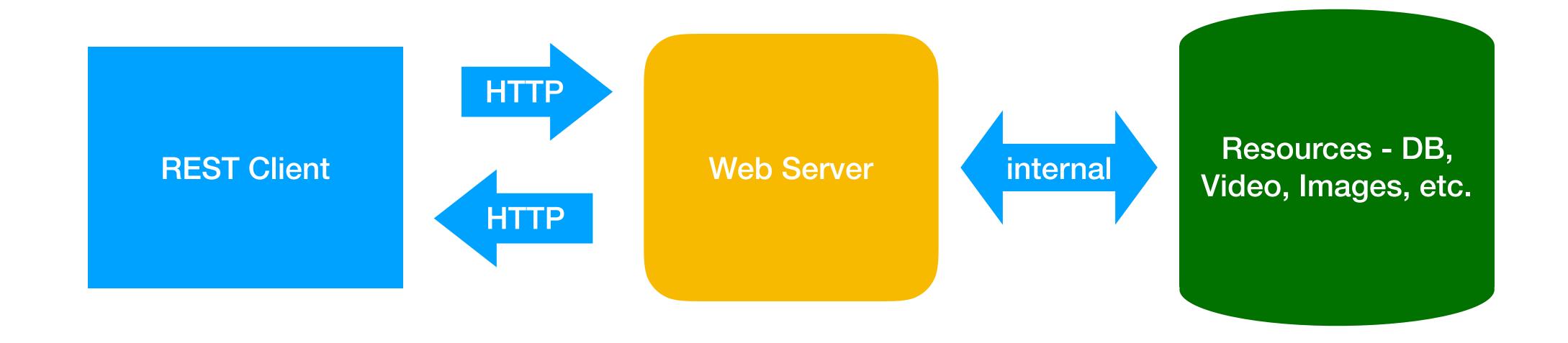
# "Fake It Til They Make It" -Mocking REST APIs in Swift

Chris Woodard Suncoast iOS Meetup

### REST APIS

### REST API environment



#### RESTAPIS

- Use HTTP verbs
  - GET, POST, PUT, DELETE
- Use HTTP status codes to describe results (200, 401, 404, 500, etc)
- Use URI nouns and modifiers to denote resources
  - /index/list.php?page=10&size=50
- Consumer facing structure

#### REST Client

- Knows about the nouns, understands the structure
- Knows which nouns respond to which verbs
- Connects to the web server
- Builds HTTP requests
  - GET /index/list.php?page=10&size=50
- Parses the response and interprets the status code

#### REST Client in iOS

- Uses the URLSession API & URLRequests
  - URLSession & iOS handle the plumbing
  - Operates nicely with operation queues for background threading
- Supplies the nouns and verbs
- Parses the response and interprets the status code

