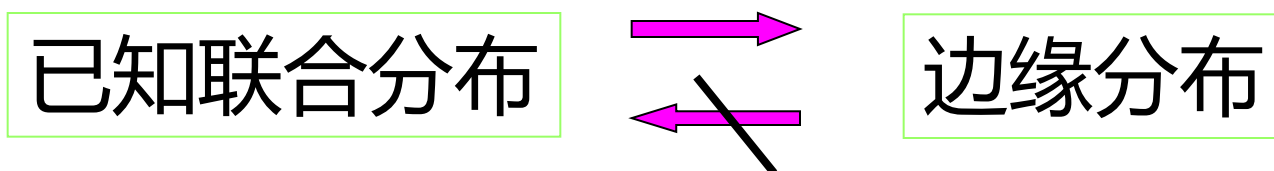


§ 5.4 协方差和相关系数

问题 对于二维随机变量 (X, Y) :



这说明对于二维随机变量，除了每个随机变量各自的概率特性以外，相互之间可能还有某种联系。问题是用一个什么样的数去反映这种联系。

$$\begin{aligned} \text{数 } & E((X - E(X))(Y - E(Y))) \\ &= E(XY) - E(X)E(Y) \end{aligned}$$

反映了随机变量 X, Y 之间的某种关系

● 协方差和相关系数的定义

定义 称 $E((X - E(X))(Y - E(Y)))$
为 X, Y 的**协方差**. 记为

$$\begin{aligned}\text{cov}(X, Y) &= E((X - E(X))(Y - E(Y))) \\ &= E(XY) - E(X)E(Y)\end{aligned}$$

称
$$\begin{pmatrix} D(X) & \text{cov}(X, Y) \\ \text{cov}(X, Y) & D(Y) \end{pmatrix}$$

为 (X, Y) 的**协方差矩阵**

若 $D(X) > 0, D(Y) > 0$, 称

$$E\left(\frac{(X - E(X))(Y - E(Y))}{\sqrt{D(X)}\sqrt{D(Y)}}\right) = \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{D(X)}\sqrt{D(Y)}}$$

为 X, Y 的 **相关系数**, 记为

$$\rho_{XY} = \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{D(X)}\sqrt{D(Y)}}$$

事实上, $\rho_{XY} = \text{cov}(X^*, Y^*)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{cov}(X^*, Y^*) &= E[(X^* - EX^*)(Y^* - EY^*)] \\
 &= E\left[\left(\frac{X - EX}{\sqrt{DX}} - E\left(\frac{X - EX}{\sqrt{DX}}\right)\right)\left(\frac{Y - EY}{\sqrt{DY}} - E\left(\frac{Y - EY}{\sqrt{DY}}\right)\right)\right] \\
 &= E\left[\left(\frac{X - EX}{\sqrt{DX}}\right)\left(\frac{Y - EY}{\sqrt{DY}}\right)\right] \\
 &= \frac{E[(X - EX)(Y - EY)]}{\sqrt{DX}\sqrt{DY}} = \rho_{XY}
 \end{aligned}$$

若 $\rho_{XY} = 0$, 称 X, Y 不相关.

● 协方差和相关系数的计算

—— 利用函数的期望或方差计算协方差

$$\square \operatorname{cov}(X, Y) = E((X - E(X))(Y - E(Y)))$$

$$= E(XY) - E(X)E(Y)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(D(X + Y) - D(X) - D(Y))$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}(D(X - Y) - D(X) - D(Y))$$

□ 若 (X, Y) 为离散型,

$$\text{cov}(X, Y) = E((X - E(X))(Y - E(Y)))$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (x_i - E(X))(y_j - E(Y))p_{ij}$$

□ 若 (X, Y) 为连续型,

$$\text{cov}(X, Y) = E((X - E(X))(Y - E(Y)))$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} (x - E(X))(y - E(Y))f(x, y)dx dy$$

例1 已知 X, Y 的联合分布为

p_{ij} X	1	0
Y		
1	p	0
0	0	q

$$0 < p < 1$$

$$p + q = 1$$

求 $\text{cov}(X, Y)$, ρ_{XY}

解

X	1	0	Y	1	0	XY	1	0
P	p	q	P	p	q	P	p	q

X	1	0	Y	1	0	XY	1	0
P	p	q	P	p	q	P	p	q

$$\left. \begin{aligned} E(X) &= p, & D(X) &= pq, \\ E(Y) &= p, & D(Y) &= pq, \\ E(XY) &= p, & D(XY) &= pq, \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cov}(X, Y) &= E(XY) - E(X)E(Y) \\ &= p - p \cdot p = pq \end{aligned}$$

$$\rho_{XY} = \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{D(X)}\sqrt{D(Y)}} = \frac{pq}{\sqrt{pq}\sqrt{pq}} = 1$$

$$X^* = \frac{X - p}{\sqrt{pq}}, Y^* = \frac{Y - p}{\sqrt{pq}}, \quad P(X^* = Y^*) = 1$$

