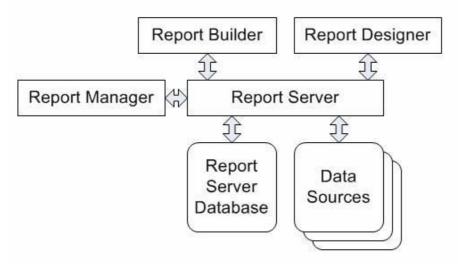
Hong Kong Baptist University **Department of Computer Science**

COMP 7810/4096 Business Intelligence (2019-20)

SQL Server Reporting Services (SSRS) and Power BI

Introduction

Reporting Services has a quite complex architecture. The full Reporting Services architecture includes development tools, administration tools, and report viewers. The following shows a simplified diagram of the main Reporting Services components that will be used.



- **Report Server** is the core engine that drives Reporting Services.
- **Report Manager** is a Web-based administrative interface for Reporting Services.
- **Report Designer** is a developer tool for building complex reports.
- **Report Builder** is a simplified end-user tool for building reports.
- **Report Server database** stores report definitions. Reports themselves can make use of data from many different data sources.

Reporting Services includes two tools for creating reports:

- **Report Designer** can create reports of any complexity that Reporting Services supports, but requires you to understand the structure of your data and to be able to navigate the Visual Studio user interface.
- Report Builder provides a simpler user interface for creating ad hoc reports, directed primarily at business users rather than developers. Report Builder requires a developer or administrator to set up a data model before end users can create reports.

Learning Outcomes

By finishing this lab session, you should be able to

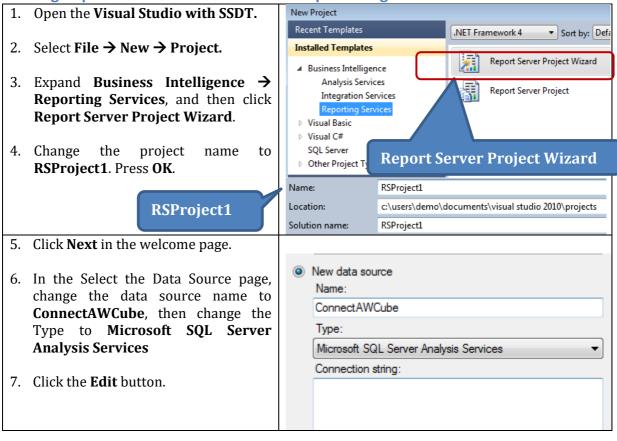
- create reports using SSRS for the OLAP cube
- create reports using SSRS for a relational database
- create report using PowerBI

