/Response statistics
-- Requests = Responses + PendingRequests + ClientTimeouts
-- Responses - MalformedResponses - BadAuthenticators -
-- UnknownTypes - PacketsDropped = Successfully received
radiusAccClientRequests OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Counter32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
             "The number of RADIUS Accounting-Request packets sent. This does not include retransmissions."
      ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 5 }
radiusAccClientRetransmissions OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Counter32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current DESCRIPTION
             "The number of RADIUS Accounting-Request packets
              retransmitted to this RADIUS accounting server.
              Retransmissions include retries where the
              Identifier and Acct-Delay have been updated, as
              well as those in which they remain the same.
      ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 6 }
radiusAccClientResponses OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Counter32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
             "The number of RADIUS packets received on the accounting port from this server."
      ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 7 }
radiusAccClientMalformedResponses OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Counter32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
               "The number of malformed RADIUS Accounting-Response
                packets received from this server. Malformed packets
               include packets with an invalid length. Bad
               authenticators and unknown types are not included as
       malformed accounting responses."
::= { radiusAccServerEntry 8 }
radiusAccClientBadAuthenticators OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Counter32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
              "The number of RADIUS Accounting-Response
               packets which contained invalid authenticators
               received from this server.'
       ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 9 }
radiusAccClientPendingRequests OBJECT-TYPE
       SYNTAX Gauge32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
              "The number of RADIUS Accounting-Request packets
              sent to this server that have not yet timed out or received a response. This variable is incremented when an Accounting-Request is sent and decremented due to receipt of an Accounting-Response, a timeout or
               a retransmission.
       ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 10 }
radiusAccClientTimeouts OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX Counter32
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "The number of accounting timeouts to this server.
            After a timeout the client may retry to the same
            server, send to a different server, or give up.
            A retry to the same server is counted as a
            retransmit as well as a timeout. A send to a different
            server is counted as an Accounting-Request as well as a timeout."
       ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 11 }
radiusAccClientUnknownTypes OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Counter32
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
            "The number of RADIUS packets of unknown type which
             were received from this server on the accounting port."
      ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 12 }
radiusAccClientPacketsDropped OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Counter32
      MAX-ACCESS read-only
      STATUS current
      DESCRIPTION
            "The number of RADIUS packets which were received from
             this server on the accounting port and dropped for some
             other reason.'
      ::= { radiusAccServerEntry 13 }
-- conformance information
radiusAccClientMIBConformance
          OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { radiusAccClientMIB 2 }
radiusAccClientMIBCompliances
          OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { radiusAccClientMIBConformance 1 }
radiusAccClientMIBGroups
          OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { radiusAccClientMIBConformance 2 }
-- compliance statements
radiusAccClientMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
           "The compliance statement for accounting clients
            implementing the RADIUS Accounting Client MIB."
    MODULE -- this module
         MANDATORY-GROUPS { radiusAccClientMIBGroup }
     ::= { radiusAccClientMIBCompliances 1 }
-- units of conformance
radiusAccClientMIBGroup OBJECT-GROUP
     OBJECTS { radiusAccClientIdentifier,
               radiusAccClientInvalidServerAddresses,
               radiusAccServerAddress,
               radiusAccClientServerPortNumber,
               radiusAccClientRoundTripTime,
               radiusAccClientRequests,
```

END

5. References

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 2573, April 1999.
- [15] Wijnen, B., Presuhn, R., and K. McCloghrie, "View-based Access Control Model for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)", RFC 2575, April 1999.
- [16] Rigney, C., "RADIUS Accounting", RFC 2139, April 1997.
- 6. Security Considerations

There are no management objects defined in this MIB that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. So, if this MIB is implemented correctly, then there is no risk that an intruder can alter or create any management objects of this MIB via direct SNMP SET opertions.

There are a number of managed objects in this MIB that may contain sensitive information. These are:

radiusAccServerAddress

This can be used to determine the address of the RADIUS accounting server with which the client is communicating. This information could be useful in mounting an attack on the acounting server, which may contain sensitive financial data.

radiusAccClientServerPortNumber This can be used to determine the port number on which the RADIUS accounting client is sending. This information could be useful in impersonating the client in order to send fraudulent data to the accounting server.

It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these object when sending them over the network via SNMP. Not all versions of SNMP provide features for such a secure environment.

SNMPv1 by itself is not a secure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB.

It is recommended that the implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model RFC 2574 [12] and the View-based Access Control Model RFC 2575 [15] is recommended. Using these security features, customer/users can give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

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