Network Working Group

Request for Comments: 4293 Obsoletes: 2011, 2465, 2466 Category: Standards Track S. Routhier, Ed. April 2006

Management Information Base for the Internet Protocol (IP)

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects used for implementations of the Internet Protocol (IP) in an IP version independent manner. This memo obsoletes RFCs 2011, 2465, and 2466.

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1. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [9].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [1], STD 58, RFC 2579 [2] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [3].

2. Revision History

One of the primary purposes of this revision of the IP MIB is to create a single set of objects to describe and manage IP modules in an IP version independent manner. Where RFCs 2465 and 2466 created a set of objects independent from RFC 2011, this document merges those three documents into a single unified set of objects. The ipSystemStatsTable and ipIfStatsTable tables are examples of updating objects to be independent of IP version. Both of these tables contain counters to reflect IP traffic statistics that originated in much earlier MIBs and both include an IP address type in order to separate the information based on IP version.

Another purpose of this document is to increase the manageability of a node running IPv6 by adding new objects. Some of these tables, such as ipDefaultRouterTable, may be useful on both IPv4 and IPv6 nodes while others, such as ipv6RouterAdvertTable, are specific to a single protocol.

Overview

3.1. Multi-Stack Implementations

This MIB does not provide native support for implementations of multiple stacks sharing the same address type. One option for supporting such designs is to assign each stack within an address type to a separate context. These contexts could then be selected based upon the context name, with the Entity MIB and View-based Access Control Model (VACM) Context Table providing methods for listing the supported contexts.

3.2. Discussion of Tables and Groups

This MIB is composed of a small number of discrete objects and a series of tables meant to form the base for managing IPv4 and IPv6 entities.

While some of the objects are meant to be included in all entities, some of the objects are only conditionally mandatory. The unconditionally mandatory objects are mostly counters for IP and ICMP statistics. The conditionally mandatory objects fall into one of several groups: objects for use in higher bandwidth situations, objects for use with IPv4, objects for use with IPv6, and objects for use on IPv6 routers. In short, it is not expected that every entity will implement all of the objects within this MIB. The reader should consult the conformance and compliance section to determine which objects are appropriate for a given entity.

3.2.1. General Objects

In both IPv4 and IPv6, there are only a small number of "knobs" for controlling the general IP stack. Most controls will be in a more specific setting, such as for controlling a router or TCP engine.

This MIB defines a total of three general knobs, only two of which are used for both IPv4 and IPv6.

Objects are included for both protocols to enable or disable forwarding and to set limits on the lifetime of a packet (ttl or hop count).

The third knob, the timeout period for reassembling fragments, is only defined for IPv4, as IPv6 specifies this value directly.

Each group of objects is required when implementing their respective protocols.

3.2.2. Interface Tables

This MIB includes a pair of tables to convey information about the IPv4 and IPv6 protocols that is interface specific.

Special note should be taken of the administrative status objects. These are defined to allow each protocol to selectively enable or disable interfaces. These objects can be used in conjunction with the ifAdminStatus object to manipulate the interfaces as necessary. With these three objects, an interface may be enabled or disabled completely, as well as connected to the IPv4 stack, the IPv6 stack or both stacks. Setting ifAdminStatus to "down" should not affect the protocol specific status objects.

Each interface table is required when implementing their respective protocols.

3.2.3. IP Statistics Tables

The IP statistics tables (ipSystemStatsTable and ipIfStatsTable) contain objects to count the number of datagrams and octets that a given entity has processed. Unlike the previous attempt, this document uses a single table for multiple address types. Typically the only two types of interest are IPv4 and IPv6; however, the table can support other types if necessary.

The first table, ipSystemStatsTable, conveys system wide information. (That is, the various counters are for all interfaces and not a specific set of interfaces.) Its index is formed from a single

sub-id that represents the address type for which the statistics were counted.

The second table, ipIfStatsTable, conveys interface specific information. Its index is formed from two sub-ids. The first represents the address type (IPv4 and IPv6), and the interface within that address type is represented by the second sub-id.

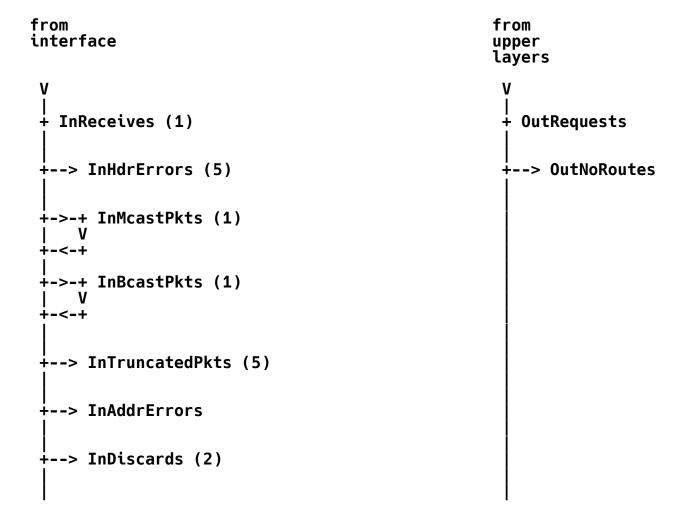
The two tables have a similar set of objects that are intended to count the same things, except for the difference in granularity. The object ID "ipSystemStatsEntry.2" is reserved in order to align the object IDs of the counters in the first table with their counterparts in the second table.

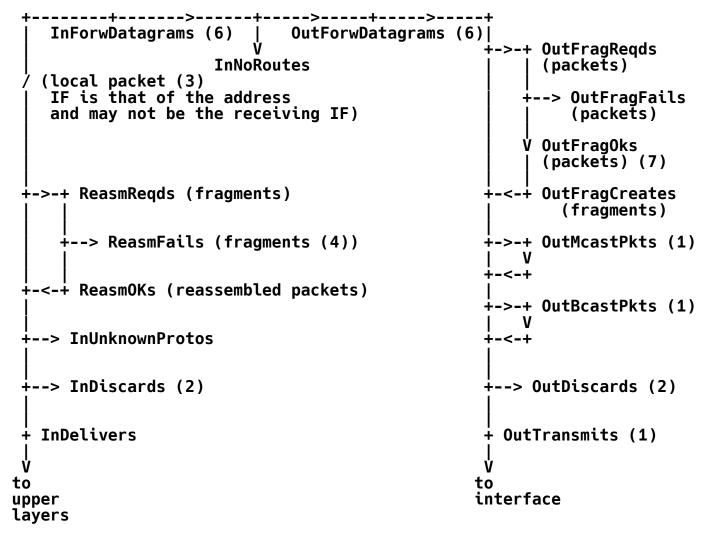
Several objects to note are ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime, ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime, ipSystemsStatsRefreshRate, and ipIfStatsRefreshRate. These objects provide information about the row in the table more than about the system itself.

The discontinuity objects allow a management entity to determine if a discontinuity event that would invalidate the management entity's understanding of the counters has occurred. The system being reinitialized or the interface being cycled are possible examples of a discontinuity event.

The refresh objects allow a management entity to determine a proper polling interval for the rest of the objects.

The following Case diagram represents the general ordering of the packet counters. In order to avoid extra clutter, the prefixes "ipSystemStats" and "ipIfStats" have been removed from each of the counter names.





- (1) The HC counters and octet counters are also found at these points but have been left out for clarity.
- (2) The discard counters may increment at any time in the processing path. Packets discarded to the left of InNoRoutes cause the InDiscards counter to increment, while those discarded to the right are counted in the OutDiscards counters.
- (3) Local packets on the input side are counted on the interface associated with their destination address, which may not be the interface on which they were received. This requirement is caused by the possibility of losing the original interface during processing, especially re-assembly.

- (4) Some re-assembly algorithms may lose track of the number of fragments during processing and so some fragments may not be counted in this object.
- (5) InTruncatedPkts should only be incremented if the frame contained a valid header but was otherwise shorter than required. Frames that are too short to contain a valid header should be counted as InHdrErrors.
- (6) The forwarding objects may be incremented, even for packets that originated locally or are destined for the local host, if their addresses are such that the local host would need to forward the packet to pass it to the correct interface.
- (7) When fragmenting a packet, an entity should increment the OutFragFails counter, rather than the OutDiscards counter, in order to preserve the equation FragOks + FragFails == FragRqds.

The objects in both tables are spread amongst several conformance groups based on the bandwidth required to wrap the counters within an hour. The base system group is mandatory for all entities. The other system groups are optional depending on bandwidth. The interface specific-groups are optional.

3.2.4. Internet Address Prefix Table

This table provides information about the prefixes this entity is using, including their lifetimes. This table provides a convenient place to which other tables that make use of prefixes, such as the ipAddressTable, may point. By including this table, the MIB can supply the prefix information for all addresses, yet minimize the amount of duplication required in storing and accessing this data. This arrangement also clarifies the relationship between addresses that have the same prefix.

This table is required for IPv6 entities.

3.2.5. Internet Address Table

This table lists the IP addresses (both IPv4 and IPv6) used by this entity. It also includes some basic information about how and when the address was formed and last updated. This table allows a manager to determine who a given entity thinks it is.

This table is required for all IP entities.

3.2.6. Internet Address Translation Table

This table provides a mapping between IP layer addresses and physical addresses as would be formed by either Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) for IPv4 or the neighbor discovery protocol for IPv6.

3.2.7. IPv6 Scope Zone Index Table

This table specifies the zone index to interface mapping. By examining the table, a manager can determine which groups of interfaces are within a particular zone for a given scope.

The zone index information is only valid within a given entity; the indexes used on one entity may not be comparable to those used on a different entity.

This table is required for IPv6 entities.

3.2.8. Default Router Table

This table lists the default routers known to this entity. This table is intended to be a simple list to display the information that end nodes may have been configured with or acquired through a simple system such as IPv6 router advertisements. Managers attempting to view more complicated routing information should examine the routing specific tables from other MIBs.

This table is required for all entities.

3.2.9. Router Advertisement Table

This table contains the non-routing information that an IPv6 router would use in constructing a router advertisement message. It does not contain information about the prefixes or other routing specific information that the router might advertise. The router should acquire such information from either the routing tables or from some routing table specific MIB.

This table is only required for IPv6 router entities.

3.2.10. ICMP Statistics Tables

There are two sets of statistics for ICMP. The first contains a simple set of counters to track the number of ICMP messages and errors processed by this entity.

The second supplies more detail about the ICMP messages processed by this entity. Its index is formed from two sub-ids. The first represents the address type (IPv4 and IPv6), and the second represents the particular message type being counted. A given row need not be instantiated unless a message of that type has been processed, i.e., the row for icmpMsgStatsType=X MAY be instantiated before but MUST be instantated after the first message with Type=X is received or transmitted. After receiving or transmitting any succeeding messages with Type=X, the relevant counter must be incremented.

Both of these tables are required for all entities.

3.2.11. Conformance and Compliance

This MIB contains several sets of objects. Some of these sets are useful on all types of entities, while others are only useful on a limited subset of entities. The conformance section attempts to group the objects into sets that may be discussed as units, and the compliance section then details which of these units are required in various circumstances.

The circumstances used in the compliance section are implementing IPv4, IPv6, or IPv6 router functions and having a bandwidth of less than 20MB, between 20MB and 650MB, or greater than 650MB.

3.2.12. Deprecated Objects

This MIB also includes a set of deprecated objects from previous iterations. They are included as part of the historical record.

4. Updating Implementations

There are several general classes of change that are required.

The first and most major change is that most of the previous objects have different object IDs and additional indexes to support the possibility of different address types. The general counters for IP and ICMP are examples of this. They have been moved to the ipSystemStatsTable and icmpMsgStatsTable, respectively.

The second change is the extension of all address objects to allow for both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and the addition of an address type object to specify what address type is in use.

The third change is the addition of several new objects to the replacement for a previously existing table such as ipNetToPhysical.

The fourth change is the addition of completely new tables such as ipIfStatsTable and ipDefaultRouterTable. The first is based on the previous statistics groups, while the second is completely new to this MIB.

4.1. Updating an Implementation of the IPv4-only IP-MIB

The somewhat more specific changes that are required for IPv4 follow. Note well: this is not meant to be an exhaustive list and the reader should examine the MIB for full details.

Several of the general objects (ipForwarding, ipDefaultTTL, ipReasmTimeout) remain unchanged.

Most of the rest of the general objects were counters and have been moved into the ipSystemStatsTable. The basic instrumentation should remain the same, though the object definitions should be checked for clarifications. If they aren't already in a structure, putting the counter variables in one would be useful. Several new objects have been added to count additional items, and instrumentation code must be added for these objects. Finally, the SNMP routines must be updated to handle the new indexing.

