Biology 115D Notes Fall 2023

Dr. Peter Schulze

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- Unrecognized Numbers and Text Messages
 - Peter does not generally answer unrecognized numbers.
 - If you need to reach Dr. Schulze for *urgent* matters, **text** his *cell phone*.
 - In the text message please include your name.
- Office Hours:
 - **Monday**: 3 PM to 4:30 PM
 - Wednesday: 10 AM to 11:30 AM
 - Thursday: 2 PM to 3:30 PM
 - **Other Times**: Peter welcomes students at other times by appointment or by just stopping by to see if he's available.

Dr. Schulze's Student Learning Objectives for Biol 115

- 1. **Explain** the *mechanisms* and key *processes* of evolution and natural selection.
- 2. **Explain** the *fundamentals* and *importance* of key ecological processes and [ecological] phenomena.
- 3. **Describe** the *interrelationship* between long-term evolutionary change and short-term ecological processes.
- 4. **Describe** some ways humans depend on but are damaging natural ecological processes, are causing extinctions, and are interfering with the course of evolution.
- 5. **Develop** the skills of a scientist, including collecting, analyzing, and describing data.

Karsyn's Notes

Wednesday, August 23, 2023

Evolution, Behavior, and Ecology

- 1. Defining Evolution
 - 1. **Karsyn's** initial definition of evolution
 - The reaction of an organism or species to an environmental stimulus over time.
 - 2. **Dr. Schulze's** definition of evolution ¹

A change in the composition of a gene pool.

- Gene Pool: "All of the genes in a population of a species," (Schulze 2023).
- Gene: "A unit of heredity," (Schulze 2023).
- Population: "A group of members of the same species with opportunities to interbreed."
- 2. Defining Natural Selection
 - 1. **Karsyn's** initial definition of natural selection
 - The favoriting of of certain traits over others by the natural environment.
 - 2. Dr. Schulze's definition of natural selection

Natural, ecological processes that determine which individuals survive and reproduce *according to three circumstances*.

- Three (3) Circumstances that Determine Natural Selection that routinely occur in nature which lead to the *inevitability* of natural selection which in turn results in evolution:
 - 1. *More* [organisms] are born *than the environment can support*.
 - 2. Individuals are **not** *identical*.
 - 3. *Some* variation among individuals is *heritable* 2 .
- 3. Karsyn's observations including what she finds confusing or unclear:
 - Naturally some religious competition in [Karsyn's] eyes.
 - Organisms don't always become adapted to the environment because the environment changes too.
 - Species go extinct when they can't evolve as fast as the environment changes.
- 4. Why these topics in the first semester?
 - Most schools teach cells and molecular biology in the first semester
 - This foundational knowledge helps students understand everything else.
 - Absent basic understanding of these details students are limited to a large number of disconnected facts.
 - The notion of *how* is evolutionary history
 - There is so much medical insight to be gained by knowing when and why humans evolved to be hunter-gatherers.
 - **Do not** use humans as examples to try understanding the biological process.
 - [Human] culture and ego confuse the student.
- 5. The **Feynman Technique** [for Learning How to Learn by Teaching Others]
 - Write what you know about topic **by hand**.
 - Explain to a young person (appropriately).

- Notice what you **cannot** or **did not** explain.
- Follow up, [learn what you could not explain] and then **repeat**.

Friday, August 18, 2023

Chapter 18: Evolution and the Origin of Species

- 1. Introductory Notes
 - All organisms evolved from a different species.
 - Evolution is an *ongoing* process.
 - Evolution is the rational for all biologic process and drives current curiosity and research.

Chapter 18.1: Understanding Evolution

- 1. Evolution as a science precedes Darwin
- 2. The age of the earth is integra in early evolution conventions
- 3. Galapagos form: Similar organisms on different islands with same distinct differences.
- 4. Alfred Wallace and Charles Darwin independently thought of natural selection simultaneously.
- 5. Natural Selection synonymous with survival of the fittest:
 - The more prolific reproduction of individuals with favorable traits that survive environmental change because of those traits.

Footnotes

- 1. Dr. Schulze's definition of evolution appears on slide 30 of the Master Merged Biol 115 PDF. ←
- 2. Heritability is rooted in genes. $\underline{\boldsymbol{\leftarrow}}$