



Agenda

■ HTML5

- Improved semantics
 - Section elements
 - Other new elements
 - Form input types
- Added support for embedded content
 - Video and audio playback
 - Canvas

■ CSS3

- Selectors
- More styling options
- Flexible boxes

■ JavaScript APIs

- Selectors
- Web storage
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- Drag and drop
- Offline applications

■ More



Modernizr

■ Open-source library that:

- Detects features

CSS3, geolocation, web workers, audio & video, input types, web storage and many more

- Loads scripts to backfill functionality with polyfills



■ Include Modernizr on your page

```
<head>
  <script src="modernizr.js"
    type="text/javascript"></script>
</head>
```

HTML

3

Modernizr

■ Detecting features

- A boolean property represents every tested feature

```
if (Modernizr.applicationcache) {
  // Browser supports application cache
}
```

JS

```
if (Modernizr.websockets) {
  // Browser supports web sockets
}
```

JS

```
if (Modernizr.canvas) {
  // Browser supports canvas
}
```

JS

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Modernizr

■ Loading scripts to backfill functionality

```
Modernizr.load({  
  test: Modernizr.geolocation,  
  yep: 'geo.js',  
  nope: 'geo-polyfill.js'  
});
```

 JS

- Not included with the default download

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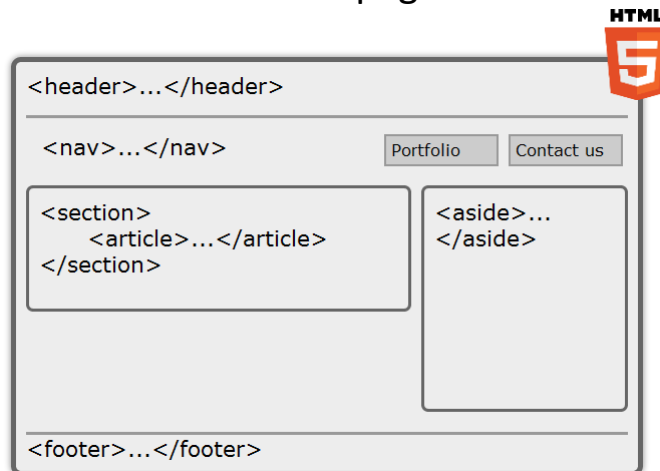
■ More

 Modernizr

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HTML5: Improved semantics (1/7)

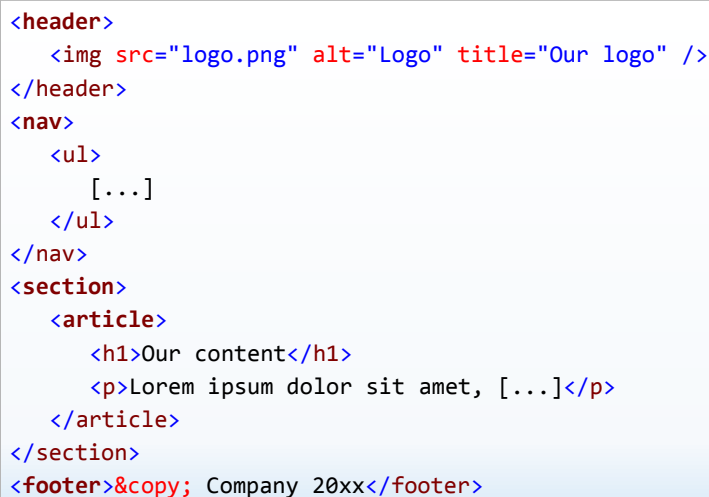
■ Basic structure of a webpage



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HTML5: Improved semantics (2/7)

■ Basic structure of a webpage





```

<header>
  
</header>
<nav>
  <ul>
    [...]
  </ul>
</nav>
<section>
  <article>
    <h1>Our content</h1>
    <p>Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, [...]</p>
  </article>
</section>
<footer>&copy; Company 20xx</footer>
  
```

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HTML5: Improved semantics (3/7)

■ Referenceable figures with caption

```
<figure>
  
  <figcaption>Chart 1.1</figcaption>
</figure>
```

HTML

■ Displaying progress

Text shown if element
is not supported

```
<progress value="80" max="100">4/5</progress>
```

HTML



■ Displaying a meter

```
<meter min="5" max="100" low="40" high="90"
  optimum="100" value="91">A+</meter>
```

HTML

Negative colors
for "bad" scores



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HTML5: Improved semantics (4/7)

■ Displaying time

```
<time>11-12</time>
<time>2011-11-12</time>
<time>2011-11-12T06:54:39.92922-0800</time>

<time datetime="2005-10-05">October 5</time> -
<time datetime="2005-10-07">7</time>
```

HTML

Reflects the content
of the element

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HTML5: Improved semantics (5/7)

Existing form elements and types

```
<input type="text" name="name" />
```

HTML

My text here

```
<input type="password" name="pass" />
```

HTML

.....

```
<input type="hidden" name="id" />
```

HTML

```
<input type="checkbox" name="mail" />
```

HTML

☐ Receive newsletter?

```
<input type="radio" name="bathtub" />
```

HTML

☐ Warm
☐ Cold

```
<input type="submit" value="Submit" />
```

HTML

Submit

```
<select name="business">
  [...]
</select>
```

HTML

Government
IT
Government
Landscaping

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HTML5: Improved semantics (6/7)

New form types

```
<input type="email" name="email" />
```

HTML

some@email.com

```
<input type="tel" pattern="[0-9]+" />
```

HTML

0612345678

```
<input type="range" name="intensity" />
```

HTML

```
<input type="search" name="search" />
```

HTML

```
<input type="number" name="year" />
```

HTML

2012

```
<input type="number" step="1" min="-5"
max="10" value="6" />
```

HTML

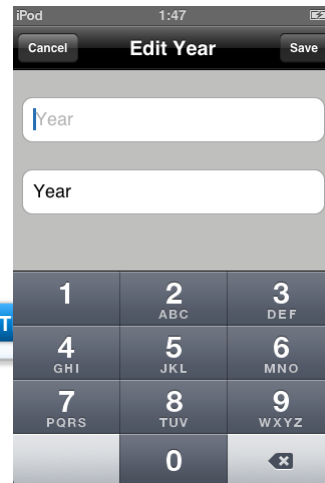
6

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HTML5: Improved semantics (6/7)

■ New form types

```
<input type="number" name="year" />
```



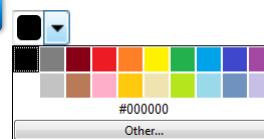
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HTML5: Improved semantics (7/7)