In addition to the ipSystemStatsTable, the MIB includes the ipIfStatsTable. This table counts the same items as the system table but does so on a per interface basis. It is optional and may be ignored. If you decide to implement it, you may wish to arrange to collect the data on a per-interface basis and then sum those counters in order to provide the aggregate system level statistics. However, if you choose to provide the system level statistics by summing the interface level counters, no interface level statistics can be lost if an interface is removed, the statistics associated with it must be retained.

The ipAddrTable has, loosely, been converted to the ipAddressTable. While the general idea remains the same, the ipAddressTable is sufficiently different that writing new code may be easier than updating old code. The primary difference is the addition of several new objects. In addition, the ipAdEntReasmMaxSize has been moved to another table, ipv4InterfaceTable. As above, the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

The ipNetToMediaTable has been moved to the ipNetToPhysicalTable. These tables are fairly similar and updating the old code may be straightforward. As above, the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

Two new tables, ipv4InterfaceTable and ipDefaultRouterTable, are required as well as several new ICMP counters.

Finally, there are several tables that are required for IPv6 but are optional for IPv4 that you may elect to implement.

4.2. Updating an Implementation of the IPv6-MIB

The somewhat more specific changes that are required for IPv6 follow. Note well: this is not meant to be an exhaustive list and the reader should examine the MIB for full details.

Two of the general objects, ipv6Forwarding and ipv6DefaultHopLimit, have been renamed and given new object identifiers within the ip branch but are otherwise unchanged. The new names are ipv6IpForwarding and ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit.

While there is an ipv6InterfaceTable that contains some of the pieces from the ipv6IfTable, the two are somewhat different in concept. The ipv6IfTable was meant to replicate the ifTable while the ipv6InterfaceTable is meant to be an addition to the ifTable. As such, items that were duplicated between the ifTable and ipv6IfTable have been removed and some new objects added.

The ipv6IfStatsTable most closely resembles the ipIfStatsTable with an additional index for the address type and most of the instrumentation should be re-usable. Some new objects have been added to the ipIfStatsTable. As above, the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing. Finally, the ipIfStatsTable is optional and may be ignored.

The ipSystemStatsTable is effectively new, but it may be able to make use of most of the instrumentation from the old ipv6IfStatsTable. As with the IPv4 discussion, one implementation strategy would be to count the statistics for the ipIfStatsTable and aggregate them when queried for this table. Again, as with the IPv4 discussion, this strategy only works if the interfaces cannot be removed or if the statistics for removed interfaces are somehow retained.

The ipv6AddrPrefixTable is now the ipAddressPrefixTable. The new table contains an extra object and the additional index required for IPv4 compatibility. As above, the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

The ipAddressTable is loosely based on the ipv6AddrTable but has changed considerably with the addition of several new objects and the removal of one of its indexes.

The IPv6 routing information (ipv6RouteNumber, ipv6DiscardedRoutes, and ipv6RouteTable) has been removed from this MIB. The replacements or updates for this information is in the update to the IP Forwarding Table MIB [16]. The ipv6NetToMediaTable has been converted to the ipNetToPhysicalTable. The new table contains an extra object and the additional index required for IPv4 compatibility. As above, the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

The ICMP tables have been substantially changed. The previous tables required counting on a per-message and per-interface basis. The new tables only require counting on a per-message, per-protocol basis and include an aggregate of all messages on a per-protocol basis.

In addition to the above, several new tables have been added. Both the ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable and ipDefaultRouterTable are required on all IPv6 entities. The ipv6RouterAdvertTable is only required on IPv6 routers.

5. Definitions

The following MIB module imports from the IF-MIB [6] and the INET-ADDRESS-MIB [7] and references Neighbor Discovery [4], the IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfiguration protocol [5], the Default Router Preferences document [8], ARP [10] and the IPv6 address architecture document [17].

IP-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Integer32, Counter32, IpAddress, mib-2, Unsigned32, Counter64, zeroDotZero
PhysAddress, TruthValue, TimeStamp, RowPointer, TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, TestAndIncr, RowStatus, StorageType MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP InetAddress, InetAddressType, InetAddressPrefixLength, InetVersion, InetZoneIndex InterfaceIndex

FROM SNMPv2-SMI

FROM SNMPv2-TC FROM SNMPv2-CONF

FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB FROM IF-MIB;

ipMIB MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "200602020000Z"
ORGANIZATION "IETF IPv6 MIB Revision Team"
CONTACT-INFO
"Editor:

Shawn A. Routhier
Interworking Labs
108 Whispering Pines Dr. Suite 235
Scotts Valley, CA 95066
USA
EMail: <sar@iwl.com>"

DESCRIPTION

"The MIB module for managing IP and ICMP implementations, but excluding their management of IP routes.

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REVISION "200602020000Z" DESCRIPTION

"The IP version neutral revision with added IPv6 objects for ND, default routers, and router advertisements. As well as being the successor to RFC 2011, this MIB is also the successor to RFCs 2465 and 2466. Published as RFC 4293."

REVISION "199411010000Z" DESCRIPTION

"A separate MIB module (IP-MIB) for IP and ICMP management objects. Published as RFC 2011."

REVISION "199103310000Z" DESCRIPTION

"The initial revision of this MIB module was part of MIB-II, which was published as RFC 1213."
::= { mib-2 48}

-- The textual conventions we define and use in this MIB.

manual(2) indicates that the address was manually configured to a specified address, e.g., by user configuration.

dhcp(4) indicates an address that was assigned to this system by a DHCP server.

linklayer(5) indicates an address created by IPv6 stateless

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auto-configuration.

```
random(6) indicates an address chosen by the system at
    random, e.g., an IPv4 address within 169.254/16, or an RFC
    3041 privacy address."

SYNTAX     INTEGER {
    other(1),
    manual(2),
    dhcp(4),
    linklayer(5),
    random(6)
}
```

DESCRIPTION

"The status of an address. Most of the states correspond to states from the IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfiguration protocol.

The preferred(1) state indicates that this is a valid address that can appear as the destination or source address of a packet.

The deprecated(2) state indicates that this is a valid but deprecated address that should no longer be used as a source address in new communications, but packets addressed to such an address are processed as expected.

The invalid(3) state indicates that this isn't a valid address and it shouldn't appear as the destination or source address of a packet.

The inaccessible(4) state indicates that the address is not accessible because the interface to which this address is assigned is not operational.

The unknown(5) state indicates that the status cannot be determined for some reason.

The tentative(6) state indicates that the uniqueness of the address on the link is being verified. Addresses in this state should not be used for general communication and should only be used to determine the uniqueness of the address.

The duplicate(7) state indicates the address has been determined to be non-unique on the link and so must not be

used.

The optimistic(8) state indicates the address is available for use, subject to restrictions, while its uniqueness on a link is being verified.

```
In the absence of other information, an IPv4 address is
    always preferred(1)."

REFERENCE "RFC 2462"

SYNTAX     INTEGER {
    preferred(1),
    deprecated(2),
    invalid(3),
    inaccessible(4),
    unknown(5),
    tentative(6),
    duplicate(7),
    optimistic(8)
}
```

"The origin of this prefix.

manual(2) indicates a prefix that was manually configured.

wellknown(3) indicates a well-known prefix, e.g., 169.254/16 for IPv4 auto-configuration or fe80::/10 for IPv6 link-local addresses. Well known prefixes may be assigned by IANA, the address registries, or by specification in a standards track RFC.

dhcp(4) indicates a prefix that was assigned by a DHCP server.

routeradv(5) indicates a prefix learned from a router advertisement.

Note: while IpAddressOriginTC and IpAddressPrefixOriginTC are similar, they are not identical. The first defines how an address was created, while the second defines how a prefix was found."

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 other(1),
 manual(2),
 wellknown(3),
 dhcp(4),

```
routeradv(5)
    }
Ipv6AddressIfIdentifierTC ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
     DISPLAY-HINT "2x:"
     STATUS
                   current
     DESCRIPTION
        "This data type is used to model IPv6 address
       interface identifiers. This is a binary string of up to 8 octets in network byte-order."
                  OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..8))
-- the IP general group
-- some objects that affect all of IPv4
         OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 4 }
ίp
ipForwarding OBJECT-TYPE
                INTEGER {
    SYNTAX
                      MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The indication of whether this entity is acting as an IPv4
             router in respect to the forwarding of datagrams received
             by, but not addressed to, this entity. IPv4 routers forward datagrams. IPv4 hosts do not (except those source-routed
             via the host).
             When this object is written, the entity should save the
             change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
             non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system.
             Note: a stronger requirement is not used because this object
             was previously defined."
    ::= { ip 1 }
ipDefaultTTL OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Integer32 (1..255)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The default value inserted into the Time-To-Live field of
             the IPv4 header of datagrams originated at this entity, whenever a TTL value is not supplied by the transport layer
```

protocol.

When this object is written, the entity should save the change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system. Note: a stronger requirement is not used because this object was previously defined."

 $::= \{ ip 2 \}$

```
ipReasmTimeout OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32
UNITS "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
```

"The maximum number of seconds that received fragments are held while they are awaiting reassembly at this entity."

•-- { in 13 }

::= { ip 13 }

-- the IPv6 general group-- Some objects that affect all of IPv6

forwarding(1), -- acting as a router notForwarding(2) -- NOT acting as a router

MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The indication of whether this entity is acting as an IPv6 router on any interface in respect to the forwarding of datagrams received by, but not addressed to, this entity. IPv6 routers forward datagrams. IPv6 hosts do not (except those source-routed via the host).

When this object is written, the entity SHOULD save the change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."

::= { ip 25 }

"The default value inserted into the Hop Limit field of the IPv6 header of datagrams originated at this entity whenever a Hop Limit value is not supplied by the transport layer protocol.

When this object is written, the entity SHOULD save the change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."

REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.3.2"

::= { ip 26 }

-- IPv4 Interface Table

--

ipv4InterfaceTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TimeStamp MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which a row in the ipv4InterfaceTable was added or deleted, or when an ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize or an ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus object was modified.

If new objects are added to the ipv4InterfaceTable that require the ipv4InterfaceTableLastChange to be updated when they are modified, they must specify that requirement in their description clause."

::= { ip 27 }

"The table containing per-interface IPv4-specific information."
n 28 l

::= { ip 28 }

"An entry containing IPv4-specific information for a specific interface."

INDEX { ipv4InterfaceIfIndex }

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```
::= { ipv4InterfaceTable 1 }
Ipv4InterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipv4InterfaceIfIndex
                                       InterfaceIndex,
        ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize
                                       Integer32,
        ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus
                                       INTEGER.
                                       Unsigned32
        ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime
    }
ipv4InterfaceIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
              InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex.'
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 1 }
ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Integer32 (0..65535)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The size of the largest IPv4 datagram that this entity can
            re-assemble from incoming IPv4 fragmented datagrams received
            on this interface."
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 2 }
ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                  up(1),
                 down(2)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether IPv4 is enabled (up) or disabled
            (down) on this interface. This object does not affect the
            state of the interface itself, only its connection to an IPv4 stack. The IF-MIB should be used to control the state
            of the interface."
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 3 }
ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32
               "milliseconds"
    UNITS
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The time between retransmissions of ARP requests to a
            neighbor when resolving the address or when probing the
   reachability of a neighbor."
REFERENCE "RFC 1122"
    DEFVAL { 1000 }
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 4 }
-- v6 interface table
ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
              TimeStamp
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            a row in the ipv6InterfaceTable was added or deleted or when
            an ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize, ipv6InterfaceIdentifier,
            ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus, ipv6InterfaceReachableTime,
            ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime, or ipv6InterfaceForwarding
            object was modified.
            If new objects are added to the ipv6InterfaceTable that
            require the ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange to be updated when
            they are modified, they must specify that requirement in
            their description clause.'
    ::= { ip 29 }
ipv6InterfaceTable OBJECT-TYPE
              SEQUENCE OF Ipv6InterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table containing per-interface IPv6-specific
            information."
    ::= { ip 30 }
ipv6InterfaceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Ipv6InterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An entry containing IPv6-specific information for a given
            interface.'
```

```
INDEX { ipv6InterfaceIfIndex }
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceTable 1 }
Ipv6InterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
         ipv6InterfaceIfIndex
                                         InterfaceIndex,
                                         Unsigned32, Ipv6AddressIfIdentifierTC,
         ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize
         ipv6InterfaceIdentifier
                                         INTEGER,
         ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus
         ipv6InterfaceReachableTime
                                         Unsigned32,
         ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime
                                         Unsigned32,
         ipv6InterfaceForwarding
                                         INTEGER
    }
ipv6InterfaceIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               InterfaceIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface to
             which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by a particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 1 }
ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE
                Unsigned32 (1500..65535)
    SYNTAX
                "octets"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The size of the largest IPv6 datagram that this entity can
             re-assemble from incoming IPv6 fragmented datagrams received
             on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 2 }
ipv6InterfaceIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE
                Ipv6AddressIfIdentifierTC
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The Interface Identifier for this interface. The Interface
             Identifier is combined with an address prefix to form an
             interface address.
             By default, the Interface Identifier is auto-configured
             according to the rules of the link type to which this
             interface is attached.
```

