BNLL CEWL Data Wrangling

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Packages

Background and Goals

This CEWL (cutaneous evaporative water loss) data was measured in 3-5 technical replicates on the middorsum of Blunt-nosed Leopard Lizards (*Gambelia sila*) between April - July 2021. In this R script, I check the distribution of replicates, omit outliers, and average remaining replicates. The final values will be more precise and accurate estimates of the true CEWL for each lizard, and those values will be used in the analyses R script file. Please refer to **doi:** for the published scientific paper and full details.

Load Data

1. Compile a list of the filenames I need to read-in.

```
# make a list of file names of all data to load in
filenames <- list.files(path = "data/CEWL")</pre>
```

2. Make a function that will read in the data from each csv, name and organize the data correctly.

```
read_CEWL_file <- function(filename) {</pre>
  dat <- read.csv(file.path("data/CEWL", filename),</pre>
                  na.strings=c("","NA"),
                # each csv has headers
                header = TRUE
                ) %>%
    # select only the relevant values
    dplyr::select(date = Date,
                  time = Time,
                  status = Status,
                  ID_rep_no = Comments,
                  CEWL_g_m2h = 'TEWL..g..m2h..',
                  msmt_temp_C = 'AmbT..C.',
                  msmt_RH_percent = 'AmbRH....'
                  ) %>%
    # extract individual_ID and replicate number
    dplyr::mutate(ID_rep_no = as.character(ID_rep_no),
                  ID_len = as.factor(nchar(ID_rep_no)),
                  individual_ID = as.factor(case_when(
                    ID_len == 7 ~ as.character(paste(substr(ID_rep_no, 1, 1),
                                              substr(ID_rep_no, 3, 5),
                                              sep = "-")),
                    ID_len == 6 & substr(ID_rep_no, 1, 1) == "W"
                        ~ as.character(paste(substr(ID_rep_no, 1, 1),
                                              substr(ID_rep_no, 2, 4),
                                              sep = "-")),
                    ID_len == 6 & substr(ID_rep_no, 1, 1) %in% c("M", "F")
                        ~ as.character(paste(substr(ID_rep_no, 1, 1),
                                              substr(ID_rep_no, 3, 4),
                                              sep = "-")),
                    ID_len == 5 ~ as.character(paste(substr(ID_rep_no, 1, 1),
                                              substr(ID_rep_no, 2, 3),
                                              sep = "-")))
                    ),
                  # works
                  replicate_no = as.factor(case_when(
                    ID_len == 7 ~ as.character(substr(ID_rep_no, 7, 7)),
                    ID_len == 6 ~ as.character(substr(ID_rep_no, 6, 6)),
                    ID_len == 5 ~ as.character(substr(ID_rep_no, 5, 5))
                    )))
  # return the dataframe for that single csv file
 dat
}
```

3. Apply the function I made to all of the filenames I compiled, then put all of those dataframes into one dataframe. This will print warnings saying that header and col.names are different lengths, because the data has extra notes cols that we read-in, but get rid of. Additionally, filter out failed measurements and properly format data classes.

```
# apply function to get data from all csvs
all_CEWL_data <- lapply(filenames, read_CEWL_file) %>%
  # paste all data files together into one df by row
  reduce(rbind) %>%
  # filter out failed measurements
  dplyr::filter(status == "Normal") %>%
  # correctly format data classes
  mutate(date = as.Date(date, format = "%m/%d/%y"),
         time = as.POSIXct(time, format = "%H:%M"),
         status = as.factor(status)
summary(all_CEWL_data)
##
         date
                             time
                                                          status
                                :2022-07-03 01:00:00
##
   Min.
           :2021-04-23
                        Min.
                                                       Normal:456
##
   1st Qu.:2021-04-24
                        1st Qu.:2022-07-03 02:24:45
##
   Median :2021-05-07
                        Median :2022-07-03 03:46:00
##
   Mean
           :2021-05-12
                        Mean
                                :2022-07-03 04:22:43
   3rd Qu.:2021-05-08
                        3rd Qu.:2022-07-03 05:02:15
##
##
   Max.
          :2021-07-14
                        Max.
                                :2022-07-03 12:59:00
##
##
    ID_rep_no
                        CEWL_g_m2h
                                       msmt_temp_C
                                                      msmt_RH_percent ID_len
##
  Length: 456
                      Min. :-1.32
                                      Min.
                                             :18.90
                                                              :11.50
                                                                      5:122
                      1st Qu.: 7.74
                                      1st Qu.:28.50
                                                      1st Qu.:14.50
                                                                      6:244
##
   Class : character
##
   Mode :character
                      Median :10.21
                                      Median :30.30
                                                      Median :16.95
                                                                      7: 90
##
                      Mean
                             :10.62
                                      Mean
                                             :29.55
                                                             :21.36
                                                      Mean
##
                      3rd Qu.:12.89
                                      3rd Qu.:31.50
                                                       3rd Qu.:24.30
##
                             :65.31
                                      Max.
                                             :33.70
                      Max.
                                                      Max.
                                                              :41.60
##
##
   individual_ID replicate_no
##
   F-12
          : 13
                 1:117
##
  M-10
           : 13
                 2:118
##
  M - 11
          : 13
                 3:118
## M-19
           : 13
                 4: 52
## M-20
           : 13
                 5: 51
## M-09
          : 12
## (Other):379
unique(all_CEWL_data$individual_ID)
  [1] F-01 F-10 F-11 F-12 F-13 F-14 F-15 F-16 F-17 F-18 F-19
## [13] F-03 F-04 F-05 F-06 F-07 F-08 F-09 M-01 M-10 M-11 M-12
                                                                         M-13
## [25] M-14 M-15 M-16 M-17 M-18 M-19 M-02 M-20 M-03 M-04 M-05
## [37] M-07 M-08 M-09 W-010 W-011 W-012 W-013 W-014 W-015 W-016 W-017 W-018
## [49] W-019 W-002 W-020 W-021 W-022 W-023 W-024 W-025 W-026 W-027 W-028 W-003
## [61] W-004 W-005 W-006 W-007 W-008 W-009 W-029 W-030 W-031 W-001 W-032 F-08A
## [73] W-034 W-035 W-033 W-036 W-037 W-038 M-03A W-039
## 80 Levels: F-01 F-02 F-03 F-04 F-05 F-06 F-07 F-08 F-09 F-10 F-11 F-12 ... W-039
```

Check Data

Each lizard measured on each date should have 3-5 technical replicates, and those measurements should have been taken around the same time.

```
all_CEWL_data %>%
                group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
                summarise(n = n(),
                           time_range = max(time) - min(time)) %>%
                arrange(n)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
## # A tibble: 118 x 4
## # Groups:
               individual ID [80]
      individual ID date
##
                                    n time_range
##
                                <int> <drtn>
      <fct>
                    <date>
##
   1 F-01
                    2021-04-23
                                    3 120 secs
##
    2 F-02
                    2021-04-23
                                    3 120 secs
##
    3 F-03
                    2021-04-23
                                    3 120 secs
##
   4 F-04
                    2021-04-23
                                    3 60 secs
   5 F-05
##
                    2021-04-24
                                    3 120 secs
##
    6 F-06
                    2021-04-24
                                    3 120 secs
##
   7 F-07
                                       60 secs
                    2021-04-24
                                    3
##
   8 F-08
                    2021-04-24
                                    3
                                       60 secs
## 9 F-09
                    2021-04-24
                                    3 120 secs
## 10 F-10
                    2021-04-24
                                    3 120 secs
## # ... with 108 more rows
```

The number of measurements taken is good! Almost always 3 or 5, with two lizards who only got 4 measurements, which is fine. But, M01 on April 23 and M03a on July 14 have abnormal time ranges of 43140 seconds (almost 12h), so we need to check that data.