■ New form types

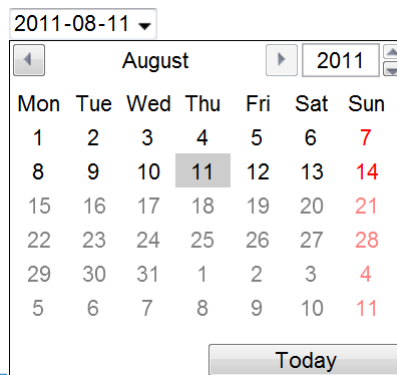
```
<input type="color"
      name="preference" />
```

HTML



```
<input type="date"
      min="2010-08-14"
      max="2011-08-14"
      value="2010-08-14" />
```

HTML



– Also support for week,
month, time and
datetime

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HTML5: Embedded content (1/6)

■ Support for video

```
<video>
  <source src="vid1.ogv" />
  Your browser does not support video.
</video>
```

HTML

Shown when no suitable source is found or element is not supported

■ With more options

```
<video loop preload="auto" autoplay>
  <source src="vid1.mp4"
    type='video/mp4; codecs = "avc1.42E01E, mp4a.40.2"' />
  <source src="vid1.webm" type='video/webm' />
  <source src="vid1.ogv" type='video/ogg' />
</video>
```

HTML

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HTML5: Embedded content (2/6)

■ Video codec support

							
	6	7	8	9	15	11	11.1
ogg/theora	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
H.264	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗
WebM	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓

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HTML5: Embedded content (3/6)

■ Support for audio

```
<audio controls>
  <source src="background.mp3">
  Your browser does not support audio.
</audio>
```

HTML

Shown when no suitable
source is found or element
is not supported

■ With more options:

```
<audio loop preload="metadata" muted>
  <source src="song.ogg" type="audio/ogg" />
  <source src="song.mp3" type="audio/mp3" />
  Your browser does not support audio.
</audio>
```

HTML

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HTML5: Embedded content (4/6)

■ Audio codec support

							
	6	7	8	9	15	11	11.1
ogg/vorbis	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
mp3	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗
wav	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
AAC	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗

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HTML5: Embedded content (5/6)

■ Support for tracks, e.g.:

- Video subtitles
- Audio cues

■ Using tracks for video subtitles:

```
<video src="foo.ogv">
  <track kind="subtitles"
    label="English subtitles"
    src="subtitles_en.vtt"
    srclang="en" default></track>
  <track kind="subtitles"
    label="Deutsche Untertitel"
    src="subtitles_de.vtt"
    srclang="de"></track>
</video>
```

HTML

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HTML5: Embedded content (6/6)

■ Support for drawing on a canvas

■ Defining the canvas:

```
<canvas id="cvs"></canvas>
```

HTML

■ Using the canvas:

```
var ctx = document.getElementById("cvs").getContext("2d");
ctx.fillRect(250, 25, 150, 100);
ctx.beginPath();
ctx.arc(450, 110, 100, Math.PI * 1 / 2, Math.PI * 3 / 2);
ctx.lineWidth = 15;
ctx.lineCap = 'round';
ctx.strokeStyle = 'rgba(255, 127, 0, 0.5)';
ctx.stroke();
```

JS



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CSS3: Vendor specific properties

■ Browsers implement own properties, e.g.:

```
#content {
  -moz-border-radius: 10px;
  -webkit-radius: 10px;
  border-radius: 10px;
}
```

CSS

■ Prefixes:

Vendor	Prefix
Microsoft	-ms-
Microsoft Office	-mso-
Gecko-based browsers (Mozilla Firefox)	-moz-
Opera	-o-
WebKit-based browsers (Safari, Google Chrome)	-webkit-
Konqueror	-khtml-

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CSS3: Selectors (1/2)

■ Target specific attributes

```
input[type="text"] { background: blue; }
```

CSS

■ Target the last element

```
li:last-child { background-color: red; }
```

CSS

■ Target every x elements

```
tr:nth-child(even) { background-color: #75c3f2; }
tr:nth-child(odd) { background-color: #0075c3; }
tr:nth-child(10n-1) { ... }
```

CSS

ID	User
1	Joe
2	Julie
3	Frank

■ Target element states

```
input:enabled { background-color: red; }
input:disabled { background-color: gray; }
input:checked { border: 3px solid green; }
```

CSS

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CSS3: Selectors (2/2)

■ Target the first line

```
p:first-line { background-color: #dedede; }
```

CSS

■ Target the immediate adjacent element

```
h1 + p:first-letter { font-size: 24px; }
```

CSS

The adjacent
element selector

Selects the first letter

■ Target one or more adjacent elements

```
article ~ div { background-color: yellow; }
```

CSS

■ Target elements that are not x

```
p:not(#example) {  
  background-color: yellow;  
}
```

CSS

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CSS3: Webfonts



- Support for custom fonts
- Declaring the font

```
@font-face {
  font-family: 'DayRoman';
  src: url('founts/DayRoman.ttf');
}
```

CSS

- Using the custom font

```
p {
  font-family: DayRoman, sans-serif;
}
```

CSS

– Free webfonts: <http://www.google.com/webfonts>

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CSS3: Opacity



- Support for transparency

```
#overlay { background-color: rgba(0, 0, 255, 0.50); }
```

CSS



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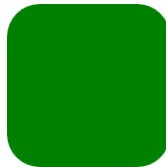
CSS3: Rounded corners



■ Support for rounded corners

```
#rounded { border-radius: 20px; }
```

CSS



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CSS3: Shadows



■ Apply shadow to text

```
p { text-shadow: 2px 2px 3px black; }
```

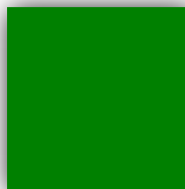
CSS

Test

■ Apply shadow to block-level elements

```
div { box-shadow: 2px 2px 15px black; }
```

CSS



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CSS3: Gradients



■ Apply a gradient

```
#box {
  background-image: -o-linear-gradient(bottom,
    rgb(126,230,163) 37%, rgb(38,118,171) 73%);
  background-image: -moz-linear-gradient(bottom,
    rgb(126,230,163) 37%, rgb(38,118,171) 73%);
  background-image: -webkit-linear-gradient(bottom,
    rgb(126,230,163) 37%, rgb(38,118,171) 73%);
  background-image: linear-gradient(bottom,
    rgb(126,230,163) 37%, rgb(38,118,171) 73%);
}
```

CSS

This value without vendor prefix is how it is supposed to work in all browsers.
Currently, it is not supported.



