

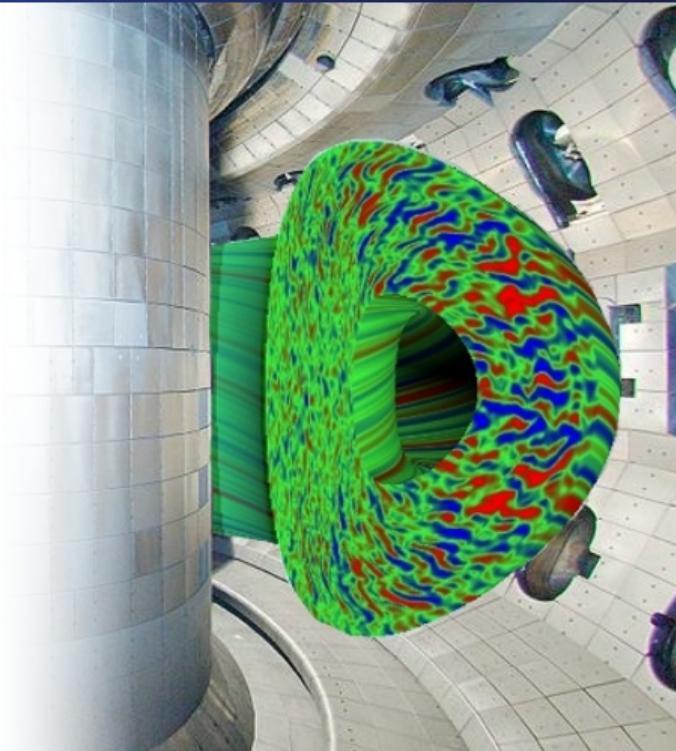
The Advanced Tokamak Modeling Environment (AToM) for Fusion Plasmas

by
J. Candy¹ on behalf of the AToM team²

¹General Atomics, San Diego, CA

²See presentation

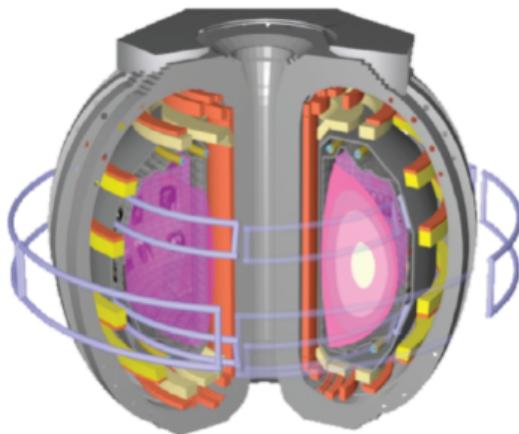
Presented at the
2018 SciDAC-4 PI Meeting
Rockville, MD
23-24 July 2018



AToM Modeling Scope and Vision

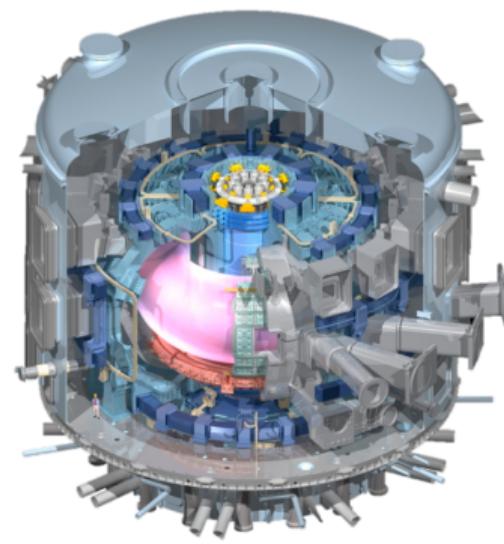
Present-day tokamaks

DIII-D



Upcoming burning plasma

ITER



Future reactor design

DEMO



AToM (2017-2022) Research Thrusts

- AToM⁰ was a **3-year SciDAC-3 project** (2014-2017)
- AToM is a new **5-year SciDAC-4 project** (2017-2022)
- The scope of AToM is broad, with **six research thrusts**

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scidac.github.io/atom/

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scidac.github.io/atom/

- ① AToM environment, performance and packaging
- ② Physics component integration
- ③ Validation and uncertainty quantification
- ④ Physics and scenario exploration
- ⑤ Data and metadata management
- ⑥ Liaisons to SciDAC partnerships

AToM Team

Institutional Principal Investigators (FES)

Jeff Candy	General Atomics
Mikhail Dorf	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
David Green	Oak Ridge National Laboratory
Chris Holland	University of California, San Diego
Charles Kessel	Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory

Institutional Principal Investigators (ASCR)

David Bernholdt	Oak Ridge National Laboratory
Milo Dorr	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
David Schissel	General Atomics

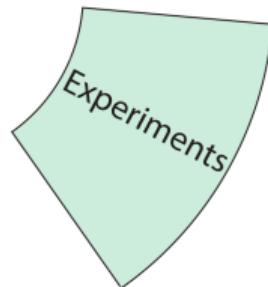
AToM Team

Funded collaborators (subcontractors in green)

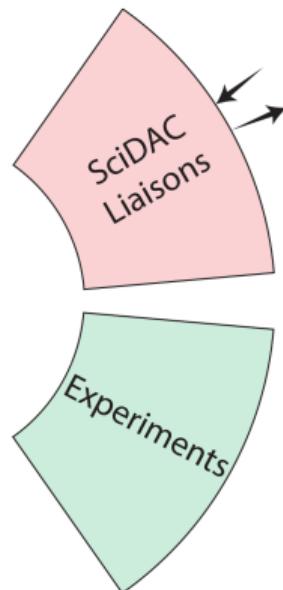
O. Meneghini, S. Smith, P. Snyder,	
D. Eldon, E. Belli, M. Kostuk	GA
W. Elwasif, M. Cianciosa, J.M. Park,	
G. Fann, K. Law, D. Batchelor	ORNL
N. Howard	MIT
D. Orlov	UCSD
J. Sachdev	PPPL
M. Umansky	LLNL
P. Bonoli	MIT
Y. Chen	UC Boulder
R. Kalling	Kalling Software
A. Pankin	Tech-X