```
A zero length identifier may be used where appropriate.
             possible example is a loopback interface.'
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 3 }
-- This object ID is reserved as it was used in earlier versions of
-- the MIB module. In theory, OIDs are not assigned until the -- specification is released as an RFC; however, as some companies -- may have shipped code based on earlier versions of the MIB, it
-- seems best to reserve this OID. This OID had been
-- ipv6InterfacePhysicalAddress.
-- ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 4}
ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                   up(1),
                   down(2)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The indication of whether IPv6 is enabled (up) or disabled
              (down) on this interface. This object does not affect the
             state of the interface itself, only its connection to an IPv6 stack. The IF-MIB should be used to control the state
             of the interface.
             When this object is written, the entity SHOULD save the
             change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
             non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system.
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 5 }
ipv6InterfaceReachableTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 Unsigned32
                 "milliseconds"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The time a neighbor is considered reachable after receiving
             a reachability confirmation."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2461, Section 6.3.2"
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 6 }
ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 Unsigned32
                 "milliseconds"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
                 current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The time between retransmissions of Neighbor Solicitation
            messages to a neighbor when resolving the address or when
   probing the reachability of a neighbor." REFERENCE "RFC 2461, Section 6.3.2"
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 7 }
ipv6InterfaceForwarding OBJECT-TYPE
              INTEGER {
   SYNTAX
                    MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether this entity is acting as an IPv6
            router on this interface with respect to the forwarding of
           datagrams received by, but not addressed to, this entity.
            IPv6 routers forward datagrams. IPv6 hosts do not (except
            those source-routed via the host).
            This object is constrained by ipv6IpForwarding and is
            ignored if ipv6IpForwarding is set to notForwarding.
            systems that do not provide per-interface control of the
            forwarding function should set this object to forwarding for
            all interfaces and allow the ipv6IpForwarding object to
            control the forwarding capability.
            When this object is written, the entity SHOULD save the
            change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 8 }
-- Per-Interface or System-Wide IP statistics.
-- The following two tables, ipSystemStatsTable and ipIfStatsTable,
-- are intended to provide the same counters at different granularities.
-- The ipSystemStatsTable provides system wide counters aggregating
-- the traffic counters for all interfaces for a given address type.
-- The ipIfStatsTable provides the same counters but for specific
-- interfaces rather than as an aggregate.
-- Note well: If a system provides both system-wide and interface-
-- specific values, the system-wide value may not be equal to the sum
-- of the interface-specific values across all interfaces due to e.g.,
-- dynamic interface creation/deletion.
-- Note well: Both of these tables contain some items that are
```

```
-- represented by two objects, representing the value in either 32 -- or 64 bits. For those objects, the 32-bit value MUST be the low
-- order 32 bits of the 64-bit value. Also note that the 32-bit
-- counters must be included when the 64-bit counters are included.
ipTrafficStats OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ip 31 }
ipSystemStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
                SEQUENCE OF IpSystemStatsEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The table containing system wide, IP version specific traffic statistics. This table and the ipIfStatsTable
             contain similar objects whose difference is in their
             granularity. Where this table contains system wide traffic
             statistics, the ipIfStatsTable contains the same statistics
             but counted on a per-interface basis."
    ::= { ipTrafficStats 1 }
ipSystemStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                IpSystemStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A statistics entry containing system-wide objects for a
             particular IP version."
    INDEX { ipSystemStatsIPVersion }
    ::= { ipSystemStatsTable 1 }
IpSystemStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipSystemStatsIPVersion
                                             InetVersion,
         ipSystemStatsInReceives
                                             Counter32,
        ipSvstemStatsHCInReceives
                                             Counter64.
                                             Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInOctets
                                             Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsHCInOctets
                                             Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors
                                             Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInNoRoutes
        ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors
                                             Counter32,
         ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos
                                             Counter32,
                                             Counter32,
         ipSystemStatsInTruncatedPkts
                                             Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams
        ipSystemStatsHCInForwDatagrams
                                             Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsReasmReqds
                                             Counter32,
                                             Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsReasmOKs
        ipSystemStatsReasmFails
                                             Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInDiscards
                                             Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInDelivers
                                             Counter32,
```

```
ipSystemStatsHCInDelivers
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutRequests
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutForwDatagrams
                                          Counter64.
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutDiscards
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragReqds
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragFails
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutTransmits
        ipSystemStatsHCOutTransmits
                                          Counter64,
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutOctets
        ipSystemStatsHCOutOctets
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInMcastPkts
                                          Counter64,
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets
        ipSystemStatsHCInMcastOctets
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastPkts
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets
                                          Counter64,
                                          Counter32,
        ipSvstemStatsInBcastPkts
        ipSystemStatsHCInBcastPkts
                                          Counter64.
        ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutBcastPkts
                                          Counter64.
        ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime
                                          TimeStamp
        ipSystemStatsRefreshRate
                                          Unsigned32
    }
ipSystemStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
               InetVersion
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP version of this row."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 1 }
-- This object ID is reserved to allow the IDs for this table's objects
-- to align with the objects in the ipIfStatsTable.
-- ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 2 }
ipSystemStatsInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
```

"The total number of input IP datagrams received, including those received in error.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 3 }

ipSystemStatsHCInReceives OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The total number of input IP datagrams received, including those received in error. This object counts the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsInReceives, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 4 }

ipSystemStatsInOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams, including those received in error. Octets from datagrams counted in ipSystemStatsInReceives MUST be counted here.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 5 }

ipSystemStatsHCInOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams, including those received in error. This object counts the same octets as ipSystemStatsInOctets, but allows for larger

values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 6 }

ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded due to errors in their IP headers, including version number mismatch, other format errors, hop count exceeded, errors discovered in processing their IP options, etc.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.'

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 7 }

ipSystemStatsInNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE

Counter32 SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only **STATUS** current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because no route could be found to transmit them to their destination.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.'

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 8 }

ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only **STATUS** current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the IP address in their IP header's destination field was not a valid address to be received at this entity. includes invalid addresses (e.g., ::0). For entities that are not IP routers and therefore do not forward

datagrams, this counter includes datagrams discarded because the destination address was not a local address.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 9 }

ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of locally-addressed IP datagrams received successfully but discarded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 10 }

ipSystemStatsInTruncatedPkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the datagram frame didn't carry enough data.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 11 }

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which this entity attempted to find a route to forward them to that final destination. In entities that do not act as IP routers, this counter will include only those datagrams that were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route processing was successful.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the incoming interface is incremented for each datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 12 }

ipSystemStatsHCInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which this entity attempted to find a route to forward them to that final destination. This object counts the same packets as ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 13 }

ipSystemStatsReasmReqds OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP fragments received that needed to be reassembled at this interface.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these fragments were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the fragments.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at

```
re-initialization of the management system, and at other
       times as indicated by the value of
        ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 14 }
```

ipSystemStatsReasmOKs OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS **DESCRIPTION**

"The number of IP datagrams successfully reassembled.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.'

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 15 }

ipSvstemStatsReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of failures detected by the IP re-assembly algorithm (for whatever reason: timed out, errors, etc.). Note that this is not necessarily a count of discarded IP fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in RFC 815) can lose track of the number of fragments by combining them as they are received.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these fragments were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the fragments.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.'

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 16 }

ipSystemStatsInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE **SYNTAX** Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams for which no problems were encountered to prevent their continued processing, but were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter does not include any datagrams discarded while awaiting re-assembly.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 17 }

ipSystemStatsInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP user-protocols (including ICMP).

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 18 }

ipSystemStatsHCInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP user-protocols (including ICMP). This object counts the same packets as ipSystemStatsInDelivers, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

```
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 19 }
ipSystemStatsOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that local IP user-
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for
            transmission. Note that this counter does not include any
            datagrams counted in ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 20 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter64
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that local IP user-
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for
            transmission. This object counts the same packets as
            ipSystemStatsOutRequests, but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 21 }
ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of locally generated IP datagrams discarded
            because no route could be found to transmit them to their
            destination.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 22 }
```

```
ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of datagrams for which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which it was successful in finding a path to their final destination. In entities that do not act as IP routers, this counter will include only those datagrams that were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route processing was successful.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully forwarded datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 23 }

ipSystemStatsHCOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of datagrams for which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which it was successful in finding a path to their final destination. This object counts the same packets as ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 24 }

ipSystemStatsOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of output IP datagrams for which no problem was encountered to prevent their transmission to their destination, but were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter would include

datagrams counted in ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams if any such datagrams met this (discretionary) discard criterion.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 25 }

ipSystemStatsOutFragReqds OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP datagrams that would require fragmentation in order to be transmitted.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 26 }

ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP datagrams that have been successfully fragmented.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 27 }

STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP datagrams that have been discarded because they needed to be fragmented but could not be. This includes IPv4 packets that have the DF bit set and IPv6 packets that are being forwarded and exceed the outgoing link MTU.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for an unsuccessfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 28 }

ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of output datagram fragments that have been generated as a result of IP fragmentation.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 29 }

ipSystemStatsOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied to the lower layers for transmission. This includes datagrams generated locally and those forwarded by this entity.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other

```
times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.'
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 30 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied
            to the lower layers for transmission. This object counts
            the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsOutTransmits, but allows
            for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.'
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 31 }
ipSystemStatsOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the
            lower layers for transmission. Octets from datagrams
            counted in ipSystemStatsOutTransmits MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 32 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the lower layers for transmission. This objects counts the same
            octets as ipSystemStatsOutOctets, but allows for larger
            values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
```

times as indicated by the value of

```
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 33 }
ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 34 }
ipSystemStatsHCInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received. This object
            counts the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts but
            allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 35 }
ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
            datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
            ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.'
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 36 }
ipSystemStatsHCInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
            datagrams. This object counts the same octets as
            ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets, but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 37 }
ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 38 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted. This
            object counts the same datagrams as
            ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts, but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 39 }
ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast
            datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
```

ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts MUST be counted here.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 40 }

ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast datagrams. This object counts the same octets as ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 41 }

ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP broadcast datagrams received.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 42 }

ipSystemStatsHCInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP broadcast datagrams received. This object counts the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of

```
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 43 }
ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 44 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted. This
            object counts the same datagrams as
            ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts, but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime.
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 45 }
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            any one or more of this entry's counters suffered a
            discontinuity.
            If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 46 }
ipSystemStatsRefreshRate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32
               "milli-seconds"
    UNITS
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The minimum reasonable polling interval for this entry.
            This object provides an indication of the minimum amount of
            time required to update the counters in this entry."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 47 }
ipIfStatsTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            a row in the ipIfStatsTable was added or deleted.
            If new objects are added to the ipIfStatsTable that require
            the ipIfStatsTableLastChange to be updated when they are
            modified, they must specify that requirement in their description clause."
    ::= { ipTrafficStats 2 }
ipIfStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IDIFStatsEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table containing per-interface traffic statistics. table and the ipSystemStatsTable contain similar objects
            whose difference is in their granularity. Where this table
            contains per-interface statistics, the ipSystemStatsTable
            contains the same statistics, but counted on a system wide
            basis."
    ::= { ipTrafficStats 3 }
ipIfStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpIfStatsEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An interface statistics entry containing objects for a
            particular interface and version of IP.
    INDEX { ipIfStatsIPVersion, ipIfStatsIfIndex }
    ::= { ipIfStatsTable 1 }
IpIfStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipIfStatsIPVersion
                                       InetVersion,
        ipIfStatsIfIndex
                                       InterfaceIndex,
```

```
ipIfStatsInReceives
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCInReceives
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsInOctets
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCInOctets
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsInHdrErrors
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsInNoRoutes
                              Counter32.
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsInAddrErrors
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsInUnknownProtos
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsInTruncatedPkts
ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams
                              Counter32,
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsHCInForwDatagrams
ipIfStatsReasmReqds
                              Counter32,
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsReasm0Ks
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsReasmFails
ipIfStatsInDiscards
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsInDelivers
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCInDelivers
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutRequests
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutRequests
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams
                              Counter32,
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsHCOutForwDatagrams
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutDiscards
ipIfStatsOutFragRegds
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutFragOKs
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutFragFails
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutFragCreates
                              Counter32,
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutTransmits
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits
ipIfStatsOutOctets
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutOctets
                              Counter64,
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsInMcastPkts
ipIfStatsHCInMcastPkts
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsInMcastOctets
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCInMcastOctets
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutMcastPkts
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsInBcastPkts
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCInBcastPkts
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutBcastPkts
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime
                              TimeStamp,
ipIfStatsRefreshRate
                              Unsigned32
```

ipIfStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetVersion

}

```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                 current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
             "The IP version of this row."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 1 }
ipIfStatsIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InterfaceIndex MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface to
             which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by a particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 2 }
ipIfStatsInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
                Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The total number of input IP datagrams received, including
             those received in error.
             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
             re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of
             ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime.'
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 3 }
ipIfStatsHCInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The total number of input IP datagrams received, including
             those received in error. This object counts the same
             datagrams as ipIfStatsInReceives, but allows for larger
             values.
             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
             re-initialization of the management system, and at other
             times as indicated by the value of
             ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 4 }
ipIfStatsInOctets OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams,
             including those received in error. Octets from datagrams counted in ipIfStatsInReceives MUST be counted here.
             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
             re-initialization of the management system, and at other
             times as indicated by the value of
             ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 5 }
ipIfStatsHCInOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams, including those received in error. This object counts the
             same octets as ipIfStatsInOctets, but allows for larger
             values.
             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
             re-initialization of the management system, and at other
             times as indicated by the value of
             ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime.'
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 6 }
ipIfStatsInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of input IP datagrams discarded due to errors in
             their IP headers, including version number mismatch, other
             format errors, hop count exceeded, errors discovered in
             processing their IP options, etc.
             Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
             re-initialization of the management system, and at other
             times as indicated by the value of
             ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 7 }
ipIfStatsInNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because no route could be found to transmit them to their destination.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 8 }

ipIfStatsInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the IP address in their IP header's destination field was not a valid address to be received at this entity. This count includes invalid addresses (e.g., ::0). For entities that are not IP routers and therefore do not forward datagrams, this counter includes datagrams discarded because the destination address was not a local address.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 9 }

ipIfStatsInUnknownProtos OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of locally-addressed IP datagrams received successfully but discarded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of

