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Energy Object Context MIB

Abstract

This document defines a subset of a Management Information Base (MIB) for energy management of devices. The module addresses device identification, context information, and the energy relationships between devices.

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

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1. Introduction

The Energy Management (EMAN) standards provide a specification for Energy Management. This document defines a subset of a Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols for Energy monitoring of network devices and devices attached to the network and possibly extending to devices in the industrial automation setting with a network interface.

The focus of the MIB module specified in this document is on the identification of Energy Objects and reporting the context and relationships of Energy Objects as defined in [RFC7326]. The module addresses Energy Object identification, Energy Object context, and Energy Object relationships.

1.1. Energy Management Document Overview

This document specifies the Energy Object Context (ENERGY-OBJECT-CONTEXT-MIB) and IANA Energy Relationship (IANA-ENERGY-RELATION-MIB) modules. The Energy Object Context MIB module specifies MIB objects for identification of Energy Objects, and reporting context and relationship of an Energy Object. The IANA Energy Relationship MIB module specifies the first version of the IANA-maintained definitions of relationships between Energy Objects.

Firstly, to illustrate the importance of energy monitoring in networks and, secondly, to list some of the important areas to be addressed by the Energy Management Framework [RFC7326], several use cases and network scenarios are presented in the EMAN applicability statement document [EMAN-AS]. In addition, for each scenario, the target devices for energy management, and how those devices powered and metered are also presented. To address the network scenarios, requirements for power and energy monitoring for networking devices are specified in [RFC6988]. Based on the requirements in [RFC6988], [RFC7326] presents a solution approach.

Accordingly, the scope of the MIB modules in this document is in accordance to the requirements specified in [RFC6988] and the concepts from [RFC7326].

This document is based on the Energy Management Framework [RFC7326] and meets the requirements on identification of Energy Objects and their context and relationships as specified in the Energy Management requirements document [RFC6988].

A second MIB module meeting the EMAN requirements [RFC6988] the Monitoring and Control MIB for Power and Energy [RFC7460], monitors the Energy Objects for Power States, for the Power and Energy consumption. Power State monitoring includes: retrieving Power States, Power State properties, current Power State, Power State transitions, and Power State statistics. In addition, this MIB module provides the Power Characteristics properties of the Power and Energy, along with optional characteristics.

The applicability statement document [EMAN-AS] provides the list of use cases, describes the common aspects between existing Energy standards and the EMAN standard, and shows how the EMAN framework relates to other frameworks.

1.2. Conventions Used in This Document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies MIB modules that are compliant with SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

3. Terminology

Please refer to [RFC7326] for the definitions of the following terminology used in this document.

```
Energy Management
Energy Management System (EnMS)
Energy Monitoring
Energy Control
electrical equipment
non-electrical equipment (mechanical equipment)
device
component
power inlet
power outlet
energy
power
demand
provide energy
receive energy
meter (energy meter)
battery
Power Interface
Nameplate Power
Power Attributes
Power Quality
Power State
Power State Set
```

4. Architecture Concepts Applied to the MIB Module

This section describes the basic concepts specified in the Energy Management Framework [RFC7326], with specific information related to the MIB modules specified in this document.

The Energy Object Context (ENERGY-OBJECT-CONTEXT-MIB) MIB module in this document specifies MIB objects for the identification of Energy Objects and reporting context and relationship of an Energy Object. The managed objects are contained in two tables: eoTable and eoRelationTable.

The first table, eoTable, focuses on the link to the other MIB modules, on identification, and on the context of the Energy Object. The second table, eoRelationTable, specifies the relationships between Energy Objects. This is a simplified representation of the relationship between Energy Objects.

A "smidump-style" tree presentation of the MIB modules contained in the document is presented. The meaning of the three symbols in is a compressed representation of the object's MAX-ACCESS clause, which may have the following values:

```
"not-accessible"->"---"
    "accessible-for-notify"->"--n"
    "read-only"->"r-n"
    "read-write"->"rwn"
+- eoTable(1)
   +- eoEntry(1) [entPhysicalIndex]
      +-- r-n PethPsePortIndexOrZero
                                            eoEthPortIndex(1)
                                            eoEthPortGrpIndex(2)
      +-- r-n PethPsePortGroupIndexOrZero
      +-- r-n LldpPortNumberOrZero
                                            eoLldpPortNumber(3)
      +-- rwn MacAddress
                                            eoMgmtMacAddress(4)
      +-- r-n InetAddressType
                                            eoMgmtAddressType(5)
      +-- r-n InetAddress
                                            eoMgmtAddress(6)
      +-- r-n OCTET STRING
                                            eoMgmtDNSName(7)
      +-- rwn SnmpAdminString
                                            eoDomainName(8)
      +-- rwn SnmpAdminString
                                            eoRoleDescription(9)
      +-- rwn EnergyObjectKeywordList
                                            eoKeywords(10)
      +-- rwn Integer32
                                            eoImportance(11)
      +-- r-n INTEGER
                                            eoPowerCategory(12)
      +-- rwn SnmpAdminString
                                            eoAlternateKey(13)
      +-- r-n INTEGER
                                            eoPowerInterfaceType(14)
```