Aha, it seems the problem is that the time isn't perfectly formatted, so 1 pm is coded as 1 am -> the measurements in question went across hours of 12 noon to 1 pm, so when reformatted, it seems like 1 am to 12 pm. It's fine as-is, and nothing is amiss with the data.

Replicates

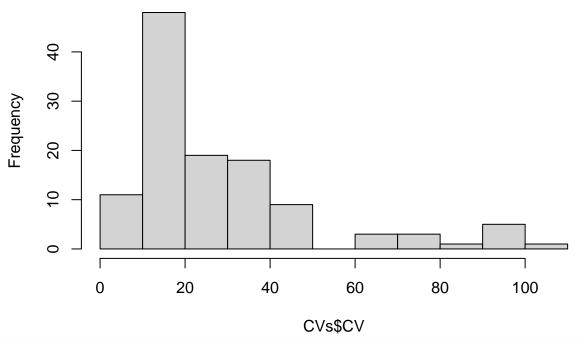
Assess Variation

We want the Coefficient of Variation (CV) among our technical replicates to be small. We need to calculate it to identify whether there may be outliers.

`summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument) summary(CVs)

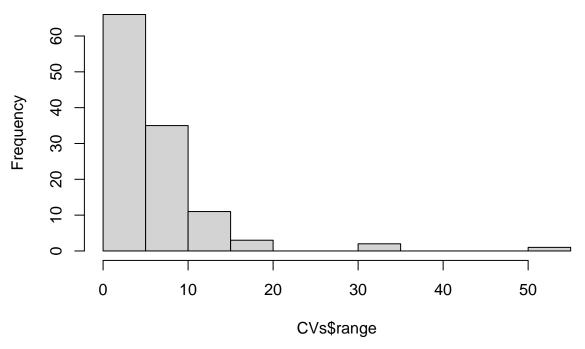
| ## | individual_ID | | date | | mean | | SD | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|----|-------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|--|
| ## | F-12 | : | 3 | Min. :20 | 21-04-23 | Min. | : 0.650 | Min. | : 0.1124 | |
| ## | M-09 | : | 3 | 1st Qu.:20 | 21-04-24 | 1st Qu | .: 8.486 | 1st Qu | 1.4849 | |
| ## | M-10 | : | 3 | Median :20 | 21-04-24 | Median | :10.443 | Median | : 2.0290 | |
| ## | M-11 | : | 3 | Mean :20 | 21-05-08 | Mean | :10.823 | Mean | : 2.9641 | |
| ## | M-19 : 3 3rd | | 3rd Qu.:20 | d Qu.:2021-05-08 | | 3rd Qu.:13.391 | | 3rd Qu.: 3.1195 | | |
| ## | M-20 | : | 3 | Max. :20 | 21-07-14 | Max. | :31.550 | Max. | :29.3242 | |
| ## | (Other):100 | | | | | | | | | |
| ## | | CV | | m: | in | ma | ax | ran | ıge | |
| ## | Min. | : | 1.9 | 56 Min. | :-1.320 | Min. | : 1.12 | Min. | : 0.220 | |
| ## | 1st Qu.: 15.02 | | 21 1st Qu.: 6.723 | | 1st Qu.:10.21 | | 1st Qu.: 3.130 | | | |
| ## | Median : 20.13 | | 35 Median | : 8.245 | Median | :13.32 | Median | : 4.600 | | |
| ## | Mean | : | 28.7 | 13 Mean | : 8.159 | Mean | :14.36 | Mean | : 6.196 | |
| ## | 3rd Qu.: 35.639 | | 39 3rd Qu | 3rd Qu.:10.500 | | 3rd Qu.:16.37 | | 3rd Qu.: 6.772 | | |
| ## | Max. | :1 | 05.7 | 13 Max. | :19.640 | Max. | :65.31 | Max. | :52.900 | |
| ## | | | | | | | | | | |
| hist(CVs\$CV) | | | | | | | | | | |

Histogram of CVs\$CV



hist(CVs\$range)

Histogram of CVs\$range



We expect CV for technical replicates to be < 10-15%, so we must determine whether the CVs > 15% are due to outlier replicates. The range should also generally be within 5 units for these measurements. :(

Find Outliers

First, create a function to look at the replicates for each individual on each day. For each iteration, I will make a boxplot and extract any outliers, compiling a dataframe of outliers that I want to exclude from the final dataset. By printing the boxplots and compiling a dataframe of outliers, I can check the data against the plots to ensure confidence in the outliers quantified.

```
# write function to find outliers for each individual on each date
find_outliers <- function(df) {</pre>
  # initiate dataframe to compile info and list to compile plots
  outliers <- data.frame()</pre>
  #boxplots <- list()</pre>
  # initiate a for loop to go through every who in df
  for(indiv_ch in unique(df$individual_ID)) {
    # select data for only the individual of interest
    df_sub <- df %>%
      dplyr::filter(individual_ID == (indiv_ch))
    # make a boxplot
    df_sub %>%
      ggplot(.) +
      geom_boxplot(aes(x = as.factor(date),
                        y = CEWL_g_m2h,
                        fill = as.factor(date))) +
```

```
ggtitle(paste("Individual", indiv_ch)) +
      theme_classic() -> plot
    # print/save
    print(plot)
    #boxplots[[indiv_ch]] <- plot</pre>
    # extract outliers
    outs <- df sub %>%
      group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
      summarise(outs = boxplot.stats(CEWL_g_m2h)$out)
    # add to running dataframe of outliers
    outliers <- outliers %>%
      rbind(outs)
  }
  #return(boxplots)
  return(outliers)
}
```

Now apply the function to the data:

```
par(mfrow = c(71, 2))
outliers_found <- find_outliers(all_CEWL_data)</pre>
```

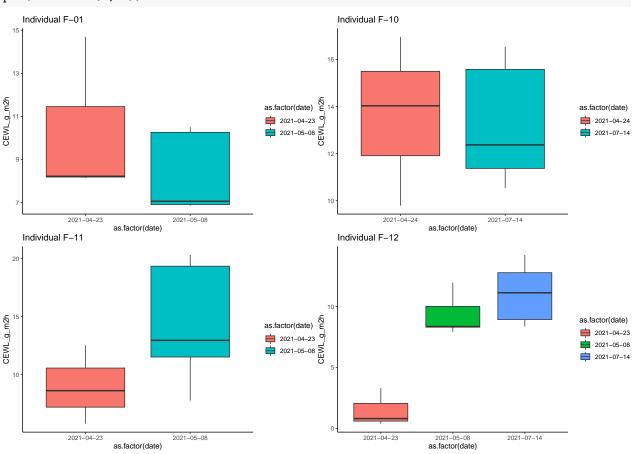
```
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
  `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
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## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
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## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
```

