HW 3

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9/8/2021

- 1. Devore $\S 2.1 \# 6$. A college library has five copies of a certain text on reserve. Two copies (1 and 2) are first printings, and the other three (3, 4, and 5) are second printings. A student examines these books in random order, stopping only when a second printing has been selected. One possible outcome is 5, and another is 213
- a. List the outcomes in S.
- b. Let A denote the event that exactly one book must be examined. What outcomes are in A?
- c. Let B be the event that book 5 is the one selected. What outcomes are in B?
- d. LetCbe the event that book 1 is not examined. What outcomes are in C?
- 2. Devore §2.1 # 7. An academic department has just completed voting by secret ballotfor a department head. The ballot box contains three slips with votes for candidate A and two slips with votes for candidate B. Suppose these slips are removed from the box one by one.
- a. List all possible outcomes
- b. Suppose a running tally is kept as slips are removed. For what outcomes doesAremain ahead ofBthroughout the tally?
- 3. Devore \$2.2 # 14. (p. 64) Suppose that 60% of all adults regularly consume coffee, 45% regularly consume carbonated soda, and 80% regularly consume at least one of these two products.
- a. What is the probability that a randomly selected adult regularly consumes bothcoffee and soda?
- b. What is the probability that a randomly selected adult doesn't regularly consumeat least one of these two products?
- 4. Devore§2.3 # 24. Show that if one eventAis contained in another event B(i.e.,Ais a subset of B) then $P(A) \leq P(B)$. [Hint: For such A and B,A and $B \cap A'$ are disjoint (why??) and $B = A \cup (B \cap A')$ as can be seen from a Venn diagram.] For general A and B, what does this imply about the relationship among $P(A \cap B)$, P(A), and $P(A \cup B)$
- 5. Devore §2.3 # 31. (p. 73) The composer Beethoven wrote 9 symphonies, 5 piano concertos (music for piano and orchestra) and 32 piano sonatas (music for solo piano).
- b. he manager of a radio station decides that on each successive night (7 daysper week), a Beethoven symphony will be played, followed by a Beethoven pianocon-

- 6. Devore§2.3 # 36. An academic department with five faculty members narrowed itschoice for department head to either candidate A or candidate B. Each member thenvoted on a slip of paper for one of the candidates. Suppose there are actually threevotes for A and two for B. If the slips are selected for tallying in random order, whatis the probability that A remains ahead of B throughout the vote count (e.g., this event occurs if the selected ordering is AABAB, but not for ABBAA)?
- 7. Devore $\S 2.3 \# 39$. A box in a supply room contains 15 compact fluorescent lightbulbs, of which 5 are rated 13-watt, 6 are rated 18-watt, and 4 are rated 23-watt. Suppose that three of these bulbs are randomly selected
- a. What is the probability that exactly two of selected bulbs are rated 23-watt?
- b. What is the probability that all three of the bulbs have the same rating?
- c. What is the probability that one bulb of each type is selected?
- d. If bulbs are selected one by one until a 23-watt bulb is obtained, what is the probability that it is necessary to examine at least 6 bulbs?
- 8. Devore §2.3 # 43. In five-card poker, a straight consists of five cards with adjacent denominations (e.g., 9 of clubs, 10 of hearts, jack of hearts, queen of spades, and kingof clubs). Assuming that aces can be high or low, if you are dealt a five-card hand, what is the probability that it will be a straight with high card 10? What is the probability that it will be a straight? What is the probability that it will be a straightflush (all cards in the same suit)?
- 9. Shade the Venn diagrams that are shown in the file "venn.pdf", which is posted on Canvas (under Files).

10.

- a. In how many ways can 8 players be divided into teams of size 3 and 5? Explain.
- b. In how many ways can 8 players be divided into teams of size 4 and 4? Explain.