```
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 10 }
ipIfStatsInTruncatedPkts OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the
            datagram frame didn't carry enough data.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime.'
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 11 }
ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
            their final IP destination and for which this entity
            attempted to find a route to forward them to that final
            destination. In entities that do not act as IP routers,
            this counter will include only those datagrams that were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route
            processing was successful.
            When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the
            incoming interface is incremented for each datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 12 }
ipIfStatsHCInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter64
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
            their final IP destination and for which this entity
            attempted to find a route to forward them to that final
            destination. This object counts the same packets as
```

ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 13 }

ipIfStatsReasmReqds OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP fragments received that needed to be reassembled at this interface.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these fragments were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the fragments.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 14 }

ipIfStatsReasmOKs OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP datagrams successfully reassembled.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 15 }

ipIfStatsReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of failures detected by the IP re-assembly algorithm (for whatever reason: timed out, errors, etc.). Note that this is not necessarily a count of discarded IP fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in RFC 815) can lose track of the number of fragments by combining them as they are received.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these fragments were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the fragments.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 16 }

ipIfStatsInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams for which no problems were encountered to prevent their continued processing, but were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter does not include any datagrams discarded while awaiting re-assembly.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 17 }

ipIfStatsInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP user-protocols (including ICMP).

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the

input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 18 }

ipIfStatsHCInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP user-protocols (including ICMP). This object counts the same packets as ipIfStatsInDelivers, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 19 }

ipIfStatsOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of IP datagrams that local IP userprotocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for transmission. Note that this counter does not include any datagrams counted in ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 20 }

ipIfStatsHCOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of IP datagrams that local IP userprotocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for transmission. This object counts the same packets as ipIfStatsOutRequests, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 21 }

-- This object ID is reserved to allow the IDs for this table's objects -- to align with the objects in the ipSystemStatsTable.

-- ::= {ipIfStatsEntry 22}

ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of datagrams for which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which it was successful in finding a path to their final destination. In entities that do not act as IP routers, this counter will include only those datagrams that were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route processing was successful.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully forwarded datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 23 }

ipIfStatsHCOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of datagrams for which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which it was successful in finding a path to their final destination. This object counts the same packets as ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of

```
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 24 }
ipIfStatsOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of output IP datagrams for which no problem was
            encountered to prevent their transmission to their
            destination, but were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter would include
            datagrams counted in ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams if any such
            datagrams met this (discretionary) discard criterion.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 25 }
ipIfStatsOutFragReqds OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that would require fragmentation
            in order to be transmitted.
            When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the
            outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully
            fragmented datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 26 }
ipIfStatsOutFragOKs OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that have been successfully
            fragmented.
            When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the
```

outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 27 }

ipIfStatsOutFragFails OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Čounter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP datagrams that have been discarded because they needed to be fragmented but could not be. This includes IPv4 packets that have the DF bit set and IPv6 packets that are being forwarded and exceed the outgoing link MTU.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for an unsuccessfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 28 }

ipIfStatsOutFragCreates OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of output datagram fragments that have been generated as a result of IP fragmentation.

When tracking interface statistics, the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 29 }

```
ipIfStatsOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied
            to the lower layers for transmission. This includes datagrams generated locally and those forwarded by this
            entity.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime.'
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 30 }
ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied
            to the lower layers for transmission. This object counts
            the same datagrams as ipIfStatsOutTransmits, but allows for
            larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime.'
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 31 }
ipIfStatsOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the
            lower layers for transmission. Octets from datagrams
            counted in ipIfStatsOutTransmits MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 32 }
ipIfStatsHCOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the
            lower layers for transmission. This objects counts the same
            octets as ipIfStatsOutOctets, but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 33 }
ipIfStatsInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 34 }
ipIfStatsHCInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received. This object
            counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsInMcastPkts, but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 35 }
ipIfStatsInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
```

datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in ipIfStatsInMcastPkts MUST be counted here.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 36 }

ipIfStatsHCInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The total number of octets received in IP multicast datagrams. This object counts the same octets as ipIfStatsInMcastOctets, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 37 }

ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 38 }

ipIfStatsHCOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted. This object counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts, but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other

```
times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 39 }
ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast
            datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
            ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 40 }
ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast
            datagrams. This object counts the same octets as
            ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets, but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 41 }
ipIfStatsInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 42 }
ipIfStatsHCInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received. This object
            counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsInBcastPkts, but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 43 }
ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 44 }
ipIfStatsHCOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted.
            object counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts.
            but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 45 }
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
```

any one or more of this entry's counters suffered a discontinuity.

If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last reinitialization of the local management subsystem, then this object contains a zero value."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 46 }

ipIfStatsRefreshRate OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32
 UNITS "milli-seconds"
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION

"The minimum reasonable polling interval for this entry.
This object provides an indication of the minimum amount of
time required to update the counters in this entry."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 47 }

-- Internet Address Prefix table

--

ipAddressPrefixTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpAddressPrefixEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table allows the user to determine the source of an IP address or set of IP addresses, and allows other tables to share the information via pointer rather than by copying.

For example, when the node configures both a unicast and anycast address for a prefix, the ipAddressPrefix objects for those addresses will point to a single row in this table.

This table primarily provides support for IPv6 prefixes, and several of the objects are less meaningful for IPv4. The table continues to allow IPv4 addresses to allow future flexibility. In order to promote a common configuration, this document includes suggestions for default values for IPv4 prefixes. Each of these values may be overridden if an object is meaningful to the node.

All prefixes used by this entity should be included in this table independent of how the entity learned the prefix. (This table isn't limited to prefixes learned from router

```
advertisements.)"
    ::= { ip 32 }
ipAddressPrefixEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpAddressPrefixEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the ipAddressPrefixTable."
             { ipAddressPrefixIfIndex, ipAddressPrefixType,
    INDEX
               ipAddressPrefixPrefix, ipAddressPrefixLength }
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixTable 1 }
IpAddressPrefixEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipAddressPrefixIfIndex
                                              InterfaceIndex,
        ipAddressPrefixType
                                              InetAddressType,
        ipAddressPrefixPrefix
                                              InetAddress.
                                              InetAddressPrefixLength,
        ipAddressPrefixLength
        ipAddressPrefixOrigin
                                              IpAddressPrefixOriginTC,
        ipAddressPrefixOnLinkFlag
                                              TruthValue,
        ipAddressPrefixAutonomousFlag
                                              TruthValue,
        ipAddressPrefixAdvPreferredLifetime
                                             Unsigned32,
        ipAddressPrefixAdvValidLifetime
                                              Unsigned32
    }
ipAddressPrefixIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
             InterfaceIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface on
            which this prefix is configured. The interface identified
            by a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 1 }
ipAddressPrefixType OBJECT-TYPE
              InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The address type of ipAddressPrefix."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 2 }
ipAddressPrefixPrefix OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddress
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
           current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
            "The address prefix. The address type of this object is
             specified in ipAddressPrefixType. The length of this object is the standard length for objects of that type (4 or 16
             bytes). Any bits after ipAddressPrefixLength must be zero.
             Implementors need to be aware that, if the size of ipAddressPrefixPrefix exceeds 114 octets, then OIDS of
             instances of columns in this row will have more than 128
             sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1,
             SNMPv2c, or SNMPv3."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 3 }
ipAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The prefix length associated with this prefix.
             The value 0 has no special meaning for this object.
                                                                          Ιt
             simply refers to address '::/0'."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 4 }
ipAddressPrefixOrigin OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                IpAddressPrefixOriginTC
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The origin of this prefix."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 5 }
ipAddressPrefixOnLinkFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This object has the value 'true(1)', if this prefix can be
             used for on-link determination; otherwise, the value is
             'false(2)'.
    The default for IPv4 prefixes is 'true(1)'." REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC 2461, especially sections 2 and 4.6.2 and
                RFC 2462"
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 6 }
ipAddressPrefixAutonomousFlag OBJECT-TYPE
                TruthValue
    SYNTAX
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current **DESCRIPTION**

"Autonomous address configuration flag. When true(1), indicates that this prefix can be used for autonomous address configuration (i.e., can be used to form a local interface address). If false(2), it is not used to auto-

configure a local interface address.

The default for IPv4 prefixes is 'false(2)'." REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC 2461, especially sections 2 and 4.6.2 and RFC 2462" ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 7 }

ipAddressPrefixAdvPreferredLifetime OBJECT-TYPE **SYNTAX** Unsigned32 "seconds' UNITS MAX-ACCESS read-only **STATUS** current **DESCRIPTION**

"The remaining length of time, in seconds, that this prefix will continue to be preferred, i.e., time until deprecation.

A value of 4,294,967,295 represents infinity.

The address generated from a deprecated prefix should no longer be used as a source address in new communications, but packets received on such an interface are processed as expected.

The default for IPv4 prefixes is 4,294,967,295 (infinity)." REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC 2461, especially sections 2 and 4.6.2 and RFC 2462"

::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 8 }

ipAddressPrefixAdvValidLifetime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsianed32 "seconds" UNITS MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The remaining length of time, in seconds, that this prefix will continue to be valid, i.e., time until invalidation. A value of 4,294,967,295 represents infinity.

The address generated from an invalidated prefix should not appear as the destination or source address of a packet.

The default for IPv4 prefixes is 4,294,967,295 (infinity)."
REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC 2461, especially sections 2 and 4.6.2 and
RFC 2462"
::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 9 }

-- Internet Address Table

--

ipAddressSpinLock OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX TestAndIncr
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION

"An advisory lock used to allow cooperating SNMP managers to coordinate their use of the set operation in creating or modifying rows within this table.

In order to use this lock to coordinate the use of set operations, managers should first retrieve ipAddressTableSpinLock. They should then determine the appropriate row to create or modify. Finally, they should issue the appropriate set command, including the retrieved value of ipAddressSpinLock. If another manager has altered the table in the meantime, then the value of ipAddressSpinLock will have changed, and the creation will fail as it will be specifying an incorrect value for ipAddressSpinLock. It is suggested, but not required, that the ipAddressSpinLock be the first var bind for each set of objects representing a 'row' in a PDU."

 $::= \{ ip 33 \}$

ipAddressTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpAddressEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table contains addressing information relevant to the entity's interfaces.

This table does not contain multicast address information. Tables for such information should be contained in multicast specific MIBs, such as RFC 3019.