The following Unified Modeling Language (UML) diagram illustrates the relationship of the MIB objects in the eoTable, eoRelationTable, and ENTITY-MIB. The MIB objects describe the identity, context, and relationship of an Energy Object. The UML diagram, furthermore, contains objects from the ENTITY-MIB [RFC6933].

```
EO Context Information
           eoRoleDescription
           eoKeywords
           eoImportance
           eoPowerCategory
eoPowerInterfaceType
           eoDomainName
                EO Identification
               entPhysicalIndex (*)
               entPhysicalName (*)
               entPhysicalUUID (*)
               entPhysicalClass (*)
               Link to other identifiers
               eoEthPortIndex (**)
               eoEthPortGrpIndex (**)
               eoLldpPortNumber (***)
              eoMgmtMacAddress (optional)
eoMgmtAddressType (optional)
eoMgmtAddress (optional)
eoMgmtDNSName (optional)
               eoAlternateKey
                EO Relationship
                eoRelationIndex
                eoRelationID
                eoRelationship
                eoRelationStatus
                eoRelationStorageType
       Compliance with entity4CRCompliance ENTITY-MIB [RFC6933]
(**) Link with the Power over Ethernet MIB [RFC3621] (***) Link with LLDP MIBs [LLDP-MIB] [LLDP-MED-MIB]
```

Figure 1: MIB Objects Grouping

As displayed in Figure 1, the MIB objects can be classified in different logical grouping of MIB objects.

- 1) The Energy Object Identification. See Section 5.1 "Energy Object Identification". Devices and their sub-components are characterized by the power-related attributes of a physical entity present in the ENTITY-MIB [RFC6933].
- 2) The Context Information. See Section 4.1 "Energy Object Context".
- 3) The links to other MIB modules. See Section 4.3 "Links to Other Identifiers".
- 4) The Energy Object Relationships specific information. See Section 4.4 "Energy Object Relationships".
- 5) The Energy Object Identity Persistence. See Section 4.5 "Energy Object Identity Persistence".

4.1. **Energy Object Identification**

Refer to the "Identification" section in [RFC7326] for background information about Energy Objects.

Every Energy Object MUST implement the unique index, entPhysicalIndex, entPhysicalName, entPhysicalClass, and entPhysicalUUID from the ENTITY-MÍB [RFC6933]. Modúle Compliance with respect to entity4CRCompliance of ENTITY-MIB MUST be supported, which requires a limited number of objects supported (entPhysicalIndex, entPhysicalName, entPhysicalClass, and entPhysicalUUID). entPhysicalIndex is used as index for the Energy Object in the ENERGY-OBJECT-CONTEXT-MIB module. Every Energy Object MUŚT have a printable name assigned to it. Energy Objects MÚST implement the entPhysicalName object specified in the ENTITY-MIB [RFC6933], which must contain the Energy Object name.

For the ENERGY-OBJECT-CONTEXT-MIB compliance, every Energy Object instance MUST implement the entPhysicalUUID from the ENTITY-MIB [RFC6933].

As displayed in [RFC4122], the following is an example of the string representation of a Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) as a URN: urn:uuid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6.

For example, to understand the relationship between Energy Object Components and Energy Objects, the ENTITY-MIB physical containment tree [RFC6933] MUST be implemented.

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A second example deals with one of the ENTITY-MIB extensions: if the Energy Object temperature is required, the managed objects from the ENTITY-SENSOR-MIB [RFC3433] should be supported.

Each Energy Object MUST belong to a single Energy Management Domain or in other words, an Energy Object cannot belong to more than one Energy Management Domain. Refer to the "Context: Domain" section in [RFC7326] for background information. The eoDomainName, which is an element of the eoTable, is a read-write MIB object. The Energy Management Domain should map 1:1 with a metered or sub-metered portion of the network. The Energy Management Domain MUST be configured on the Energy Object. The Energy Object MAY inherit some of the domain parameters (possibly domain name, some of the context information such as role or keywords, importance) from the Energy Object or the Energy Management Domain MAY be configured directly in an Energy Object.

When an Energy Object acts as a Power Aggregator, the Energy Objects for which Power should be aggregated MUST be members of the same Energy Management Domain, specified by the eoDomainName MIB Object.

4.2. Energy Object Context

Refer to the "Context: Domain" section in [RFC7326] for background information.