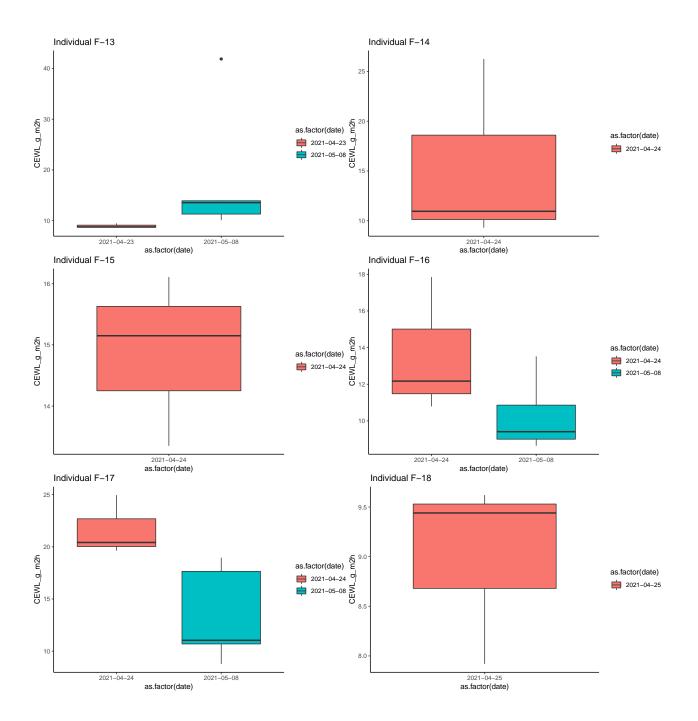
```
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
    summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
   summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise() regrouping output by 'individual ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
    summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
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    summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise() regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
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   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
    summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise() regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise() regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise() regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   summarise() regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups`
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
  `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
  `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
   `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID', 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
```

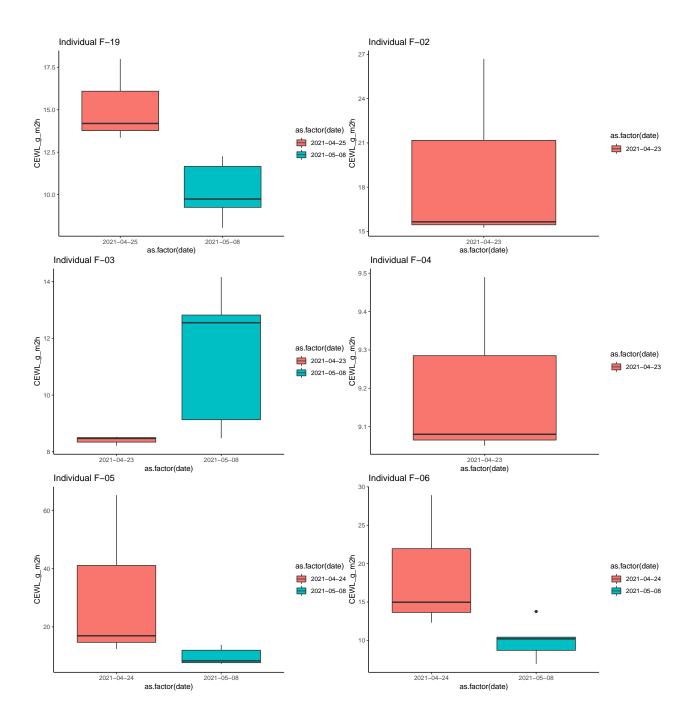
`summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
outliers_found