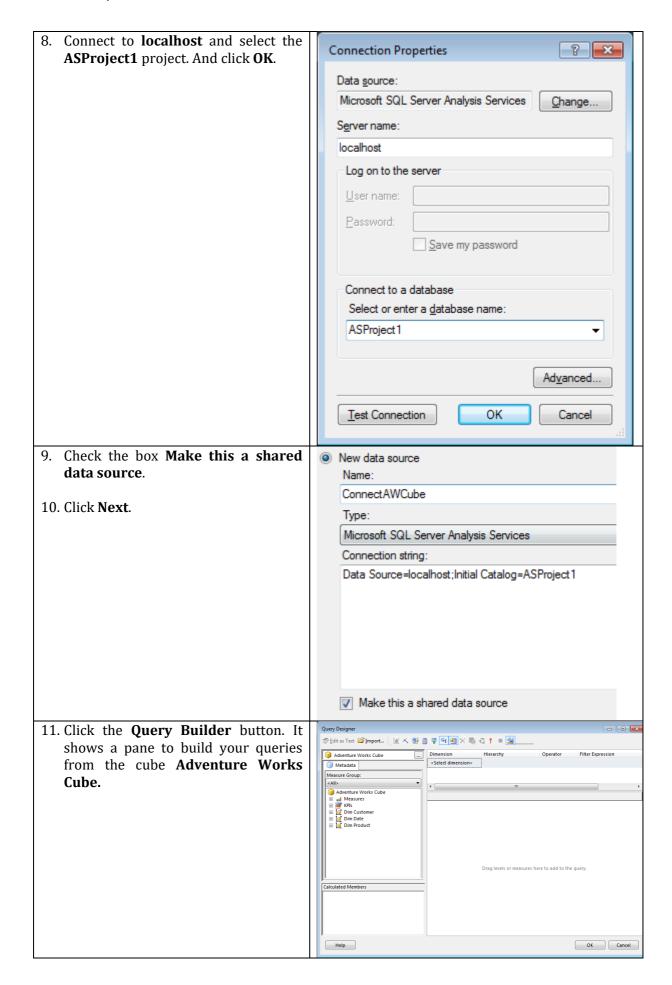
Tools

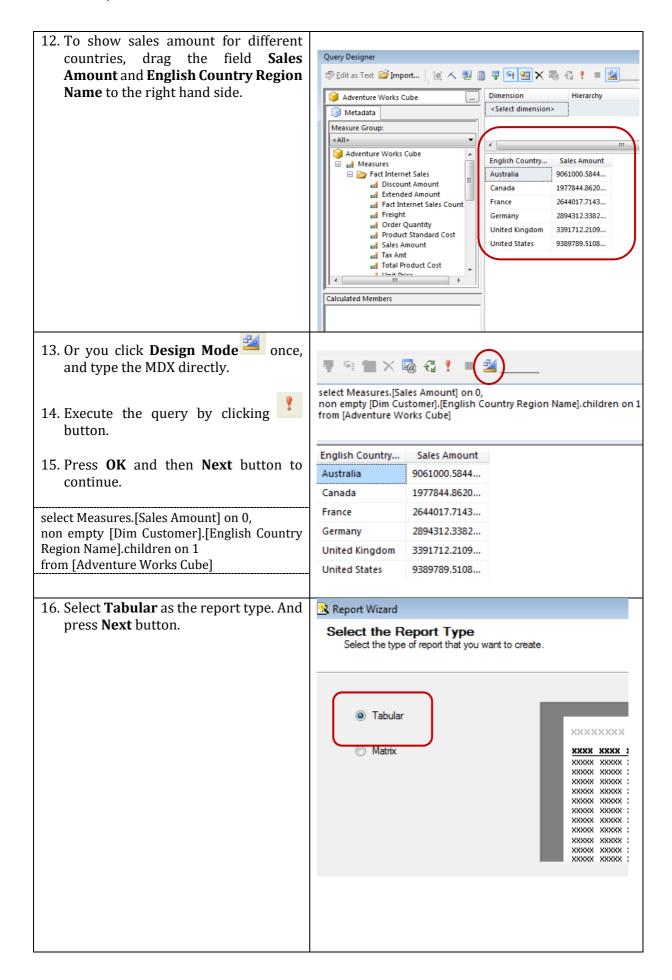
- Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio 2012
- Visual Studio 2010 with SQL Server Data Tools (SSDT)