An Energy Object must provide a value for eoImportance in the range of 1-100 to help differentiate the use or relative value of the device. The importance range is from 1 (least important) to 100 (most important). The default importance value is 1.

An Energy Object can provide a set of eoKeywords. These keywords are a list of tags that can be used for grouping and summary reporting within or between Energy Management Domains.

An Energy Object can have Power Interfaces and those interfaces can be classified as Power Inlet, Power Outlet, or both.

An Energy Object can be classified based on the physical properties of the Energy Object. That Energy Object can be classified as consuming power or supplying power to other devices or that Energy Object can perform both of those functions and finally, an Energy Object can be a passive meter.

Additionally, an Energy Object can provide an eoRoleDescription string that indicates the purpose the Energy Object serves in the network.

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4.3. Links to Other Identifiers

While the entPhysicalIndex is the primary index for all MIB objects in the ENERGY-OBJECT-CONTEXT-MIB module, the Energy Management Systems (EnMS) must be able to make the link with the identifier(s) in other supported MIB modules.

If the Energy Object is a Power over Ethernet (PoE) port, and if the Power over Ethernet MIB [RFC3621] is supported by the SNMP agent managing the Energy Object, then the Energy Objects eoethPortIndex and eoethPortGrpIndex MUST contain the corresponding values of pethPsePortIndex and pethPsePortGroupIndex [RFC3621].

If the LLDP-MED MIB [LLDP-MIB] is supported by the Energy Object SNMP agent, then the Energy Object eoLldpPortNumber MUST contain the corresponding lldpLocPortNum from the LLDP MIB.

The intent behind the links to the other MIB module identifier(s) is to correlate the instances in the different MIB modules. This will allow the ENERGY-OBJECT-CONTEXT-MIB module to reference other MIB modules in cases where the Power over Ethernet and the LLDP MIB modules are supported by the SNMP agent. Some use cases may not implement either of these two MIB modules for the Energy Objects. However, in situations where either of these two MIB modules are implemented, the EnMS must be able to correlate the instances in the different MIB modules.

The eoAlternateKey object specifies an alternate key string that can be used to identify the Energy Object. Since an EnMS may need to correlate objects across management systems, this alternate key is provided to facilitate such a link. This optional value is intended as a foreign key or alternate identifier for a manufacturer or EnMS to use to correlate the unique Energy Object Id in other systems or namespaces. If an alternate key is not available or is not applicable, then the value is the zero-length string.

An Energy Object can have additional MIB objects that can be used for easier identification by the EnMS. The optional objects eoMgmtMacAddress, eoMgmtAddressType, and eoMgmtDNSName can be used to help identify the relationship between the Energy Objects and other NMS objects. These objects can be used as an alternate key to help link the Energy Object with other keyed information that may be stored within the EnMS(s). For the optional objects that may not be included in some vendor implementations, the expected behavior when those objects are polled is a response noSuchInstance.

4.4. Energy Object Relationships

Refer to the "Relationships" section in [RFC7326] for the definition and background information. In order to link two Energy Objects, a separate table (eoRelationTable) has been introduced in this MIB module.

Each Energy Object can have one or more Energy Object relationships with other Energy Objects. The relationship between Energy Objects is specified in eoRelationTable. The relationship between the Energy Objects is specified with the entPhysicalIndex of the Energy Object and the UUID of the remote Energy Object. The UUID MUST comply to the RFC 4122 specifications. It is important to note that it is possible that an Energy Object may not have an Energy Object relationship with other Energy Objects.

The following relationships between Energy Objects have been considered in the eoRelationTable.

Metering Relationship -> meteredBy / metering

Power Source Relationship -> poweredBy / powering

Aggregation Relationship -> aggregatedBy / aggregating

Energy Object B has a "meteredBy" relationship with Energy Object A, if the energy consumption of Energy Object B is measured by Energy Object A. Equivalently, it is possible to indicate that Energy Object A has a "metering" relationship with Energy Object B.

Energy Object B has a "poweredBy" relationship with Energy Object A, if the power source of Energy Object B is Energy Object A. Equivalently, it is possible to indicate that Energy Object A has a "powering" relationship with Energy Object B.

Energy Object B has "aggregatedBy" relationship with Energy Object A, if Energy Object A is an aggregation point for energy usage of Energy Object B. Equivalently, it is possible to indicate that Energy Object A has "aggregating" relationship with Energy Object B.

The IANA-ENERGY-RELATION-MIB module in Section 5 below specifies the first version of the IANA-maintained definitions of relationships. This way, for Energy Relationships, new textual conventions can be specified, without updating the primary Energy Object Context MIB module.