AToM Conceptual Structure

- ① Access to experimental data

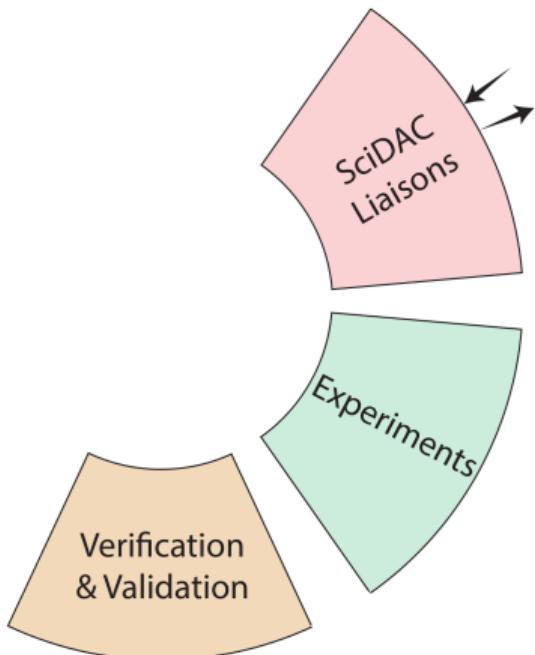


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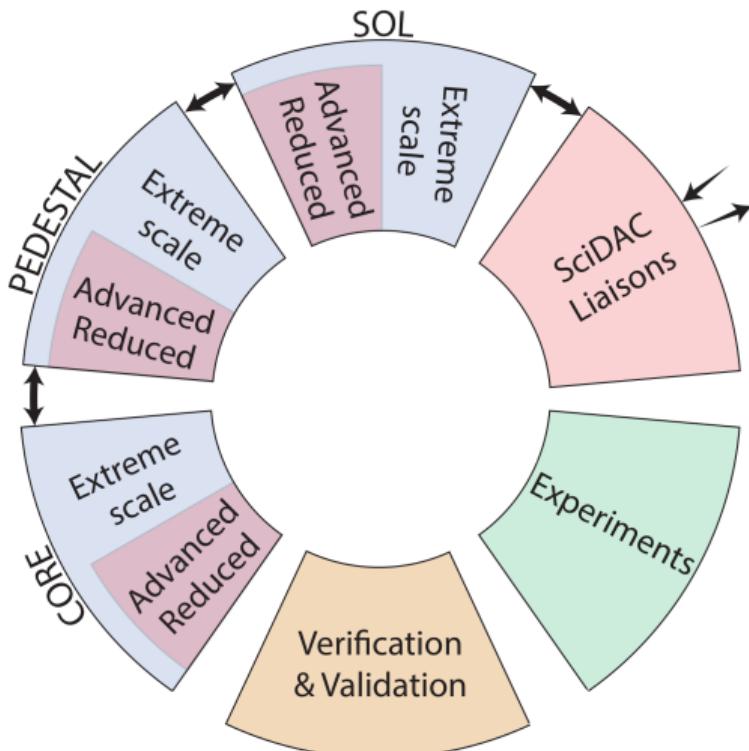
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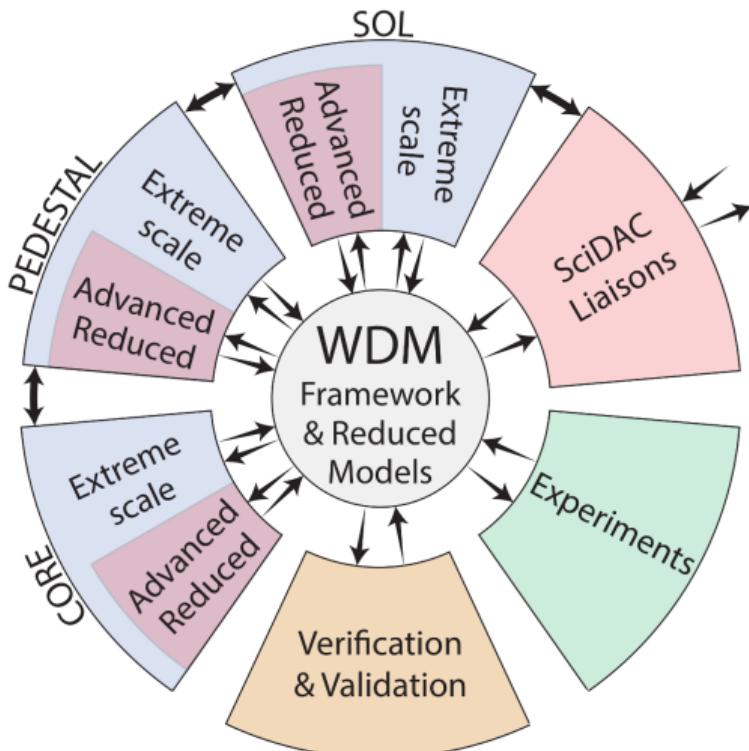
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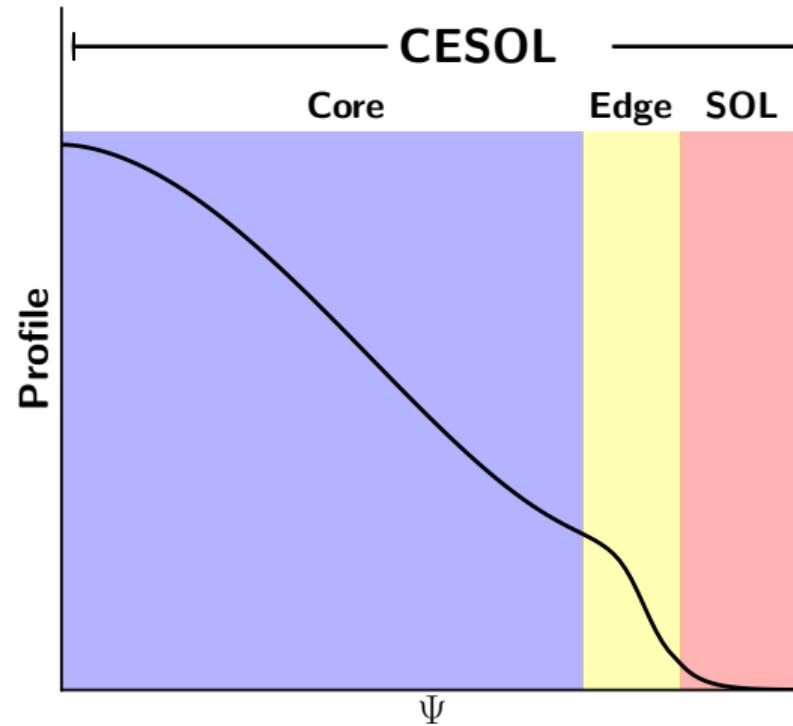
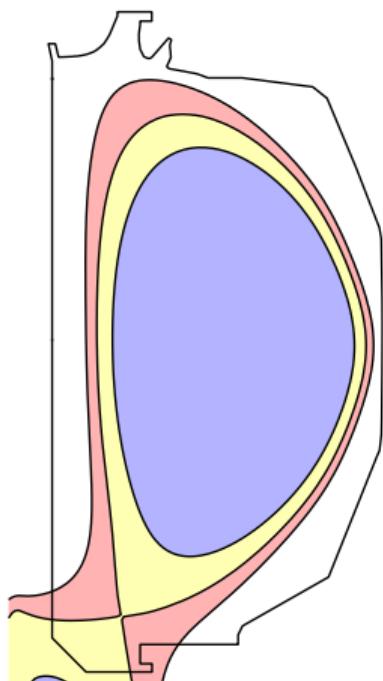


- ① Access to experimental data
- ② Outreach (liaisons) to other SciDACS
- ③ Verification and validation, UQ, machine learning
- ④ Support HPC components
- ⑤ Framework provides glue

Adapted from Fig. 24 of
Report of the Workshop on Integrated Simulations for Magnetic Fusion Energy Sciences (June 2-4, 2015)

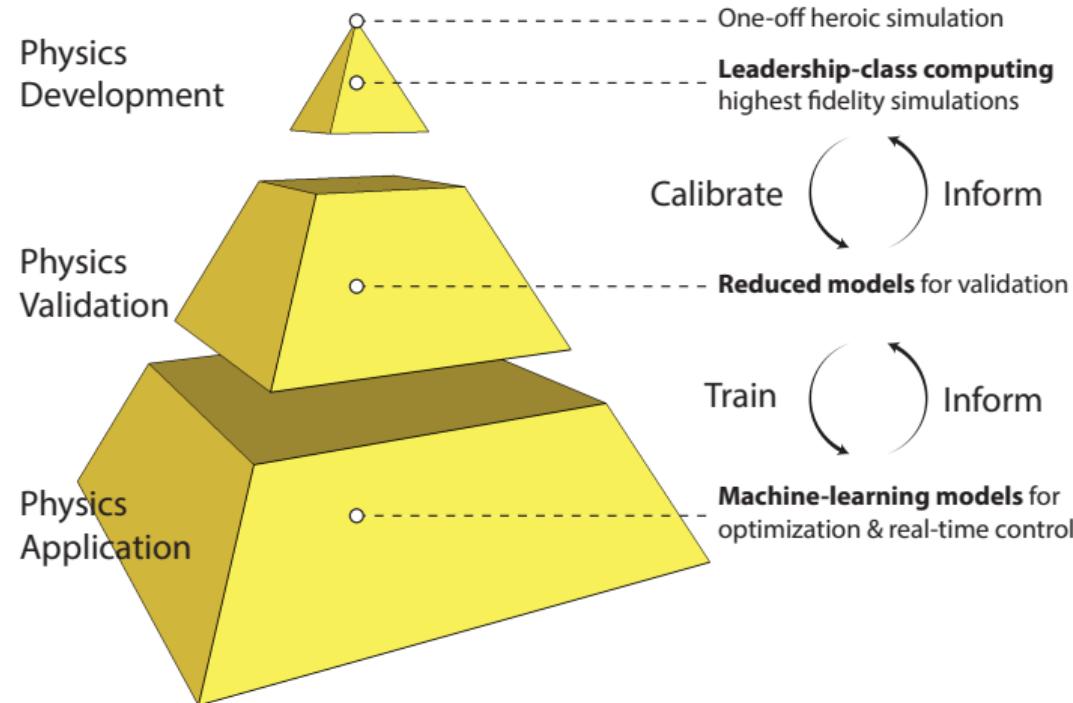
Tokamak physics spans multiple space/timescales

Core-edge-SOL (CESOL) region coupling



Fidelity Hierarchy (Pyramid)

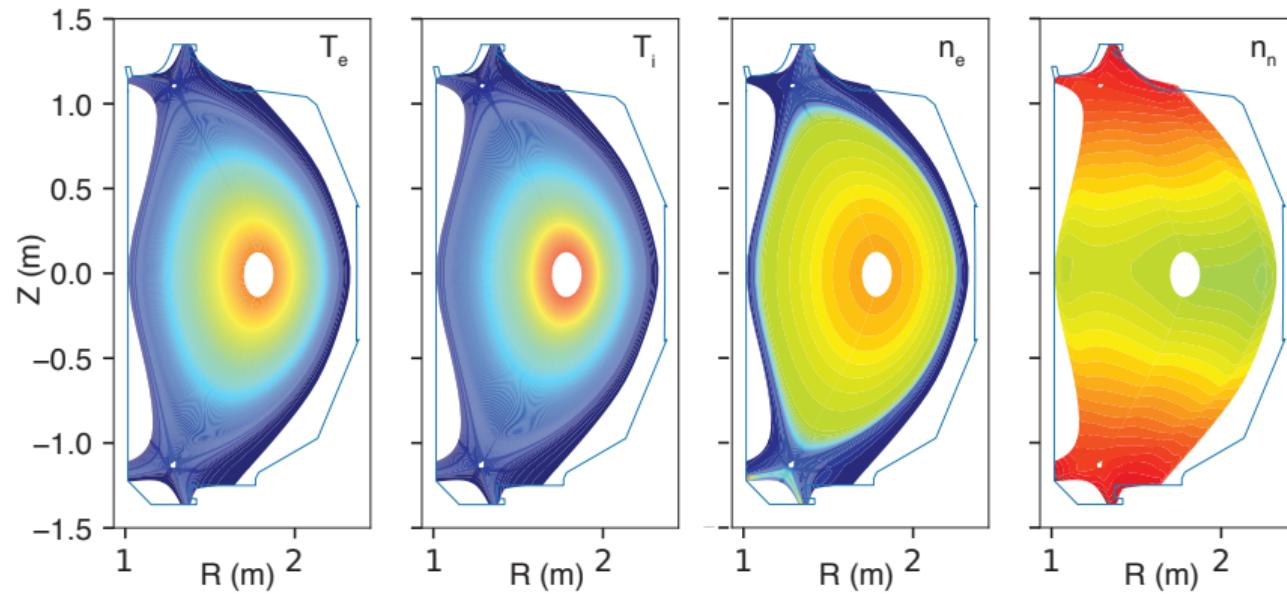
Range of models all the way up to leadership codes



