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Definitions of Managed Objects for Character Stream Devices using SMIv2

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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1. Introduction

This memo defines an extension to the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines objects for the management of character stream devices.

2. The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework

The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework consists of four major components. They are:

- o RFC 1442 [1] which defines the SMI, the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management.
- o STD 17, RFC 1213 [2] defines MIB-II, the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols.

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- o RFC 1445 [3] which defines the administrative and other architectural aspects of the framework.
- o RFC 1448 [4] which defines the protocol used for network access to managed objects.

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

2.1. Object Definitions

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) defined in the SMI. In particular, each object object type is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER, an administratively assigned name. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the descriptor, to refer to the object type.

Overview

The Character MIB applies to ports that carry a character stream, whether physical or virtual, serial or parallel, synchronous or asynchronous. The most common example of a character stream device is a hardware terminal port with an RS-232 interface. Another common hardware example is a parallel printer port, say with a Centronics interface. The concept also includes virtual terminal ports, such as a software connection point for a remote console.

The Character MIB is mandatory for all systems that offer character stream ports. This includes, for example, terminal servers, general-purpose time-sharing hosts, and even such systems as a bridge with a (virtual) console port. It may or may not include character ports that do not support network sessions, depending on the system's needs.

The Character MIB's central abstraction is a port. Physical ports have a one-to-one correspondence with hardware ports. Virtual ports are software entities analogous to physical ports, but with no hardware connector.

Each port supports one or more sessions. A session represents a virtual connection that carries characters between the port and some partner. Sessions typically operate over a stack of network protocols. A typical session, for example, uses Telnet over TCP.

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The MIB comprises one base object and two tables, detailed in the following sections. The tables contain objects for ports and sessions.

The MIB intentionally contains no distinction between what is often called permanent and operational or volatile data bases. For the purposes of this MIB, handling of such distinctions is implementation specific.

3.1. Relationship to Interface MIB

The Character MIB does not relate directly to the Interface MIB [1], since it is not intrinsically a network interface. On the other hand, in most implementations where it is present, it will be above a physical sublayer interface, such as the RS-232-like [2] or Parallel-printer-like [3] MIBs. Such physical interfaces typically are represented by a row in the interface table (ifTable), identified by a value of ifIndex.

4. Definitions

CHARACTER-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, Counter32, Integer32, Gauge32, TimeTicks FROM SNMPv2-SMI
AutonomousType, InstancePointer FROM SNMPv2-TC
InterfaceIndex FROM IF-MIB
transmission, mib-2 FROM RFC1213-MIB
MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF;

char MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "9405261700Z"
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```
DESCRIPTION
               "The MIB module for character stream devices."
     ::= { mib-2 19 }
PortIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
     DISPLAY-HINT "d"
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
               "A unique value, greater than zero, for each character port in the managed system. It is
               recommended that values are assigned contiguously
               starting from 1. The value for each interface sub-
layer must remain constant at least from one re-
initialization of the entity's network management
               system to the next re-initialization.
               In a system where the character ports are attached
               to hardware represented by an ifIndex, it is
               conventional, but not required, to make the character port index equal to the corresponding
               ifIndex.'
     SYNTAX Integer32
-- Generic Character information
charNumber OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
          "The number of entries in charPortTable, regardless
     of their current state."
::= { char 1 }
-- the Character Port table
charPortTable OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF CharPortEntry
     MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
          "A list of port entries. The number of entries is
     given by the value of charNumber."
::= { char 2 }
```

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```
charPortEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX CharPortEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "Status and parameter values for a character port."
    INDEX { charPortIndex }
::= { charPortTable 1 }
CharPortEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        charPortIndex
             PortIndex,
        charPortName
             DisplayString,
        charPortType
             INTEGÉR,
        charPortHardware
             AutonomousType,
        charPortReset
        INTEGER,
charPortAdminStatus
             INTEGER,
        charPortOperStatus
             INTEGER.
        charPortLastChange
             TimeTicks,
        charPortInFlowType
             INTEGER,
        charPortOutFlowType
             INTEGER,
        charPortInFlowState
             INTEGER,
        charPortOutFlowState
             INTEGER,
        charPortInCharacters
             Counter32,
        charPortOutCharacters
             Counter32,
        charPortAdminOrigin
             INTEGER,
        charPortSessionMaximum
             INTEGER,
        charPortSessionNumber
             Gauge32,
        charPortSessionIndex
        INTEGER,
charPortInFlowTypes
```