4.5. Energy Object Identity Persistence

In some situations, the Energy Object identity information should be persistent even after a device reload. For example, in a static setup where a switch monitors a series of connected PoE phones, there is a clear benefit for the EnMS if the Energy Object Identification and all associated information persist, as it saves a network discovery. However, in other situations, such as a wireless access point monitoring the mobile user PCs, there is not much advantage to persist the Energy Object Information. The identity information of an Energy Object should be persisted and there is value in the writable MIB objects persisted.

5. MIB Definitions

```
__ ***********************************
___
-- This MIB is used for describing the identity and the
-- context information of Energy Objects in network
__ *********************
ENERGY-OBJECT-CONTEXT-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
   MODULE-IDENTITY,
   OBJECT-TYPE, mib-2, Integer32
       FROM SNMPv2-SMI
                                               -- RFC 2578
   TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, MacAddress, TruthValue,
      RowStatus, StorageType
       FROM SNMPv2-TC
                                               -- RFC 2579
   MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
       FROM SNMPv2-CONF
                                               -- RFC 2580
   SnmpAdminString
       FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
                                               -- RFC 3411
   InetAddressType, InetAddress
      FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB
                                               -- RFC 4001
   entPhysicalIndex
                                               -- RFC 6933
      FROM ENTITY-MIB
   UUIDorZero
      FROM UUID-TC-MIB
                                               -- RFC 6933
   IANAEnergyRelationship
      FROM TANA-ENERGY-RELATION-MIB;
```

```
energyObjectContextMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED
                     "201502090000Z"
                     "IETF EMAN Working Group"
    ORGANIZATION
    CONTACT-INFO
       "WG Charter:
        http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/eman/charter/
       Mailing Lists:
        General Discussion: eman@ietf.org
        To Subscribe: https://www.ietf.org/mailman/listinfo/eman
        Archive: http://www.ietf.org/mail-archive/web/eman
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           India
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```

DESCRIPTION

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```
This MIB is used for describing the identity and the
        context information of Energy Objects."
    REVISION
        "201502090000Z"
    DESCRIPTION
       "Initial version, published as RFC 7461."
   ::= { mib-2 231 }
energyObjectContextMIBNotifs OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ::= { energyObjectContextMIB 0 }
energyObjectContextMIBObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ::= { energyObjectContextMIB 1 }
energyObjectContextMIBConform OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ::= { energyObjectContextMIB 2 }
-- Textual Conventions
PethPsePortIndexOrZero ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "d"
   STATUS
                      current
   DESCRIPTION
        "This textual convention is an extension of the
       pethPsePortIndex convention, which defines a greater-
       than-zero value used to identify a power Ethernet Power
       Sourcing Equipment (PSE) port.
       This extension permits the additional value of zero. The
       semantics of the value zero are object-specific and must,
       therefore, be defined as part of the description of any
       object that uses this syntax. Examples of the usage of this extension are situations where none or all physical
       entities need to be referenced."
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)
PethPsePortGroupIndexOrZero ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "d"
    STATUS
                       current
    DESCRIPTION
         "This textual convention is an extension of the
        pethPsePortGroupIndex convention from the Power Over
        Ethernet MIB in RFC 3621, which defines a greater-than-zero
        value used to identify the group containing the port to which
        a power Ethernet PSE is connected. This extension
        permits the additional value of zero. The semantics of
the value zero are object-specific and must, therefore,
```

be defined as part of the description of any object that uses this syntax. Examples of the usage of this extension are situations where none or all physical entities need to be referenced."

SYNTAX Integer32 (0..2147483647)

DISPLAY-HINT "d"
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"This textual convention is an extension of the LldpPortNumber convention specified in the LLDP MIB, which defines a greater than zero value used to uniquely identify each port contained in the chassis (that is known to the LLDP agent) by a port number. This extension permits the additional value of zero. The semantics of the value zero are object-specific and must, therefore, be defined as part of the description of any object that uses this syntax. Examples of the usage of this extension are situations where none or all physical entities need to be referenced."

SYNTAX Integer32(0..4096)

"A list of keywords that can be used to group Energy Objects for reporting or searching. If multiple keywords are present, then this string will contain all the keywords separated by the ',' character. All alphanumeric characters and symbols (other than a comma), such as #, (, \$, !, and &, are allowed. White spaces before and after the commas are ignored, as well as within a keyword itself.

For example, if an Energy Object were to be tagged with the keyword values 'hospitality' and 'guest', then the keyword list will be 'hospitality,guest'."

SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..2048))

-- Objects

eoTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF EoEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table lists Energy Objects."