Strive for true WDM capability

Core-edge-SOL (CESOL) region coupling

- Iterative solution procedure to match boundary conditions between regions
- **15 components** (equilibrium, transport, heating) coupled
- Please visit posters by **Park** and **Meneghini**



AToM Supports two core-edge integrated workflows

OMFIT-TGYRO and IPS-FASTRAN

- **OMFIT-based** core-edge (FAST) workflow:
 - Workflow manager with flexible tree-based data handling/exchange
 - Can use NN-accelerated models for EPED/NEO/TGLF
 - Transport solver based on TGYRO+TGLF

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 - Framework/component architecture using existing codes
 - File-based communication (plasma state)
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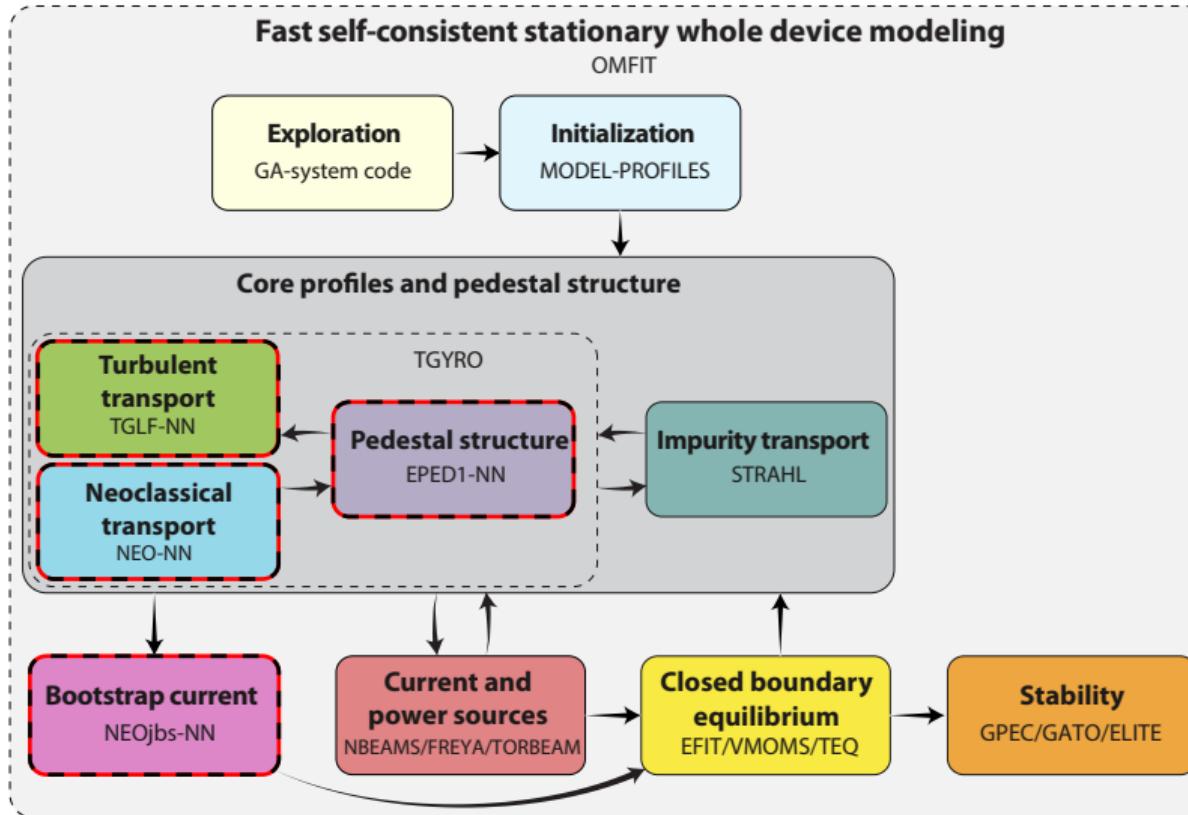
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72 users in NERSC atom repository

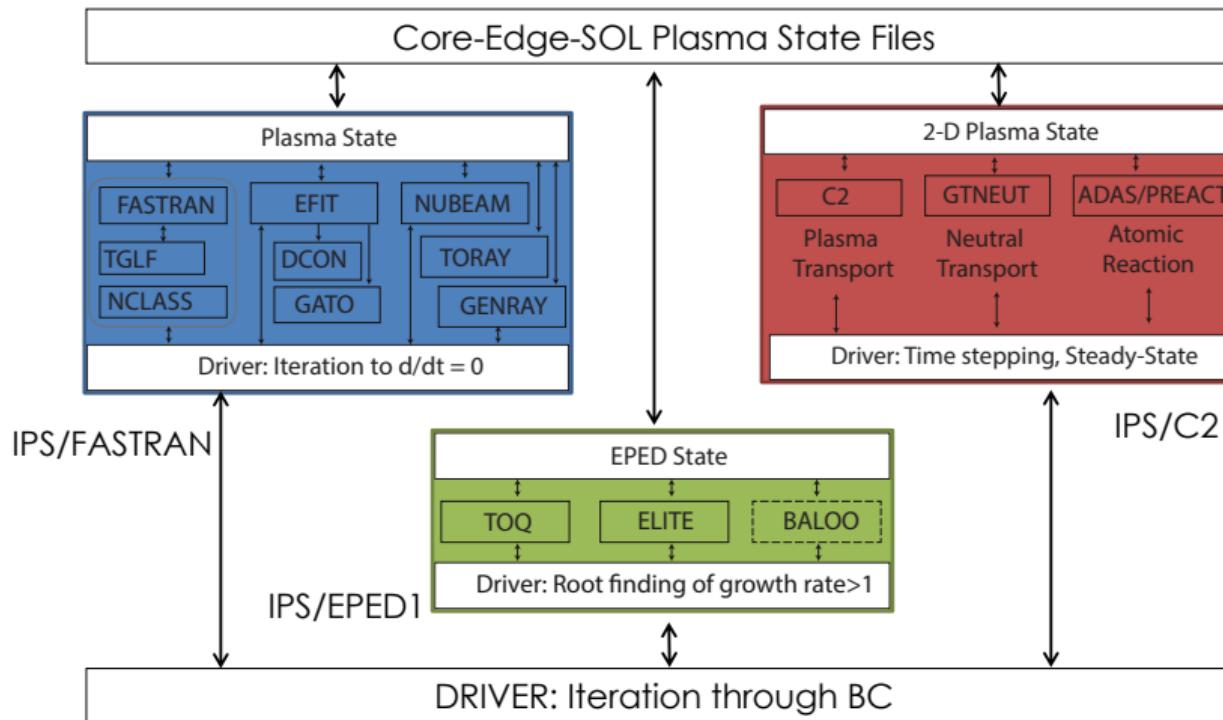
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(1) OMFIT-TGYRO



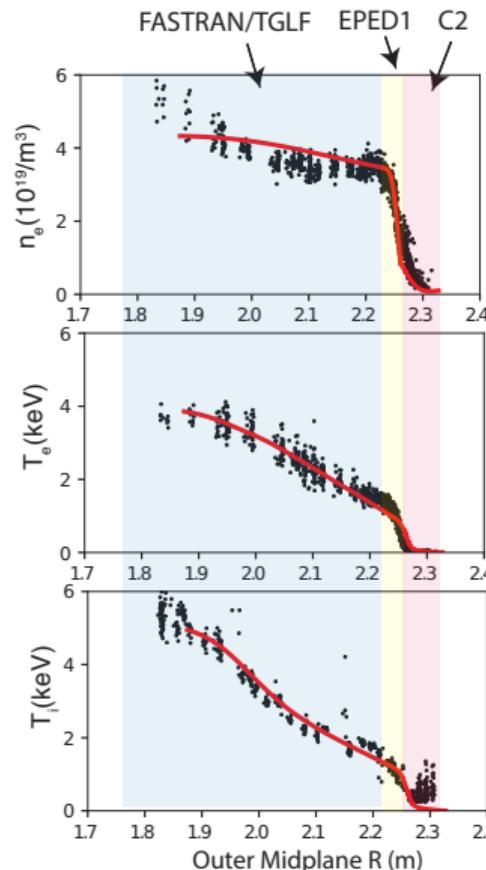
AToM Supports two core-edge integrated workflows