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```
OCTET STRING,
         charPortOutFlowTypes
              OCTET STRING,
         charPortLowerIfIndex
              InterfaceIndex
    }
charPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX PortIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "A unique value for each character port, perhaps corresponding to the same value of ifIndex when the
         character port is associated with a hardware port
         represented by an ifIndex."
     ::= { charPortEntry 1 }
charPortName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..32))
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "An administratively assigned name for the port,
         typically with some local significance."
     ::= { charPortEntry 2 }
charPortType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { physical(1), virtual(2) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The port's type, 'physical' if the port represents an external hardware connector, 'virtual' if it does
     ::= { charPortEntry 3 }
charPortHardware OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX AutonomousType
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "A reference to hardware MIB definitions specific to
         a physical port's external connector. For example,
         if the connector is RS-232, then the value of this object refers to a MIB sub-tree defining objects
         specific to RS-232. If an agent is not configured to have such values, the agent returns the object
```

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```
identifier:
              nullHardware OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 }
     ::= { charPortEntry 4 }
charPortReset OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { ready(1), execute(2) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
          "A control to force the port into a clean, initial
         state, both hardware and software, disconnecting all
         the port's existing sessions. In response to a get-request or get-next-request, the agent always returns 'ready' as the value. Setting the value to
          'execute' causes a reset.'
     ::= { charPortEntry 5 }
charPortAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2), off(3),
                         maintenance(4) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The port's desired state, independent of flow
         control. 'enabled' indicates that the port is allowed to pass characters and form new sessions. 'disabled' indicates that the port is allowed to
         pass characters but not form new sessions.
          indicates that the port is not allowed to pass
         characters or have any sessions. 'maintenance'
         indicates a maintenance mode, exclusive of normal
         operation, such as running a test.
          'enabled' corresponds to ifAdminStatus 'up'.
'disabled' and 'off' correspond to ifAdminStatus
          'down'. 'maintenance' corresponds to ifAdminStatus
'test'."
     ::= { charPortEntry 6 }
charPortOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { up(1), down(2),
                         maintenance(3), absent(4), active(5) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The port's actual, operational state, independent
```