例2 设 $(X, Y) \sim N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2, \mu_2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$, 求 ρ_{XY}

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解 } \text{cov}(X, Y) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} (x - \mu_1)(y - \mu_2) f(x, y) dx dy \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} (x - \mu_1)(y - \mu_2) \cdot \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_1\sigma_2\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \\ &\quad \cdot \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\frac{(x-\mu_1)^2}{\sigma_1^2} - \frac{2\rho(x-\mu_1)(y-\mu_2)}{\sigma_1\sigma_2} + \frac{(y-\mu_2)^2}{\sigma_2^2} \right] \right\} dx dy \\ &\stackrel{\substack{\text{令 } \frac{x-\mu_1}{\sigma_1} = s \\ \frac{y-\mu_2}{\sigma_2} = t}}{=} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \sigma_1 s \cdot \sigma_2 t \cdot \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_1\sigma_2\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \\ &\quad e^{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}(s^2 - 2\rho st + t^2)} (\sigma_1 ds)(\sigma_2 dt) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\sigma_1 \sigma_2}{2\pi \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} s t e^{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}[(s-\rho t)^2 + (1-\rho^2)t^2]} ds dt$$

$$= \frac{\sigma_1 \sigma_2}{2\pi \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} s t e^{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}(s-\rho t)^2 - \frac{1}{2}t^2} ds dt$$

$$\stackrel{\text{令 } s-\rho t=u}{=} \frac{\sigma_1 \sigma_2}{2\pi \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} t(\rho t + u) e^{-\frac{u^2}{2(1-\rho^2)} - \frac{1}{2}t^2} du dt$$

$$= \frac{\sigma_1 \sigma_2}{2\pi \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \rho t^2 \cdot e^{-\frac{u^2}{2(1-\rho^2)} - \frac{1}{2}t^2} dudt \right. \\ \left. + \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} t u e^{-\frac{u^2}{2(1-\rho^2)} - \frac{1}{2}t^2} dudt \right]$$

$$= \frac{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \rho}{2\pi \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\frac{u^2}{2(1-\rho^2)}} \cdot t^2 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t^2} dt du$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \rho}{2\pi \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\frac{u^2}{2(1-\rho^2)}} du \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} t^2 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t^2} dt \\
&= \frac{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \rho}{2\pi \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \cdot \sqrt{2\pi \cdot (1-\rho^2)} \cdot \sqrt{2\pi} = \sigma_1 \sigma_2 \rho
\end{aligned}$$

$$\rho_{XY} = \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{D(X)} \sqrt{D(Y)}} = \frac{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \rho}{\sqrt{\sigma_1^2} \sqrt{\sigma_2^2}} = \rho$$

若 $(X, Y) \sim N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2, \mu_2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$,

则 X, Y 相互独立 $\iff X, Y$ 不相关

例3 设 X, Y 相互独立, 且都服从 $N(0, \sigma^2)$,
 $U = aX + bY$, $V = aX - bY$, a, b 为常数,
且都不为零, 求 ρ_{UV}

解

$$\begin{aligned}\text{cov}(U, V) &= E(UV) - E(U)E(V) \\&= E(a^2 X^2 - b^2 Y^2) \\&\quad - [E(aX + bY)][E(aX - bY)] \\&= a^2 E(X^2) - b^2 E(Y^2) \\&\quad - [aE(X) + bE(Y)][aE(X) - bE(Y)]\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= a^2 E(X^2) - b^2 E(Y^2) \\
&\quad - \left[a^2 E^2(X) - b^2 E^2(Y) \right] \\
&= a^2 \left[E(X^2) - E^2(X) \right] - b^2 \left[E(Y^2) - E^2(Y) \right] \\
&= a^2 D(X) - b^2 D(Y) \\
&= (a^2 - b^2) \sigma^2
\end{aligned}$$

而 $D(U) = D(aX + bY)$

$$= a^2 D(X) + b^2 D(Y) = (a^2 + b^2) \sigma^2$$

$$D(V) = D(aX - bY)$$
$$= a^2 D(X) + b^2 D(Y) = (a^2 + b^2) \sigma^2$$

故 $\rho_{UV} = \frac{\text{Cov}(U, V)}{\sqrt{D(U)} \cdot \sqrt{D(V)}}$

$$= \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \sigma^2}{\sqrt{(a^2 + b^2) \sigma^2} \cdot \sqrt{(a^2 + b^2) \sigma^2}}$$
$$= \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2 + b^2}$$