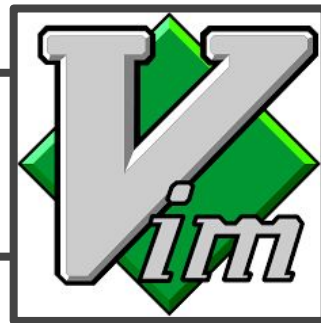


Scope's first seminar :

# Intro to Vim :)

by Jeffrey Hertzog :)



# What is Vim?



- Vim is a “modal” text editor

**Normal :** (command mode)

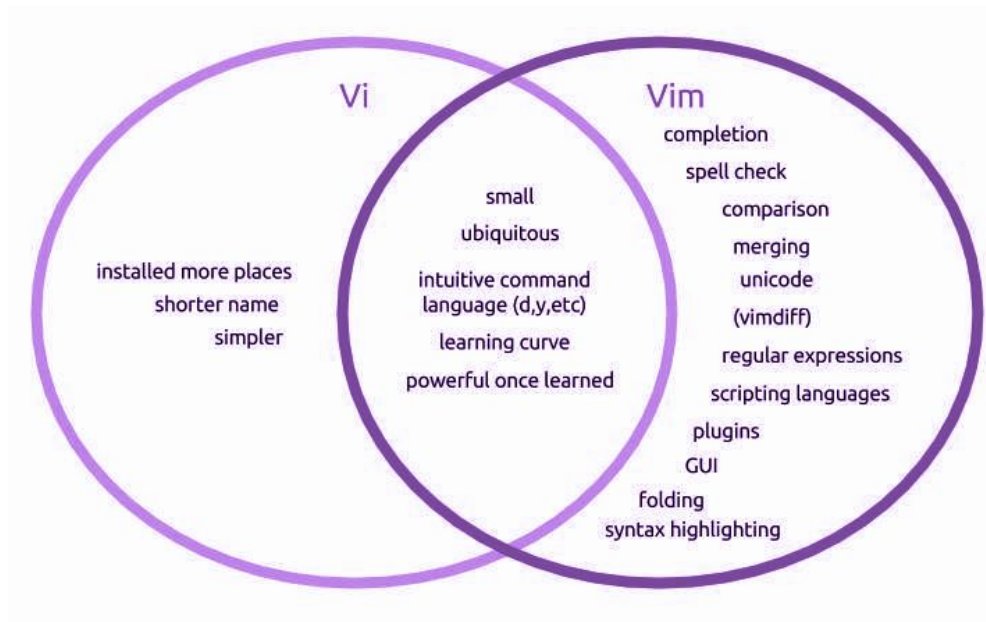
**Insert :** (typing mode)

**Visual :** (highlighting mode)

# Origins

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1. ed
2. em (editor for mortals)
3. ex
4. vi (extension of ex)
5. Stevie (ST editor for VI enthusiast)
6. vim (vi - improved!) ★



# Why should I use vim over modern text editors?

## Efficient and Powerful

- Switching between modes and using commands allow the user to edit and move around text extremely fast, and **without the use of the mouse**.
- Very visually simple, no bloated UI elements to get in your way while editing

## Ubiquity

- it's already everywhere
- can have all your configurations and plugins one file away (.vimrc)

A terminal window with a dark background. The title bar at the top reads "strings - zsh - 90x30". The prompt is "[jeffrey:~/Documents/notes/leetcode/easy/strings] \$".

```
strings - zsh - 90x30
[jeffrey:~/Documents/notes/leetcode/easy/strings] $
```

:set number

# Exiting Vim



**:q** quit without saving,  
(error if you have unsaved changes)

**:q!** force close, disposes of  
unsaved changes

**:wq** save and quit

**ZZ** another way to say wq

# Basic Movement

- use these keys to move around!