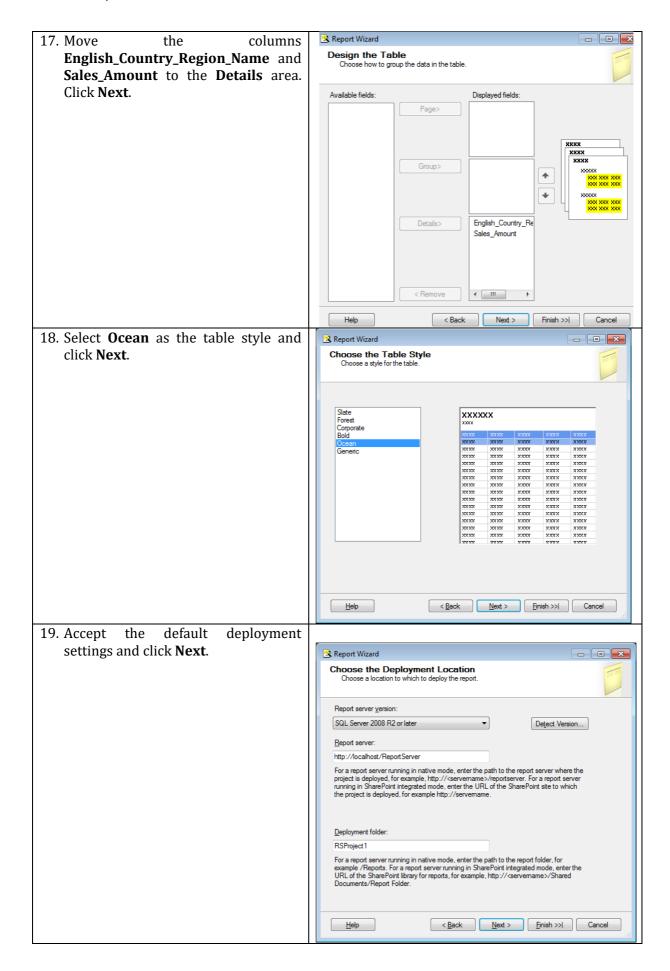
Part A: Generating reports using SSRS

I. Using Report Wizard to create the first report using cube data



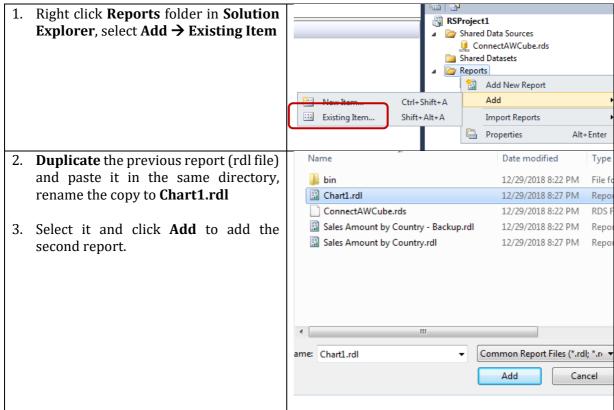






20. Name the report Sales Amount by 🔍 Report Wizard Country. And check the box Preview Completing the Wizard Report. Then click Finish. Report name **Sales Amount by Country** Sales Amount by Country Data source: Connect AWCube Connection string: Data Source=.;Initial Catalog=ASProject1 eport type: Table Details: English_Country_Region_Name, Sales_Amount Query: select Measures.[Sales Amount] on 0, non empty [Dim Customer],[English Country Region Name].children on 1 from [Adventure Works Cube] < Back Next > Finish Cancel 21. The report showing the MDX result Sales Amount by Country you typed before. **English Country Region Name Sales Amount** Australia 9061000.58 22. You may adjust the column width 1977844.86 Canada using **Design** tab. And format the sales France 2644017.71 amount to Number with 2 d.p. Germany 2894312.34 United Kingdom 3391712.21 23. Select File > Save All to save the United States 9389789.51 changes.