While this table is writable, the user will note that several objects, such as ipAddressOrigin, are not. The intention in allowing a user to write to this table is to allow them to add or remove any entry that isn't

permanent. The user should be allowed to modify objects and entries when that would not cause inconsistencies within the table. Allowing write access to objects, such as ipAddressOrigin, could allow a user to insert an entry and then label it incorrectly.

```
Note well: When including IPv6 link-local addresses in this
            table, the entry must use an InetAddressType of 'ipv6z' in order to differentiate between the possible interfaces."
    ::= { ip 34 }
ipAddressEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                IpAddressEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An address mapping for a particular interface."
    INDEX { ipAddressAddrType, ipAddressAddr }
    ::= { ipAddressTable 1 }
IpAddressEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipAddressAddrType
                                InetAddressType,
        ipAddressAddr
                                InetAddress,
        ipAddressIfIndex
                                InterfaceIndex.
        ipAddressType
                                INTEGER.
                                RowPointer,
        ipAddressPrefix
                                IpAddressOriginTC,
        ipAddressOrigin
        ipAddressStatus
                                IpAddressStatusTC,
        ipAddressCreated
                                TimeStamp,
        ipAddressLastChanged
                                TimeStamp,
        ipAddressRowStatus
                                RowStatus,
        ipAddressStorageType
                                StorageType
    }
ipAddressAddrType OBJECT-TYPE
                InetAddressType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address type of ipAddressAddr."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 1 }
ipAddressAddr OBJECT-TYPE
                InetAddress
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP address to which this entry's addressing information
```

```
pertains. The address type of this object is specified in
            ipAddressAddrType.
            Implementors need to be aware that if the size of
            ipAddressAddr exceeds 116 octets, then OIDS of instances of
            columns in this row will have more than 128 sub-identifiers
            and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c, or SNMPv3.'
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 2 }
ipAddressIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
              InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex.'
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 3 }
ipAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
               INTEGER {
    SYNTAX
                 unicast(1),
                 anycast(2)
                 broadcast(3)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The type of address. broadcast(3) is not a valid value for
            IPv6 addresses (RFC 3513)."
    DEFVAL { unicast }
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 4 }
ipAddressPrefix OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              RowPointer
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A pointer to the row in the prefix table to which this
                             May be { 0 0 } if there is no such row."
           address belongs.
    DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 5 }
ipAddressOrigin OBJECT-TYPE
               IpAddressOriginTC
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
            "The origin of the address."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 6 }
ipAddressStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                IpAddressStatusTC
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The status of the address, describing if the address can be
             used for communication.
             In the absence of other information, an IPv4 address is
             always preferred(1)."
    DEFVAL { preferred }
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 7 }
ipAddressCreated OBJECT-TYPE
                TimeStamp
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The value of sysUpTime at the time this entry was created.
             If this entry was created prior to the last re-
initialization of the local network management subsystem,
             then this object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 8 }
ipAddressLastChanged OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of sysUpTime at the time this entry was last updated. If this entry was updated prior to the last reinitialization of the local network management subsystem,
              then this object contains a zero value.'
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 9 }
ipAddressRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
               RowStatus
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
                 current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
             "The status of this conceptual row.
              The RowStatus TC requires that this DESCRIPTION clause
             states under which circumstances other objects in this row
```

can be modified. The value of this object has no effect on whether other objects in this conceptual row can be modified.

ipNetToPhysicalTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpNetToPhysicalEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION

"The IP Address Translation table used for mapping from IP addresses to physical addresses.

The Address Translation tables contain the IP address to 'physical' address equivalences. Some interfaces do not use translation tables for determining address equivalences (e.g., DDN-X.25 has an algorithmic method); if all interfaces are of this type, then the Address Translation table is empty, i.e., has zero entries.

While many protocols may be used to populate this table, ARP and Neighbor Discovery are the most likely options."

REFERENCE "RFC 826 and RFC 2461" ::= { ip 35 }

ipNetToPhysicalEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX IpNetToPhysicalEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current

```
DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains one IP address to `physical' address
            equivalence.
    INDEX
                 { ipNetToPhysicalIfIndex,
                   ipNetToPhysicalNetAddressType,
                   ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress }
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalTable 1 }
IpNetToPhysicalEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipNetToPhysicalIfIndex
                                         InterfaceIndex,
        ipNetToPhysicalNetAddressType
                                         InetAddressType,
        ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress
                                         InetAddress,
        ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress
                                         PhysAddress,
        ipNetToPhysicalLastUpdated
                                         TimeStamp,
                                         INTEGER,
        ipNetToPhysicalType
        ipNetToPhysicalState
                                         INTEGER,
                                         RowStatus
        ipNetToPhysicalRowStatus
    }
ipNetToPhysicalIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 1 }
ipNetToPhysicalNetAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The type of ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress."
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 2 }
ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP Address corresponding to the media-dependent
             physical' address. The address type of this object is
            specified in ipNetToPhysicalAddressType.
            Implementors need to be aware that if the size of
```

```
ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress exceeds 115 octets, then OIDS of instances of columns in this row will have more than 128
              sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1,
              SNMPv2c, or SNMPv3."
     ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 3 }
ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                  PhysAddress (SIZE(0..65535))
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The media-dependent `physical' address.
              As the entries in this table are typically not persistent when this object is written the entity SHOULD NOT save the change to non-volatile storage."
     ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 4 }
ipNetToPhysicalLastUpdated OBJECT-TYPE
                  TimeStamp
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The value of sysUpTime at the time this entry was last
              updated. If this entry was updated prior to the last re-
              initialization of the local network management subsystem,
              then this object contains a zero value."
     ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 5 }
ipNetToPhysicalType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                  INTEGER {
                   other(1)
                                        -- none of the following
                   invalid(2),
                                        -- an invalidated mapping
                   dynamic(3),
                   static(4),
                                        -- local interface
                   local(5)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The type of mapping.
              Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect
              of invalidating the corresponding entry in the
              ipNetToPhysicalTable. That is, it effectively disassociates the interface identified with said entry from the
              mapping identified with said entry. It is an implementation-specific matter as to whether the agent
```

removes an invalidated entry from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be prepared to receive tabular information from agents that corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such entries requires examination of the relevant ipNetToPhysicalType object.

The 'dynamic(3)' type indicates that the IP address to physical addresses mapping has been dynamically resolved using e.g., IPv4 ARP or the IPv6 Neighbor Discovery protocol.

The 'static(4)' type indicates that the mapping has been statically configured. Both of these refer to entries that provide mappings for other entities addresses.

The 'local(5)' type indicates that the mapping is provided for an entity's own interface address.

As the entries in this table are typically not persistent when this object is written the entity SHOULD NOT save the change to non-volatile storage."

```
DEFVAL { static }
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 6 }
ipNetToPhysicalState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                     reachable(1), -- confirmed reachability
                                  -- unconfirmed reachability
                     stale(2),
                     delay(3),
                                   -- waiting for reachability
                                   -- confirmation before entering
                                   -- the probe state
                                  -- actively probing
                     probe(4),
                     invalid(5),
                                   -- an invalidated mapping
                     unknown(6),
                                   -- state can not be determined
                                   -- for some reason.
                     incomplete(7) -- address resolution is being
                                   -- performed.
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"The Neighbor Unreachability Detection state for the
            interface when the address mapping in this entry is used.
            If Neighbor Unreachability Detection is not in use (e.g. for
    IPv4), this object is always unknown(6)." REFERENCE "RFC 2461"
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 7 }
ipNetToPhysicalRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of this conceptual row.
            The RowStatus TC requires that this DESCRIPTION clause
            states under which circumstances other objects in this row
            can be modified. The value of this object has no effect on
            whether other objects in this conceptual row can be
            modified.
            A conceptual row can not be made active until the
            ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress object has been set.
            Note that if the ipNetToPhysicalType is set to 'invalid',
            the managed node may delete the entry independent of the state of this object."
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 8 }
-- The IPv6 Scope Zone Index Table.
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF Ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table used to describe IPv6 unicast and multicast scope
            zones.
            For those objects that have names rather than numbers, the
            names were chosen to coincide with the names used in the
            IPv6 address architecture document. '
    REFERENCE "Section 2.7 of RFC 4291"
    ::= \{ ip 36 \}
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry
```

```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains the list of scope identifiers on a given
            interfaceí'
    INDEX { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexIfIndex }
::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable 1 }
Ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexIfIndex
                                               InterfaceIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexLinkLocal
                                               InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3
                                               InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexAdminLocal
                                               InetZoneIndex,
                                               InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSiteLocal
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndex6
                                               InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndex7
                                               InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexOrganizationLocal
                                               InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndex9
                                               InetZoneIndex,
                                               InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexA
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexB
                                               InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexC
                                               InetZoneIndex.
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexD
                                               InetZoneIndex
    }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
              InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface to
            which these scopes belong. The interface identified by a
            particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 1 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexLinkLocal OBJECT-TYPE
              InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the link-local scope on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 2 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3 OBJECT-TYPE
               InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The zone index for scope 3 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 3 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexAdminLocal OBJECT-TYPE
               InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the admin-local scope on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 4 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSiteLocal OBJECT-TYPE
              InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the site-local scope on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 5 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex6 OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InetZoneIndex PAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope 6 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 6 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex7 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope 7 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 7 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexOrganizationLocal OBJECT-TYPE
               InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the organization-local scope on this
            interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 8 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex9 OBJECT-TYPE
               InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope 9 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 9 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexA OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope A on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 10 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexB OBJECT-TYPE
              InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope B on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 11 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexC OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope C on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 12 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexD OBJECT-TYPE
              InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope D on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 13 }
-- The Default Router Table
-- This table simply lists the default routers; for more information
-- about routing tables, see the routing MIBs
ipDefaultRouterTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpDefaultRouterEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table used to describe the default routers known to this
```

```
entity."
    ::= \{ ip 37 \}
ipDefaultRouterEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpDefaultRouterEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains information about a default router known
            to this entity.
    INDEX {ipDefaultRouterAddressType, ipDefaultRouterAddress,
           ipDefaultRouterIfIndex}
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterTable 1 }
IpDefaultRouterEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipDefaultRouterAddressType
                                    InetAddressType,
                                    InetAddress.
        ipDefaultRouterAddress
        ipDefaultRouterIfIndex
                                    InterfaceIndex,
        ipDefaultRouterLifetime
                                    Unsigned32,
                                    INTEĞER
        ipDefaultRouterPreference
    }
ipDefaultRouterAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The address type for this row."
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 1 }
ipDefaultRouterAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP address of the default router represented by this
            row. The address type of this object is specified in
            ipDefaultRouterAddressType.
            Implementers need to be aware that if the size of
            ipDefaultRouterAddress exceeds 115 octets, then OIDS of
            instances of columns in this row will have more than 128
            sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1,
            SNMPv2c, or SNMPv3."
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 2 }
ipDefaultRouterIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               InterfaceIndex
    SYNTAX
```

```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface by
            which the router can be reached. The interface identified
            by a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 3 }
ipDefaultRouterLifetime OBJECT-TYPE
               Unsigned32 (0..65535)
    SYNTAX
    UNITS
               "seconds"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The remaining length of time, in seconds, that this router
            will continue to be useful as a default router. A value of
            zero indicates that it is no longer useful as a default
            router. It is left to the implementer of the MIB as to
            whether a router with a lifetime of zero is removed from the
            list.
            For IPv6, this value should be extracted from the router
            advertisement messages."
    REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC 2462 sections 4.2 and 6.3.4"
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 4 }
ipDefaultRouterPreference OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                      reserved (-2),
                      low (-1),
                      medium (0),
                      high (1)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An indication of preference given to this router as a default router as described in he Default Router
            Preferences document. Treating the value as a
            2 bit signed integer allows for simple arithmetic
            comparisons.
            For IPv4 routers or IPv6 routers that are not using the
            updated router advertisement format, this object is set to
            medium (0)."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4291, section 2.1"
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 5 }
```

```
-- Configuration information for constructing router advertisements
ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                TestAndIncr
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An advisory lock used to allow cooperating SNMP managers to
             coordinate their use of the set operation in creating or
             modifying rows within this table.
             In order to use this lock to coordinate the use of set operations, managers should first retrieve
             ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock. They should then determine the
             appropriate row to create or modify. Finally, they should
             issue the appropriate set command including the retrieved
             value of ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock. If another manager has altered the table in the meantime, then the value of ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock will have changed and the creation
             will fail as it will be specifying an incorrect value for
             ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock. It is suggested, but not
             required, that the ipv6RouterAdvertŠpinLock be the first var
             bind for each set of objects representing a 'row' in a PDU."
    ::= { ip 38 }
ipv6RouterAdvertTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SEQUENCE OF Ipv6RouterAdvertEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The table containing information used to construct router
             advertisements."
    ::= \{ ip 39 \}
ipv6RouterAdvertEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               Ipv6RouterAdvertEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry containing information used to construct router
             advertisements.
             Information in this table is persistent, and when this
             object is written, the entity SHOULD save the change to
             non-volatile storage."
    INDEX { ipv6RouterAdvertIfIndex }
```

```
::= { ipv6RouterAdvertTable 1 }
Ipv6RouterAdvertEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipv6RouterAdvertIfIndex
                                          InterfaceIndex,
        ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts
                                          TruthValue,
        ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval
                                          Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval
                                          Unsigned32,
                                          TruthValue,
        ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag
        ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag
                                          TruthValue,
                                          Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU
                                          Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime
        ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime
                                          Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit
                                          Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime
                                          Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus
                                          RowStatus
    }
ipv6RouterAdvertIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               InterfaceIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface on
            which router advertisements constructed with this
            information will be transmitted. The interface identified
            by a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 1 }
ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts OBJECT-TYPE
               TruthValue
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A flag indicating whether the router sends periodic
            router advertisements and responds to router solicitations
            on this interface.'
    REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 2 }
ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (4..1800)
    UNITS
               "seconds"
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The maximum time allowed between sending unsolicited router
```

```
advertisements from this interface."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { 600 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 3 }
ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval OBJECT-TYPE
                Unsigned32 (3..1350)
    SYNTAX
                "seconds"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The minimum time allowed between sending unsolicited router
            advertisements from this interface.
            The default is 0.33 * ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval, however,
            in the case of a low value for ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval,
            the minimum value for this object is restricted to 3."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 4 }
ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag OBJECT-TYPE
               TruthValue
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The true/false value to be placed into the 'managed address
            configuration' flag field in router advertisements sent from this interface."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 5 }
ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The true/false value to be placed into the 'other stateful configuration' flag field in router advertisements sent from
             this interface."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 6 }
ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU OBJECT-TYPE
               Unsigned32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
           current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "The value to be placed in MTU options sent by the router on
            this interface.
            A value of zero indicates that no MTU options are sent."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"
   DEFVAL { 0 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 7 }
ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime OBJECT-TYPE
               Unsigned32 (0..3600000)
               "milliseconds"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value to be placed in the reachable time field in router
            advertisement messages sent from this interface.
            A value of zero in the router advertisement indicates that
            the advertisement isn't specifying a value for reachable
            time."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { 0 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 8 }
ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32
    SYNTAX
               "milliseconds"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value to be placed in the retransmit timer field in
            router advertisements sent from this interface.
            A value of zero in the router advertisement indicates that
            the advertisement isn't specifying a value for retrans
            time."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { 0 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 9 }
ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32 (0..255)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The default value to be placed in the current hop limit
            field in router advertisements sent from this interface.
```