(2) IPS-FASTRAN



AToM Supports two core-edge integrated workflows

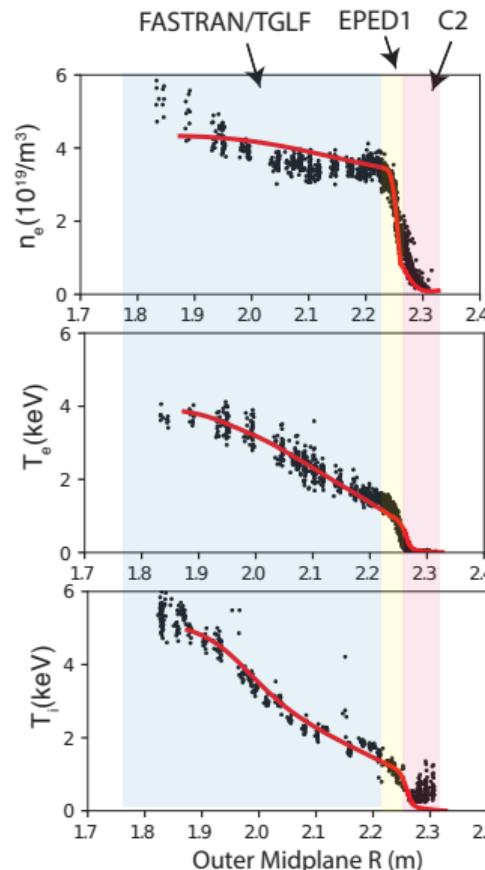
(2) IPS-FASTRAN: DIII-D high- β_N discharge



- Manage execution of 15 component codes
FASTRAN+TGLF+NCLASS+EPED(ELITE+TOQ)+NUBEAM+TORAY+EFIT+C2+GTNEUT+CARRE+C2MESH+CHEASE+DCON+PEST3
- **Iterative coupling** of core, edge, SOL
 - AToM **CESOL** workflow
- Self-consistent heating and current drive
 - NUBEAM, TORAY, GENRAY
- **Theory-based** except for D/χ in SOL, Z_{eff} and rotation at pedestal top.

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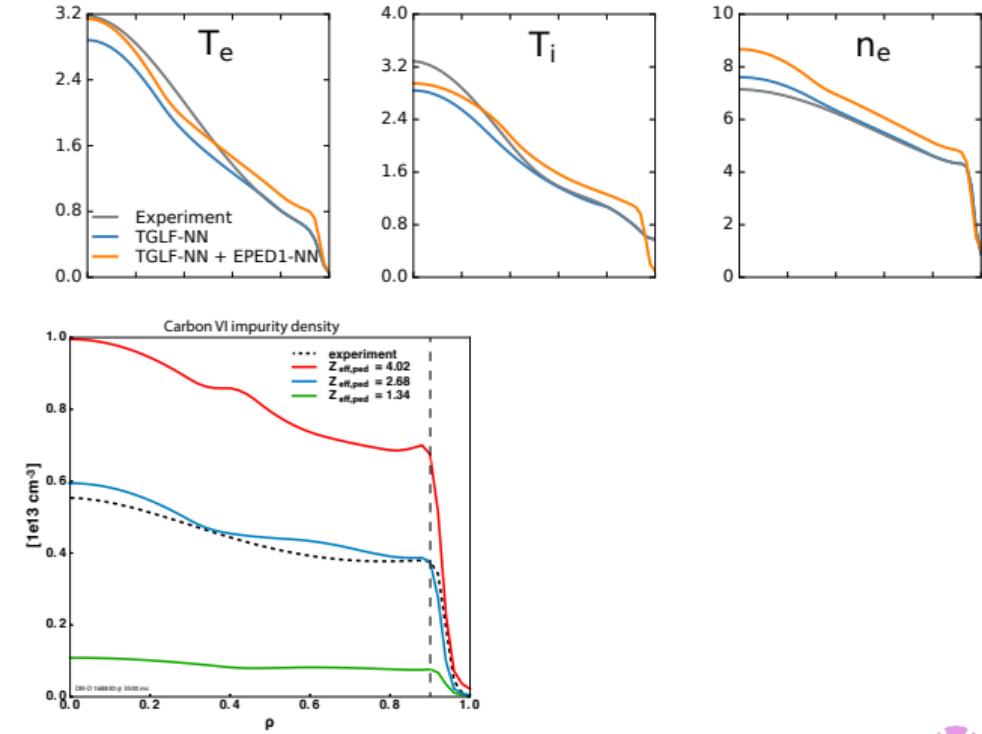
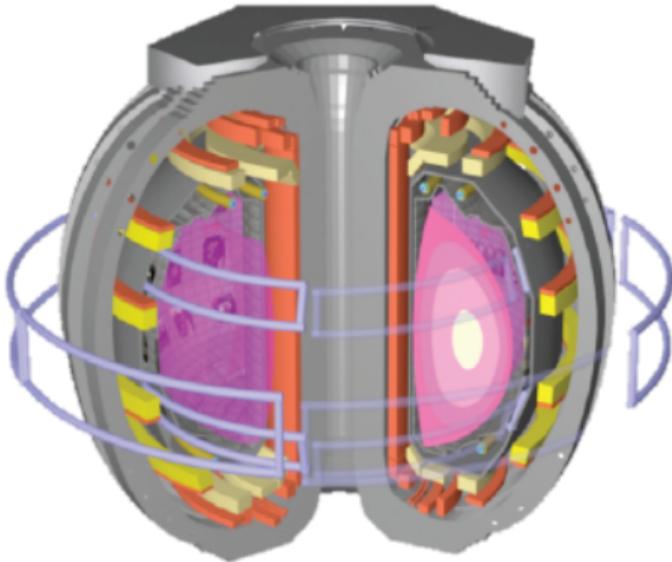


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 - NUBEAM, TORAY, GENRAY
- **Theory-based** except for D/χ in SOL, Z_{eff} and rotation at pedestal top.
- **Accuracy highly dependent on TGLF and EPED**

Application: Present day tokamaks

DIII-D (San Diego)

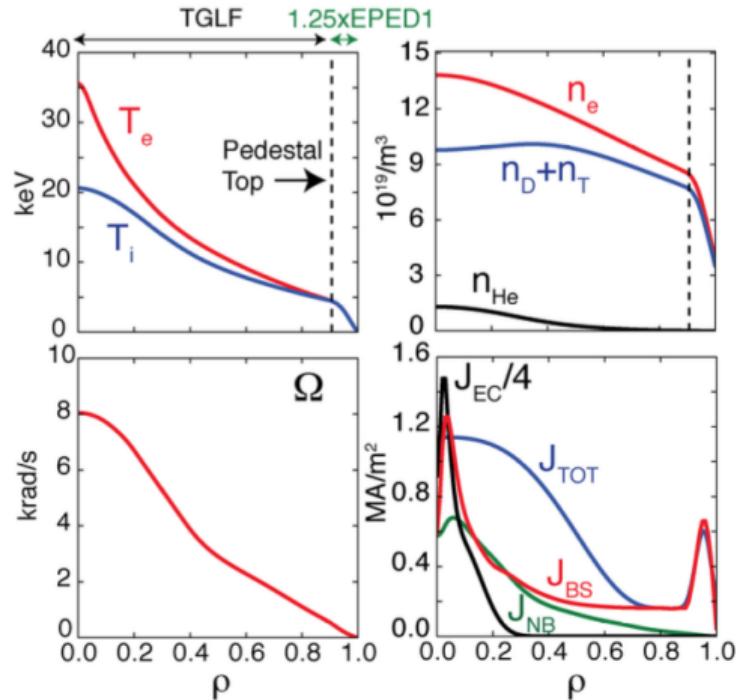
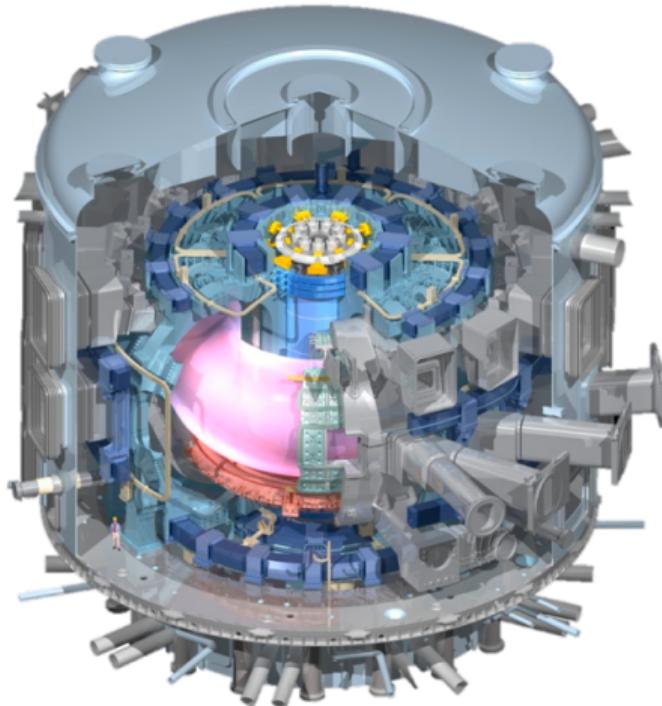
Core-edge impurity profile prediction (OMFIT-based)



Upcoming burning plasma

ITER (Provence, France)