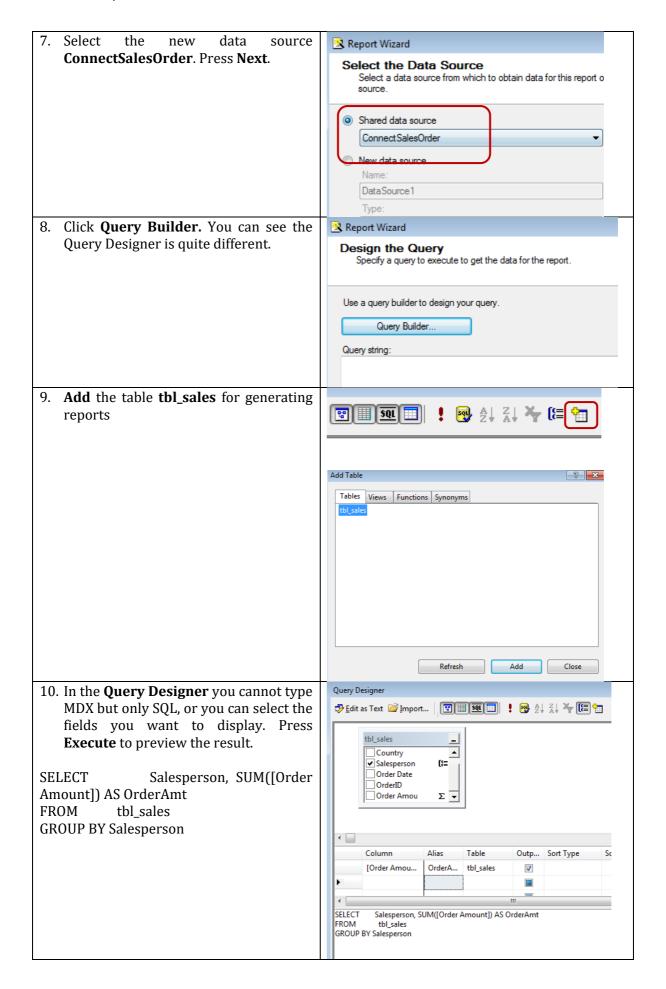
II. Create a chart to visualize the result