The value should be set to the current diameter of the Internet.

A value of zero in the router advertisement indicates that the advertisement isn't specifying a value for curHopLimit.

The default should be set to the value specified in the IANA web pages (www.iana.org) at the time of implementation."

REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"

::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 10 }

ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0|4..9000)

UNITS "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The value to be placed in the router lifetime field of router advertisements sent from this interface. This value MUST be either 0 or between ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval and 9000 seconds.

A value of zero indicates that the router is not to be used as a default router.

The default is 3 * ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval."
REFERENCE "RFC 2461 Section 6.2.1"
::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 11 }

ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The status of this conceptual row.

As all objects in this conceptual row have default values, a row can be created and made active by setting this object appropriately.

The RowStatus TC requires that this DESCRIPTION clause states under which circumstances other objects in this row can be modified. The value of this object has no effect on whether other objects in this conceptual row can be modified."

::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 12 }

--

```
-- ICMP section
         OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 5 }
icmp
-- ICMP non-message-specific counters
-- These object IDs are reserved, as they were used in earlier -- versions of the MIB module. In theory, OIDs are not assigned
-- until the specification is released as an RFC; however, as some
-- companies may have shipped code based on earlier versions of
-- the MIB, it seems best to reserve these OIDs.
-- ::= { icmp 27 }
-- ::= { icmp 28 }
icmpStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IcmpStatsEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The table of generic system-wide ICMP counters."
    ::= { icmp 29 }
icmpStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IcmpStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "A conceptual row in the icmpStatsTable."
             { icmpStatsIPVersion }
    ::= { icmpStatsTable 1 }
IcmpStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        icmpStatsIPVersion InetVersion,
        icmpStatsInMsgs
                              Counter32,
                              Counter32,
        icmpStatsInErrors
        icmpStatsOutMsgs
                              Counter32,
        icmpStatsOutErrors Counter32
    }
icmpStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
                InetVersion
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP version of the statistics."
```

```
::= { icmpStatsEntry 1 }
icmpStatsInMsgs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages that the entity received.
            Note that this counter includes all those counted by
            icmpStatsInErrors.'
    ::= { icmpStatsEntry 2 }
icmpStatsInErrors OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages that the entity received but
            determined as having ICMP-specific errors (bad ICMP
            checksums, bad length, etc.).
    ::= { icmpStatsEntry 3 }
icmpStatsOutMsgs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages that the entity attempted
            to send. Note that this counter includes all those counted
            by icmpStatsOutErrors.'
    ::= { icmpStatsEntry 4 }
icmpStatsOutErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages that this entity did not send
            due to problems discovered within ICMP, such as a lack of
            buffers. This value should not include errors discovered
            outside the ICMP layer, such as the inability of IP to route
            the resultant datagram. In some implementations, there may
            be no types of error that contribute to this counter's
            value.
    ::= { icmpStatsEntry 5 }
-- per-version, per-message type ICMP counters
```

```
icmpMsgStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IcmpMsgStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table of system-wide per-version, per-message type ICMP
            counters."
    ::= \{ icmp 30 \}
icmpMsgStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
              IcmpMsgStatsEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A conceptual row in the icmpMsgStatsTable.
            The system should track each ICMP type value, even if that
            ICMP type is not supported by the system. However, a given row need not be instantiated unless a message of that
            type has been processed, i.e., the row for
            icmpMsgStatsType=X MAY be instantiated before but MUST be
            instantiated after the first message with Type=X is
            received or transmitted. After receiving or transmitting
            any succeeding messages with Type=X, the relevant counter
            must be incremented."
    INDEX { icmpMsgStatsIPVersion, icmpMsgStatsType }
    ::= { icmpMsgStatsTable 1 }
IcmpMsgStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        icmpMsgStatsIPVersion
                                InetVersion,
        icmpMsgStatsType
                                Integer32,
                                Counter32,
        icmpMsqStatsInPkts
        icmpMsgStatsOutPkts
                                Counter32
    }
icmpMsqStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
              InetVersion
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP version of the statistics."
    ::= { icmpMsgStatsEntry 1 }
icmpMsgStatsType OBJECT-TYPE
               Integer32 (0..255)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The ICMP type field of the message type being counted by
            this row.
            Note that ICMP message types are scoped by the address type
            in use."
    REFERENCE "http://www.iana.org/assignments/icmp-parameters and
               http://www.iana.org/assignments/icmpv6-parameters"
    ::= { icmpMsqStatsEntry 2 }
icmpMsgStatsInPkts OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input packets for this AF and type."
    ::= { icmpMsgStatsEntry 3 }
icmpMsgStatsOutPkts OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of output packets for this AF and type."
    ::= { icmpMsqStatsEntry 4 }
-- conformance information
ipMIBConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMIB 2 }
ipMIBCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMIBConformance 1 }
                 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMIBConformance 2 }
ipMIBGroups
-- compliance statements
ipMIBCompliance2 MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for systems that implement IP -
             either IPv4 or IPv6.
            There are a number of INDEX objects that cannot be
            represented in the form of OBJECT clauses in SMIv2, but
            for which we have the following compliance requirements,
            expressed in OBJECT clause form in this description
            clause:
```

```
-- OBJECT
                 ipSystemStatsIPVersion
-- SYNTAX
                 InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6
___
       versions.
-- OBJECT
                  ipIfStatsIPVersion
-- SYNTAX
                 InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6
___
       versions.
___
___
                  icmpStatsIPVersion
-- OBJECT
                 InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
-- SYNTAX
-- DESCRIPTION
       This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6
___
       versions.
___
___
-- OBJECT
                  icmpMsgStatsIPVersion
-- SYNTAX
                 InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6
___
       versions.
___
___
-- OBJECT
                 ipAddressPrefixTvpe
                 InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
-- SYNTAX
-- DESCRIPTION
       This MIB requires support for only global IPv4 and
       IPv6 address types.
___
___
-- OBJECT
                 ipAddressPrefixPrefix
-- SYNTAX
                 InetAddress (Size(4 | 16))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This MIB requires support for only global IPv4 and
--
       IPv6 addresses and so the size can be either 4 or
___
       16 bytes.
___
_ _
-- OBJECT
                  ipAddressAddrType
-- SYNTAX
                 InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)
                                    ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
       This MIB requires support for only global and
       non-global IPv4 and IPv6 address types.
___
___
-- OBJECT
                  ipAddressAddr
-- SYNTAX
                 InetAddress (Size(4 | 8 | 16 | 20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This MIB requires support for only global and
```

```
non-global IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and so the size
               can be 4, 8, 16, or 20 bytes.
        ___
        ___
                          ipNetToPhysicalNetAddressType
        -- OBJECT
                          -- SYNTAX
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This MIB requires support for only global and
        ___
               non-global IPv4 and IPv6 address types.
        ___
        ___
        -- OBJECT
                          ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress
        -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddress (Size(4 | 8 | 16 | 20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This MIB requires support for only global and non-global IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and so the size
               can be 4, 8, 16, or 20 bytes.
        ___
        ___
                          ipDefaultRouterAddressType
        -- OBJECT
                          -- SYNTAX
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This MIB requires support for only global and
        ___
               non-global IPv4 and IPv6 address types.
        ___
        ___
        -- OBJECT
                          ipDefaultRouterAddress
        -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddress (Size(4 | 8 | 16 | 20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This MIB requires support for only global and non-global IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and so the size
               can be 4, 8, 16, or 20 bytes.'
        ___
MODULE -- this module
MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipSystemStatsGroup,
                                           ipAddressGroup.
                    ipNetToPhysicalGroup, ipDefaultRouterGroup,
                   icmpStatsGroup }
GROUP ipSystemStatsHCOctetGroup
DESCRIPTION
       "This group is mandatory for systems that have an aggregate
        bandwidth of greater than 20MB. Including this group does
        not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these
        objects."
GROUP ipSystemStatsHCPacketGroup
DESCRIPTION
       "This group is mandatory for systems that have an aggregate
```

bandwidth of greater than 650MB. Including this group

does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects."

GROUP ipIfStatsGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is optional for all systems."

GROUP ipIfStatsHCOctetGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for systems that include the ipIfStatsGroup and include links with bandwidths of greater than 20MB. Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects."

GROUP ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for systems that include the ipIfStatsGroup and include links with bandwidths of greater than 650MB. Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects."

GROUP ipv4GeneralGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4."

GROUP ipv4IfGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4."

GROUP ipv4SystemStatsGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4."

GROUP ipv4SystemStatsHCPacketGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4 and that have an aggregate bandwidth of greater than 650MB.

Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects."

GROUP ipv4IfStatsGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4 and including the ipIfStatsGroup."

GROUP ipv4IfStatsHCPacketGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4 and

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including the ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup. Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects.'

GROUP ipv6GeneralGroup2

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6."

GROUP ipv6IfGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6."

GROUP ipAddressPrefixGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6."

GROUP ipv6ScopeGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6."

GROUP ipv6RouterAdvertGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all IPv6 routers."

GROUP ipLastChangeGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is optional for all agents."

OBJECT ipv6IpForwarding

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object."

OBJECT ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object."

ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus **OBJECT**

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object."

ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus **OBJECT**

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object."

OBJECT ipv6InterfaceForwarding

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object."

OBJECT ipAddressSpinLock MIN-ACCESS not-accessible

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object. However, if an agent provides write access to any of the other objects in the ipAddressGroup, it SHOULD provide write access to this object as well."

OBJECT ipAddressIfIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object."

OBJECT ipAddressType

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object."

OBJECT ipAddressStatus

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object."

OBJECT ipAddressRowStatus

SYNTAX RowStatus { active(1) }

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object."

OBJECT ipAddressStorageType

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object.

If an agent allows this object to be written or created, it is not required to allow this object to be set to readOnly, permanent, or nonVolatile."

OBJECT ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object."

OBJECT ipNetToPhysicalType

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object."

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object. However, if an agent provides write access to any of the other objects in the ipv6RouterAdvertGroup, it SHOULD provide write access to this object as well."

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object."

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object."

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object."

