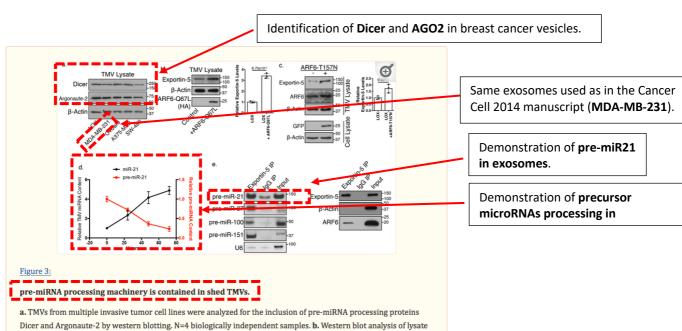
# Publications that followed the Cancer Cell (2014) publication and which show reproducibility of the findings in the Cancer Cell (2014) publication:

## Cancer Cell (2014) - 1185 citations

- Identification of **Dicer in exosomes**.
- Identification of AGO2 in exosomes.
- Identification of TSG101 in exosomes.
- Identification of CD9 in exosomes.
- Identification of TRBP in exosomes.
- Identification of microRNA processing in exosomes.
- Identification of pre-miR10b and miR10b in exosomes.
- Identification of pre-miR21 and miR21 in exosomes.
- 1. Nat Cell Biol. 2019 Jul; 21(7): 856–866. doi: 10.1038/s41556-019-0345-y
- **2.** *Nat Commun* **2022**, 13, 4461; Xie, F., Zhou, X., Su, P. *et al.* Breast cancer cell-derived extracellular vesicles promote CD8<sup>+</sup> T cell exhaustion via TGF-β type II receptor signaling.
- 3. Cell Rep. 2016 May 3;15(5):978-987. doi: 10.1016/j.celrep.2016.03.085.
- **4. eLife 2019** 8:e47544 Morayma M et al... Randy Schekman. Distinct mechanisms of microRNA sorting into cancer cell-derived extracellular vesicle subtypes.
- **5. Mol Ther. 2017** Mar 1;25(3):679-693. doi: 10.1016/j.ymthe.2016.12.022.
- **6.** *Nat Commun* **2021**, 6666; Dar, G.H. *et al.* GAPDH controls extracellular vesicle biogenesis and enhances the therapeutic potential of EV mediated siRNA delivery to the brain.
- 7. J Biol Chem. 2013 Jul 5; 288(27): 20014–20033 doi: 10.1074/jbc.M112.438895
- 8. Cell Mol Med. 2020 May;24(9):4915-4930. doi: 10.1111/jcmm.14917
- Journal of Extracellular Vesicles 2013 Yusuke Yoshioka et al. Comparative marker analysis of extracellular vesicles in different human cancer types DOI: 10.3402/jev.v2i0.20424
- **10. Digestion. 2021**;102(4):640-649. Serum Exosomal Dicer Is a Useful Biomarker for Early Detection of Differentiated Gastric Adenocarcinoma.
- **11. Molecular Therapy Oncolytics, 2020** Tao Luo etal. Mesenchymal Stem Cell-Secreted Exosome Promotes Chemoresistance in Breast Cancer via Enhancing miR-21-5p Mediated S100A6 Expression.
- **12. Cell Adhesion & Migration 2021** Francesca Lessi et.al. Analysis of exosome-derived microRNAs reveals insights of intercellular communication during invasion of breast, prostate and glioblastoma cancer cells. 15:1, 180-201.