### Sample

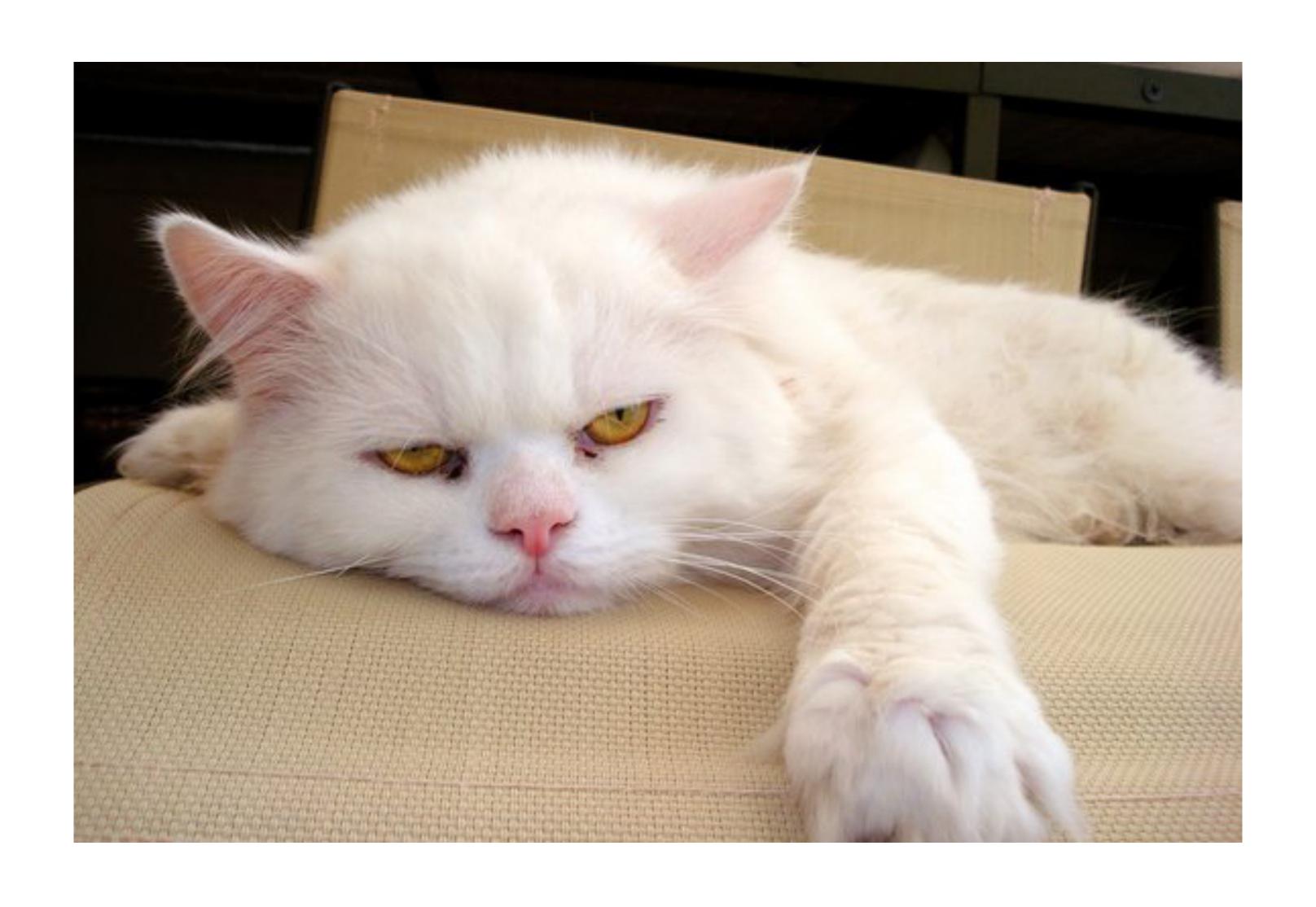
```
let encoded = self.encodedUrlString(str: cityAndCountry)
        if let urlString = URL(string: "https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/forecast?q=\
(encoded)&units=imperial&appid=3a5a5533643dadd75a8c095541dea0ed") {
            var request = URLRequest(url: urlString)
            request.httpMethod = "GET"
            var resultsDict:[String:Any] = [:]
            let task = self.session?.dataTask(with: request, completionHandler: {data, response,
error in
                if let rsp = response as? HTTPURLResponse {
                    resultsDict["Status"] = rsp.statusCode
                    if 200 == rsp.statusCode {
                        if let forecastData = data {
                            if let forecastDict = try? JSONSerialization.jsonObject(with:
forecastData, options: .mutableContainers) as! [String : Any] {
                                resultsDict["Data"] = forecastDict
                        else {
                            resultsDict["Status"] = 500
                    else {
                completion(resultsDict, error)
            task?.resume()
```

# Demo

# So Far So Good, But...

- Manual Testing Only
- Automated Testing Can Work, But...
  - Not consistent since forecast changes
  - What if server is offline?
- What if your server team is running behind?
  - Nothing to code against.