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object."

```
ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag
    MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
           "An agent is not required to provide write access to this
            object."
    OBJECT
               ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU
    MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
           "An agent is not required to provide write access to this
            object."
               ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime
    OBJECT
    MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
           "An agent is not required to provide write access to this
            object."
               ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime
    OBJECT
    MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
           "An agent is not required to provide write access to this
            object."
    OBJECT 
               ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit
    MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
           "An agent is not required to provide write access to this
            object.'
               ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime
    OBJECT
    MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
           "An agent is not required to provide write access to this
            object."
               ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus
    OBJECT
    MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
           "An agent is not required to provide write or create access
            to this object."
    ::= { ipMIBCompliances 2 }
-- units of conformance
ipv4GeneralGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipForwarding, ipDefaultTL, ipReasmTimeout }
    OBJECTS
Routhier, Ed.
                            Standards Track
                                                                [Page 92]
```

```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of IPv4-specific objects for basic management of
            IPv4 entities."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 3 }
ipv4IfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize, ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus,
                ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of IPv4-specific objects for basic management of
            IPv4 interfaces."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 4 }
ipv6GeneralGroup2 OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipv6IpForwarding, ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IPv6 group of objects providing for basic management of IPv6 entities."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 5 }
ipv6IfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize,
                                              ipv6InterfaceIdentifier
                ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus,
                                              ipv6InterfaceReachableTime,
                ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime, ipv6InterfaceForwarding }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of IPv6-specific objects for basic management of
            IPv6 interfaces."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 6 }
ipLastChangeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipv4InterfaceTableLastChange.
                ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange,
                ipIfStatsTableLastChange }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The last change objects associated with this MIB.
            objects are optional for all agents. They SHOULD be
            implemented on agents where it is possible to determine the
            proper values. Where it is not possible to determine the
            proper values, for example when the tables are split amongst
            several sub-agents using AgentX, the agent MUST NOT
            implement these objects to return an incorrect or static
            value."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 7 }
```

```
ipSystemStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipSystemStatsInReceives,
                ipSystemStatsInOctets,
                ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors,
                ipSystemStatsInNoRoutes,
                ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors
                ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos,
                ipSystemStatsInTruncatedPkts,
                ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams,
                ipSystemStatsReasmReqds,
                ipSystemStatsReasmOKs
                ipSystemStatsReasmFails,
                ipSystemStatsInDiscards,
                ipSystemStatsInDelivers,
                ipSystemStatsOutRequests,
                ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes,
                ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams,
                ipSystemStatsOutDiscards,
                ipSystemStatsOutFragReqds,
                ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs
                ipSystemStatsOutFragFails:
                ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates,
                ipSystemStatsOutTransmits,
                ipSvstemStatsOutOctets
                ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts
                ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets,
                ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts
                ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets
                ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime,
                ipSystemStatsRefreshRate }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP system wide statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 8 }
ipv4SystemStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts, ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts }
    OBJECTS
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IPv4 only system wide statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 9 }
ipSystemStatsHCOctetGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipSystemStatsHCInOctets,
    OBJECTS
                ipSystemStatsHCOutOctets
                ipSystemStatsHCInMcastOctets,
                ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets
}
```

```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "IP system wide statistics for systems that may overflow the
            standard octet counters within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 10 }
ipSystemStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipSystemStatsHCInReceives,
                 ipSystemStatsHCInForwDatagrams,
                 ipSystemStatsHCInDelivers,
                 ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests,
                 ipSystemStatsHCOutForwDatagrams,
                 ipSystemStatsHCOutTransmits,
                 ipSystemStatsHCInMcastPkts,
                 ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastPkts
}
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP system wide statistics for systems that may overflow the
             standard packet counters within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 11 }
ipv4SystemStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
               { ipSvstemStatsHCInBcastPkts.
                 ipSystemStatsHCOutBcastPkts }
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "IPv4 only system wide statistics for systems that may overflow the standard packet counters within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 12 }
ipIfStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipIfStatsInReceives,
    OBJECTS
                                               ipIfStatsInOctets,
                 ipIfStatsInHdrErrors.
                                               ipIfStatsInNoRoutes.
                 ipIfStatsInAddrErrors
                                               ipIfStatsInUnknownProtos,
                 ipIfStatsInTruncatedPkts,
                                               ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams,
                 ipIfStatsReasmRegds,
                                               ipIfStatsReasmOKs,
                 ipIfStatsReasmFails,
                                               ipIfStatsInDiscards,
                 ipIfStatsInDelivers,
                                               ipIfStatsOutRequests,
                 ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams,
                                               ipIfStatsOutDiscards,
                 ipIfStatsOutFragReqds,
                                               ipIfStatsOutFragOKs,
                 ipIfStatsOutFragFails,
                                               ipIfStatsOutFragCreates,
                 ipIfStatsOutTransmits.
                                               ipIfStatsOutOctets,
                 ipIfStatsInMcastPkts.
                                               ipIfStatsInMcastOctets,
                 ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts,
                                               ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets,
                 ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime, ipIfStatsRefreshRate }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"IP per-interface statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 13 }
ipv4IfStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipIfStatsInBcastPkts, ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts }
    OBJECTS
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
    "IPv4 only per-interface statistics."
::= { ipMIBGroups 14 }
ipIfStatsHCOctetGroup OBJECT-GROUP
             { ipIfStatsHCInOctets,
                                           ipIfStatsHCOutOctets,
    OBJECTS
                ipIfStatsHCInMcastOctets, ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets }
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP per-interfaces statistics for systems that include
            interfaces that may overflow the standard octet
            counters within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 15 }
ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipIfStatsHCInReceives,
                                              ipIfStatsHCInForwDatagrams,
                ipIfStatsHCInDelivers,
                                              ipIfStatsHCOutRequests,
                ipIfStatsHCOutForwDatagrams, ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits,
                ipIfStatsHCInMcastPkts,
                                              ipIfStatsHCOutMcastPkts }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP per-interfaces statistics for systems that include
            interfaces that may overflow the standard packet counters
            within 1 hour.
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 16 }
ipv4IfStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipIfStatsHCInBcastPkts, ipIfStatsHCOutBcastPkts }
    OBJECTS
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IPv4 only per-interface statistics for systems that include
            interfaces that may overflow the standard packet counters
            within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 17 }
ipAddressPrefixGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipAddressPrefixOrigin,
                ipAddressPrefixOnLinkFlag
                ipAddressPrefixAutonomousFlag
                ipAddressPrefixAdvPreferredLifetime,
                ipAddressPrefixAdvValidLifetime }
    STATUS
               current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about address
            prefixes used by this node.'
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 18 }
ipAddressGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipAddressSpinLock,
    OBJECTS
                                      ipAddressIfIndex.
                 ipAddressType,
                                      ipAddressPrefix,
                                      ipAddressStatus,
                 ipAddressOrigin,
                 ipAddressCreated,
                                      ipAddressLastChanged,
                 ipAddressRowStatus, ipAddressStorageType }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about the addresses relevant to this entity's interfaces."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 19 }
ipNetToPhysicalGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress, ipNetToPhysicalLastUpdated,
    OBJECTS
                 inNetToPhysicalType,
                                               ipNetToPhysicalState,
                 ipNetToPhysicalRowStatus }
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about the
            mappings of network address to physical address known to
            this node."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 20 }
ipv6ScopeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexLinkLocal,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexAdminLocal,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSiteLocal,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndex6,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndex7,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexOrganizationLocal,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndex9,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexA,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexB,
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexC
                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexD }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for managing IPv6 scope zones."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 21 }
ipDefaultRouterGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipDefaultRouterLifetime, ipDefaultRouterPreference }
    OBJECTS
```

```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about default
            routers known to this node."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 22 }
ipv6RouterAdvertGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock,
    OBJECTS
                ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts,
                ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval,
                ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval,
                ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag,
                ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag,
                ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU
                ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime,
                ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime,
                ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit,
                ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime,
                ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus
}
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for controlling information advertised
            by IPv6 routers.
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 23 }
icmpStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
                                    icmpStatsInErrors,
    OBJECTS
              {icmpStatsInMsgs,
               icmpStatsOutMsgs,
                                   icmpStatsOutErrors,
               icmpMsgStatsInPkts, icmpMsgStatsOutPkts }
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects providing ICMP statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 24 }
-- Deprecated objects
ipInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of input datagrams received from
            interfaces, including those received in error.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
```

```
table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
              ipSystemStatsInRecieves."
    ::= \{ ip 3 \}
ipInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
                Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
             "The number of input datagrams discarded due to errors in
              their IPv4 headers, including bad checksums, version number
              mismatch, other format errors, time-to-live exceeded, errors discovered in processing their IPv4 options, etc.
              This object has been deprecated as a new IP version-neutral
              table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
              ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors.'
     ::= \{ ip 4 \}
ipInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
             "The number of input datagrams discarded because the IPv4
              address in their IPv4 header's destination field was not a valid address to be received at this entity. This count
              includes invalid addresses (e.g., 0.0.0.0) and addresses of unsupported Classes (e.g., Class E). For entities which are
              not IPv4 routers, and therefore do not forward datagrams,
              this counter includes datagrams discarded because the
              destination address was not a local address.
              This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
              table has been added. It is loosely replaced by ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors."
    ::= \{ ip 5 \}
ipForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
             "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
```

their final IPv4 destination, as a result of which an attempt was made to find a route to forward them to that final destination. In entities which do not act as IPv4 routers, this counter will include only those packets which

were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route option processing was successful.

This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams."

 $::= \{ ip 6 \}$

ipInUnknownProtos OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"The number of locally-addressed datagrams received successfully but discarded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol.

This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos."

 $::= \{ ip 7 \}$

ipInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IPv4 datagrams for which no problems were encountered to prevent their continued processing, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter does not include any datagrams discarded while awaiting re-assembly.

This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by ipSystemStatsInDiscards."

 $::= \{ ip 8 \}$

ipInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of input datagrams successfully delivered to IPv4 user-protocols (including ICMP).

This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by

```
ipSystemStatsIndelivers."
    ::= \{ ip 9 \}
ipOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The total number of IPv4 datagrams which local IPv4 user
             protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IPv4 in requests for
             transmission. Note that this counter does not include any
             datagrams counted in ipForwDatagrams.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
             ipSystemStatsOutRequests.'
    ::= { ip 10 }
ipOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of output IPv4 datagrams for which no problem was
             encountered to prevent their transmission to their
             destination, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter would include datagrams counted in ipForwDatagrams if any such packets met
             this (discretionary) discard criterion.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
             ipSystemStatsOutDiscards."
    ::= { ip 11 }
ipOutNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of IPv4 datagrams discarded because no route
             could be found to transmit them to their destination.
             that this counter includes any packets counted in
             ipForwDatagrams which meet this `no-route' criterion.
                                                                         Note
             that this includes any datagrams which a host cannot route
```