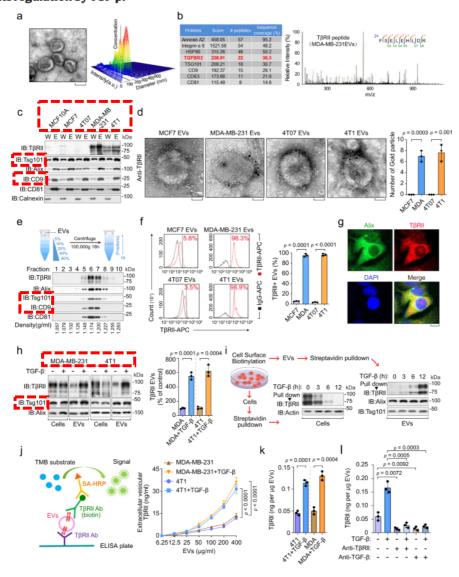
## 1. **Nat Cell Biol. 2019** Jul; 21(7): 856–866. doi: 10.1038/s41556-019-0345-y



a. TMVs from multiple invasive tumor cell lines were analyzed for the inclusion of pre-miRNA processing proteins Dicer and Argonaute-2 by western blotting. N=4 biologically independent samples. b. Western blot analysis of lysate generated from equal number of (1×10<sup>8</sup>) TMVs released by parental melanoma cells compared to those expressing constitutively active ARF6 reveals an enrichment of Exportin-5 content within TMVs when ARF6 is activated. Data presented as mean±SD (N=3 biologically independent experiments). P-value determined by unpaired two-tailed t-test. P-value <0.05 was considered significant. c. Western blot analysis of lysate generated from equal number of (1×10<sup>8</sup>) TMVs released by parental melanoma cells compared to those transfected with fast-cycling ARF6-T157N confirms an enrichment of Exportin-5 content within TMVs when ARF6 is activated. Data presented as mean±SD (N=3 biologically independent experiments). P-value determined by unpaired two-tailed t-test. p-value <0.05 was considered significant. d. RNA extracted from equal numbers (5×10<sup>6</sup>) of isolated TMVs maintained in cell-free conditions at 37°C for the times indicated was analyzed by qRT-PCR. The relative amounts of pre-miR21 and mature miR-21 were measured as described in methods. Data presented as mean±SD from N=3 biologically independent experiments. e. TMVs were isolated from invasive melanoma cells and endogenous Exportin-5 precipitated from 200 µg of input TMV protein. Co-precipitating RNA was examined by RT-PCR, and co-precipitating proteins examined by western blotting. Representative data from N=3 biologically independent samples shown. Unprocessed blot images shown in Supplemental Image 7. Statistical Source in Supplementary Table 1.

2. **Nat Commun 2022**, 13, 4461; Xie, F., Zhou, X., Su, P. *et al.* Breast cancer cell-derived extracellular vesicles promote CD8<sup>+</sup> T cell exhaustion via TGF-β type II receptor signaling.

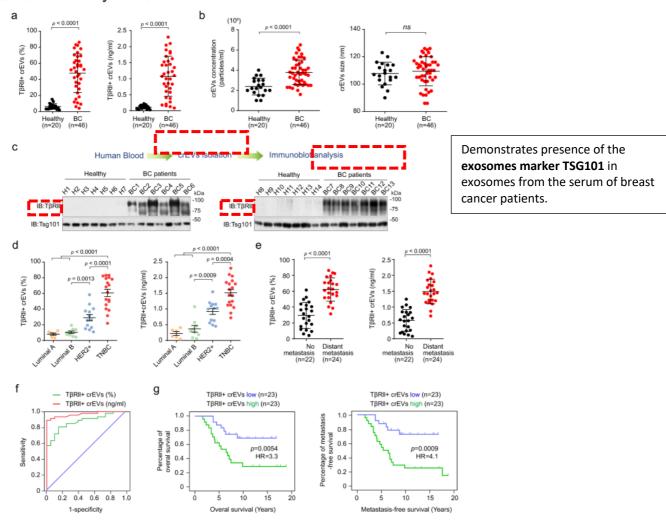
Fig. 1: Extrafacial expression of T $\beta$ RII on malignant breast cancer cell-derived EVs and its regulation by TGF- $\beta$ .