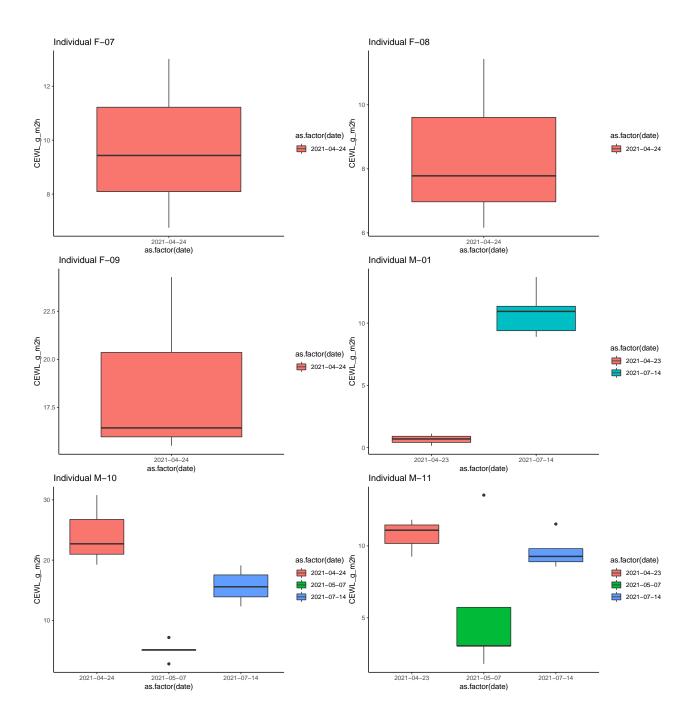
```
## # A tibble: 24 x 3
## # Groups:
               individual_ID, date [18]
      individual_ID date
##
      <fct>
                                <dbl>
                    <date>
##
    1 F-13
                    2021-05-08 41.9
##
   2 F-06
                    2021-05-08 13.8
                    2021-05-07 7.17
##
   3 M-10
                    2021-05-07 2.79
##
   4 M-10
                    2021-05-07 13.5
##
   5 M-11
##
   6 M-11
                    2021-07-14 11.5
##
    7 M-13
                    2021-07-14 17.1
    8 M-13
                    2021-07-14 11.3
##
                    2021-07-14 17.9
##
  9 M-19
                    2021-07-14 11.3
## 10 M-20
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