**h** move left

**j** move down

**k** move up

**l** move right

(resist the urge to use the arrow keys)

# Find, n, and N

**/ {string}** where string is the pattern you want to find

**n** move to next instance

**N** move to prev. instance



# Writing text with insert mode

**i I**

**i**  
go into insert mode **AT**  
cursor location

**I**  
goes into insert mode at  
**BEGINNING** of the line

**a A**

**a**  
go into insert mode  
**AFTER** cursor location

**A**  
goes into insert mode at  
**END** of the line

**o O**

**o**  
open a new line in insert  
mode **BELOW** current

**O**  
open a new line in insert  
mode **ABOVE** current

# Command

## Syntax

( verb - noun )

**d** : delete (action)

**w** : a word (object)

**d + w** = deletes a word

- what happens if we include #'s?

# Basic Verbs



**d** → deletes a noun

**x** → deletes a character

**c** → “change” (deletes + insert mode)

**y** → “yank” copies a noun

**p** → pastes whatever was d/y last

# Basic Nouns

**w** → forward one word

**e** → to the end of the next word

**\$** → until the end of the line

**0** → to the beginning of the line

**f{char}** → to the next instance of char

# Important!

**u** → undo last command

**ctrl r** → redo last command

**.** → repeat last command

- These are also considered verbs!

# Try it!

**d4j** deletes four lines

**4p** pastes last deletion four times

**c\$** deletes to eol, and insert mode

**3u** undoes the last three changes

**ea** insert mode at the end of current word

# More Movement



- gotta go fast :)

**gg** → jumps to first line

**G** → jumps to last line

**:n** → :5, jumps to line 5

**g;** → jumps back to place of last edit

**{}** → jumps to prev/next paragraph

# More Nouns

**iw** → modify the entire word

**it** → forward three words

**i"** → inside quotations

**ip** → inside paragraph

**as** → a sentence (up to .)

(remember: these can all be used with numbers to do many operations at once)



# Visual Mode

**v** →

- enters “visual mode” when you move around you will select text to modify

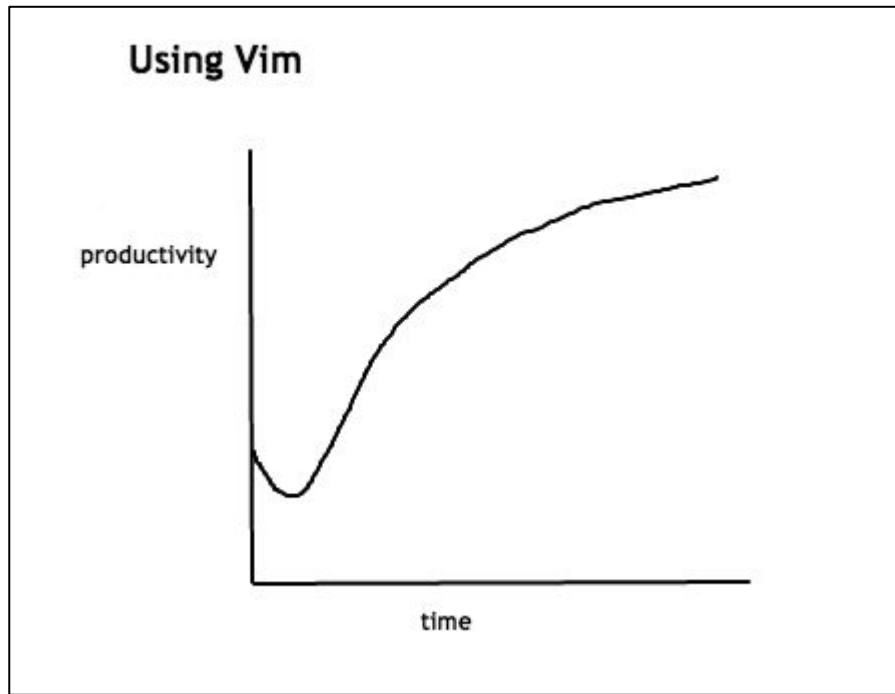
**shift v** →

- enters “visual line”
- same as visual just selects by entire line
- press v or shift v again to exit visual mode

# Learning

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- If you want to learn more and practice vim after this seminar, consider using [vimtutor!](#)





**What's my favorite thing about vim?**

# it's hard

there's so much to learn and so many unique ways to quickly solve problems  
that would take exponentially longer if done in a “modern” editor

# The end :0

Any questions?

<http://www.viemu.com/vi-vim-cheat-sheet.gif>

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<https://github.com/j-hertzog>