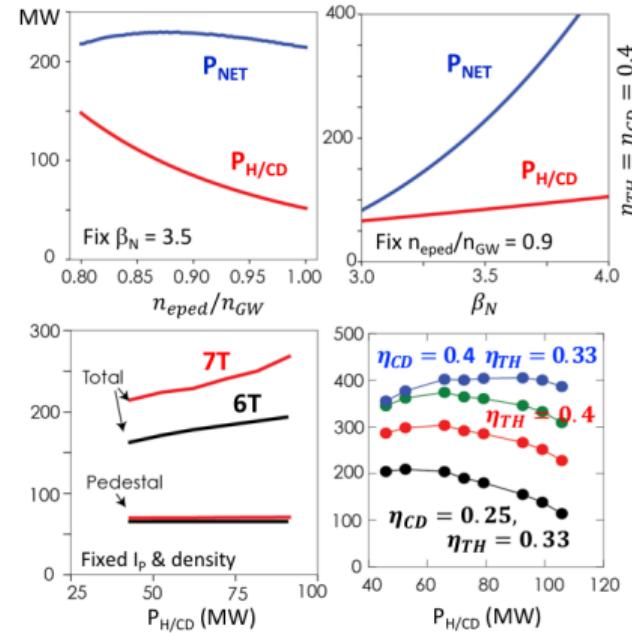
ITER steady-state hybrid scenario modeling (IPS-based)



Future reactor design

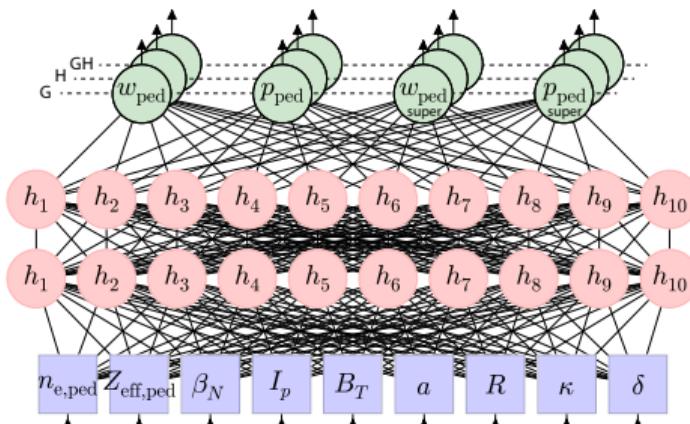
DEMO

C-AT DEMO reactor modeling (IPS-based)

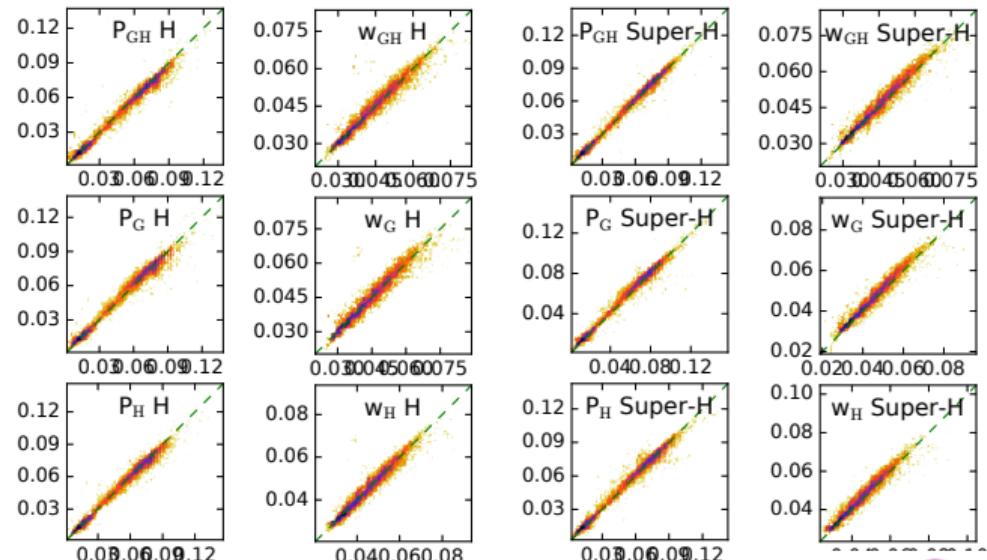


Create EPED1-NN neural net from EPED1 model

- **10 inputs → 12 outputs**
- **normal H mode** solution
- **Super-H mode** solution
- EPED1-NN tightly coupled in TGYRO

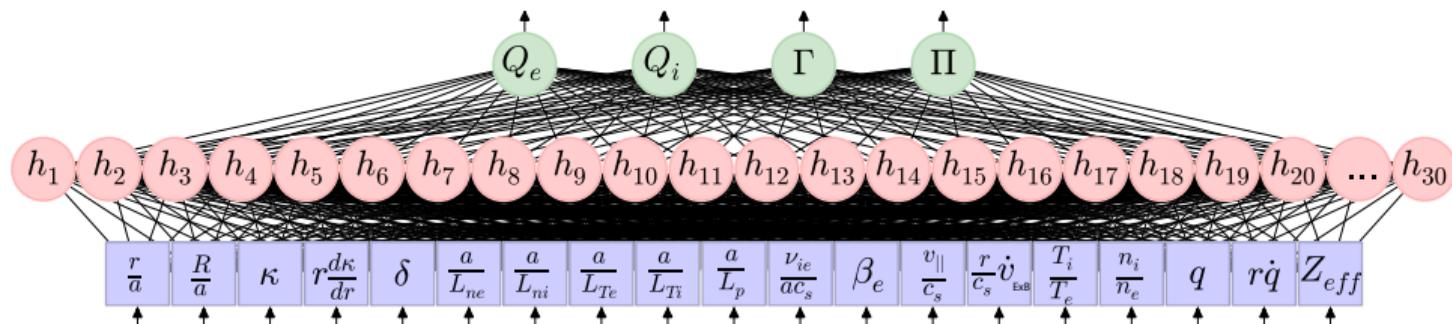


- Database of **20K EPED1 runs** (2M CPU hours)
- DIII-D(3K), KSTAR(700), JET(200), ITER(15K), CFETR (1.2K)



Create TGLF-NN neural net from TGLF reduced model

- **23 inputs → 4 outputs**
- Each dataset has 500K cases from 2300 multi-machine discharges
- Trained with TENSORFLOW
- Must be retrained as TGLF model is updated
- TGLF itself derived from **HPC CGYRO simulation**



- **Reduced model of nonlinear gyrokinetic flux** (1 second at 1 radial point)

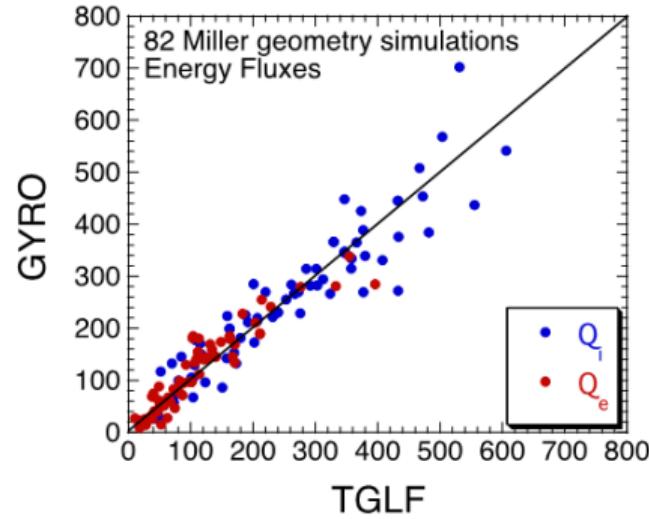
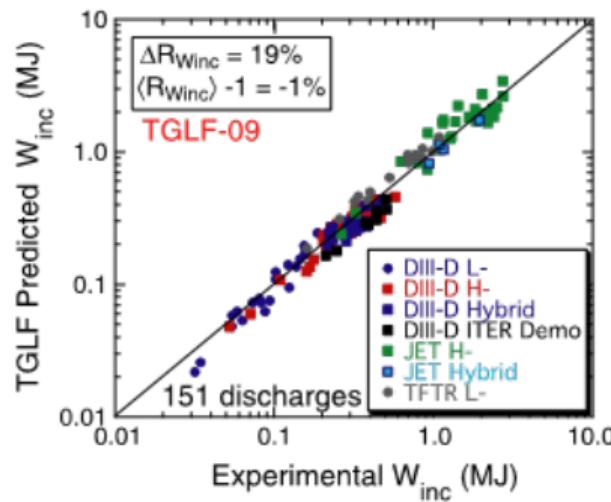
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 - database resolves only long-wavelength turbulence: $k_\theta \rho_i < 1$
- 10 million to one billion times faster than nonlinear gyrokinetics

- **Theory-based approach** – must be calibrated with nonlinear simulations
- Predictions validated with ITPA database
- **Discrepanies:** L-mode edge, EM saturation
- **CGYRO multiscale simulations needed**



- New coordinates, discretization, array distribution
 - **Pseudospectral** velocity space (ξ, v)
 - Fluid limit recovered as $v_e \rightarrow \infty$ (Hallatschek)
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 - **cuFFT/FFTW**
 - **GPUDirect MPI** on compatible systems
 - All kernels hybrid **OpenACC/OpenMP**

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- **Generate future database for TGLF edge calibration**