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CSS3: Reflection



■ Apply reflection to an object

```
img {
  -webkit-box-reflect: below 0px -webkit-
    gradient(linear, 0% 0%, 0% 100%, from(transparent), color-
    stop(0.55, transparent), to(white));
}
```

CSS



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CSS3: Transitions



■ Transition between styles

```
#slider {
  -webkit-transition: all 1s ease-in-out;
  -moz-transition: all 1s ease-in-out;
  -o-transition: all 1s ease-in-out;
  transition: all 1s ease-in-out;
}
```

CSS

```
#slider.left {
  margin-left: 0;
}
```

CSS

```
#slider.right {
  margin-left: 600px;
}
```

CSS



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CSS3: Transforms (1/4)

■ Skew an object

```
#photo {
  -moz-transform: skew(35deg);
  -o-transform: skew(35deg);
  -ms-transform: skew(35deg);
  -webkit-transform: skew(35deg);
  transform: skew(35deg);
}
```

CSS

Original:

Lorem ipsum dolor sit
amet, consectetur
adipiscing elit.

Transformed:

Lorem ipsum dolor sit
amet, consectetur
adipiscing elit.

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CSS3: Transforms (2/4)

■ Scale an object

```
#photo {
  -moz-transform: scale(1, 0.5);
  -o-transform: scale(1, 0.5);
  -ms-transform: scale(1, 0.5);
  -webkit-transform: scale(1, 0.5);
  transform: scale(1, 0.5);
}
```

CSS

Original:

Lorem ipsum dolor sit
amet, consectetur
adipiscing elit.

Transformed:

Lorem ipsum dolor sit
amet, consectetur
adipiscing elit.

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CSS3: Transforms (3/4)

■ Rotate an object

```
#photo {
  -moz-transform: rotate(5deg);
  -o-transform: rotate(5deg);
  -ms-transform: rotate(5deg);
  -webkit-transform: rotate(5deg);
  transform: rotate(5deg);
}
```

CSS

Original:

Lorem ipsum dolor sit
amet, consectetur
adipiscing elit.

Transformed:

Lorem ipsum dolor sit
amet, consectetur
adipiscing elit.

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CSS3: Transforms (4/4)



- More transformations
 - Translate: move an object
 - 3D transformations
- Transformations can be combined
 - E.g.: Scale and rotate
- Transformations work well with transitions

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CSS3: Animations



- Apply custom animations

```
@-webkit-keyframes pulse {  
  from {  
    opacity: 0.0;  
    font-size: 100%;  
  }  
  to {  
    opacity: 1.0;  
    font-size: 200%;  
  }  
}  
span#pulseText {  
  -webkit-animation-name: pulse;  
  -webkit-animation-duration: 2s;  
  -webkit-animation-iteration-count: infinite;  
  -webkit-animation-timing-function: ease-in-out;  
  -webkit-animation-direction: alternate;  
}
```

CSS

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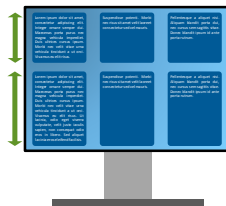
■ More

-  Modernizr

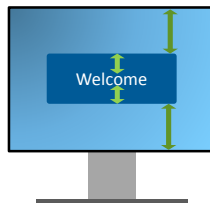
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CSS3: Flexible boxes (1/17)

■ The solution for all frustrating layout problems in the past

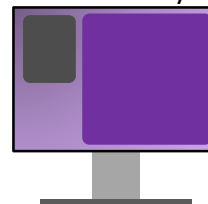


Aligning height of block elements



Vertically aligning content

Two-column layouts



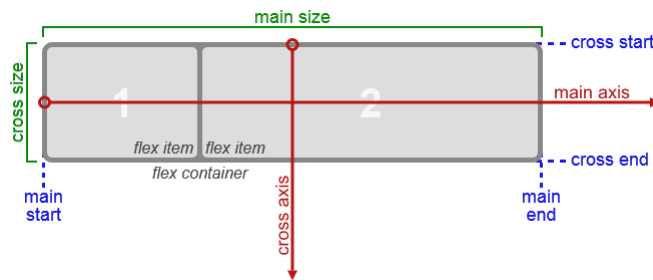
Three-column layouts



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CSS3: Flexible boxes (2/17)

■ Working with a flexible box



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CSS3: Flexible boxes (3/17)

■ Declare a flex container

```
#container {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
}
```

```
<div id="container">
  <div class="box">1</div>
  <div class="box">2</div>
  ...
  <div class="box">6</div>
</div>
```



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CSS3: Flexible boxes (4/17)

■ Determine the direction flex items are drawn

```
#container {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
  -webkit-flex-direction: row-reverse;
  flex-direction: row-reverse;
}
```

- Possible values:
row, row-reverse, column and column-reverse



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CSS3: Flexible boxes (5/17)

■ Wrap a flexible line

```
#container {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
  -webkit-flex-wrap: wrap;
  flex-wrap: wrap;
}
```

- Possible values:
wrap, nowrap and
wrap-reverse

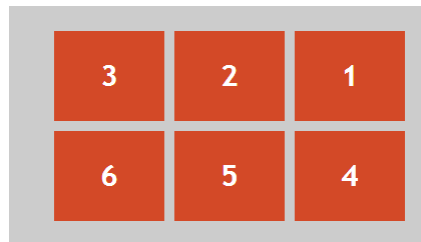


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CSS3: Flexible boxes (6/17)

■ Wrap and direct with a shorthand

```
#container {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
  -webkit-flex-flow: row-reverse wrap;
  flex-flow: row-reverse wrap;
}
```



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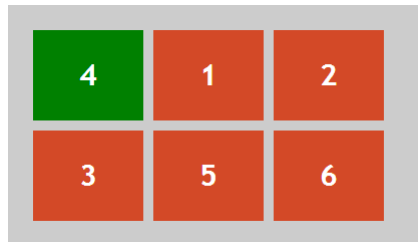
CSS3: Flexible boxes (7/17)

■ Change the order of placement

```
#container {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
  -webkit-flex-wrap: wrap;
  flex-wrap: wrap;
}

.current {
  background-color: green;
  -webkit-order: -1;
  order: -1;
}
```

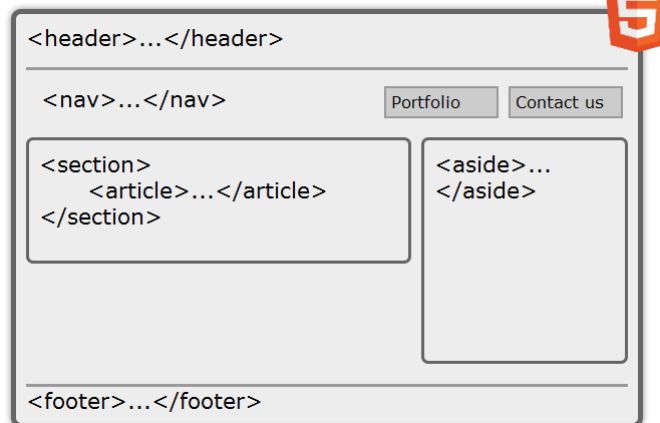
```
<div id="container">
  ...
  <div class="box current">
    4
  </div>
  ...
</div>
```