### What Can We Do?



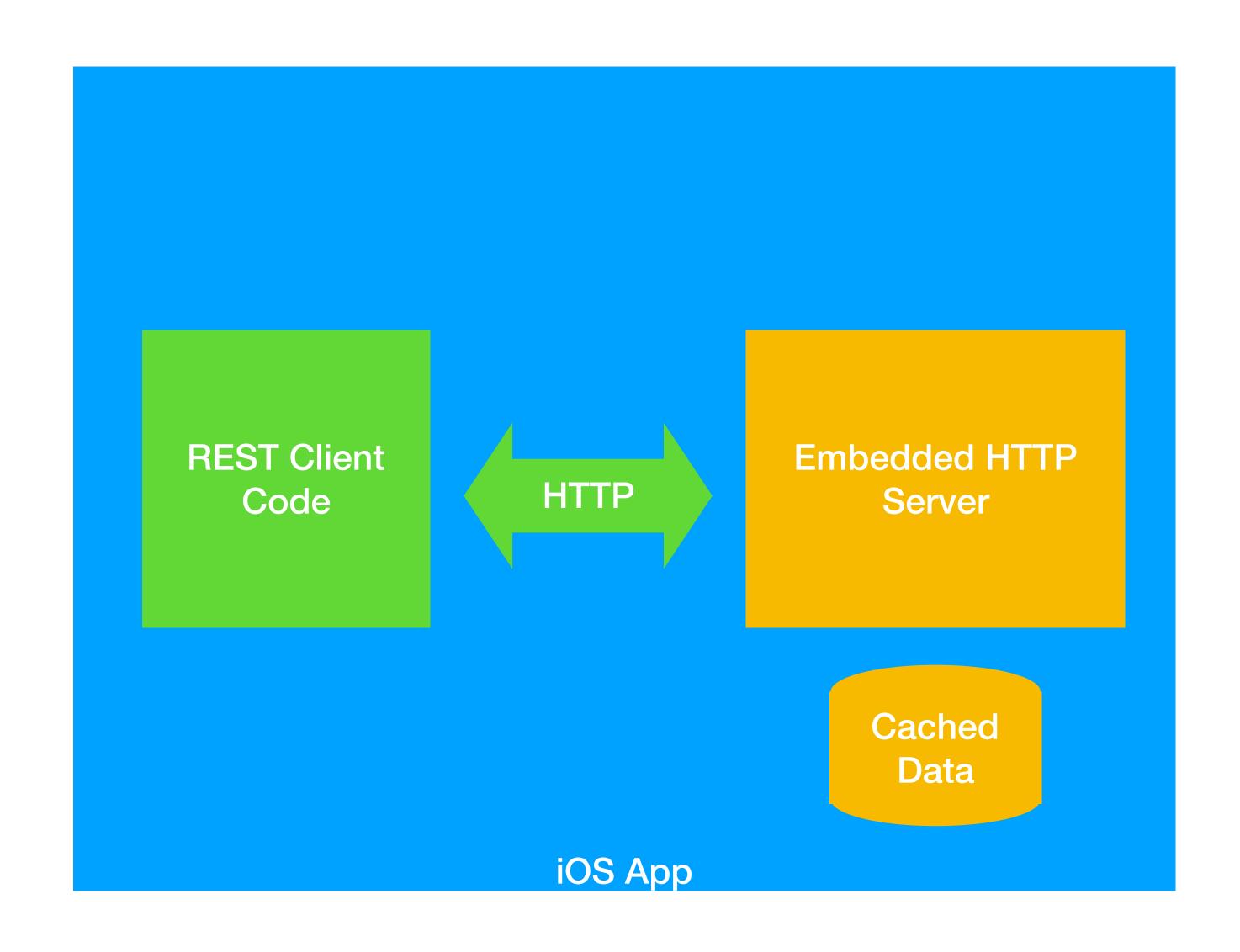
### Mock Data, Duh!