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```
::= { energyObjectContextMIBObjects 1 }
eoEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                        EoEntry
    MAX-ACCESS
                       not-accessible
    STATUS
                       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An entry describes the attributes of an Energy Object.
        Whenever a new Energy Object is added or an existing
        Energy Object is deleted, a row in the eoTable is added
        or deleted."
                 {entPhysicalIndex }
    ::= { eoTable 1 }
EoEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
         eoEthPortIndex
                                           PethPsePortIndexOrZero,
                                           PethPsePortGroupIndexOrZero.
         eoEthPortGrpIndex
         eoLldpPortNumber
                                           LldpPortNumberOrZero,
         eoMgmtMacAddress
                                           MacAddress,
                                           InetAddressType,
         eoMgmtAddressType
         eoMgmtAddress
                                           InetAddress,
         eoMgmtDNSName
                                           OCTET STRING,
         eoDomainName
                                           SnmpAdminString,
         eoRoleDescription
                                           SnmpAdminString,
                                           EnergyObjectKeywordList,
         eoKeywords
         eoImportance
                                           Integer32,
         eoPowerCategory
                                           INTEGER.
         eoAlternateKey
                                           SnmpAdminString,
                                           INTEGER
         eoPowerInterfaceType
eoEthPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PethPsePortIndexOrZero
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
                  current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
        "This variable uniquely identifies the power Ethernet
        port to which a Power over Ethernet device is connected. If the Power over Ethernet MIB in RFC 3621 is supported by the SNMP agent managing the Energy Object, then the Energy Object eoethPortIndex MUST contain the
        corresponding value of pethPsePortIndex. If such a power Ethernet port cannot be specified or is not known, then
        the object is zero."
    REFERENCE
        "RFC 3621: Power Ethernet MIB"
    DEFVAL { 0 }
```

```
::= { eoEntry 1 }
eoEthPortGrpIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                PethPsePortGroupIndexOrZero
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This variable uniquely identifies the group containing
       the port to which a power over Ethernet device PSE is
       connected (RFC 3621). If the Power over Ethernet MIB (RFC
       3621) is supported by the SNMP agent managing the Energy
       Object, then the Energy Object eoEthPortGrpIndex MUST
       contain the corresponding value of eoethPortGrpIndex. It such a power Ethernet port cannot be specified or is not
       known, then the object is zero.
    REFERENCE
       "RFC 3621: Power Ethernet MIB"
    DEFVAL { 0 }
    ::= { eoEntry 2 }
eoLldpPortNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX LldpPortNumber0rZero
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This variable uniquely identifies the port component
       (contained in the local chassis with the LLDP agent) as
       defined by the lldpLocPortNum in the LLDP-MIB and
       LLDP-MED-MIB.
                       If the LLDP-MIB is supported by the
       SNMP agent managing the Energy Object, then the Energy
       Object eoLldpPortNumber MUST contain the corresponding
       value of lldpLocPortNum from the LLDP-MIB. If such a
       port number cannot be specified or is not known, then the
       object is zero."
    REFERÈNCE
       "LLDP MIB, IEEE 802.1AB-2005; LLDP-MED-MIB, ANSI/TIA-1057"
    DEFVAL { 0 }
    ::= { eoEntry 3 }
eoMgmtMacAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                    MacAddress
    MAX-ACCESS
                    read-only
    STATUS
                     current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object specifies a Media Access Control (MAC) address
    of the Energy Object."
::= { eoEntry 4 }
```

```
eoMgmtAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                       InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS
                        read-only
    STATUS
                       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object specifies the eoMgmtAddress type, i.e., an IPv4 or IPv6 address. This object MUST be
        populated when eoMgmtAddress is populated.
     ::= { eoEntry 5 }
eoMamtAddress OBJECT-TYPE
                      InetAddress
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS
                       read-only
    STATUS
                       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object specifies the management address as an IPv4
        address or IPv6 address of Energy Object. The IP address
        type, i.e. IPv4 or IPv6, is determined by the eoMgmtAddressType value. This object can be used as an alternate key to help link the Energy Object with other
        keyed information that may be stored within the EnMS(s)."
     ::= { eoEntry 6 }
eoMgmtDNSName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                      OCTET STRING
    MAX-ACCESS
                       read-only
    STATUS
                       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object specifies a DNS name of the eoMgmtAddress.
        This object can be used as an alternate key to help link
        the Energy Object with other keyed information that may
        be stored within the EnMS(s). A DNS Name must always be a
        fully qualified name. This MIB uses the same encoding as
        the DNS protocol."
     REFERENCE
        "RFC 1034: Domain names - concepts and facilities,
         Section 3.1."
     ::= { eoEntry 7 }
eoDomainName OBJECT-TYPE
               SnmpAdminString
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS
                      read-write
    STATUS
                       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object specifies the name of an Energy Management
Domain for the Energy Object. By default, this object
        should be an empty string. The value of eoDomainName must remain constant at least from one re-initialization of
```