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CSS3: Flexible boxes (8/17)

■ Take up flexible space



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CSS3: Flexible boxes (9/17)

■ Take up flexible space

```

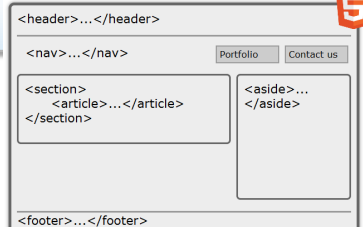
#main {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
}
#main section {
  -webkit-flex: 1;
  flex: 1;
}
#main aside {
  width: 300px;
}

```

```

<header>...</header>
<nav>...</nav>
<div id="main">
  <section>
    <article>...</article>
  </section>
  <aside>...</aside>
</div>
<footer>...</footer>

```

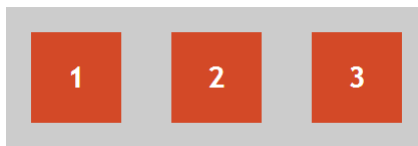


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CSS3: Flexible boxes (10/17)

■ Divide space on the **main axis**

```
#main {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
  -webkit-justify-content: space-between;
  justify-content: space-between;
}
```



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CSS3: Flexible boxes (11/17)

■ Divide space on the **main axis**

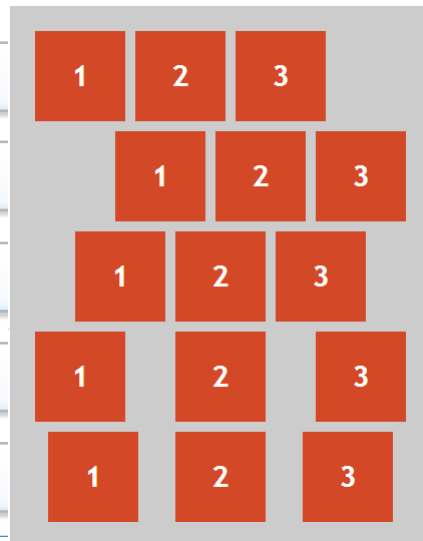
```
display: flex;
justify-content: flex-start;
```

```
display: flex;
justify-content: flex-end;
```

```
display: flex;
justify-content: center;
```

```
display: flex;
justify-content: space-around;
```

```
display: flex;
justify-content: space-between;
```

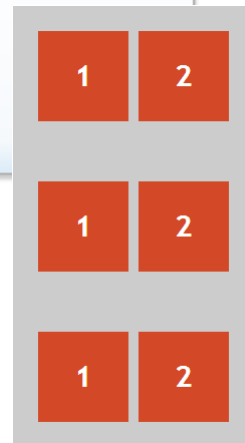


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CSS3: Flexible boxes (12/17)

■ Divide space on the **cross axis**

```
#main {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
  -webkit-flex-flow: row wrap;
  flex-flow: row wrap;
  -webkit-align-content: space-between;
  align-content: space-between;
}
```

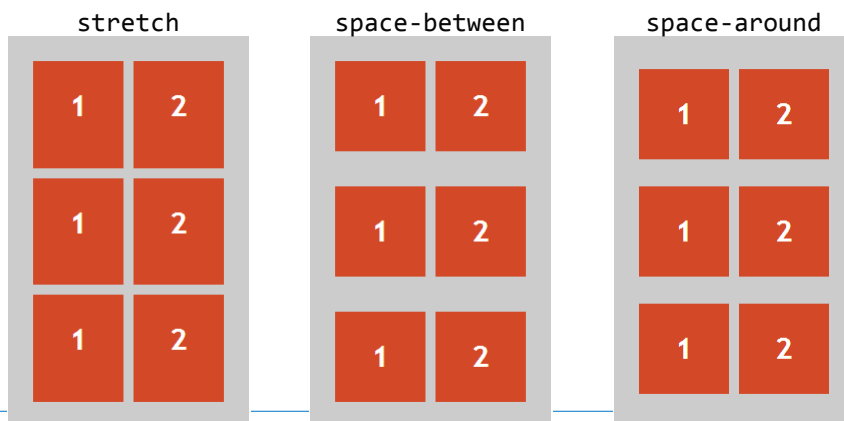


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CSS3: Flexible boxes (13/17)

■ Divide space on the **cross axis**

- flex-start, flex-end, center, space-between, space-around and stretch

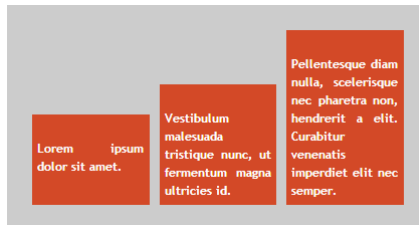


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CSS3: Flexible boxes (14/17)

■ Align items on the **cross axis**

```
#main {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
  -webkit-align-items: flex-end;
  align-items: flex-end;
}
```



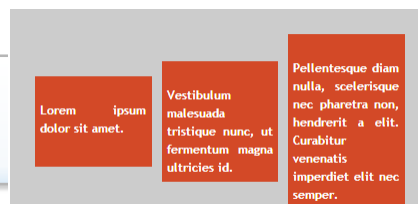
57

CSS3: Flexible boxes (15/17)

■ Align items on the **cross axis**

– flex-start, flex-end, center, stretch, baseline

```
#main {
  display: flex;
  align-items: center;
}
```



```
#main {
  display: flex;
  align-items: stretch;
}
```



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CSS3: Flexible boxes (16/17)

Flexible boxes make clever use of **margins**

```
<nav>
  <ul>
    <li>Start</li>
    <li>Guestbook</li>
    <li>Contact</li>
    <li id="login">Login</li>
  </ul>
</nav>
```

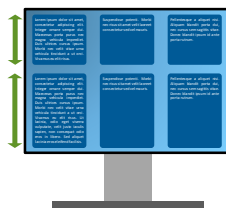
```
nav > ul {
  display: -webkit-flex;
  display: flex;
}
nav > ul > #login {
  margin-left: auto;
}
```

Start Guestbook Contact Login

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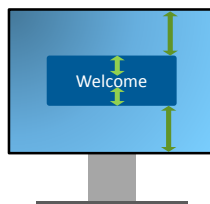
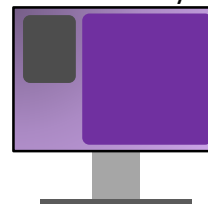
CSS3: Flexible boxes (17/17)