- Static data included (or generated) in app
- Loaded and processed instead of live data
- Consistent, always available, but...
- You have to get it somewhere
- You have to store it locally
- You have to tell the app to use it instead of trying to get live data

#### Method #1 - In The Code

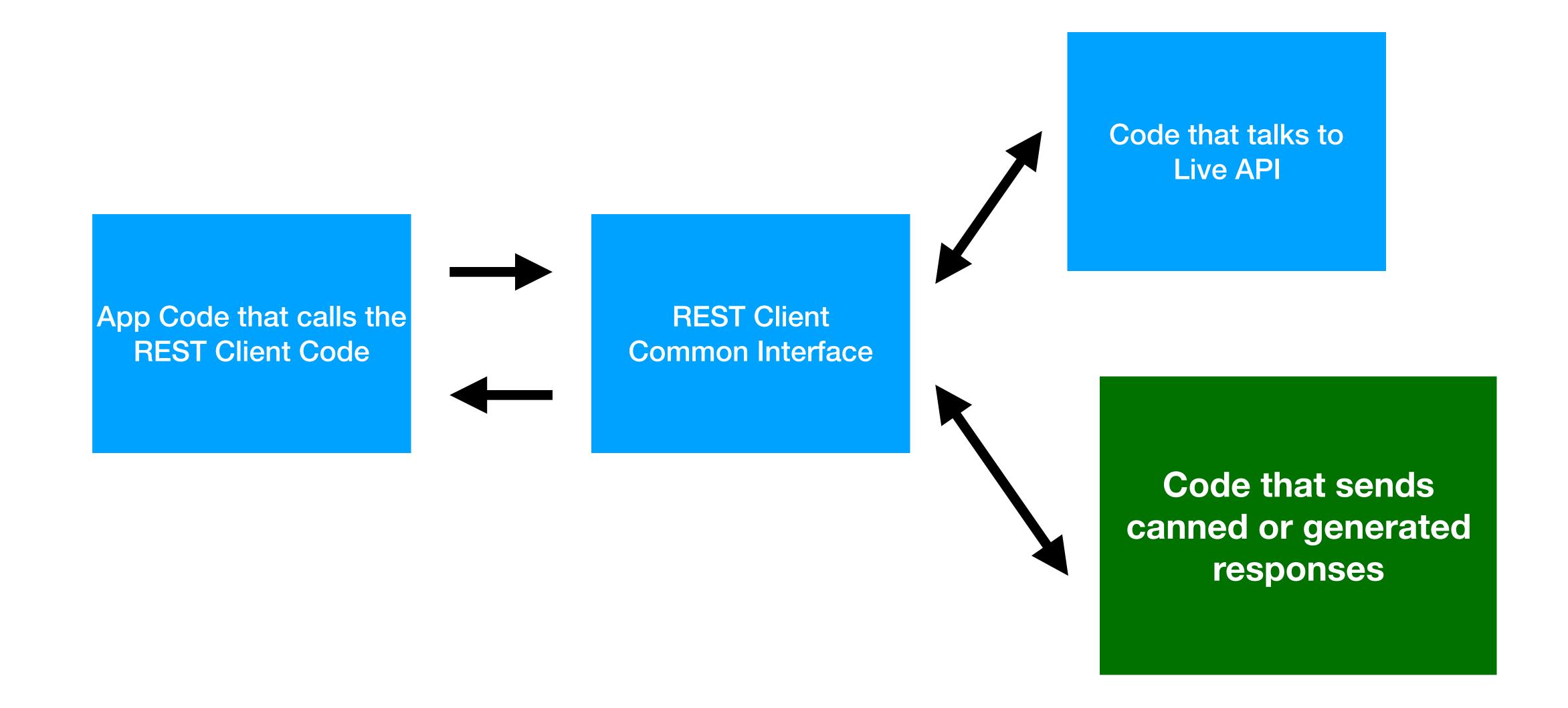
```
-(void)forecastForCity:(NSString *)cityAndCountry completion:(void(^)(NSDictionary *forecast,
NSError *err))completion {
    NSMutableCharacterSet *allowed = [NSMutableCharacterSet
                                alphanumericCharacterSet];
    NSString *encoded = [cityAndCountry
stringByAddingPercentEncodingWithAllowedCharacters:allowed];
    encoded = [encoded stringByReplacingOccurrencesOfString:@" " withString:@"+"];
    if(self_useMock) {
        TestingHelper *helper = [TestingHelper shared];
        NSData *data = [helper forecastWithCityandstate:encoded];
        NSDictionary *forecast = nil;
        NSError *err = nil;
        if(data) {
            forecast = [NSJSONSerialization JSONObjectWithData:data options:0 error:nil];
        else {
            forecast = @{@"StatusCode":@404, @"StatusMsg":@"No Such City/Country"};
        if(completion) {
            completion(forecast, err);
        return;
```