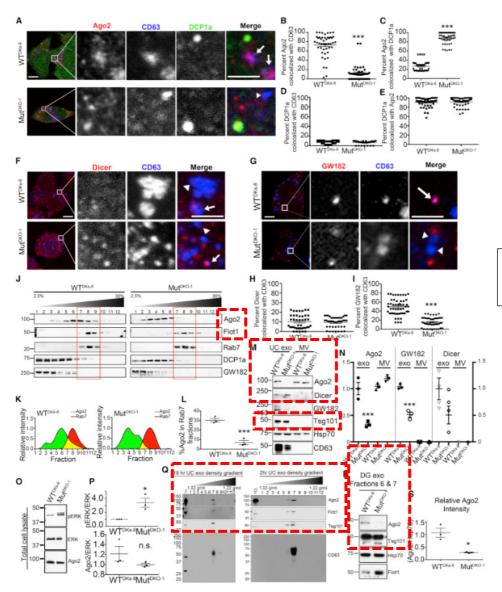
Same cell lines used in Cancer Cell 2014 manuscript: MCF10A, MCF7, MDA-MB-231 and 4T1.

Demonstrates presence of the **exosomes markers TSG101** and **CD9**.

Fig. 3: The amount of T $\beta$ RII on circulating EVs distinguishes patients with breast cancer from healthy donors.

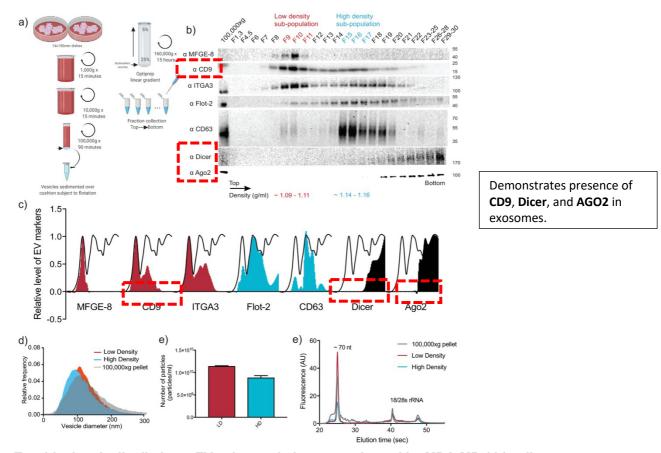


3. Cell Rep. 2016 May 3;15(5):978-987. doi: 10.1016/j.celrep.2016.03.085.



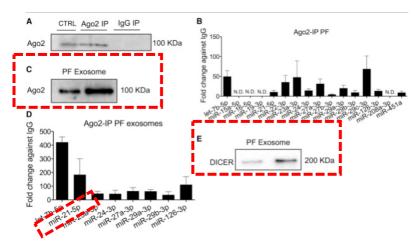
Demonstrates presence of AGO2, Flotilin 1, Dicer, and TSG101 in exosomes.

4. **eLife 2019** 8:e47544 Morayma M et al... Randy Schekman. Distinct mechanisms of microRNA sorting into cancer cell-derived extracellular vesicle subtypes.



Two biochemically distinct sEV sub-populations are released by MDA-MB-231 cells.

## 5. **Mol Ther. 2017** Mar 1;25(3):679-693. doi: 10.1016/j.ymthe.2016.12.022.



Demonstrates presence of **AGO-2, Dicer, and miR-21** in exosomes.

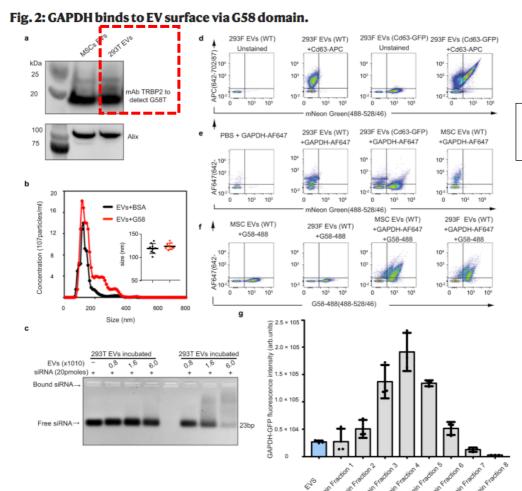
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### Figure 4. PF Exosomes Contain DICER and AGO-2 Protein