Carefully optimized for leadership systems



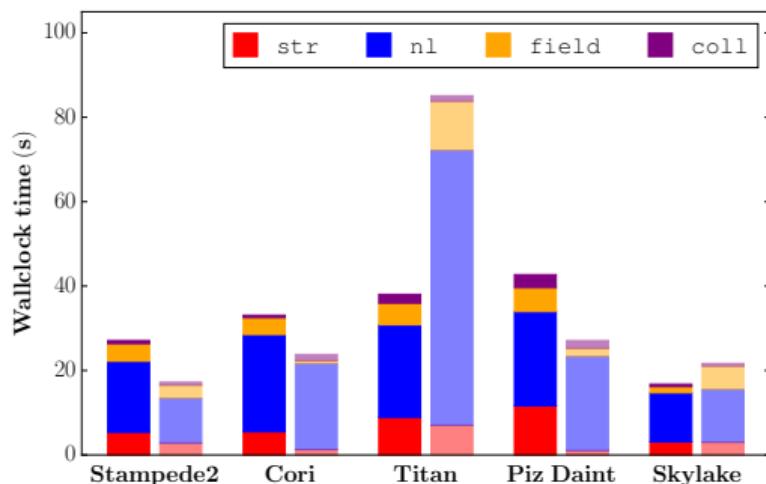
	Cori	Stampede2	Skylake	Titan	Piz Daint
Architecture	CPU	CPU	CPU	CPU/GPU	CPU/GPU
CPU Model	Xeon Phi 7250	Xeon Phi 7250	Xeon Plat 8160	Opteron 6274	Xeon ES-2690 v3
GPU Model				Tesla K20X 6GB	Tesla P100 16GB
Threads/node	272 (128 used)	272 (128 used)	96	16/2688	12/3584
TFLOP/node	3.0	3.0	3.5	1.5 (0.2+1.3)	4.5 (0.5+4.0)
Nodes	9668	4200	1736	18688	5320



Measuring Performance versus advertised peak

Kernel timing (left) and strong scaling (right)

Equal 1.6 PFLOP



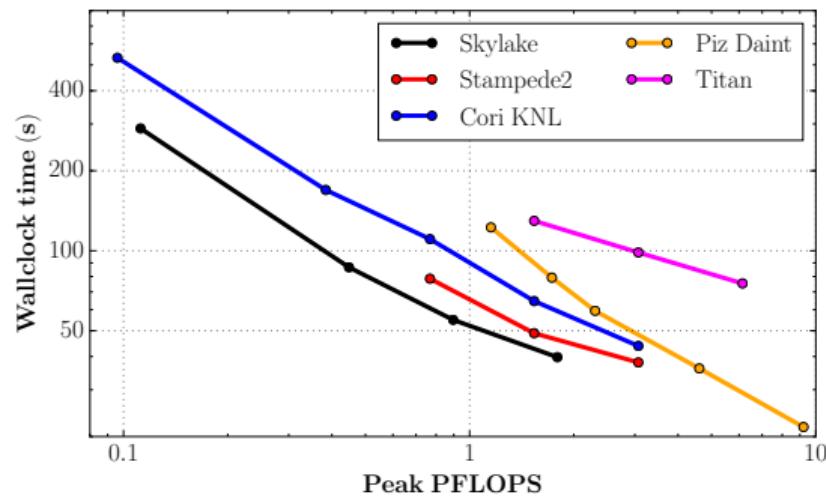
str = field-line streaming

nl = nonlinear Poisson Bracket

field = field solve

coll = collisions (implicit)

Increasing fraction of peak

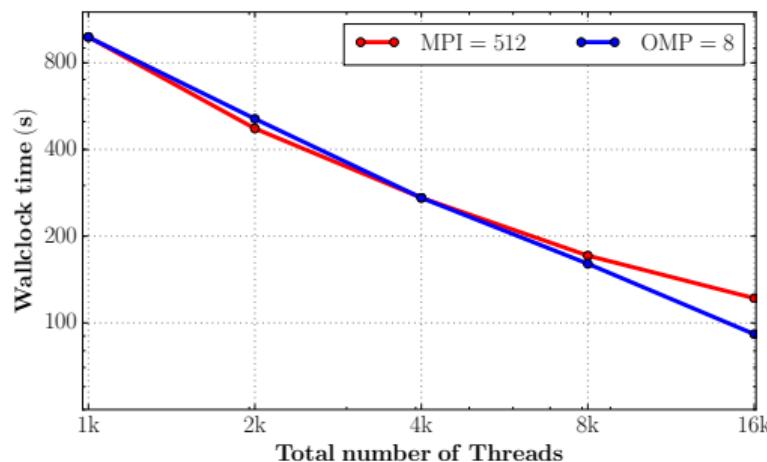


- lower is better (closer to advertised)
- Xeon (Stampede2 Skylake) performing well

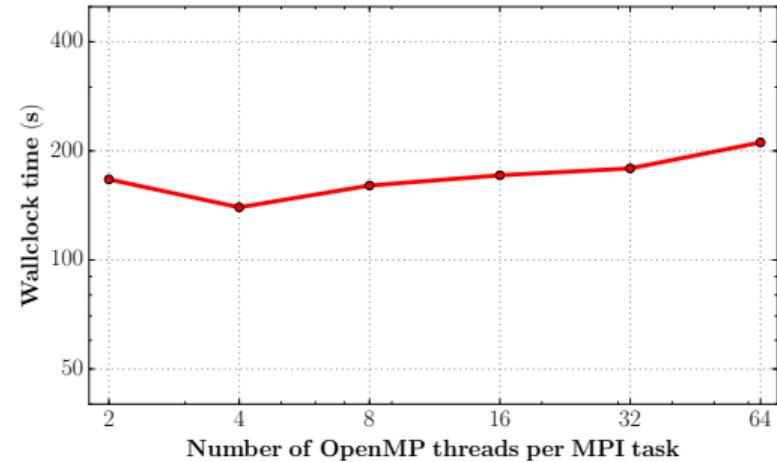
Excellent OpenMP performance

- Results for **NERSC Cori KNL** (use 128 threads per node)
- Almost **perfect tradeoff** between MPI tasks and OpenMP threads