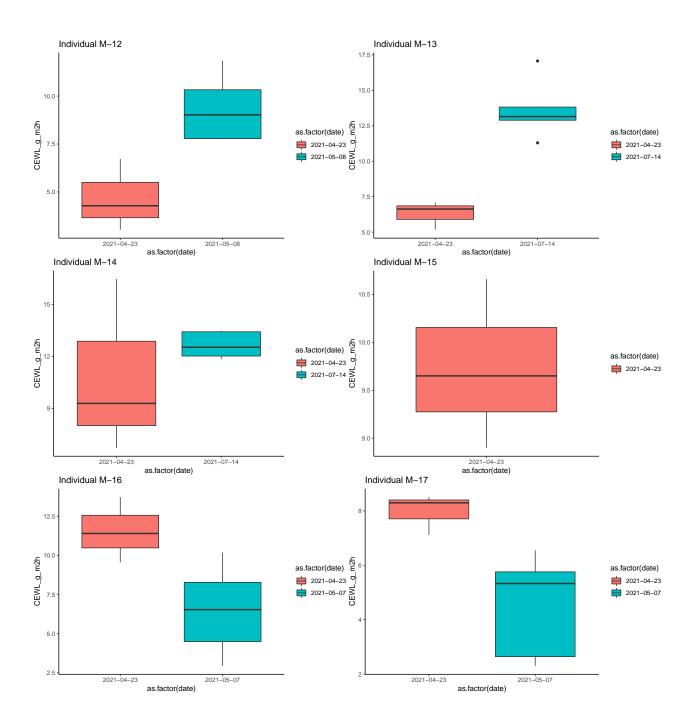
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))

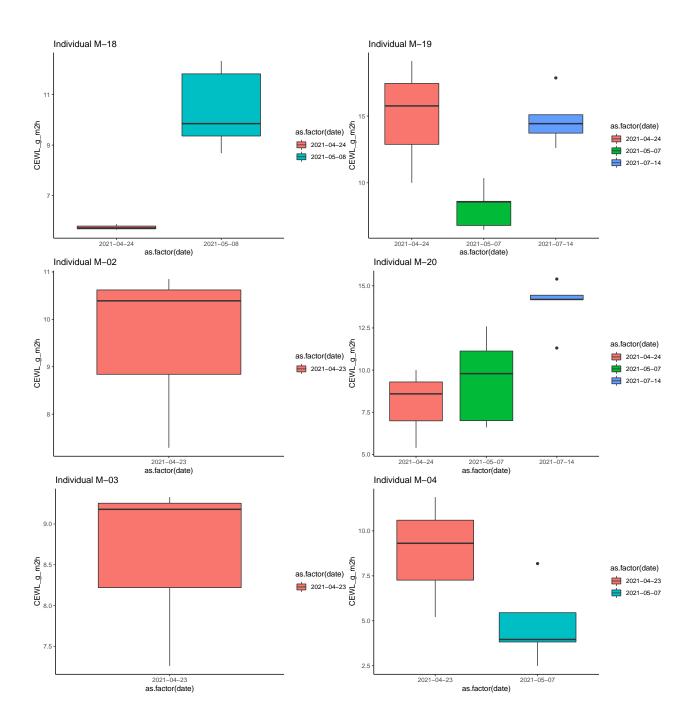


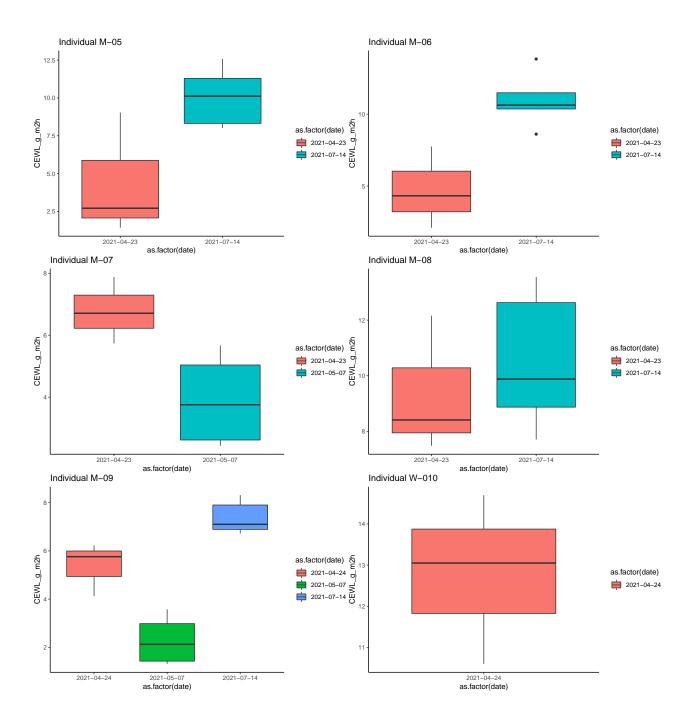


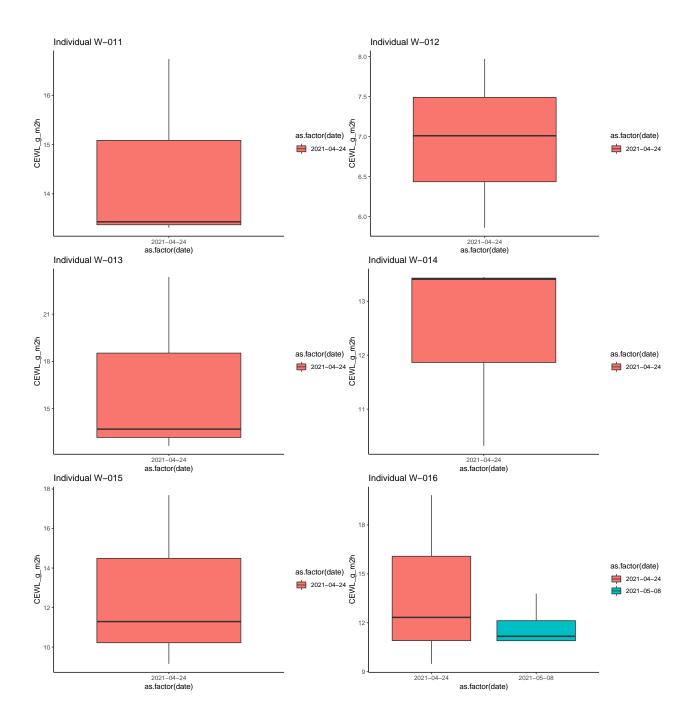


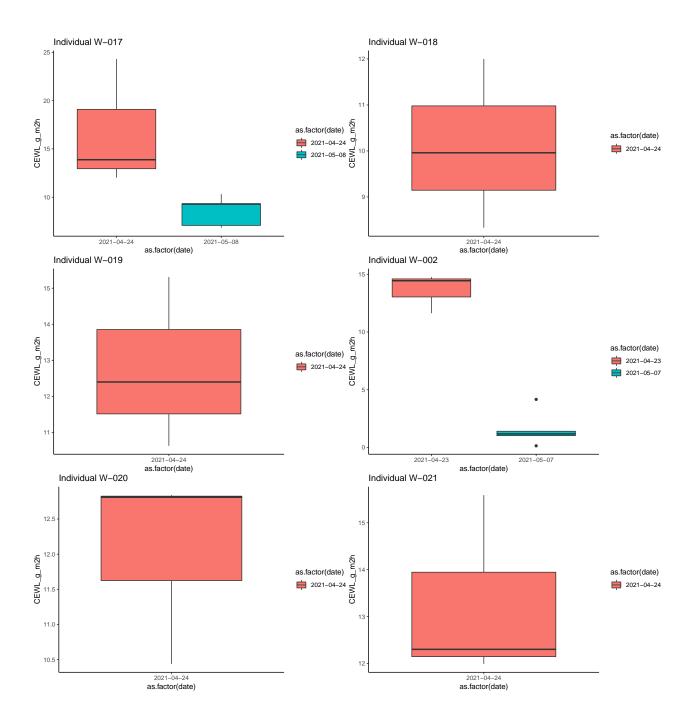


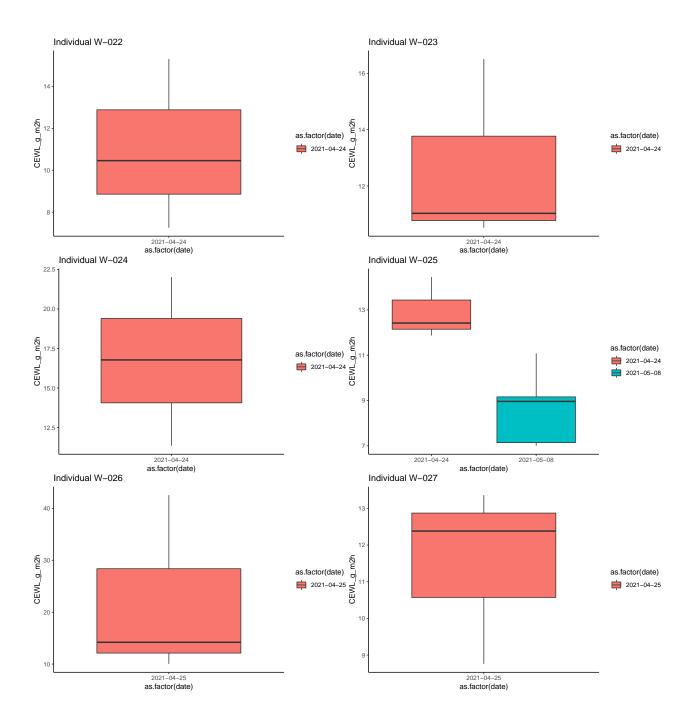


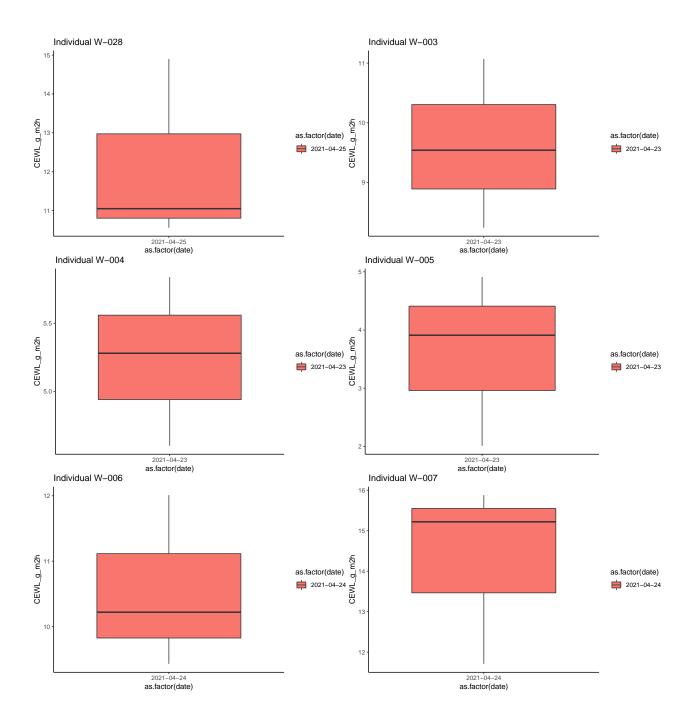


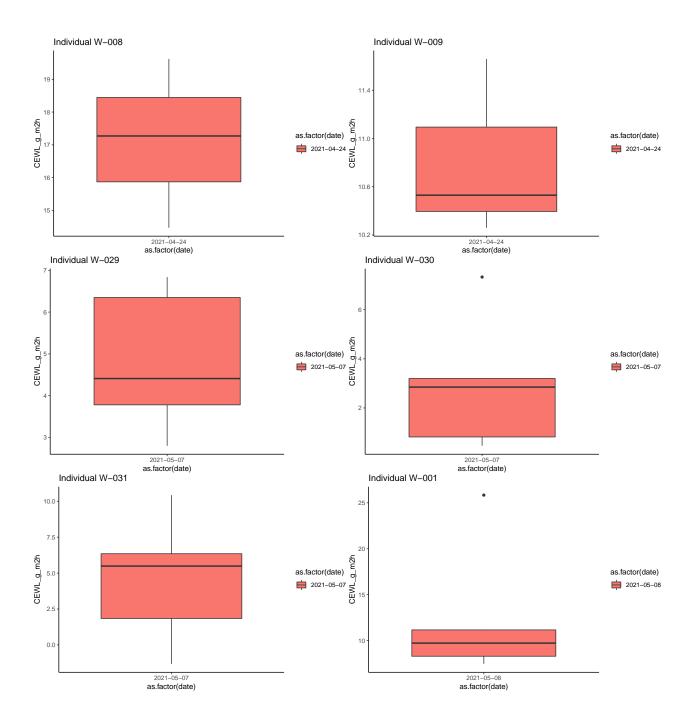


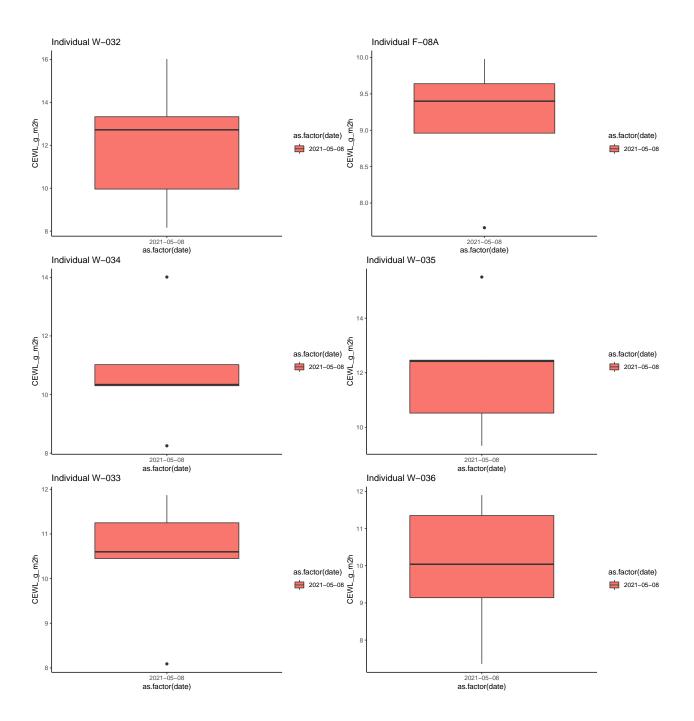


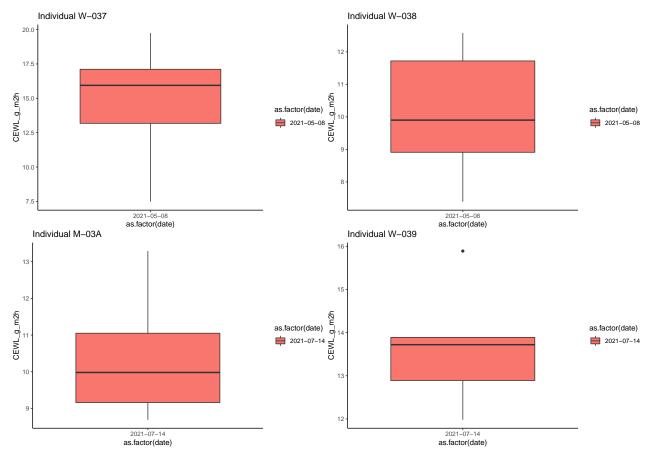












Based on the plots, the dataframe of outliers I compiled is correct. (yay!)

Remove Outliers

Now I will create a secondary version of the same function, but instead of compiling outliers, I will omit them from the dataset.