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```
of flow control.
                           'up' indicates able to function
                    'down' indicates inability to function
        normally.
        for administrative or operational reasons.
         'maintenance' indicates a maintenance mode,
        exclusive of normal operation, such as running a test. 'absent' indicates that port hardware is not
        present. 'active' indicates up with a user present
        (e.g. logged in).
         'up' and 'active' correspond to ifOperStatus 'up'.
         'down'. 'maintenance' corresponds to ifOperStatus 'test'."
    ::= { charPortEntry 7 }
charPortLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The value of sysUpTime at the time the port entered
        its current operational state. If the current state
        was entered prior to the last reinitialization of
        the local network management subsystem, then this
        object contains a zero value.'
    ::= { charPortEntry 8 }
-- charPortInFlowType is deprecated in favor of
-- charPortInFlowTypes
charPortInFlowType OBJECT-TYPE
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
         "The port's type of input flow control. 'none'
        indicates no flow control at this level or below. 'xonXoff' indicates software flow control by
         recognizing XON and XOFF characters. 'hardware'
        indicates flow control delegated to the lower level,
        for example a parallel port.
         'ctsRts' and 'dsrDtr' are specific to RS-232-like
    ports. Although not architecturally pure, they are included here for simplicity's sake."
::= { charPortEntry 9 }
```

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```
-- charPortOutFlowType is deprecated in favor of
-- charPortOutFlowTypes
charPortOutFlowType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGÉR { none(1), xonXoff(2), hardware(3), ctsRts(4), dsrDtr(5) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
         "The port's type of output flow control. 'none'
         indicates no flow control at this level or below.
         'xonXoff' indicates software flow control by
         recognizing XON and XOFF characters. 'hardware'
         indicates flow control delegated to the lower level,
         for example a parallel port.
         'ctsRts' and 'dsrDtr' are specific to RS-232-like
         ports. Although not architecturally pure, they are
         included here for simplicy's sake."
    ::= { charPortEntry 10 }
charPortInFlowState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), unknown(2), stop(3), qo(4) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The current operational state of input flow control
         on the port. 'none' indicates not applicable. 
'unknown' indicates this level does not know.
         'stop' indicates flow not allowed. 'go' indicates
         flow allowed.'
    ::= { charPortEntry 11 }
charPortOutFlowState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), unknown(2), stop(3), go(4) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The current operational state of output flow
         control on the port. 'none' indicates not applicable. 'unknown' indicates this level does not know. 'stop' indicates flow not allowed. 'go' indicates flow allowed."
    ::= { charPortEntry 12 }
charPortInCharacters OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

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```
STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
          "Total number of characters detected as input from
          the port since system re-initialization and while
          the port operational state was 'up', 'active', or 'maintenance', including, for example, framing, flow control (i.e. XON and XOFF), each occurrence of a
          BREAK condition, locally-processed input, and input
          sent to all sessions."
     ::= { charPortEntry 13 }
charPortOutCharacters OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX Counter32
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
          "Total number of characters detected as output to
          the port since system re-initialization and while
          the port operational state was 'up', 'active', or 'maintenance', including, for example, framing, flow control (i.e. XON and XOFF), each occurrence of a
          BREAK condition, locally-créated output, and output received from all sessions."
     ::= { charPortEntry 14 }
charPortAdminOrigin OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER { dynamic(1), network(2), local(3),
                           none(4) }
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
          "The administratively allowed origin for
          establishing session on the port. 'dynamic' allows 'network' or 'local' session establishment. 'none' disallows session establishment."
     ::= { charPortEntry 15 }
charPortSessionMaximum OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER (-1..2147483647)
     MAX-ACCESS read-write
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
           'The maximum number of concurrent sessions allowed
          on the port. A value of -1 indicates no maximum.
          Setting the maximum to less than the current number
          of sessions has unspecified results."
     ::= { charPortEntry 16 }
```

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```
charPortSessionNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Gauge32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of open sessions on the port that are in
    the connecting, connected, or disconnecting state.'
::= { charPortEntry 17 }
charPortSessionIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The value of charSessIndex for the port's first or
        only active session. If the port has no active
        session, the agent returns the value zero.'
    ::= { charPortEntry 18 }
charPortInFlowTypes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The port's types of input flow control at the
        software level. Hardware-level flow control is
        independently controlled by the appropriate hardware-level MIB.
        A value of zero indicates no flow control.
        Depending on the specific implementation, any or
        all combinations of flow control may be chosen by
        adding the values:
             xonXoff, recognizing XON and XOFF characters
        128
             enqHost, ENQ/ACK to allow input to host
        64
        32
             engTerm, ACK to allow output to port
    ::= { charPortEntry 19 }
charPortOutFlowTypes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The port's types of output flow control at the
        software level. Hardware-level flow control is
        independently controlled by the appropriate
```

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hardware-level MIB. A value of zero indicates no flow control. Depending on the specific implementation, any or all combinations of flow control may be chosen by adding the values: xonXoff, recognizing XON and XOFF characters 128 enqHost, ENQ/ACK to allow input to host 64 32 engTerm, ACK to allow output to port ::= { charPortEntry 20 } charPortLowerIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InterfaceIndex MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current **DESCRIPTION** "The ifIndex value of the lower level hardware supporting this character port, zero if none."
::= { charPortEntry 21 } -- the Character Session table charSessTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF CharSessEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current **DESCRIPTION** "A list of port session entries." ::= { char 3 } charSessEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX CharSessEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current **DESCRIPTION** "Status and parameter values for a character port session." INDEX { charSessPortIndex, charSessIndex } ::= { charSessTable 1 } CharSessEntry ::= SEQUENCE { charSessPortIndex PortIndex, charSessIndex

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```
INTEGER,
         charSessKill
              INTEGER,
         charSessState
              INTEGER,
         charSessProtocol
              AutonomousType,
         charSessOperOrigin
              INTEGER,
         charSessInCharacters
              Counter32,
         charSessOutCharacters
              Counter32,
         charSessConnectionId
              InstancePointer,
         charSessStartTime
              TimeTicks
    }
charSessPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX PortIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The value of charPortIndex for the port to which
         this session belongs."
     ::= { charSessEntry 1 }
charSessIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The session index in the context of the port, a non-zero positive integer. Session indexes within a port need not be sequential. Session indexes may be reused for different ports. For example, port 1 and
         port 3 may both have a session 2 at the same time.
         Session indexes may have any valid integer value,
         with any meaning convenient to the agent
         implementation.
     ::= { charSessEntry 2 }
charSessKill OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { ready(1), execute(2) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
```