```
the entity local management system to the next re-
        initialization.
    ::= { eoEntry 8 }
eoRoleDescription OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                      SnmpAdminString
    MAX-ACCESS
                      read-write
    STATUS
                      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object specifies an administratively assigned name
        to indicate the purpose an Energy Object serves in the
       network.
        For example, we can have a phone deployed to a lobby with
       eoRoleDescription as 'Lobby phone'.
       This object specifies that the value is the zero-length
       string value if no role description is configured.
       The value of eoRoleDescription must remain constant at
       least from one re-initialization of the entity local
       management system to the next re-initialization.
    ::= { eoEntry 9
eoKevwords OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                     EnergyObjectKeywordList
    MAX-ACCESS
                     read-write
    STATUS
                      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object specifies a list of keywords that can be
        used to group Energy Objects for reporting or searching.
        The value is the zero-length string if no keywords have
       been configured. If multiple keywords are present, then
        this string will contain all the keywords separated by
       the ',' character. For example, if an Energy Object were to be tagged with the keyword values 'hospitality' and
        'guest', then the keyword list will be 'hospitality,guest'.
       If write access is implemented and a value is written
        into the instance, the agent must retain the supplied
       value in the eoKeywords instance associated with the same physical entity for as long as that entity remains instantiated. This includes instantiations
       across all re-initializations/reboots of the local
       management agent."
```

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::= { eoEntry 10

eoImportance OBJECT-TYPE

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Integer32 (1..100)

SYNTAX

```
MAX-ACCESS
                        read-write
     STATUS
                        current
     DESCRIPTION
         "This object specifies a ranking of how important the
        Energy Object is (on a scale of 1 to 100) compared with
        other Energy Objects in the same Energy Management
Domain. The ranking should provide a business or
operational context for the Energy Object as compared to
        other similar Energy Objects. This ranking could be used
        as input for policy-based network management.
        Although network managers must establish their own
        ranking, the following is a broad recommendation:
        90 to 100 Emergency response
        80 to 89 Executive or business critical
        70 to 79
                     General or average
        60 to 69
                    Staff or support
        40 to 59 Public or guest
         1 to 39
                    Decorative or hospitality
        The value of eoImportance must remain constant at least
        from one re-initialization of the Energy Object local
        management system to the next re-initialization."
                        { 1 }
     ::= { eoEntry 11
eoPowerCategory OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX
                        INTEGER {
                              consumer(0),
                             producer(1),
                             meter(2),
distributor(3),
                             store(4)
    MAX-ACCESS
                        read-only
     STATUS
                        current
     DESCRIPTION
         "This object describes the Energy Object category, which
        indicates the expected behavior or physical property of
the Energy Object, based on its design. An Energy Object
        can be a consumer(0), producer(1), meter(2),
        distributor(3), or store(4).
        In some cases, a meter is required to measure the power consumption. In such a case, this meter Energy Object category is meter(2). If a device is distributing
```

```
electric Energy, the category of the Energy Object is distributor (3). If a device is storing electric Energy,
     the category of the device can be store (4)."
::= { eoEntry 12 }
eoAlternateKey OBJECT-TYPE
    MAX-ACCESS
STATUS
                         SnmpAdminString
                        read-write
     STATUS
                        current
     DESCRIPTION
         "The eoAlternateKey object specifies an alternate key
        string that can be used to identify the Energy Object.
        Since Energy Management Systems (EnMS) and Network
        Management Systems (NMSs) may need to correlate objects across management systems, this alternate key is provided to provide such a link. This optional value is intended
        as a foreign key or alternate identifier for a
        manufacturer or EnMS/NMS to use to correlate the unique
        Energy Object Id in other systems or namespaces. If an
        alternate key is not available or is not applicable, then the value is the zero-length string.

The value of eoAlternateKey must remain constant at
        least from one re-initialization of the entity local
        management system to the next re-initialization.
     ::= { eoEntry 13 }
eoPowerInterfaceType
                                        OBJECT-TYPE
                         INTEGER {
     SYNTAX
                              inlet(0)
                              outlet(1),
                              both(2)
                         }
    MAX-ACCESS
                         read-only
    STATUS
                         current
     DESCRIPTION
         "This object describes the Power Interface for an Energy
        Object. A Power Interface is an interface at which an
        Energy Object is connected to a power transmission
        medium, at which it can in turn receive power, provide
        power, or both. A Power Interface type can be an inlet(0),
an outlet(1), or both(2), respectively."
     ::= { eoEntry 14 }
eoRelationTable OBJECT-TYPE
                        SEQUENCE OF EoRelationEntry
     SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS
                        not-accessible
     STATUS
                        current
     DESCRIPTION
```