The solution for all frustrating layout problems in the past



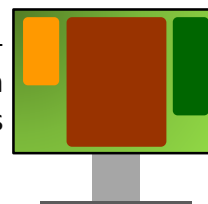
Aligning height of block elements

Two-column layouts



Vertically aligning content

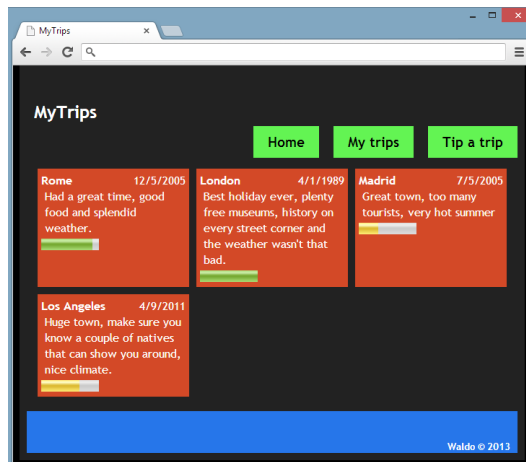
Three-column layouts



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Lab: Semantic elements

- Exercise 1: Semantic elements
- Exercise 2: Using flexible boxes



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-  **HTML5**
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 - More styling options
 - Flexible boxes
- **JavaScript APIs**
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 - Offline applications
- **More**
 -  **Modernizr**

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JS API: Selectors



■ CSS-like selection for one or more elements

```
var pars = document.querySelectorAll('div > p.names');
var checks = document.querySelectorAll(
    '#myform input[type="checkbox"]:checked');
```

JS

■ Selecting exactly one element

```
var element = document.querySelector(
    '#content img:nth-of-type(4)');
```

JS

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JS API: Web Storage (1/3)

- Storing application data on the client
- Same as working with cookies, however:
 - Data is not send to server
 - More space available (~5MB)

Session storage

- Data stays alive during session
- `window.sessionStorage`

Local storage

- Stays alive over sessions
- `window.localStorage`

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JS API: Web Storage (2/3)

- Using local storage with functions

```
var myValue = window.localStorage.getItem('myKey');
```

JS

```
window.localStorage.setItem('myKey', 'myValue');
```

JS

```
window.localStorage.removeItem('myKey');
```

JS

- Using local storage as an array

```
var myValue = window.localStorage['myKey'];
```

JS

```
window.localStorage['myKey'] = 'myValue';
```

JS

```
delete window.localStorage['myKey'];
```

JS

```
if ('myKey' in window.localStorage) { ... }
```

JS

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JS API: Web Storage (3/3)

- Web Storage only stores strings
 - The built-in JSON object converts to/from strings

■ Store objects using JSON.stringify()

```
var myObject = { x: 14, y: 28, q: 'Hi' };
window.localStorage['myObj'] = JSON.stringify(myObject);
```

JS

■ Retrieve objects using JSON.parse()

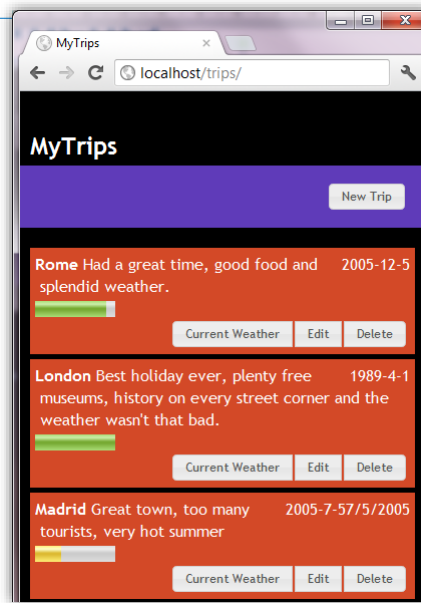
```
if (window.localStorage['myObj']) {
  var myObject = JSON.parse(window.localStorage['myObj']);
  alert(myObject.y);
}
```

JS

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Lab: Storing data

- Exercise 2:
Store the added trips
in local storage for
later viewing



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JS API: Geolocation (1/5)

■ Discover the location of the client device

	Pros	Cons
IP address	Available everywhere	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Low accuracy - High processing overhead
Cell phone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fairly accurate - Quick and cheap 	Ineffective in areas with limited cell phone towers
WiFi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fairly accurate - Quick and cheap 	Ineffective in areas with limited access points
GPS	Very accurate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Does not work well indoors - Can take some time, draining batteries
User defined	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - May be more accurate than programmatic services - May be faster than detection - Allows geolocation services for other locations 	Can also be very inaccurate, especially if the location changes

Source: Pro HTML5 Programming, Apress

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JS API: Geolocation (2/5)

■ Get current position

```
navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(  
    geolocationSuccess,  
    geolocationError,  
    { enableHighAccuracy: true, maximumAge: 5000 }  
);
```

JS

```
function geolocationSuccess(position) {  
    var latitude = position.coords.latitude;  
    var longitude = position.coords.longitude;  
    var altitude = position.coords.altitude;  
    var accuracy = position.coords.accuracy;  
  
    [...]  
}
```

JS

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JS API: Geolocation (3/5)

■ Get current position

```
navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(  
    geolocationSuccess,  
    geolocationError,  
    { enableHighAccuracy: true, maximumAge: 5000 }  
);
```

JS

```
function geolocationError(err) {  
    switch (err.code) {  
        case err.TIMEOUT: [...]; break;  
        case err.UNKNOWN_ERROR: [...]; break;  
        case err.POSITION_UNAVAILABLE: ...; break;  
        case err.PERMISSION_DENIED: [...]; break;  
    };  
}
```

JS

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JS API: Geolocation (4/5)

■ Track location

```
watchId = navigator.geolocation.watchPosition(  
    geolocationSuccess,  
    geolocationError,  
    { enableHighAccuracy: true, maximumAge: 5000 }  
);
```

JS

■ Stop tracking location

```
navigator.geolocation.clearWatch(watchId);
```

JS

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JS API: Geolocation (5/5)



■ Track location

```
watchId = navigator.geolocation.watchPosition(  
    geolocationSuccess,  
    geolocationError,  
    { enableHighAccuracy: true, maximumAge: 5000 }  
);
```

JS

```
function geolocationSuccess(position) {  
    var latitude = position.coords.latitude;  
    var longitude = position.coords.longitude;  
    var altitude = position.coords.altitude;  
    var accuracy = position.coords.accuracy;  
    var heading = position.coords.heading;  
    var speed = position.coords.speed;  
    [...]  
}
```