```
# write function to find and exclude outliers
omit_outliers <- function(df) {

# initiate dataframe to compile info and list to compile plots
cleaned <- data.frame()

# initiate a for loop to go through every who in df
for(indiv_ch in unique(df$individual_ID)) {

# select data for only the individual of interest
df_sub <- df %>%
    dplyr::filter(individual_ID == (indiv_ch))

# extract outliers
outs <- df_sub %>%
    group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
    summarise(outs = boxplot.stats(CEWL_g_m2h)$out)

# filter outliers from data subset for this individual
filtered <- df_sub %>%
```

```
dplyr::filter(CEWL_g_m2h %nin% outs$outs)

# add to running dataframe of cleaned data
cleaned <- cleaned %>%
    rbind(filtered)
}
return(cleaned)
}
```

Apply function to data and check that the new data subsets still contain the right amount of data:

```
outliers_omitted <- omit_outliers(all_CEWL_data)
nrow(all_CEWL_data) == nrow(outliers_omitted) + nrow(outliers_found)</pre>
```

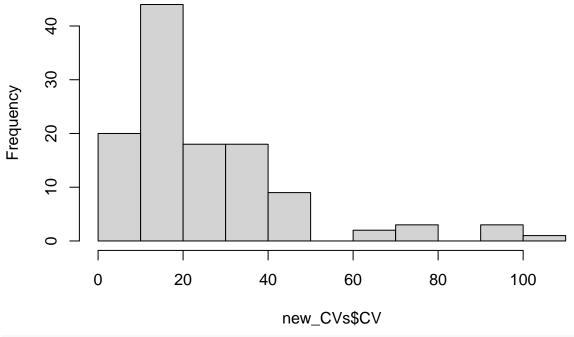
[1] TRUE

Re-Assess Variation

`summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
summary(new_CVs)

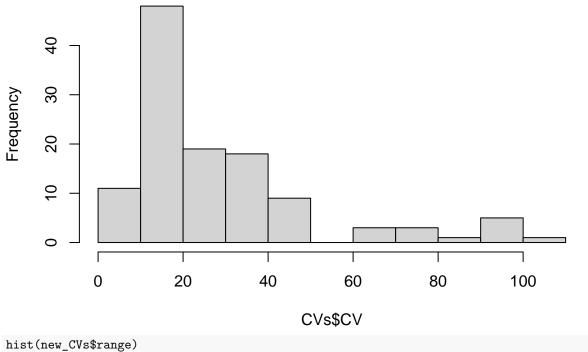
```
individual_ID
                      date
                                                             SD
                                           mean
## F-12
          : 3
                 Min.
                        :2021-04-23
                                      Min.
                                             : 0.650
                                                       Min.
                                                              : 0.05508
                                                       1st Qu.: 1.21719
## M-09
           : 3
                 1st Qu.:2021-04-24
                                      1st Qu.: 8.486
          : 3
## M-10
                 Median :2021-04-24
                                      Median :10.421
                                                       Median: 1.85776
## M-11
           : 3
                 Mean
                        :2021-05-08
                                      Mean
                                             :10.682
                                                       Mean
                                                            : 2.65196
## M-19
           : 3
                 3rd Qu.:2021-05-08
                                      3rd Qu.:13.239
                                                       3rd Qu.: 2.88268
## M-20
          : 3
                 Max.
                       :2021-07-14
                                      Max.
                                             :31.550
                                                       Max.
                                                             :29.32424
   (Other):100
##
##
         CV
                          min
                                           max
                                                           range
         : 1.032
                                             : 1.120
                                                       Min. : 0.100
## Min.
                     Min.
                            :-1.320
                                      Min.
##
   1st Qu.: 13.433
                     1st Qu.: 6.723
                                      1st Qu.: 9.985
                                                       1st Qu.: 2.518
## Median : 19.265
                     Median : 8.420
                                      Median :12.545
                                                       Median : 4.060
          : 25.543
                     Mean : 8.287
                                            :13.639
                                                       Mean : 5.352
## Mean
                                      Mean
## 3rd Qu.: 33.436
                     3rd Qu.:10.502
                                      3rd Qu.:15.520
                                                       3rd Qu.: 6.197
                     Max. :19.640
## Max.
          :105.713
                                      Max.
                                             :65.310
                                                       Max.
                                                             :52.900
##
hist(new_CVs$CV)
```

Histogram of new_CVs\$CV

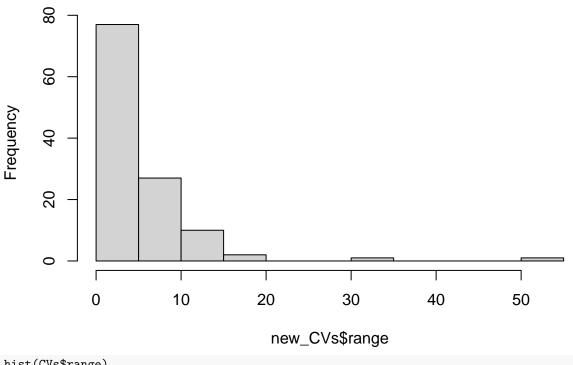


hist(CVs\$CV)

Histogram of CVs\$CV

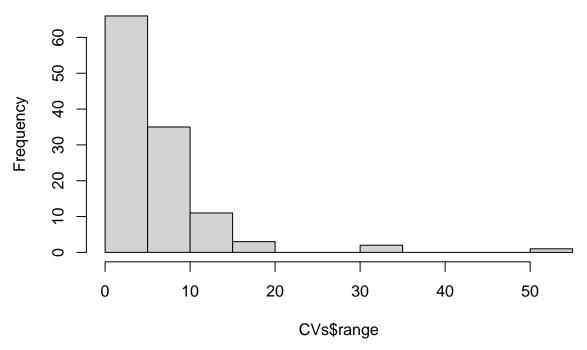


Histogram of new_CVs\$range



hist(CVs\$range)

Histogram of CVs\$range



This definitely improved things, but unfortunately, CVs are still skewed to the right. I think the replicate groups with only 3 replicates are harder to find outliers in, so let's compute pairwise CVs and see if we can still minimze the larger range/CV values.

Find "Outliers"

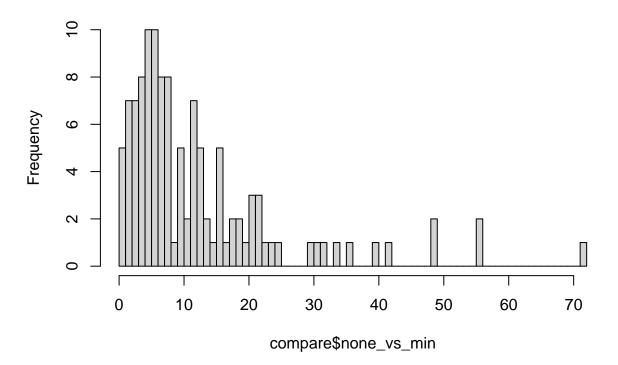
Determine which replicates lead to an increased CV...

