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:- include(parser).
:- include(scanner).
run(In, String, Out) :-
    scan(String, Tokens),
    parse(Tokens, SyntaxTree),
    execute(In, SyntaxTree, Out).

% Define number and identifier literals
% num/1 - Defines numbers
num(N) :-
    number(N).
% id/1 - Defines identifiers
id(I).

% Define evaluation of boolean expressions
% boolean/1 - Defines 'true' as a boolean.
boolean(S0,true).

% boolean/2 - Defines different operator that can be performed on boolean expression
s.
% Defines the 'greater than' operator.
boolean(S0,E1 > E2) :-
    expression(S0,E1,R1), % Evaluates expression E1
    expression(S0,E2,R2), % Evaluate expression E2
    R1 > R2. % Check if the evaluation of E1 is greater than the evaluation of E2
% Defines the 'equal to' operator.
boolean(S0,E1 == E2) :-
    expression(S0,E1,R1),
    expression(S0,E2,R2),
    R1 == R2. % Check if the evaluation of E1 is equal to the evaluation of E2
% Defines the 'lesser than' operator
boolean(S0,E1 < E2) :-
    expression(S0,E1,R1),
    expression(S0,E2,R2),
    R1 < R2. % Check if the evaluation of E1 is lesser than the evaluation of E2

%Execute given a program P and Binding Environment S0
% Execute/3 - Defines how a program should be executed.
% S0 is the binding Environment before the program is executed.
% P is the program.
% Sn is the binding environment after execution of the program.
execute(S0,P,Sn) :-
    command(S0,P,Sn).

% set/2 - Defines a set relation between an identifier and a number.
set(id(I),num(E)).

% bind/4 - Defines the procedure of binding a set relation between an identifier and
a number and a binding environment.
bind([], I, E, [set(I,E)]).
% Special case of bind/4 that make sure an identifier with an already existing set r
ealition is set to the new value and not duplicated and appended.
bind([set(I,A)|S0], I,E, [set(I,E)|S0]).
bind([set(H,A)|S0], I, E, [set(H,A)|Sn]) :-
    H \= I,
    bind(S0,I,E,Sn).

% expression/3 - Defines the evaluation of arithmetic expressions.
expression(S0,id(E),R) :-
    member(set(E,R), S0). % Retrives the numeric value of an identifier already in t
he biding environment.
expression(S0,num(E),E).
% Defines the 'addition' operator for two expressions.
expression(S0, E1 + E2, R) :-
    expression(S0, E1, R1), % Evaluate expression E1.
    expression(S0, E2, R2), % Evaluate expression E2.
    R is (R1 + R2). % Assign the return value the value of E1 + E2.
% Defines the 'subtraction' operator for two expressions.
expression(S0, E1 - E2, R) :-
    expression(S0, E1, R1), % Evaluate expression E1.
    expression(S0, E2, R2), % Evaluate expression E2.
    R is (R1 - R2). % Assign the return value the value of E1 - E2.
% Defines the 'mutlification' operator for two expressions.

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expression(S0, E1 * E2, R) :-
    expression(S0, E1, R1), % Evaluate expression E1.
    expression(S0, E2, R2), % Evaluate expression E2.
    R is (R1 * R2). % Assign the return value the value of E1 * E2.
% Defines the 'negation' operator for two expressions.
expression(S0, - E, R) :-
    expression(S0, E, R1), % Evaluate expression E.
    R is ( R1 * -1). % Assign the return value the value of -E.

%Define commands
% Command/3 - Defines the evaluation of different comand structures in a program.
% Define command skip as a fact
command(S0,skip,S0).
% Defines the command set.
command(S0,set(id(I),E),Sn) :-
    expression(S0,E,R), % Evaluate expression E
    bind(S0,I,R,Sn). % Bind the evaluate expression E to the identifier I and add
s the set to the binding environment.
% Defines the command if.
command(S0,if(B,C1,C2),Sn) :-
    (boolean(S0,B),command(S0,C1,Sn)). % If the boolean expression B is true perform
command C1.
command(S0,if(B,C1,C2),Sn) :-
    (\+ boolean(S0,B),command(S0,C2,Sn)). % If the boolean expression B is false pe
rform command C2.
% Defines the command seq
command(S0,seq(C1,C2),Sn) :-
    command(S0,C1,Sr), % First perform action C1
    command(Sr,C2,Sn). % Then perform actino C2
% Defines the command while
command(S0,while(B,C),S0) :-
    \+(boolean(S0,B)). % If the boolean expression B is false, stop.
command(S0,while(B,C),Sn) :-
    boolean(S0,B),
    command(S0,C,Sr), % Perform action C.
    command(Sr,while(B,C),Sn). % Recursivley call the command while with the same b
oolean expression but with updated Binding environment.

% -----
% -----EXAMPLE QUERY-----
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%
% ?- run([set(x,3)],"y:=1; z:=0; while x>z do z:=z+1; y:=y*z od",Res).
% Res = [set(x,3),set(y,6),set(z,3)] ? ;
% no
%

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