```
"This table describes the relationships between Energy
       Objects.'
    ::= { energyObjectContextMIBObjects 2 }
eoRelationEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                    EoRelationEntry
    MAX-ACCESS
                    not-accessible
    STATUS
                    current
    DESCRIPTION
        'An entry in this table specifies the Energy relationship
       between Energy objects. Energy relations between two
       Energy objects are defined in RFC 7326."
    REFERENCE
       " RFC 7326: Energy Management Framework"
                 { entPhysicalIndex, eoRelationIndex }
    ::= { eoRelationTable 1 }
EoRelationEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
               eoRelationIndex
                                      Integer32,
               eoRelationID
                                      UUIDorZero.
               eoRelationship
                                      IANAEnergyRelationship,
               eoRelationship IANAEnergy
eoRelationStatus RowStatus,
               eoRelationStorageType StorageType
eoRelationIndex
                    OBJECT-TYPE
                    Integer32 (0..2147483647)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS
                    not-accessible
    STATUS
                    current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object is an arbitrary index to identify the Energy
       Object related to another Energy Object."
    ::= { eoRelationEntry 1 }
eoRelationID
                    OBJECT-TYPE
                    UUIDorZero
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS
                   read-create
    STATUS
                    current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object specifies the Universally Unique Identifier
       (UUID) of the peer (other) Energy Object. The UUID must
       comply with the specifications of UUID in UUID-TC-MIB.
       If the UUID of the Energy Object is unknown or nonexistent,
       the eoRelationID will be set to a zero-length string
       instead. It is preferable that the value of
       entPhysicalUUID from ENTITY-MIB is used for values for
       this object."
```

```
REFERENCE
       "RFC 6933: Entity MIB (Version 4)"
    ::= { eoRelationEntry 2 }
eoRelationship
                     OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                     IANAEnergyRelationship
    MAX-ACCESS
                     read-create
    STATUS
                     current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object describes the relations between Energy
       Objects. For each Energy Object, the relations between
       the other Energy Objects are specified using the bitmap."
    ::= { eoRelationEntry 3 }
eoRelationStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                     RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS
                    read-create
    STATUS
                     current
    DESCRIPTION
     "The status controls and reflects the creation and
      activation status of a row in this table to specify energy
      relationship between Energy Objects.
     An entry status may not be active(1) unless all objects in
     the entry have the appropriate values.
     No attempt to modify a row columnar object instance value
     in the eoRelationTable should be issued while the value of eoRelationStatus is active(1). The data can be destroyed by
     setting up the eoRelationStatus to destroy(2).
::= { eoRelationEntry 4 }
 eoRelationStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
                    StorageType
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS
                    read-create
   STATUS
                    current
   DESCRIPTION
    "This variable indicates the storage type for this row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
 ::= {eoRelationEntry 5 }
-- Conformance
energyObjectContextMIBCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ::= { energyObjectContextMIBConform 1
energyObjectContextMIBGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER
```

```
::= { energyObjectContextMIBConform 2
                                              }
energyObjectContextMIBFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
                     current
    DESCRIPTION
        "When this MIB is implemented with support for
        read-write, then such an implementation can claim full compliance. Such devices can the
                                 Such devices can then
        be both monitored and configured with this MIB.
        Module Compliance of ENTITY-MIB with respect to
        entity4CRCompliance MUST be supported."
                     -- this module
    MODULE
    MANDATORY-GROUPS {
                energyObjectContextMIBTableGroup,
                energyObjectRelationTableGroup
    GROUP
              energyObjectOptionalMIBTableGroup
              DESCRIPTION
              "A compliant implementation does not have to
              implement."
    ::= { energyObjectContextMIBCompliances 1 }
energyObjectContextMIBReadOnlyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    ŠŤATŪS
                    current
    DESCRIPTION
         "When this MIB is implemented without support for
        read-write (i.e., in read-only mode), then such an
        implementation can claim read-only compliance.
        Such a device can then be monitored but cannot be
        configured with this MIB.
        Module Compliance of ENTITY-MIB with respect to
        entity4CRCompliance MUST be supported."
                     -- this module
    MODULE
    MANDATORY-GROUPS {
                  energyObjectContextMIBTableGroup,
                  energyObjectRelationTableGroup
   GROUP energyObjectOptionalMIBTableGroup
      DESCRIPTION
      "A compliant implementation does not have to implement
       the managed objects in this GROUP."
   ::= { energyObjectContextMIBCompliances 2 }
```