```
# which individuals have how many reps
n_reps <- outliers_omitted %>%
 group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
  summarise(n = (n()))
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
# prep dfs for computing CVs
oo_small_345 <- outliers_omitted %>%
 dplyr::select(individual_ID, date, CEWL_g_m2h, replicate_no)
oo small 45 <- oo small 345 %>%
 left_join(n_reps, by = c('individual_ID', 'date')) %>%
 dplyr::filter(n %in% c(4, 5))
oo_small_5 <- oo_small_45 %>%
  dplyr::filter(n == 5)
# test excluding different replicates
CV_excl1 <- oo_small_345 %>%
    dplyr::filter(replicate_no != 1) %>%
    group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
    summarise(mean = mean(CEWL_g_m2h),
              SD = sd(CEWL_g_m2h),
              CV = (SD/mean) *100) %>%
   mutate(rep_excluded = "1")
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
CV_excl2 <- oo_small_345 %>%
    dplyr::filter(replicate_no != 2) %>%
    group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
    summarise(mean = mean(CEWL_g_m2h),
              SD = sd(CEWL_g_m2h),
              CV = (SD/mean) *100) %>%
   mutate(rep_excluded = "2")
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
CV_excl3 <- oo_small_345 %>%
   dplyr::filter(replicate_no != 3) %>%
   group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
    summarise(mean = mean(CEWL g m2h),
              SD = sd(CEWL_g_m2h),
              CV = (SD/mean) *100) %>%
   mutate(rep_excluded = "3")
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
CV_excl4 <- oo_small_45 %>%
    dplyr::filter(replicate_no != 4) %>%
    group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
    summarise(mean = mean(CEWL_g_m2h),
             SD = sd(CEWL_g_m2h),
```

```
CV = (SD/mean) *100) %>%
   mutate(rep_excluded = "4")
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
CV_excl5 <- oo_small_5 %>%
   dplyr::filter(replicate_no != 5) %>%
   group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
    summarise(mean = mean(CEWL_g_m2h),
             SD = sd(CEWL_g_m2h),
             CV = (SD/mean) *100) %>%
   mutate(rep_excluded = "5")
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
# figure out what replicate inflates CV (and range)
compare <- oo_small_345 %>%
    # first compute CV again with ALL replicates
   group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
    summarise(mean = mean(CEWL_g_m2h),
             SD = sd(CEWL_g_m2h),
             CV = (SD/mean) *100) %>%
   mutate(rep_excluded = "none") %>%
    # attach other CVs with sub-setted rep numbers
   rbind(CV_excl1) %>%
   rbind(CV_excl2) %>%
   rbind(CV_excl3) %>%
   rbind(CV_excl4) %>%
   rbind(CV_excl5) %>%
    # compare which group of reps gives the lowest CV for each individual
   group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
   dplyr::mutate(none CV = case when(rep excluded == "none" ~ CV,
                                     rep excluded != "none" ~ NA real ),
                 \min CV = \min(CV),
                 none_vs_min = none_CV - min_CV,
                 rep_excluded = as.factor(rep_excluded))
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
summary(compare)
## individual ID
                      date
                                           mean
                                                             SD
## F-12
          : 16
                 Min.
                        :2021-04-23
                                      Min.
                                             : 0.415
                                                      Min.
                                                              : 0.00707
## M-09
                                      1st Qu.: 8.385
                                                       1st Qu.: 1.00698
          : 15
                 1st Qu.:2021-04-24
## M-19
         : 15
                 Median :2021-05-07
                                      Median :10.396
                                                       Median: 1.79953
## M-10
         : 14
                 Mean
                       :2021-05-10
                                      Mean
                                            :10.527
                                                       Mean
                                                             : 2.42046
## M-11
         : 14
                 3rd Qu.:2021-05-08
                                                       3rd Qu.: 2.69628
                                      3rd Qu.:12.891
## M-20
         : 14
                 Max.
                       :2021-07-14
                                      Max.
                                             :38.860
                                                       Max.
                                                              :37.40595
   (Other):462
##
##
         CV
                       rep_excluded
                                       {\tt none\_CV}
                                                          min_CV
## Min.
          : 0.04985
                                          : 1.032
                                                      Min. : 0.04985
                       1
                          :118
                                    Min.
## 1st Qu.: 11.40235
                       2
                           :118
                                    1st Qu.: 13.432
                                                      1st Qu.: 4.64184
## Median : 19.11119
                       3 :118
                                    Median : 19.265
                                                      Median :11.66153
## Mean : 24.07846
                       none:118
                                    Mean : 25.543
                                                      Mean :14.13556
## 3rd Qu.: 31.21640 4 : 46
                                    3rd Qu.: 33.435
                                                      3rd Qu.:19.11642
## Max. :122.85266 5 : 32
                                    Max. :105.713
                                                      Max.
                                                           :68.71924
```

```
NA's
##
                                                :432
##
     none_vs_min
##
           : 0.000
    1st Qu.: 4.295
##
    Median : 7.624
##
##
    Mean
            :12.132
    3rd Qu.:15.433
            :71.159
##
    {\tt Max.}
##
    NA's
            :432
hist(compare$none_vs_min, breaks = 100)
```

Histogram of compare\$none_vs_min



Remove Outliers

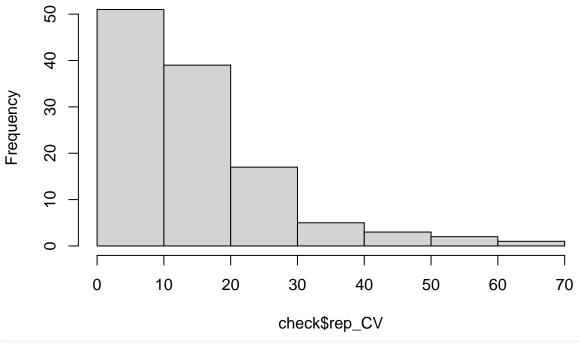
```
# take the "none" removed rep avg when none_vs_min <5
no_cleaning_needed <- compare %>%
    dplyr::filter(none_vs_min <= 5) %>%
    dplyr::select(individual_ID, date, rep_excluded)

# get rest
needs_cleaning_IDs <- compare %>%
    dplyr::filter(none_vs_min > 5) %>%
    dplyr::mutate(keep = "KEEP") %>%
    dplyr::select(individual_ID, date, keep)