JS

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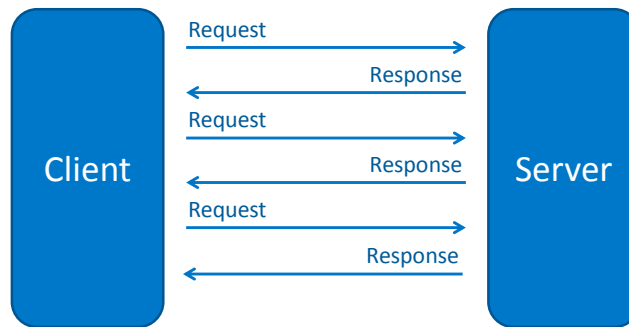
JS API: WebSockets (1/8)

■ Support for real-time communication

- Chat applications
- E-mail clients
- Retrieving stock information

JS API: WebSockets (2/8)

- Real-time communication before websockets: Polling



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JS API: WebSockets (3/8)

A basic HTTP request

```

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: nl,en-us;q=0.7,en;q=0.3
Connection: keep-alive
Cookie: __utma=104736729.2049376885.1331671738.1331762681.1331768165.4;
__utms=104736729.1331768165.4.3.utmcsr=google|utmccn=(organic)|utmcmd=organ
ic|utmctr=html5%20drag%20and%20drop%20uses;
__utma=195626862.541212434.1331740109.1331771486.1331801021.4;
__utmc=195626862;
__utms=195626862.1331740109.1.1.utmcsr=google|utmccn=(organic)|utmcmd=organ
ic|utmctr=html5%20selectors%20api; __utmc=104736729
DNT: 1
Host: www.html5rocks.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; rv:10.0.2) Gecko/20100101
Firefox/10.0.2
  
```

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JS API: WebSockets (4/8)

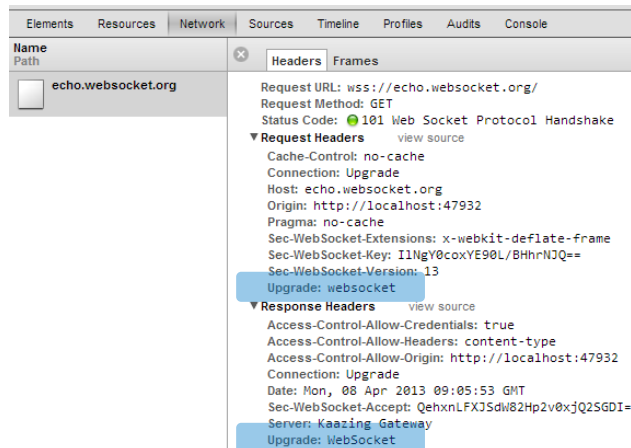
A basic HTTP response

```
Age: 14115
Cache-Control: public, max-age=2592000
Content-Encoding: gzip
Content-Length: 28319
Content-Type: text/html
Date: Wed, 14 Mar 2012 11:53:27 GMT
Etag: "200dDQ"
Expires: Fri, 13 Apr 2012 11:53:27 GMT
Server: Google Frontend
```

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JS API: WebSockets (5/8)

- WebSockets use a **new TCP-based protocol**
 - When approaching the web server, a handshake is performed

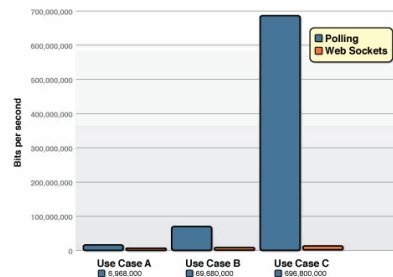


The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools Network tab with the 'Headers' sub-tab selected. The request is to 'echo.websocket.org' and is a '101 Web Socket Protocol Handshake'. The 'Request Headers' section shows 'Cache-Control: no-cache', 'Connection: Upgrade', 'Host: echo.websocket.org', 'Origin: http://localhost:47932', 'Pragma: no-cache', 'Sec-WebSocket-Extensions: x-webkit-deflate-frame', 'Sec-WebSocket-Key: I1NgY0coxE90L/BHhrN3Q==', and 'Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13'. The 'Response Headers' section shows 'Access-Control-Allow-Credentials: true', 'Access-Control-Allow-Headers: content-type', 'Access-Control-Allow-Origin: http://localhost:47932', 'Connection: Upgrade', 'Date: Mon, 08 Apr 2013 09:05:53 GMT', 'Sec-WebSocket-Accept: QehxnlFXJ5dW82Hp2v0xjQ2SGDI=', 'Server: Kaazing Gateway', and 'Upgrade: WebSocket'.

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JS API: WebSockets (6/8)

- WebSockets use a **new TCP-based protocol**
 - When approaching the web server, a handshake is performed
 - Connections may remain open as long as needed
 - Eliminates excess HTTP request bodies

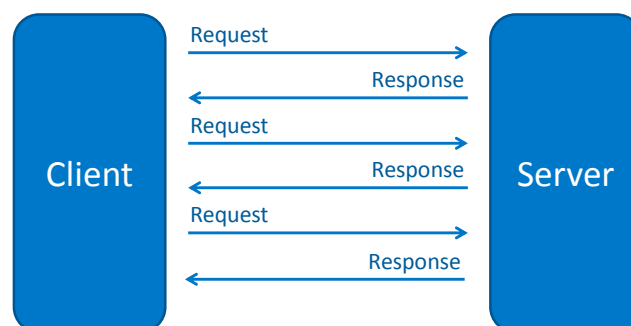


Source: <http://websocket.org/quantum.html>

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JS API: WebSockets (7/8)

- Communication with websockets



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JS API: WebSockets (8/8)

■ Using websockets

```
var socket = new WebSocket('ws://socketserver');
socket.addEventListener('open', function (e) {

});
socket.addEventListener('message', function (e) {

});
socket.addEventListener('close', function (e) {

});
```

JS

- A websocket server for testing purposes:
<wss://echo.websocket.org>

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JS API: Web workers (1/3)

- Support for performing work on the background
- Communicate through messages
- Limited features accessible
 - No DOM
 - No window object
 - No document object

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JS API: Web workers (2/3)

■ Spawning a new worker

```
var worker = new Worker('workerCode.js');
worker.addEventListener('message', messageHandler, false);

function messageHandler(e) {
  if (e.data == "...") { ... }
}
```

JS

■ The worker itself

```
self.addEventListener('message', messageHandler, false);
function messageHandler(e) {
  if (e.data == "start") { ... }
}
```

JS

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JS API: Web workers (3/3)



■ Spawning a new worker

```
var worker = new Worker('workerCode.js');
worker.addEventListener('message', messageHandler, false);
worker.postMessage(...);
```

JS

Often used to tell
the worker that he
may start working

■ The worker itself

```
self.addEventListener('message', messageHandler, false);
self.postMessage(...);
```