OMP vs MPI strong scaling



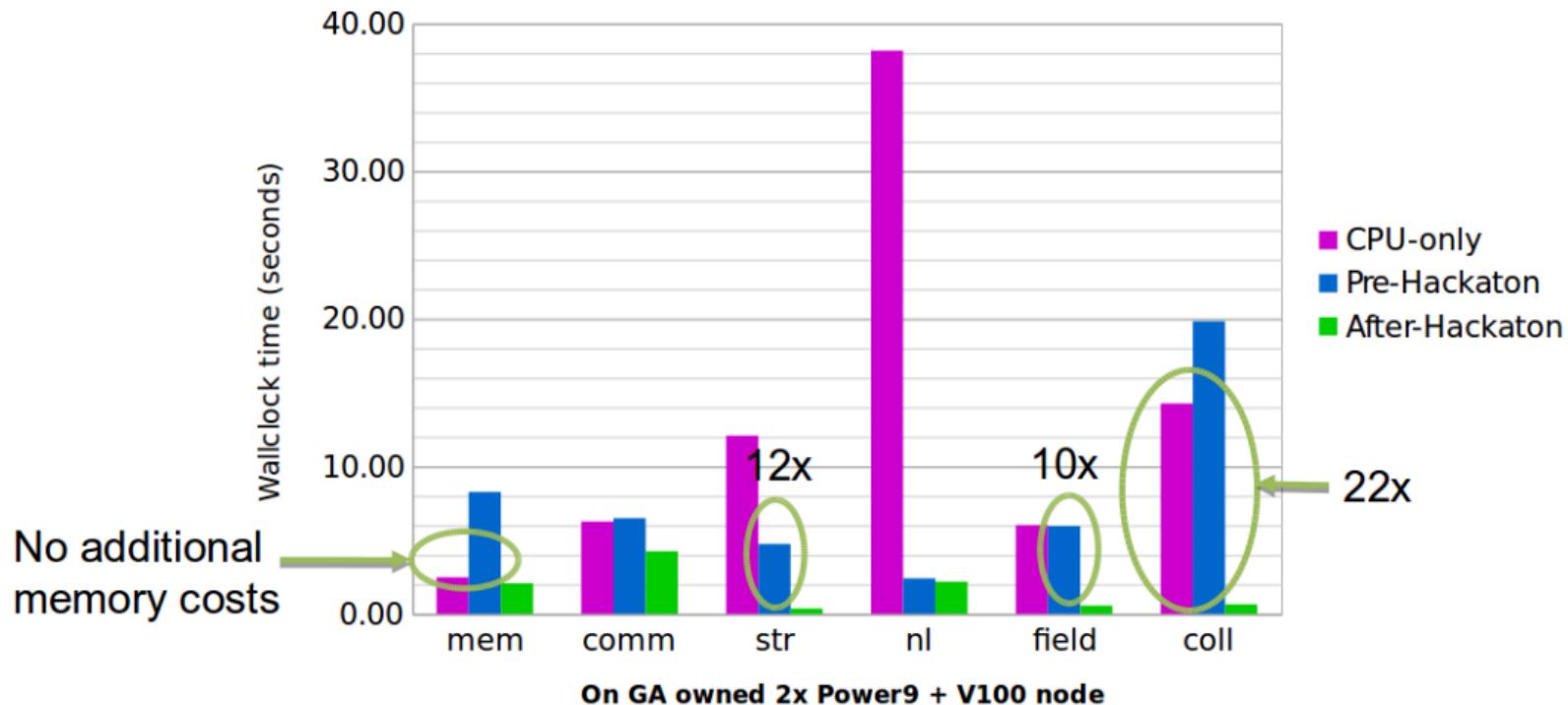
OMP-MPI tradeoff



GPUDirect MPI Recently Implemented

General Atomics Power9+V100 nodes

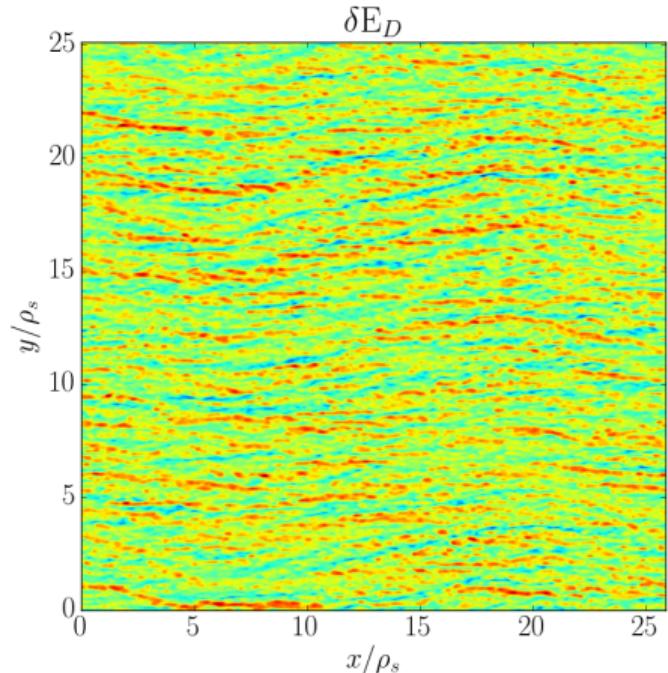
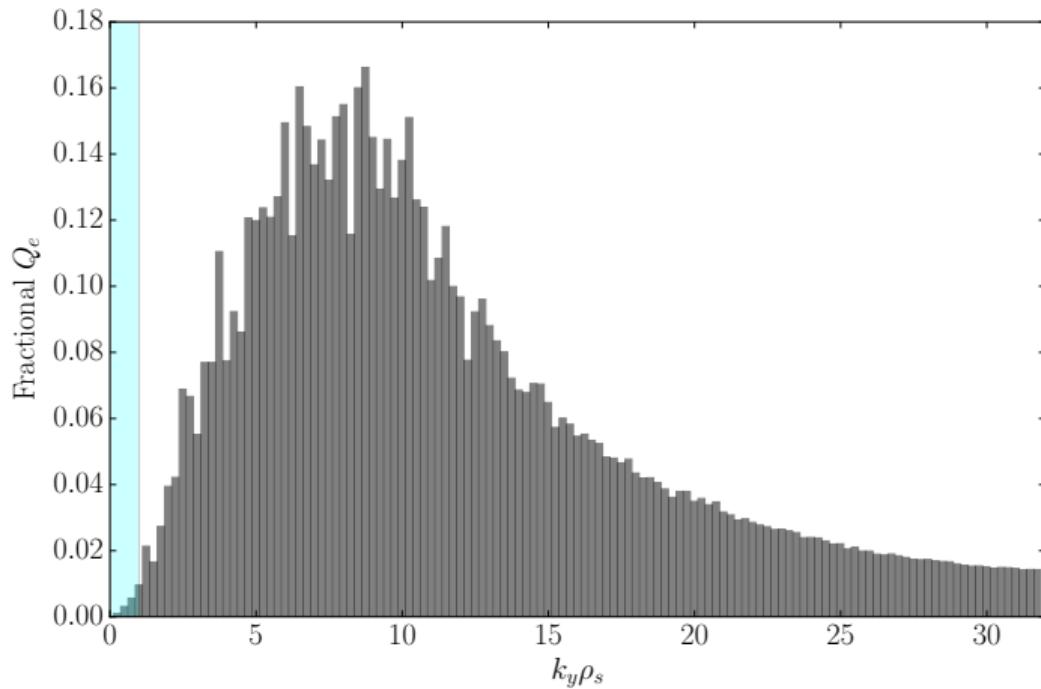
CGYRO Kernels - Plasma Core Simulation



Arbitrary-wavelength formulation for multiscale

Experimental DIII-D ITER-baseline discharge reproduced

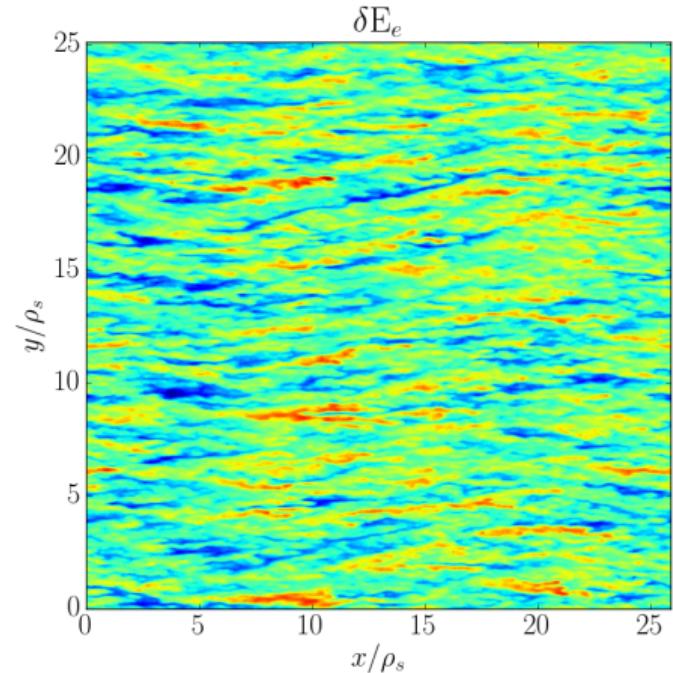
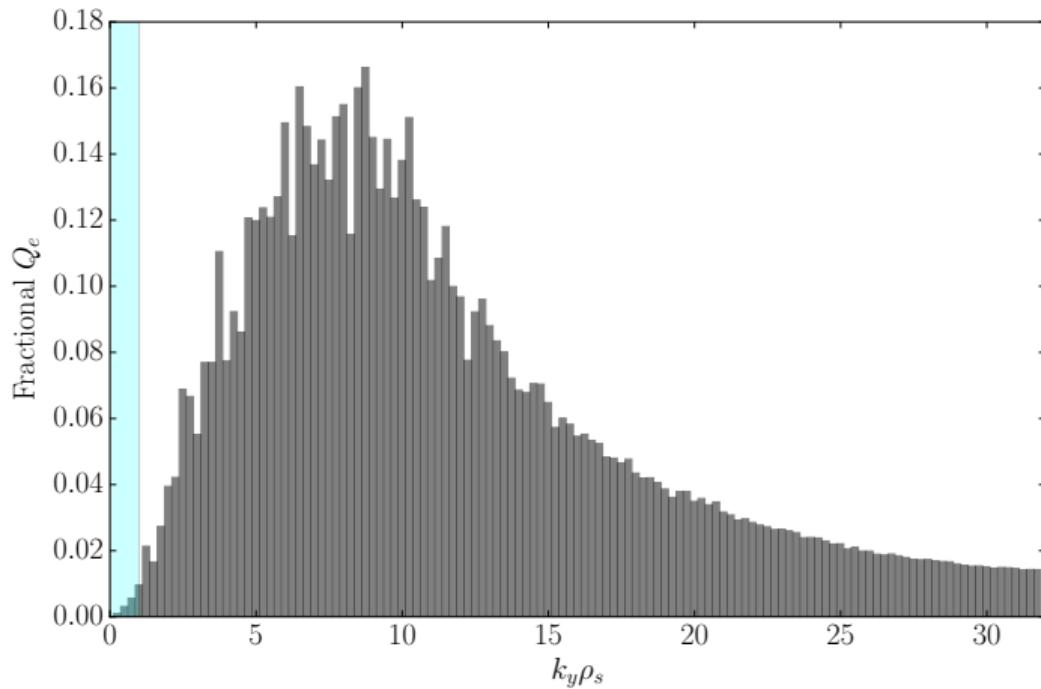
Traditional ion-scale domain shown in blue