# check number of data obs
test_n <- outliers_omitted %>%
    group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
    summarise(n = n())
```

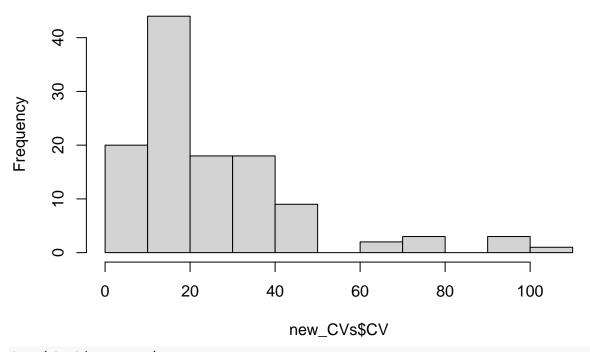
```
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
nrow(test_n) == (nrow(no_cleaning_needed) + nrow(needs_cleaning_IDs))
## [1] TRUE
# designate what to remove / not
how_cleaning <- compare %>%
  left_join(needs_cleaning_IDs) %>%
  dplyr::filter(keep == "KEEP") %>%
  dplyr::filter(CV == min_CV) %>%
  dplyr::select(individual_ID, date, rep_excluded) %>%
  rbind(no cleaning needed)
## Joining, by = c("individual_ID", "date")
# check
nrow(test_n) == (nrow(how_cleaning))
## [1] TRUE
# remove!! :D
cleaned_using_CVs <- outliers_omitted %>%
  left_join(how_cleaning, by = c("individual_ID", "date")) %>%
  dplyr::filter(replicate_no != as.character(rep_excluded))
# check that we improved things
check <- cleaned_using_CVs %>%
  group by (individual ID, date) %>%
  summarise(CEWL_g_m2h_mean = mean(CEWL_g_m2h),
            rep_SD = sd(CEWL_g_m2h),
            rep_CV = (rep_SD/CEWL_g_m2h_mean) *100,
            rep min = min(CEWL g m2h),
            rep_max = max(CEWL_g_m2h),
            rep_range = rep_max - rep_min
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
hist(check$rep CV)
```

Histogram of check\$rep_CV



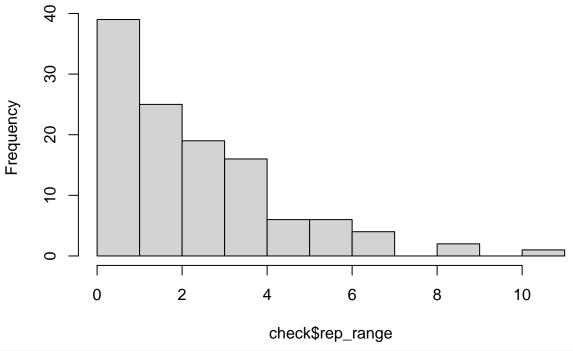
hist(new_CVs\$CV)

Histogram of new_CVs\$CV



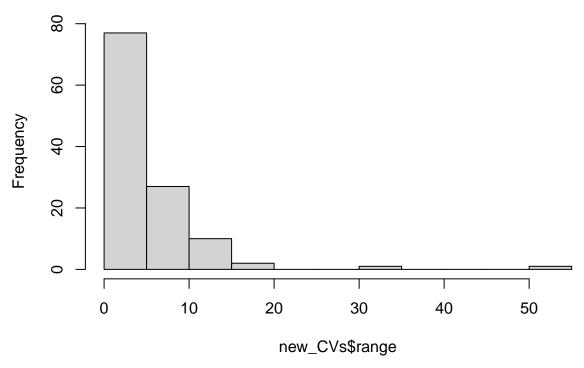
hist(check\$rep_range)

Histogram of check\$rep_range



hist(new_CVs\$range)

Histogram of new_CVs\$range



Yes, we decreased the CVs and ranges even more, so I think worth the data scrubbing.

Average Replicates (outliers removed)

```
CEWL final <- cleaned using CVs %>%
  group by (date, individual ID) %>%
  summarise(CEWL_g_m2h = mean(CEWL_g_m2h),
            msmt_temp_C = mean(msmt_temp_C),
            msmt_RH_percent = mean(msmt_RH_percent))
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'date' (override with `.groups` argument)
head(CEWL final)
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
## # Groups:
               date [1]
##
     date
                individual ID CEWL g m2h msmt temp C msmt RH percent
##
     <date>
                \langle fct \rangle
                                     <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
## 1 2021-04-23 F-01
                                     8.18
                                                  31.6
                                                                   11.8
                                                  33.6
## 2 2021-04-23 F-02
                                    15.4
                                                                   16.8
## 3 2021-04-23 F-03
                                     8.40
                                                  32.0
                                                                   14.2
## 4 2021-04-23 F-04
                                     9.21
                                                  25.0
                                                                   26.0
## 5 2021-04-23 F-11
                                    10.6
                                                  32.3
                                                                   13.8
## 6 2021-04-23 F-12
                                     0.59
                                                  32.3
                                                                   13.5
```

Final Synthesis

Re-Check Data

Check that we still have data for every individual.

I can check this by comparing original individual IDs to the individual IDs in our final dataset, then selecting/printing the IDs used that are in one but not the other.

```
unique(CEWL_final$individual_ID) %in% unique(all_CEWL_data$individual_ID)
```

All is as expected. :)

Check how many observations were used to calculate mean CEWL for each individual on each date:

```
cleaned_using_CVs %>%
  group_by(individual_ID, date) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  arrange(n)
```

```
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'individual_ID' (override with `.groups` argument)
## # A tibble: 118 x 3
## # Groups:
                individual_ID [80]
      individual_ID date
##
                                     n
##
      <fct>
                     <date>
                                 <int>
##
    1 F-01
                     2021-04-23
                                     2
##
    2 F-02
                     2021-04-23
                                     2
                                     2
##
    3 F-05
                     2021-04-24
                     2021-04-24
                                     2
##
    4 F-06
                                     2
##
    5 F-07
                     2021-04-24
                                     2
##
    6 F-08
                     2021-04-24
##
    7 F-09
                     2021-04-24
                                     2
##
    8 F-10
                                     2
                     2021-04-24
    9 F-11
                     2021-04-23
                                     2
## 10 F-12
                                     2
                     2021-04-23
## # ... with 108 more rows
```

Between 2-5. So, We were able to delete a point if it was off from the other two in a group of 3.

Export

Save the cleaned data for models and figures.

```
write.csv(CEWL_final, "./data/CEWL_dat_all_clean.csv")
```

Reporting

We omitted a total of 105 measurements from our CEWL dataset (465 - 351): 1 replicate was removed for most individuals. We used the boxplot.stats function in R to extract outliers from each set of technical replicates, and 24 points were removed this way. The remaining 81 removed replicates were taken out because they increased the CV for their replicate group by >5% compared to the CV without that point. After data cleaning, every individual still had 2-5 technical replicates for each of their measurement dates. The distribution of coefficient of variation values was much better after both data cleaning steps than before.