JS

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JS API: Web SQL

■ Access to a client-side database

```
var db = window.openDatabase("Name", "1.0",
    "Description", 5 * 1024 * 1024); // ~5MB
db.transaction(function (tx) {
    tx.executeSql("SELECT * FROM test", [],
        successCallback, errorCallback);
});
```

JS

■ Discontinued: Too many issues

- Indexed Database API as alternative

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JS API: IndexedDB (1/9)

- Second attempt at client-side database access
 - Useful for storing larger and/or more complex data
 - Webmail clients
 - A list of journal entries
 - **No SQL** this time
 - Consists of two APIs
 - Synchronous API (candidate for removal)
 - Asynchronous API (discussed from this point on)
 - All commands must be within a transaction

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JS API: IndexedDB (2/9)

■ Opening a database

```
var db;  
var dbversion = 2;  
var request = window.indexedDB.open('myDb', dbversion);  
request.addEventListener('success', function (e) {  
    db = e.target.result;  
});
```

JS

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JS API: IndexedDB (3/9)

- Creating **object stores** for storing data
 - Newer versions trigger **upgradeneeded** event

```
var db;
var dbversion = 2;
var request = window.indexedDB.open('myDb', dbversion);
request.addEventListener('upgradeneeded', function (e) {
  db = e.target.result;
  if (db.objectStoreNames.contains('myStore')) {
    db.deleteObjectStore('myStore');
  }
  db.createObjectStore('myStore', {
    keyPath: 'timestamp'
  });
});
```

JS

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JS API: IndexedDB (4/9)

- Persist data
 - All commands are done using **transactions**
 - Complete objects can be persisted

```
var db;
var dbversion = 2;
var request = window.indexedDB.open('myDb', dbversion);
request.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
  db = e.target.result;
  var trans = db.transaction(['myStore'], 'readwrite');
  var store = trans.objectStore('myStore');
  var addRequest = store.add({ myKey: 'myValue' });
  addRequest.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
    ...
  });
});
```

JS

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JS API: IndexedDB (5/9)

■ Update persisted data

- Depending on if the index exists, put will update or insert the data

```
var db;
var dbversion = 2;
var request = window.indexedDB.open('myDb', dbversion);
request.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
    db = e.target.result;
    var trans = db.transaction(['myStore'], 'readwrite');
    var store = trans.objectStore('myStore');
    var putRequest = store.put({ myKey: 'myNewValue' });
    putRequest.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
        ...
    });
});
```

JS

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JS API: IndexedDB (6/9)

■ Delete persisted data

```
var db;
var dbversion = 2;
var request = window.indexedDB.open('myDb', dbversion);
request.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
    db = e.target.result;
    var trans = db.transaction(['myStore'], 'readwrite');
    var store = trans.objectStore('myStore');
    var deleteRequest = store.delete(id);
    deleteRequest.addEventListener('success', function () {
        ...
    });
});
```

JS

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JS API: IndexedDB (7/9)

■ Retrieve one item

```
var db;
var dbversion = 2;
var request = window.indexedDB.open('myDb', dbversion);
request.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
    db = e.target.result;
    var trans = db.transaction(['myStore'], 'readwrite');
    var store = trans.objectStore('myStore');
    var getRequest = store.get(id);
    getRequest.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
        var result = e.target.result;
        if (!result) { return; }

        console.log(result.myKey);
    });
});
```

JS

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JS API: IndexedDB (8/9)

■ Query data

```
var db;
var dbversion = 2;
var request = window.indexedDB.open('myDb', dbversion);
request.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
    db = e.target.result;
    var trans = db.transaction(['myStore'], 'readonly');
    var store = trans.objectStore('myStore');
    var cursorRequest = store.openCursor();
    cursorRequest.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
        var result = e.target.result;
        if (!result) { return; }
        console.log(result.value.myKey);
        result.continue();
    });
});
```

JS

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JS API: IndexedDB (9/9)



■ Handle errors

- All requests expose an error event
- Thanks to event bubbling, most errors can be handled through the db object

```
var db;
var dbversion = 2;
var request = window.indexedDB.open('myDb', dbversion);
request.addEventListener('error', function (e) {
    console.error('IndexedDB connection error: ' + e.value);
});
request.addEventListener('success', function (e) {
    db = e.target.result;
    db.addEventListener('error', function (e) {
        console.error('IndexedDB error: ' + e.value);
    });
});
```

JS

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JS API: Drag and drop (1/2)

- Support for dragging and dropping
 - Images, text and even files (uploadable!)
- Create a zone where drops can be made

```
var zone = document.getElementById('dropZone');  
zone.addEventListener('dragover', handleDragOver, false);  
zone.addEventListener('drop', handleDrop, false);
```

JS

101

JS API: Drag and drop (2/



- Handling a dragged file

```
function handleFileDrop(eventArgs) {  
    eventArgs.stopPropagation();  
    eventArgs.preventDefault();  
  
    var files = eventArgs.dataTransfer.files;  
    [...]  
}
```

JS

- Important: Cancel the default action

```
function handleDragOver(eventArgs) {  
    eventArgs.stopPropagation();  
    eventArgs.preventDefault();  
}
```

JS

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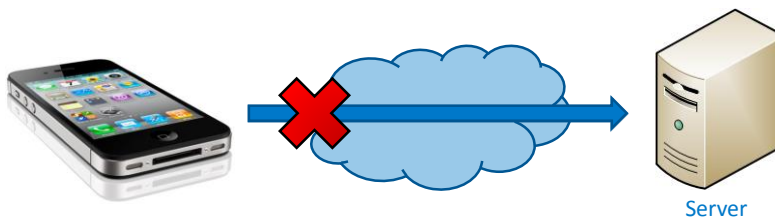
JS API: Offline apps (1/12)

- Store the web application locally with a **cache manifest**

```
<html manifest="manifest.appcache">
```

HTML

- Use: Users can still browse the application without a live connection



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JS API: Offline apps (2/12)

- The **cache manifest** specifies what to cache
- Has to be served as **“text/cache-manifest”** by the web server
- The content-encoding has to be **UTF-8**

```
CACHE MANIFEST
# version 2.3

CACHE:
/Home
/Styles/default.css
/Scripts/jquery-1.7.2.min.js
/Scripts/modernizr-2.5.3.min.js

NETWORK:
*

FALLBACK:
/ /Offline
```

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JS API: Offline apps (3/12)