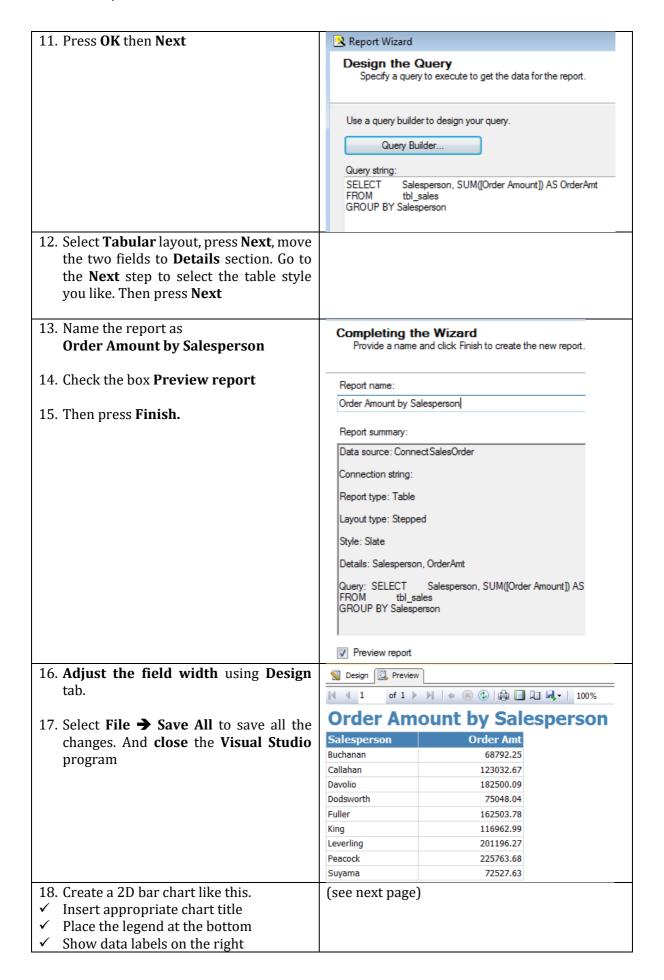


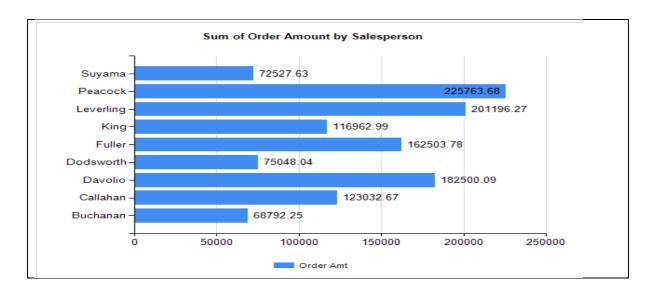
4. **Double click** to open the **Chart1.rdl** in Design Review Solution Explorer using Design tab. (You may close the previous report) Sales Amount by Country 5. **Delete** the two fields. Adjust the area of the report for placing a chart. View Toolbox. 6. Select Select Select Chart Type Chart option and click on the Column Column area under report title. Select Column chart and click OK. Line Shape Bar Area Range 7. **Double click** the chart and add **Amount by Country** Sales_Amount as Values. It changes to Chart Data Sum(Sales_Amount). # + X Σ Values Sales_Amount 8. Select [Sum(Sales_Amount)] English_Country_Resgion_Name Category Groups. Category Groups English_Country_Region_N. Modify the charts according to the Sales Amount by Country following: Sum of Sales Amount by Country (in Thousands) 10000.00 -9061.00 1. Place the legend at the **bottom** 2. Change chart title to **Sum of Sales** 8000.00 **Amount** bv **Country** (in 6000 00 Thousands) 4000 00 3391.71 2644.02 2894.31 3. **Delete** x and y axis titles 1977 84 2000.00 4. Add Data label to each column, format it to **Number with 2 d.p.** 0.00 5. Show values in **Thousands** Sales Amount 10. Preview the chart, it should be similar to this one. 11. Select **File** → **Save All** to save all the changes.

III. Using Report Wizard to create another report using DB data

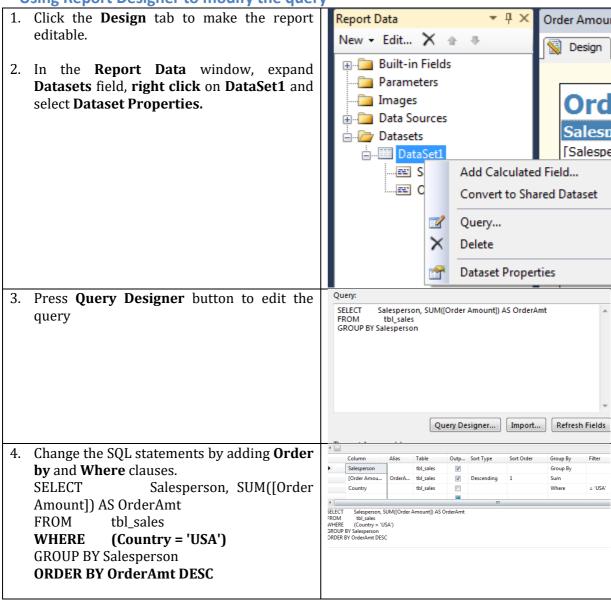
1.	Right click Shared Data Sources in the	Solution Explorer
	Solution Explorer. Choose Add New	
	Data Source	RSProject1
		Shared Data Sources
		🖳 C 🖳 Add New Data Source
		Share Add
		A Property Service Associated By Country and I
		Sales Amount by Country.rdl Chart1.rdl
2		ai Chartarui
2.	Add a new data source with the name ConnectSalesOrder	Change name, type, and connection options.
	Connectioniesoruer	Name:
3.	Type is Microsoft SQL Server. Click	ConnectSalesOrder
	Edit.	Type:
	(a valational DD)	Microsoft SQL Server
	(a relational DB)	Connection string:
4.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Data source:
	SalesOrder DB.	Microsoft SQL Server (SqlClient)
5.	Press OK and OK .	Server name:
Э.	Press OR and OR.	localhost
		Log on to the server
		Use Windows Authentication
		Use SQL Server Authentication
		User name:
		Password:
		Save my password
		Connect to a database
		Select or enter a database name:
		SalesOrder
		Attach a database file:
6.	•	RSProject1
	Add New Report. Press Next.	
		ConnectSalesOrder.rds
		Shared Datasets
		▲ C Reports
		🖺 Sal 🐩 🛮 Add New Report
		☐ Ch Add
		Import Reports
		Properties