This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral

because all of its default routers are down.

```
table has been added. It is loosely replaced by 
ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes."
    ::= { ip 12 }
ipReasmReqds OBJECT-TYPE
                Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of IPv4 fragments received which needed to be
             reassembled at this entity.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
              ipSystemStatsReasmReqds."
    ::= \{ ip 14' \}
ipReasmOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of IPv4 datagrams successfully re-assembled.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by ipSystemStatsReasmOKs."
    ::= { ip 15 }
ipReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE
                Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of failures detected by the IPv4 re-assembly
             algorithm (for whatever reason: timed out, errors, etc).
Note that this is not necessarily a count of discarded IPv4
             fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in RFC 815) can lose track of the number of fragments by
             combining them as they are received.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
              ipSystemStatsReasmFails."
    ::= { ip 16 }
ipFragOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Counter32
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagrams that have been successfully
            fragmented at this entity.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs."
    ::= { ip 17 }
ipFragFails OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagrams that have been discarded
            because they needed to be fragmented at this entity but
            could not be, e.g., because their Don't Fragment flag was
            set.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsOutFragFails."
    ::= { ip 18 }
ipFragCreates OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagram fragments that have been
            generated as a result of fragmentation at this entity.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates.'
    ::= { ip 19 }
ipRoutingDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of routing entries which were chosen to be
            discarded even though they are valid. One possible reason
            for discarding such an entry could be to free-up buffer space for other routing entries.
```

```
This object was defined in pre-IPv6 versions of the IP MIB. It was implicitly IPv4 only, but the original specifications did not indicate this protocol restriction. In order to
             clarify the specifications, this object has been deprecated
             and a similar, but more thoroughly clarified, object has
              been added to the IP-FORWARD-MIB."
    ::= { ip 23 }
-- the deprecated IPv4 address table
ipAddrTable OBJECT-TYPE
                 SEQUENCE OF IpAddrEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                 deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
             "The table of addressing information relevant to this
             entity's IPv4 addresses.
              This table has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by the
             ipAddressTable although several objects that weren't deemed useful weren't carried forward while another
              (ipAdEntReasmMaxSize) was moved to the ipv4InterfaceTable."
    ::= \{ ip 20 \}
ipAddrEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 IpAddrEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                 deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
             "The addressing information for one of this entity's IPv4
             addresses.'
                 { ipAdEntAddr }
    INDEX
    ::= { ipAddrTable 1 }
IpAddrEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
         ipAdEntAddr
                                  IpAddress,
         ipAdEntIfIndex
                                  INTEGER,
         ipAdEntNetMask
                                 IpAddress,
                                 INTEGER,
         ipAdEntBcastAddr
                                 INTEGER
         ipAdEntReasmMaxSize
    }
ipAdEntAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The IPv4 address to which this entry's addressing
             information pertains."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 1 }
ipAdEntIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                 INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
             which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
             a particular value of this index is the same interface as
             identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 2 }
ipAdEntNetMask OBJECT-TYPE
                 IpAddress
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The subnet mask associated with the IPv4 address of this entry. The value of the mask is an IPv4 address with all
             the network bits set to 1 and all the hosts bits set to 0."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 3 }
ipAdEntBcastAddr OBJECT-TYPE
                INTEGER (0..1)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of the least-significant bit in the IPv4 broadcast
             address used for sending datagrams on the (logical)
             interface associated with the IPv4 address of this entry.
             For example, when the Internet standard all-ones broadcast address is used, the value will be 1. This value applies to both the subnet and network broadcast addresses used by the
             entity on this (logical) interface."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 4 }
ipAdEntReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE
                 INTEGER (0..65535)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The size of the largest IPv4 datagram which this entity can
             re-assemble from incoming IPv4 fragmented datagrams received
             on this interface."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 5 }
```

```
-- the deprecated IPv4 Address Translation table
-- The Address Translation tables contain the IpAddress to
-- "physical" address equivalences. Some interfaces do not
-- use translation tables for determining address
-- equivalences (e.g., DDN-X.25 has an algorithmic method);
-- if all interfaces are of this type, then the Address
-- Translation table is empty, i.e., has zero entries.
ipNetToMediaTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpNetToMediaEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IPv4 Address Translation table used for mapping from
             IPv4 addresses to physical addresses.
             This table has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by the ipNetToPhysicalTable."
    ::= \{ ip 22 \}
ipNetToMediaEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                IpNetToMediaEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "Each entry contains one IpAddress to `physical' address
             equivalence.
    INDEX
                  { ipNetToMediaIfIndex,
                    ipNetToMediaNetAddress }
    ::= { ipNetToMediaTable 1 }
IpNetToMediaEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
         ipNetToMediaIfIndex
                                     INTEGER,
         ipNetToMediaPhysAddress
                                     PhysAddress,
         ipNetToMediaNetAddress
                                     IpAddress,
         ipNetToMediaType
                                     INTEGER
    }
ipNetToMediaIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The interface on which this entry's equivalence is
             effective. The interface identified by a particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the
```

```
same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex.
            This object predates the rule limiting index objects to a
            max access value of 'not-accessible' and so continues to use
            a value of 'read-create'."
    ::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 1 }
ipNetToMediaPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               PhysAddress (SIZE(0..65535))
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
               deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The media-dependent `physical' address. This object should return 0 when this entry is in the 'incomplete' state.
            As the entries in this table are typically not persistent
            when this object is written the entity should not save the
            change to non-volatile storage. Note: a stronger
            requirement is not used because this object was previously
            defined."
    ::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 2 }
ipNetToMediaNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IpAddress corresponding to the media-dependent
             physical' address.
            This object predates the rule limiting index objects to a
            max access value of 'not-accessible' and so continues to use
            a value of 'read-create'."
    ::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 3 }
ipNetToMediaType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                 other(1),
                                  -- none of the following
                 invalid(2),
                                  -- an invalidated mapping
                 dynamic(3),
                 static(4)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The type of mapping.
            Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect
```

of invalidating the corresponding entry in the ipNetToMediaTable. That is, it effectively dis-associates the interface identified with said entry from the mapping identified with said entry. It is an implementation-specific matter as to whether the agent removes an invalidated entry from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be prepared to receive tabular information from agents that corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such entries requires examination of the relevant ipNetToMediaType object.

As the entries in this table are typically not persistent when this object is written the entity should not save the change to non-volatile storage. Note: a stronger requirement is not used because this object was previously defined."

::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 4 }

-- the deprecated ICMP group

icmpInMsgs OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"The total number of ICMP messages which the entity received.

Note that this counter includes all those counted by icmpInErrors.

This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by icmpStatsInMsgs."
::= { icmp 1 }

icmpInErrors OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"The number of ICMP messages which the entity received but determined as having ICMP-specific errors (bad ICMP checksums, bad length, etc.).

This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by icmpStatsInErrors."

::= { icmp 2 }

```
icmpInDestUnreachs OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Destination Unreachable messages
             received.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 3 }
icmpInTimeExcds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Time Exceeded messages received.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 4 }
icmpInParmProbs OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Parameter Problem messages received.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 5 }
icmpInSrcQuenchs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Source Quench messages received.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 6 }
```

```
icmpInRedirects OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Redirect messages received.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 7 }
icmpInEchos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Echo (request) messages received.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 8 }
icmpInEchoReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Echo Reply messages received.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 9 }
icmpInTimestamps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Timestamp (request) messages received.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 10 }
```

```
icmpInTimestampReps OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp Reply messages received.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 11 }
icmpInAddrMasks OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Address Mask Request messages received.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 12 }
icmpInAddrMaskReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Address Mask Reply messages received.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 13 }
icmpOutMsqs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages which this entity
            attempted to send. Note that this counter includes all
            those counted by icmpOutErrors.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
             icmpStatsOutMsqs."
Routhier, Ed.
                             Standards Track
                                                                  [Page 111]
```

```
::= { icmp 14 }
icmpOutErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP messages which this entity did not send due to problems discovered within ICMP, such as a lack of
             buffers. This value should not include errors discovered outside the ICMP layer, such as the inability of IP to route
             the resultant datagram. In some implementations, there may
             be no types of error which contribute to this counter's
             value.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
             icmpStatsOutErrors."
    ::= { icmp 15 }
icmpOutDestUnreachs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Destination Unreachable messages sent.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 16 }
icmpOutTimeExcds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Time Exceeded messages sent.
             This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
             table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
             the icmpMsgStatsTable.
    ::= { icmp 17 }
icmpOutParmProbs OBJECT-TYPE
                Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                deprecated
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Parameter Problem messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 18 }
icmpOutSrcQuenchs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
              deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Source Quench messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 19 }
icmpOutRedirects OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Redirect messages sent. For a host, this
            object will always be zero, since hosts do not send
            redirects.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 20 }
icmpOutEchos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Echo (request) messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 21 }
icmpOutEchoReps OBJECT-TYPE
            · Counter32
    SYNTAX
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Echo Reply messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 22 }
icmpOutTimestamps OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of ICMP Timestamp (request) messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 23 }
icmpOutTimestampReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp Reply messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 24 }
icmpOutAddrMasks OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Address Mask Request messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 25 }
icmpOutAddrMaskReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Address Mask Reply messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated, as a new IP version-neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 26 }
-- deprecated conformance information
-- deprecated compliance statements
ipMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The compliance statement for systems that implement only
                   For version-independence, this compliance statement
            is deprecated in favor of ipMIBCompliance2."
    MODULE -- this module
        MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipGroup,
                            icmpGroup }
    ::= { ipMIBCompliances 1 }
-- deprecated units of conformance
ipGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipForwarding,
                                          ipDefaultTTL,
    OBJECTS
                ipInReceives,
                                          ipInHdrErrors,
                ipInAddrErrors,
                                          ipForwDatagrams,
                ipInUnknownProtos,
                                          ipInDiscards,
                ipInDelivers,
                                          ipOutRequests,
                ipOutDiscards,
                                          ipOutNoRoutes,
                ipReasmTimeout,
                                          ipReasmReads.
                ipReasmOKs,
                                          ipReasmFails,
                ipFrag0Ks,
                                          ipFragFails,
                ipFragCreates,
                                          ipAdEntAddr,
                                          ipAdEntNetMask,
                ipAdEntIfIndex
                ipAdEntBcastAddr
                                          ipAdEntReasmMaxSize,
                ipNetToMediaIfIndex,
                                          ipNetToMediaPhysAddress,
                ipNetToMediaNetAddress, ipNetToMediaType,
                ipRoutingDiscards
}
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The ip group of objects providing for basic management of IP
            entities, exclusive of the management of IP routes.
```

```
As part of the version independence, this group has been
            deprecated.
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 1 }
icmpGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { icmpInMsgs,
                                      icmpInErrors,
                icmpInDestUnreachs,
                                      icmpInTimeExcds,
                icmpInParmProbs,
                                      icmpInSrcQuenchs,
                icmpInRedirects,
                                      icmpInEchos,
                                      icmpInTimestamps,
                icmpInEchoReps,
                icmpInTimestampReps, icmpInAddrMasks,
                icmpInAddrMaskReps,
                                      icmpOutMsgs,
                icmpOutErrors,
                                      icmpOutDestUnreachs,
                icmpOutTimeExcds,
                                      icmpOutParmProbs,
                                      icmpOutRedirects,
                icmpOutSrcQuenchs,
                icmpOutEchos,
                                      icmpOutEchoReps,
                                      icmpOutTimestampReps,
                icmpOutTimestamps,
                icmpOutAddrMasks,
                                      icmpOutAddrMaskReps }
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The icmp group of objects providing ICMP statistics.
            As part of the version independence, this group has been
            deprecated.
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 2 }
```

END

6. Previous Work

This document contains objects modified from RFC 1213 [11], RFC 2011 [12], RFC 2465 [13], and RFC 2466 [14].

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8. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

ipForwarding and ipv6IpForwarding - these objects allow a manager to enable or disable the routing functions on the entity. By disabling the routing functions, an attacker would possibly be able to deny service to users. By enabling the routing functions, an attacker could open a conduit into an area. This might result in the area providing transit for packets it shouldn't or might allow the attacker access to the area bypassing security safeguards.

ipDefaultTTL and ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit - these objects allow a manager to determine the diameter of the valid area for a packet. By decreasing the value of these objects, an attacker could cause packets to be discarded before reaching their destinations.

ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus and ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus - these objects allow a manager to enable or disable IPv4 and IPv6 on a specific interface. By enabling a protocol on an interface, an attacker might be able to create an unsecured path into a node (or through it if routing is also enabled). By disabling a protocol on an interface, an attacker might be able to force packets to be routed through some other interface or deny access to some or all of the network via that protocol.

ipAddressTable - the objects in this table specify the addresses in use on this node. By modifying this information, an attacker can cause a node to either ignore messages destined to it or accept (at least at the IP layer) messages it would otherwise ignore. The use of filtering or security associations may reduce the potential damage in the latter case.

ipv6RouterAdvertTable - the objects in this table specify the information that a router should propagate in its routing advertisement messages. By modifying this information, an attacker can interfere with the auto-configuration of all hosts on the link. Most modifications to this table will result in a

denial of service to some or all hosts on the link. However two objects, ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag and ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag, indicate if a host should acquire configuration information from some other source. By enabling these, an attacker might be able to cause a host to retrieve its configuration information from a compromised source.

ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress and ipNetToPhysicalType - these objects specify information used to translate a network (IP) address into a media dependent address. By modifying these objects, an attacker could disable communication with a node or divert messages from one node to another. However, the attacker may be able to carry out a similar attack by simply responding to the ARP or ND request made by the target node.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP.

These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

Essentially, all of the objects in this MIB could be considered sensitive as they report on the status of the IP modules within a system. However, the ipSystemStatsTable, ipIfStatsTable, and ipAddressTable are likely to be of most interest to an attacker. The statistics tables supply information about the quantity and type of traffic this node is processing and, especially for transit providers, may be considered sensitive. The address table provides a convenient list of all addresses in use by this node. Each address in isolation is unremarkable, however, the total list would allow an attacker to correlate otherwise unrelated traffic. For example, an attacker might be able to correlate an RFC 3041 [15] private address with known public addresses, thus circumventing the intentions of RFC 3041.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [9], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module, is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

9. Acknowledgements

Reviews and other contributions were made by:

Dario Acornero, Cisco Systems Mike MacFaden, VMWare Keith McCloghrie, Cisco Systems Juergen Schoenwalder, TU Braunschweig Margaret Wasserman, Devicescape

10. Authors

This document was written by the IPv6 MIB revision design team:

Bill Fenner, AT&T Labs -- Research EMail: fenner@research.att.com

Brian Haberman

EMail: brian@innovationslab.net

Shawn A. Routhier EMail: sar@iwl.com

Dave Thaler, Microsoft

EMail: dthaler@microsoft.com

This document updates parts of the MIBs from several other documents. RFC 2011 is the previous update to the IP MIB. RFC 2465 and RFC 2466 are the first versions that specified IPv6 addresses and information.

RFC 2011:

Keith McCloghrie, Cisco Systems (Editor)

RFC 2465 and RFC 2466: Dimitry Haskin, Bay Networks

Steve Onishi, Bay Networks

Editor's Contact Information

Shawn A. Routhier Interworking Labs 108 Whispering Pines Dr. Suite 235 Scotts Valley, CA 95066 USA

EMail: sar@iwl.com

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Acknowledgement

Funding for the RFC Editor function is provided by the IETF Administrative Support Activity (IASA).