- A plain text file with **“CACHE MANIFEST”** on the first line
- **CACHE** defines which URIs to cache
- **NETWORK** defines which URIs need a live connection
- **FALLBACK** is for when a URI cannot be resolved

```
CACHE MANIFEST
# version 2.3

CACHE:
/Home
/Styles/default.css
/Scripts/jquery-1.7.2.min.js
/Scripts/modernizr-2.5.3.min.js

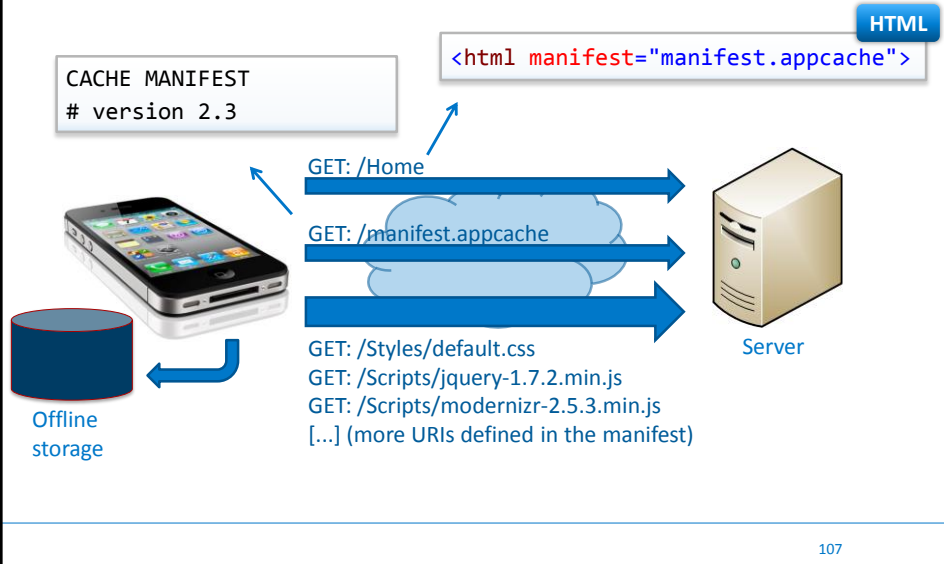
NETWORK:
*

FALLBACK:
/ /Offline
```

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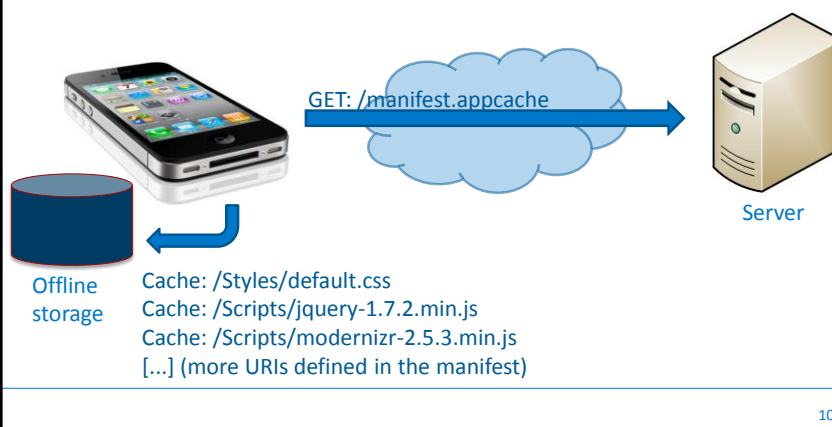
JS API: Offline apps (4/12)

■ Upon first request...



JS API: Offline apps (5/12)

■ And with subsequent requests... – With **no changes** to the manifest



JS API: Offline apps (6/12)

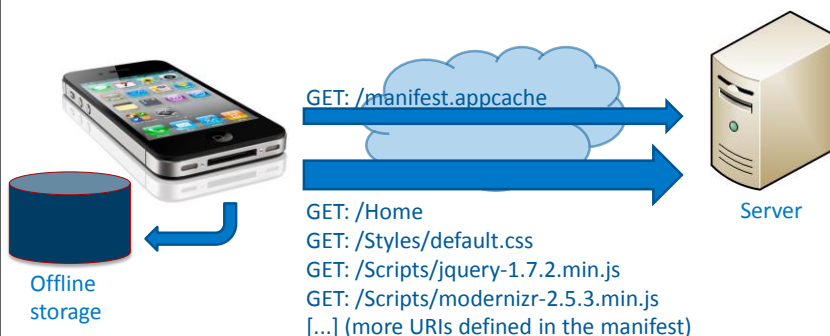
- And with subsequent requests...
 - With **no connection** to retrieve the manifest



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JS API: Offline apps (7/12)

- And with subsequent requests...
 - With **changes** to the manifest



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JS API: Offline apps (8/12)

- Browsers fire events when processing the manifest

```
var cache = window.applicationCache;
cache.addEventListener('cached', handleCached, false);
cache.addEventListener('checking', handleChecking, false);
cache.addEventListener('downloading', handleDownl, false);
cache.addEventListener('error', handleError, false);
cache.addEventListener('noupdate', handleNoUpdate, false);
cache.addEventListener('obsolete', handleObsolete, false);
cache.addEventListener('progress', handleProgress, false);
cache.addEventListener('updateready', handleUpdate, false);
```

JS

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JS API: Offline apps (9/12)

- Browsers fire events when processing the manifest

```
function handleUpdate(e) {
  if (confirm('Updates are here! Load?')) {
    window.applicationCache.swapCache();
    window.location.reload();
  }
}
```

JS

Programmatically update
the application cache

```
function handleError(e) {
  alert('Updates failed to load!');
}
```

JS

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JS API: Offline apps (10/12)

■ Programmatic control over application cache

- Kick off the update process

```
window.applicationCache.update();
```

JS

- Programmatically update the cache

```
window.applicationCache.swapCache();
```

JS

- Abort the update process

```
window.applicationCache.abort();
```

JS

- Check the status of the application cache

```
window.applicationCache.status;
```

JS

UNCACHED, IDLE, CHECKING, DOWNLOADING, UPDATEREADY and OBSOLETE

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JS API: Offline apps (11/12)

■ Detect network connectivity

```
navigator.onLine
```

JS

■ Keeping track of connectivity

```
window.addEventListener('online', function () {  
    ...  
}, false);  
window.addEventListener('offline', function () {  
    ...  
}, false);
```

JS

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JS API: Offline apps (12/14)



- Tips for working with offline apps
 - Application cache is not browser cache
 - Offline applications work very well with client-side storage
 - Try to never let the browser cache your manifest

```
Cache-Control: no-cache  
Pragma: no-cache  
Expires: -1
```



HTTP headers to prevent
browser caching

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Questions



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Resources

- <http://www.html5rocks.com>,
<http://www.html5doctor.com> and
<http://www.html5demos.com>
 - Great articles and/or code examples
- <http://www.html5please.com>
 - Lets you know if an HTML5 feature is ready for the real world. Also offers tips on fallback methods
- <http://dev.w3.org/html5/spec/>
 - The spec for you to browse through

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