#### Method #2 - Embedded HTTP



#### Method #2 - Embedded HTTP

- Full control, but...
  - More to configure and manage
- Powerful, but...
  - You have to import someone's framework
  - Presence of an open receiving socket trips security testers
  - You still have to maintain data & assets and you still have to script responses



```
@objc protocol WeatherApi {
    func forecast(for cityAndCountry:String, completion:@escaping ([String:Any]?, Error?) -> Void)
    func downloadIcon(for name:String, completion:@escaping ([String:Any], Error?) -> Void)
}

@objc class LiveRestAPI: NSObject, WeatherApi, URLSessionDelegate {

@objc class MockRestAPI: NSObject, WeatherApi {
```

- Can call the same methods...
  - pass the same types of parameters...
  - get the same type of result.
- Can script the fake API to return specific errors
  - HTTP statuses and error messages
  - URL loading system NSError values (lost connection, server did not respond, etc)

```
func forecast(for cityAndCountry: String, completion: @escaping ([String:Any]?, Error?) -> Void) {
       var resultsDict:[String:Any] = [:]
       //construct path to JSON for cityAndCountry
       let bundle = Bundle.init(for: MockRestAPI.self)
       if let jsonPath = bundle.path(forResource: cityAndCountry, ofType: "json") {
           //look it up and return dictionary with response
           guard let data:NSData = try? NSData(contentsOfFile: jsonPath),
               let dict:[String:Any] = try! JSONSerialization.jsonObject(with: data as Data, options:
mutableContainers) as? [String:Any]
           else {
               resultsDict["Status"] = 404
               completion(resultsDict, nil)
               return
           resultsDict["Status"] = 200
           resultsDict["Data"] = dict
       else {
           resultsDict["Status"] = 404
       completion(resultsDict, nil)
```

```
func downloadIcon(for name: String, completion: @escaping ([String:Any], Error?) -> Void) {
    var resultsDict:[String:Any] = [:]
    //construct path to icon for name
    let bundle = Bundle.init(for: MockRestAPI.self)
    //look it up and return dictionary wtih response
    if let iconPath = bundle.path(forResource: name, ofType: "png") {
        //look it up and return dictionary wtih response
        guard let data:NSData = try? NSData(contentsOfFile: iconPath)
        else {
            resultsDict["Status"] = 404
            completion(resultsDict, nil)
            return
        resultsDict["Status"] = 200
        resultsDict["Data"] = data
    else {
        resultsDict["Status"] = 404
    completion(resultsDict, nil)
```

```
-(void)testGetMockForecastForNewYorkGet500Error {
   XCTestExpectation *expectation = [self expectationWithDescription:@"asynchronous
request"];
   __block NSDictionary *theForecast = nil;
    __block NSError *anythingHappened = nil;
    [self.restAPI loadProfileWithName:@"500_statuses"];
    [self.restAPI forecastFor:@"New York,USA" completion:^(NSDictionary *results, NSError
*err){
        theForecast = results;
        anythingHappened = err;
        [expectation fulfill];
    }];
    [self waitForExpectationsWithTimeout:10.0 handler:nil];
    XCTAssertNotNil(theForecast, @"Unable to get the forecast");
    XCTAssertNil(anythingHappened, @"Got error: %@", anythingHappened);
    XCTAssertTrue([@500 isEqualToNumber:theForecast[@"Status"]], @"Should be 200, not %@",
theForecast[@"Status"]);
```