```
-- Units of Conformance
energyObjectContextMIBTableGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
                           eoDomainName,
                           eoRoleDescription,
                           eoAlternateKey,
                           eoKeywords,
                           eoImportance,
                           eoPowerCategory,
                           eoPowerInterfaceType
                      }
    STATUS
                      current
    DESCRIPTION
         "This group contains the collection of all the objects
         related to the EnergyObject."
    ::= { energyObjectContextMIBGroups 1 }
energyObjectOptionalMIBTableGroup OBJECT-GROUP
        OBJECTS
                           eoEthPortIndex,
                           eoEthPortGrpIndex,
                           eoLldpPortNumber,
                           eoMgmtMacAddress,
                           eoMgmtAddressType,
                           eoMgmtAddress,
                           eoMgmtDNSName
    STATUS
                      current
    DESCRIPTION
         "This group contains the collection of all the objects related to the Energy Object."
    ::= { energyObjectContextMIBGroups 2 }
energyObjectRelationTableGroup OBJECT-GROUP
     OBJECTS
                      eoRelationID,
                      eoRelationship,
                      eoRelationStatus,
                      eoRelationStorageType
     STATUS
                       current
     DESCRIPTION
         "This group contains the collection of all objects specifying the relationship between Energy Objects."
    ::= { energyObjectContextMIBGroups 3 }
END
```

```
IANA-ENERGY-RELATION-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
      IMPORTS
        MODULE-IDENTITY, mib-2
             FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
             FROM SNMPv2-TC;
      ianaEnergyRelationMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
        LAST-UPDATED "201502090000Z" -- February 9, 2015 ORGANIZATION "IANA"
        CONTACT-INFO "
                        Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
                        Postal: ICANN
                        12025 Waterfront Dr., Suite 300
                        Los Angeles, CA 90094
                        United States
                        Tel: +1-310-301-5800
                        EMail: iana@iana.org"
        DESCRIPTION
          "Copyright (c) 2015 IETF Trust and the persons identified as authors of the code. All rights reserved.
           Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or
          without modification, is permitted pursuant to, and subject
           to the license terms contained in, the Simplified BSD License set forth in Section 4.c of the IETF Trust's Legal
           Provisions Relating to IETF Documents
           (http://trustee.ieff.org/license-info).
           This MIB module defines a TEXTUAL-CONVENTION that
           describes the relationships between Energy Objects.
           The initial version of this MIB module was published in
           RFC 7461; for full legal notices see the RFC itself.
                       "201502090000Z" -- February 9, 2015
        REVISION
        DESCRIPTION
                       "Initial version of this MIB as published in
                        RFC 7461."
         ::= { mib-2 232 }
      -- Textual Conventions
IANAEnergyRelationship ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                        current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An enumerated value specifying the type of
```

relationship between an Energy Object A, on

which the relationship is specified, with the Energy Object B, identified by the UUID.

The enumeration 'poweredBy' is applicable if Energy Object A is poweredBy Energy Object B.

The enumeration 'powering' is applicable if Energy Object A is powering Energy Object B.

The enumeration 'meteredBy' is applicable if Energy Object A is meteredBy Energy Object B.

The enumeration 'metering' is applicable if Energy Object A is metering Energy Object B.

The enumeration 'aggregatedBy' is applicable if Energy Object A is aggregatedBy Energy Object B.

The enumeration 'aggregating' is applicable if Energy Object A is aggregating Energy Object B."

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    poweredBy(1), -- power relationship powering(2),
    meteredBy(3), -- meter relationship metering(4),
    aggregatedBy(5), -- aggregation relationship aggregating(6)
}
```

END

6. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection opens devices to attack. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

Unauthorized changes to the eoDomainName, entPhysicalName, eoRoleDescription, eoKeywords, eoImportance, eoAlternateKey, eoRelationID, eoRelationship, eoRelationStatus, and/or eoRelationStorageType MAY disrupt power and energy collection, and therefore any predefined policies defined in the network.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

Implementations SHOULD provide the security features described by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410]), and implementations claiming compliance to the SNMPv3 standard MUST include full support for authentication and privacy via the User-based Security Model (USM) [RFC3414] with the AES cipher algorithm [RFC3826]. Implementations MAY also provide support for the Transport Security Model (TSM) [RFC5591] in combination with a secure transport such as SSH [RFC5592] or TLS/DTLS [RFC6353].

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

In certain situations, energy and power monitoring can reveal sensitive information about individuals' activities and habits. Implementors of this specification should use appropriate privacy protections as discussed in Section 9 of RFC 6988 and monitoring of individuals and homes should only occur with proper authorization.

7. IANA Considerations

The MIB modules in this document use the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

OBJECT IDENTIFIER Value Descriptor energyObjectContextMIB { mib-2 231 }

This document defines the first version of the IANA-maintained IANA-ENERGY-RELATION-MIB module, which allows new definitions of relationships between Energy Objects.

A Specification Required as defined in [RFC5226] is REQUIRED for each modification of the energy relationships.

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry.

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Descriptor -----ianaEnergyRelationMIB OBJECT IDENTIFIER Value { mib-2 232 }

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