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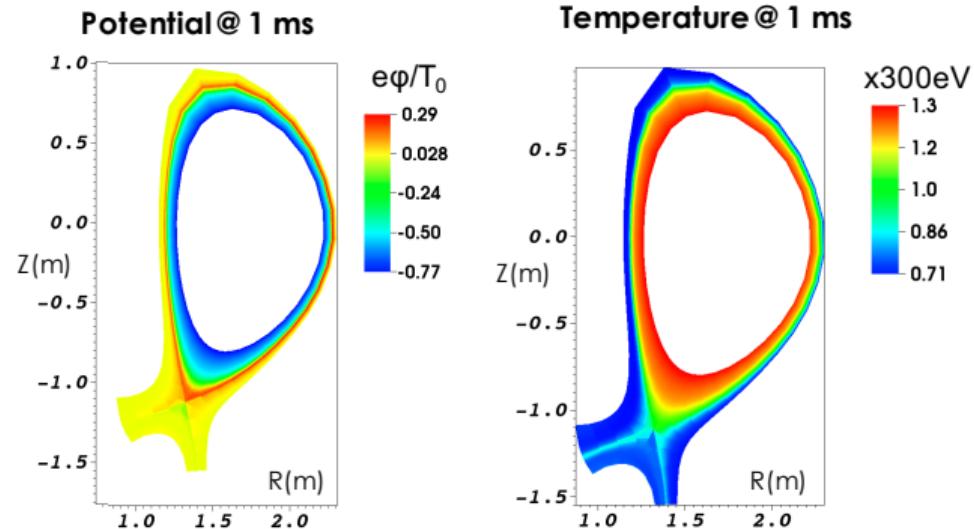
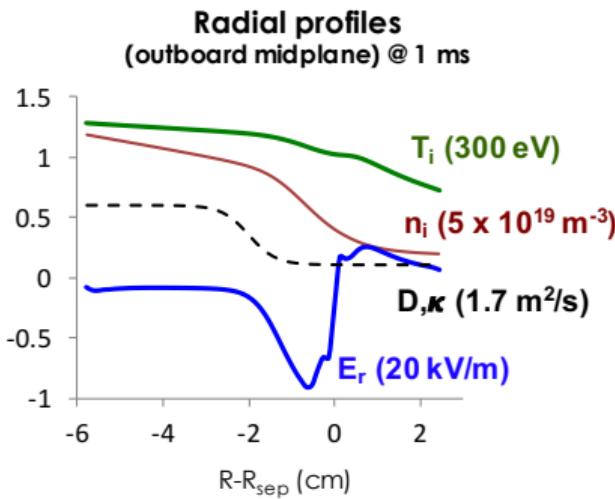
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COGENT: Direct Kinetic Eulerian Edge Simulation

Provide future theory-based transport fluxes in SOL

- Kinetic cross-separatrix transport computed by COGENT
- Includes 2D potential and Fokker-Planck ion-ion collisions



AToM Use Cases

Entry point for collaboration with AToM (UCSD)

- Validation and scenario modeling will be organized about benchmark use cases
 - datasets describing **key plasma discharges** for component and workflow validation
 - effective way to benchmark models, track improvements, **assess performance**

Key concept for AToM interaction with other SciDACs

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 - Magnetic equilibria and profile data in accessible format
 - Repository of calculated quantities (code results)
 - Provenance documentation (shots/publications/models)

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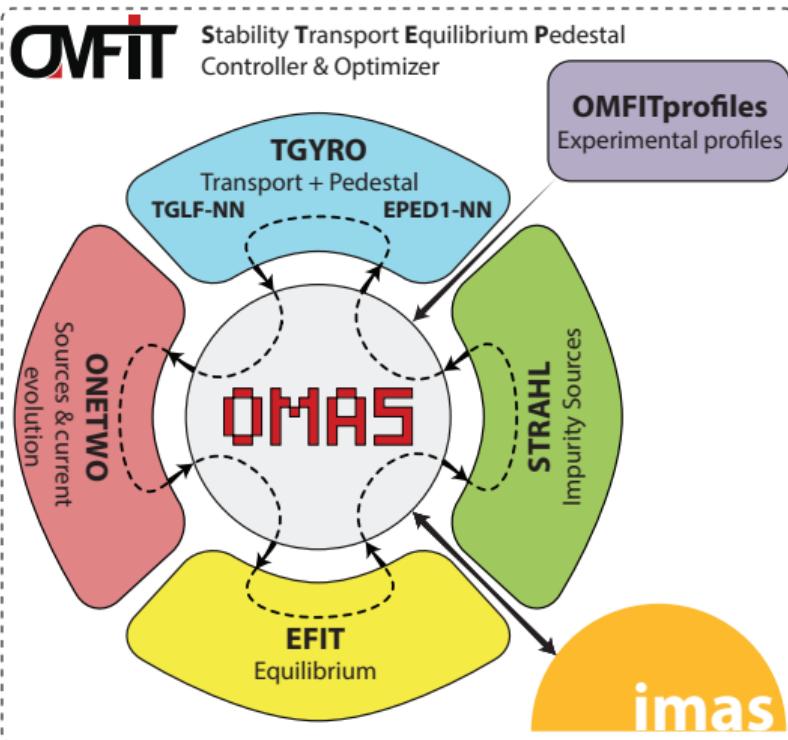
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- **Candidate Use Cases**
 - ① DIII-D L-mode shortfall, ITER baseline, steady-state discharges
 - ② Alcator C-Mod LOC/SOC plasmas, EDA H-mode toroidal field scan
 - ③ ITER inductive, hybrid, and steady-state scenarios
 - ④ ARIES ACT-1/ACT-2 reactor scenarios

Key concept for AToM interaction with other SciDACS

Compliance with the ITER IMAS data model

<https://gafusion.github.io/omas>



- Transfer data between components using OMAS (python)
- API stores data in format compatible with **IMAS data model**
- Use storage systems other than native IMAS

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 - issues with speed, stability, portability, usability

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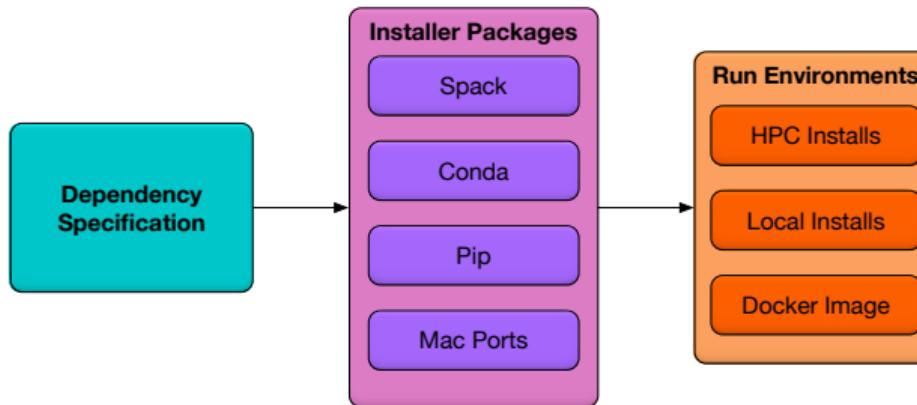
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 - issues with speed, stability, portability, usability
- **OMAS** solution:
 - store data according to **IMAS schema**
 - **do not use** the IMAS infrastructure itself
 - facilitate data translation to/from IMAS schema
 - lightweight Python library

AToM Environment: Dependency Specification

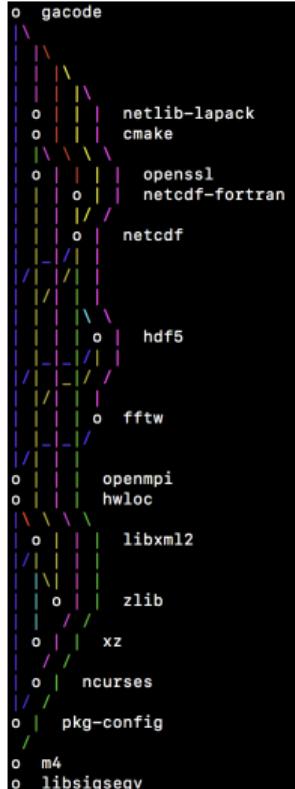
Managing the **zoo of physics codes**

- **Component challenge**
 - deal with a **zoo of physics codes**
 - legacy/modern, different languages, compiled/interpreted, serial/HPC/leadership
- **AToM Approach**
 - Add new dependencies in a single location
 - Generate recipes/specs/etc and build installer packages
 - Upload packages to package manager, build images



AToM HPC Environment: Spack

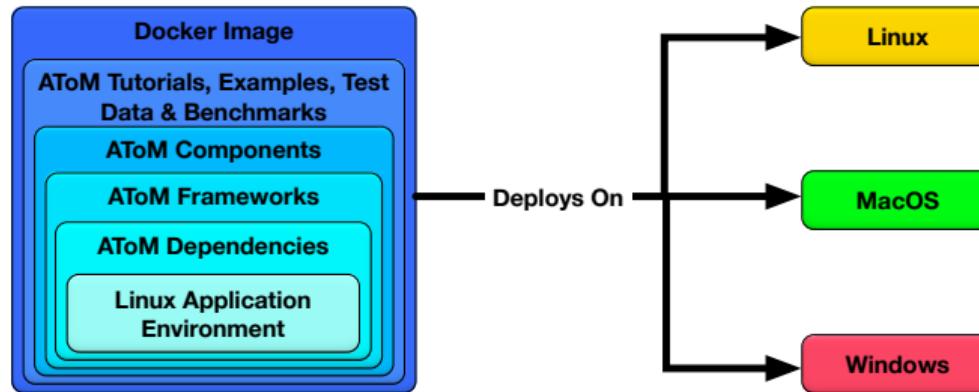
AToM components installable from AToM Spack repository



- **Spack** manages installation of dependencies
 - **list available packages**
`$ spack list -t atom`
 - **install package**
`$ spack install [package]`
 - **install AToM tier1 package**
`$ spack install atom-tier1`
- **CONDA** for local instal and distribution of pre-built environment
- **PIP/MACPORTS** provide options for Python/OSX

AToM Environment: Docker

Deploy without building → up and running quickly



- Single monolithic image
- Common user environment across multiple platform
- Enables users on nontarget platform to run components locally
- OMFIT runtime environment currently available as Docker image