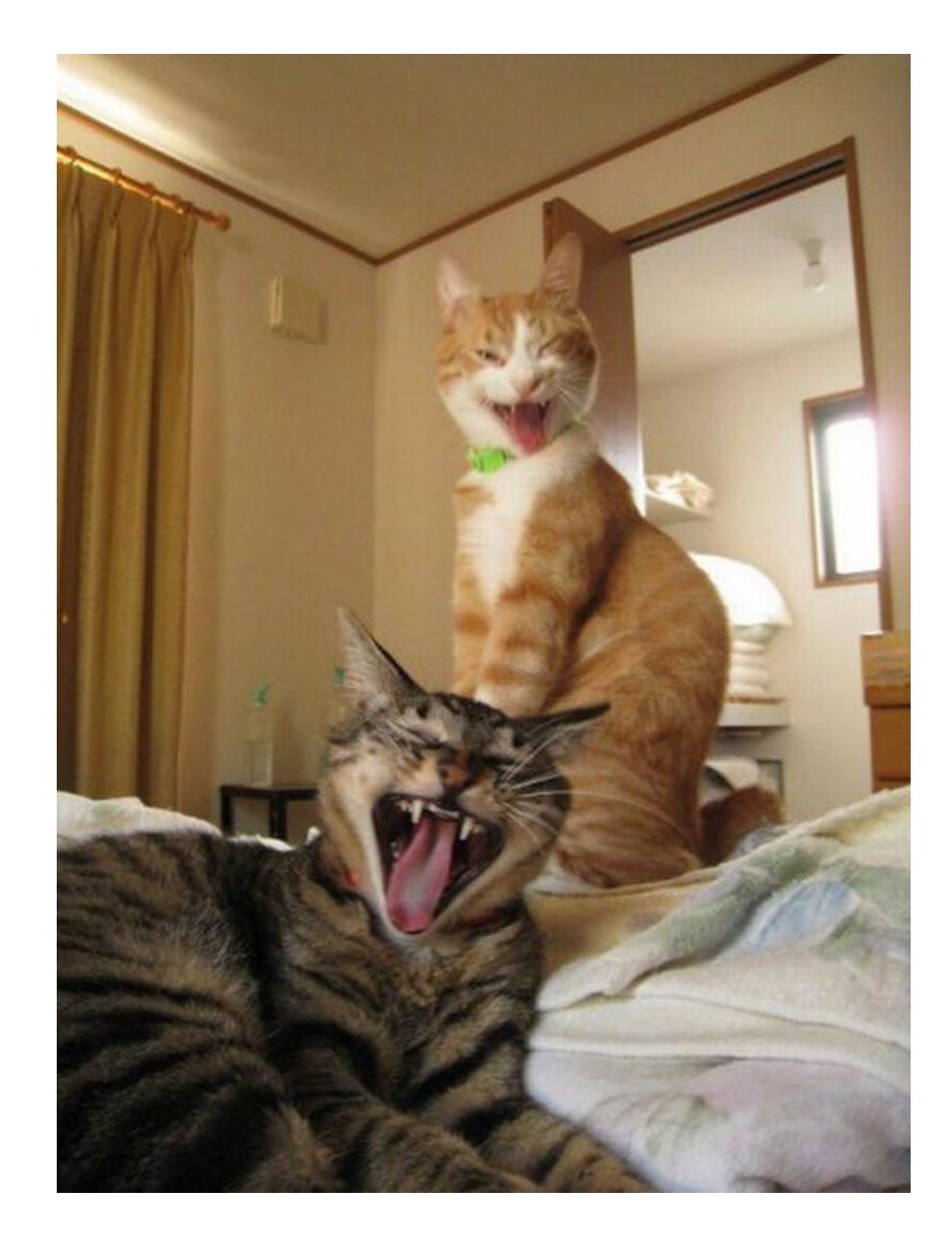
# Demo

# Prototyping a REST API

- Work with server developers to define the API:
  - Endpoints (e.g. /forecast)
  - URI & POST body structure
  - Responses status code, headers, response body
- Create JSON data with editor
- Add to testing bundles and code against them

# API Mocking - Wrap-up

- Useful for testing, advance coding of UI, "playable demo"
- Not all that difficult
- Advantages over other methods
- Full control over data, including scriptable status & error codes
- By-product is testable design





#### Resources

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Representational\_state\_transfer
- <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hypertext\_Transfer\_Protocol">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hypertext\_Transfer\_Protocol</a>
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dependency\_injection
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/2665812/what-is-mocking
- https://github.com/sciprojguy/4Cast/tree/swift\_objc
- https://vimeo.com/265913162
- http://nshipster.com/nserror/