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```
"A control to terminate the session. In response to
          a get-request or get-next-request, the agent always
          returns 'ready' as the value. Setting the value to 'execute' causes termination."
     ::= { charSessEntry 3 }
charSessState OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER { connecting(1), connected(2),
                          disconnecting(3) }
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
          "The current operational state of the session,
         disregarding flow control. 'connected' indicates that character data could flow on the network side of session. 'connecting' indicates moving from
          nonexistent toward 'connected'. 'disconnecting'
         indicates moving from 'connected' or 'connecting' to
          nonexistent."
     ::= { charSessEntry 4 }
charSessProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX AutonomousType
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
          "The network protocol over which the session is running. Other OBJECT IDENTIFIER values may be
         defined elsewhere, in association with specific
     protocols. However, this document assigns those of
known interest as of this writing."
::= { charSessEntry 5 }
wellKnownProtocols OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { char 4 }
protocolOther OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { wellKnownProtocols 1 }
protocolTelnet OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { wellKnownProtocols 2
protocolRlogin OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { wellKnownProtocols 3
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { wellKnownProtocols 4 }
protocolLat
protocolX29    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { wellKnownProtocols 5 }
protocolVtp    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { wellKnownProtocols 6 }
charSessOperOrigin OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX INTEGER { unknown(1), network(2), local(3) }
     MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
```

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```
"The session's source of establishment."
    ::= { charSessEntry 6 }
charSessInCharacters OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current DESCRIPTION
         "This session's subset of charPortInCharacters."
    ::= { charSessEntry 7 }
charSessOutCharacters OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
          'This session's subset of charPortOutCharacters."
    ::= { charSessEntry 8 }
charSessConnectionId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InstancePointer
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "A reference to additional local MIB information.
         This should be the highest available related MIB,
         corresponding to charSessProtocol, such as Telnet. For example, the value for a TCP connection (in the absence of a Telnet MIB) is the object identifier of
         tcpConnState. If an agent is not configured to have
         such values, the agent returns the object
         identifier:
              nullConnectionId OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 }
    ::= { charSessEntry 9 }
charSessStartTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The value of sysUpTime in MIB-2 when the session
    entered connecting state."
::= { charSessEntry 10 }
```

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```
-- conformance information
charConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { char 5 }
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { charConformance 1 }
charGroups
charCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { charConformance 2 }
-- compliance statements
charCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
              "The compliance statement for SNMPv2 entities which have Character hardware interfaces."
    MODULE -- this module
         MANDATORY-GROUPS { charGroup }
     ::= { charCompliances 1 }
-- units of conformance
               OBJECT-GROUP
charGroup
    OBJECTS { charNumber, charPortIndex, charPortName,
                charPortType, charPortHardware, charPortReset,
                charPortAdminStatus, charPortOperStatus,
                charPortLastChange,
                charPortInFlowState, charPortOutFlowState,
                charPortAdminOrigin, charPortSessionMaximum,
                charPortInFlowTypes, charPortOutFlowTypes, charPortInCharacters, charPortOutCharacters, charPortSessionIndex,
                charPortLowerIfIndex,
charSessPortIndex, charSessIndex,
charSessKill, charSessState,
                charSessProtocol, charSessOperOrigin,
                charSessInCharacters, charSessOutCharacters,
                charSessConnectionId, charSessStartTime }
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
              "A collection of objects providing information
               applicable to all Character interfaces."
    ::= { charGroups 1 }
END
```

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5. Acknowledgements

This memo was produced by the IETF Character MIB Working Group.

6. References

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7. Security Considerations

Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

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