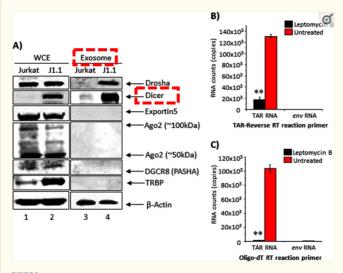
(A) Validation by immunoblotting of AGO-2 immunoprecipitation (IP) performed on human PF samples using AGO-2 antibody. Mouse non-specific IgG antibody was used as control for the IP. ECs were used as positive control (CTRL). (B) The miRNA expression after AGO-2 IP is presented as fold enrichment relative to IgG; mean+ SEM; n= 5. (C) AGO-2 in exosomes enriched from PF samples (representative western blot images). (D) AGO-2 IP was performed on exosomes enriched from PF samples. miRNA expression is expressed as fold enrichment in the AGO-2 IP relative to IgG; mean+ SEM; n= 2. (E) Representative western blot images of DICER protein incorporated in the exosomes.

6. **Nat Commun 2021**, 6666; Dar, G.H. *et al.* GAPDH controls extracellular vesicle biogenesis and enhances the therapeutic potential of EV mediated siRNA delivery to the brain.



Demonstrates presence of **TRBP2** in extracellular vesicles.

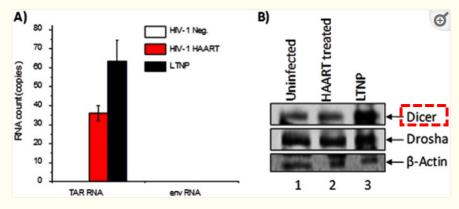
## 7. **J Biol Chem. 2013** Jul 5; 288(27): 20014–20033 doi: 10.1074/jbc.M112.438895



Demonstrates presence of **Dicer** in exosomes.

#### FIGURE 5.

J1.1-derived exosomes contain components of the RNAi machinery. A, Jurkat- and J1.1-derived whole cell extracts and exosomes were separated on a 4–20% Tris-glycine gel and analyzed by Western blot using antibodies against Dicer, Drosha, exportin, Ago2, DGCR8, TRBP, and β-actin. Total RNA isolated from J1.1-derived exosomes with and without leptomycin B treatment (10 nm) was subjected to qRT-PCR with TAR-reverse primer (B) and oligo(dT) primers (C). cDNA was then quantified by SYBR Green real time PCR with the primer sets specific for HIV-1 TAR and env sequences. Error bars show the standard deviation from three independent RNA preparations. Double asterisk indicates p ≤ 0.01.

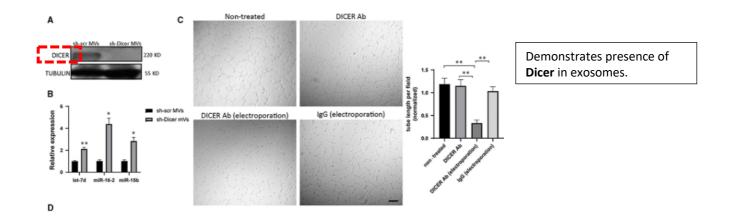


Demonstrates presence of **Dicer** in exosomes.

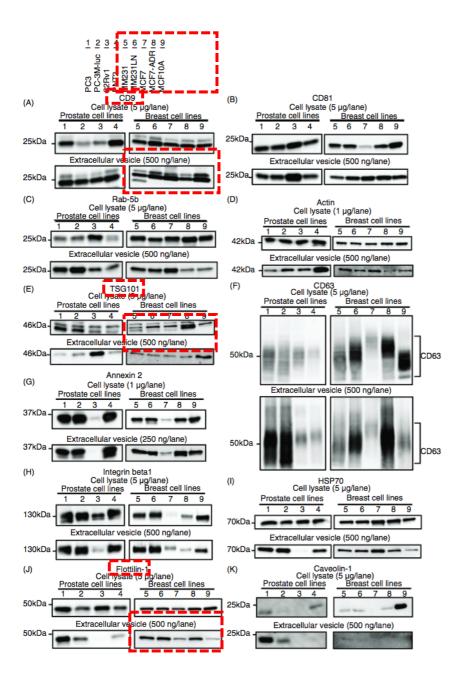
#### FIGURE 10.

TAR RNA, Dicer, and Drosha can be detected in serum exosomes. 4, exosomes were isolated from pooled sera obtained from uninfected (control), HAART-treated, and LTNP HIV-1-infected patient groups and analyzed by qRT-PCR with TAR- and env-specific primers. Results are presented as a mean of three independent measurements  $\pm$  S.D. *B*, serum exosomes were analyzed by Western blot using antibodies against Dicer, Drosha, and  $\beta$ -actin. The ExoQuick-purified material was diluted by a 1:10 ratio (TNE-50 + 0.1% Nonidet P-40), passed through a Sephadex G-10 spin column, and analyzed by Western blot.

# 8. **J Cell Mol Med. 2020** May;24(9):4915-4930. doi: 10.1111/jcmm.14917



9. **Journal of Extracellular Vesicles 2013** Yusuke Yoshioka et al. Comparative marker analysis of extracellular vesicles in different human cancer types DOI: 10.3402/jev.v2i0.20424



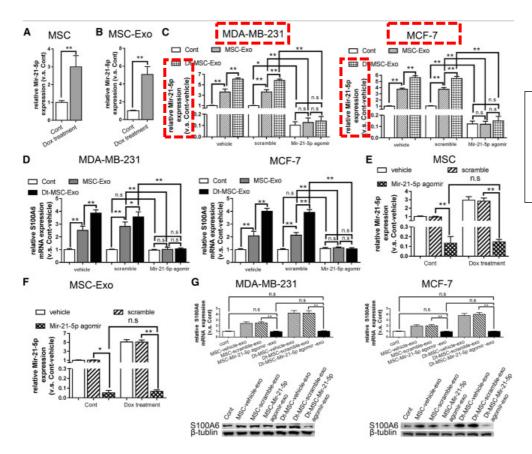
Same cell lines used in Cancer Cell 2014 manuscript: MCF10A, MCF7, and MDA-MB-231.

Demonstrates presence of the exosomes markers TSG101, CD9, Flotilin-1.

10. **Digestion. 2021**;102(4):640-649. **Serum Exosomal Dicer** Is a Useful Biomarker for Early Detection of Differentiated Gastric Adenocarcinoma.

Relates to **Figure 7I** of Cancer Cell 2014 manuscript demonstrating breast cancer serum exosomal Dicer.

11. **Molecular Therapy - Oncolytics, 2020** Tao Luo etal. Mesenchymal Stem Cell-Secreted Exosome Promotes Chemoresistance in Breast Cancer via Enhancing miR-21-5p Mediated S100A6 Expression.



Same cell lines used in Cancer Cell 2014 manuscript: MCF7 and MDA-MB-231.

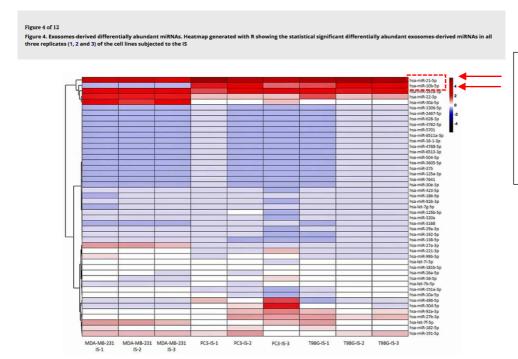
Demonstrates presence of the **microRNA 21.** 

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Figure 6. MSC-exo and Dt-MSC-exo Promote the Expression of S100A6 in BCs by Delivering miR-21-5p

12. **Cell Adhesion & Migration 2021** Francesca Lessi et.al. Analysis of exosomederived microRNAs reveals insights of intercellular communication during invasion of breast, prostate and glioblastoma cancer cells. 15:1, 180-201.



MicroRNA 21 and microRNA 10b detected as the most abundant microRNAs in exosomes of MDA-MB231 cells (the same used in the Cancer Cell 2014 manuscript).