IV. Using Report Designer to modify the query



5.	Press Execute to preview the result. Press		Salesperson		OrderAmt	
	OK and OK		Peacock		25763.6800000	
		Ī	Leverling	2	01196.2700000	
			Davolio	1	82500.09	
			Fuller	1	62503.7800000	
			Callahan	1	23032.6699999	
6.	Preview the report and chart. The report and chart are updated.	Sa Pe Les	Idesperson Order Ant sock 225763.68 serling 201196.27 solio 182500.09 ler 162503.78	Sum of Order Amount by Salesperson in USA		
7.	You may change the chart title.	Ca	123032.67	Leve		201196.27
8.	Select File → Save All to save all the changes.				olio -	182500.09
					0 50000 100000 15	200000 250000

Part B: Generating reports using Power BI

Power BI is a data visualization and business intelligence tool that converts data from different data sources to interactive dashboards and BI reports.

Power BI Desktop is the Windows-desktop-based application, primarily for designing and creating reports. **Power BI Services** (a cloud service) is used to publish reports and data visualizations, while **Power BI mobile app** is used to view the reports and dashboards.

Some advantages of using Power BI:

- Present visually, eye-catching
- Building Power BI reports is **faster** and **easier** than building SSRS reports
- Power BI enable mobile reporting
- Power BI has **more graphical component** as compared to SSRS

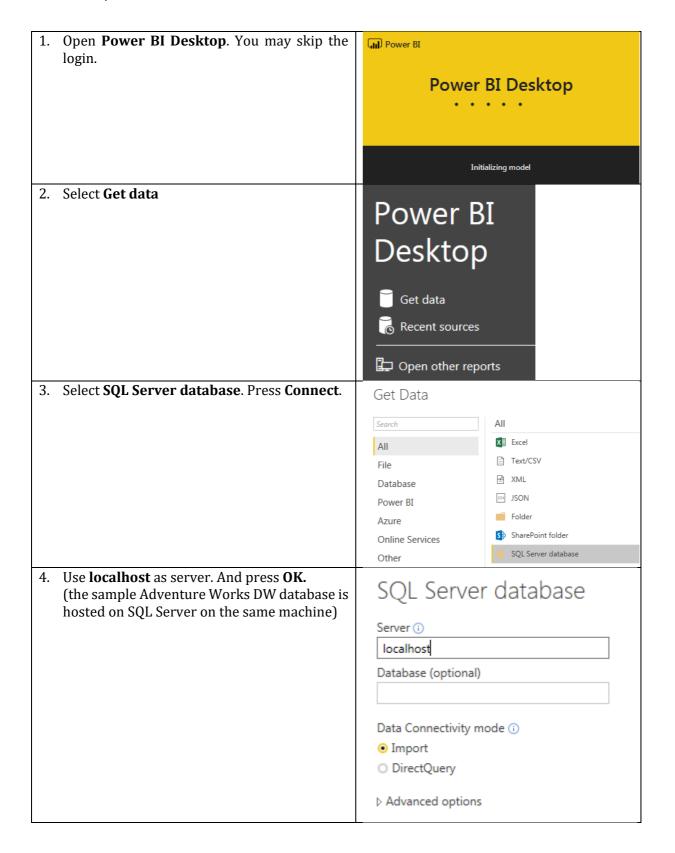
(Other comparison between SSRS and Power BI:

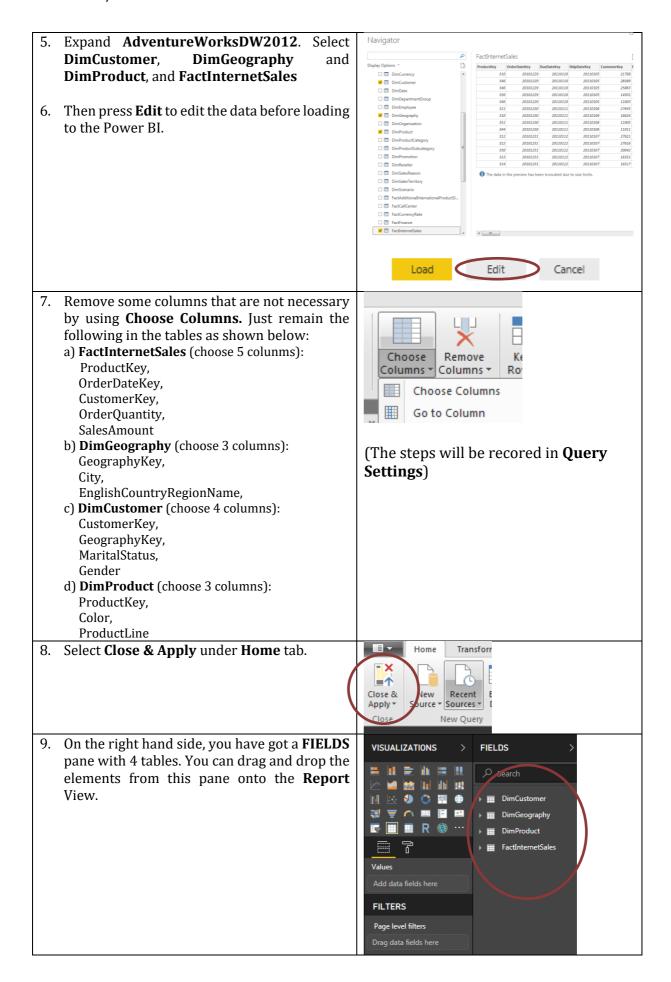
https://www.educba.com/power-bi-vs-ssrs/)

There are some important building blocks in Power BI:

- **Visualizations** is a type of chart built by Power BI designers
- **Reports** is one or more pages of interactive visuals, text, and graphics that together make up a single report
- **Dashboards** is a single screen with interactive visuals, text, and graphics

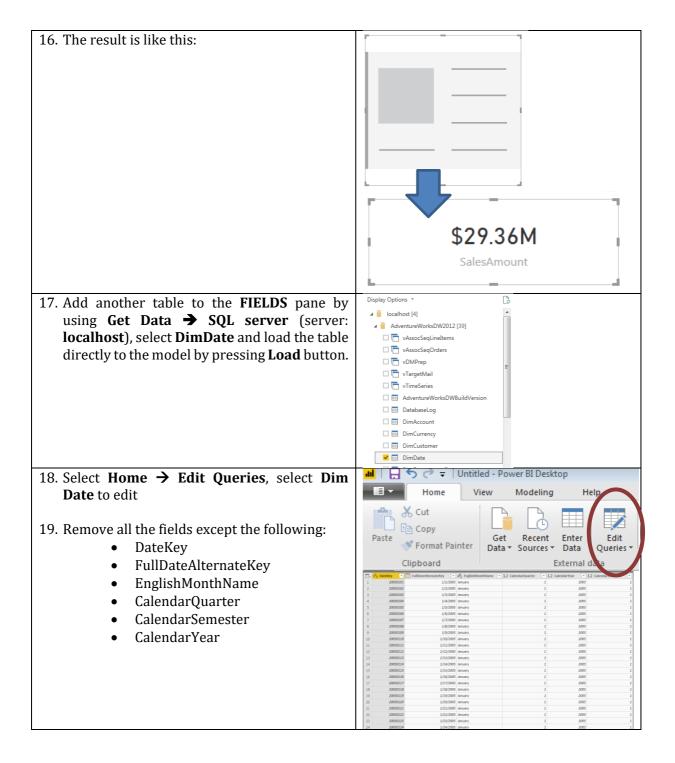
Don't use Power BI to replace Excel pivot tables and SSRS report, complement them.

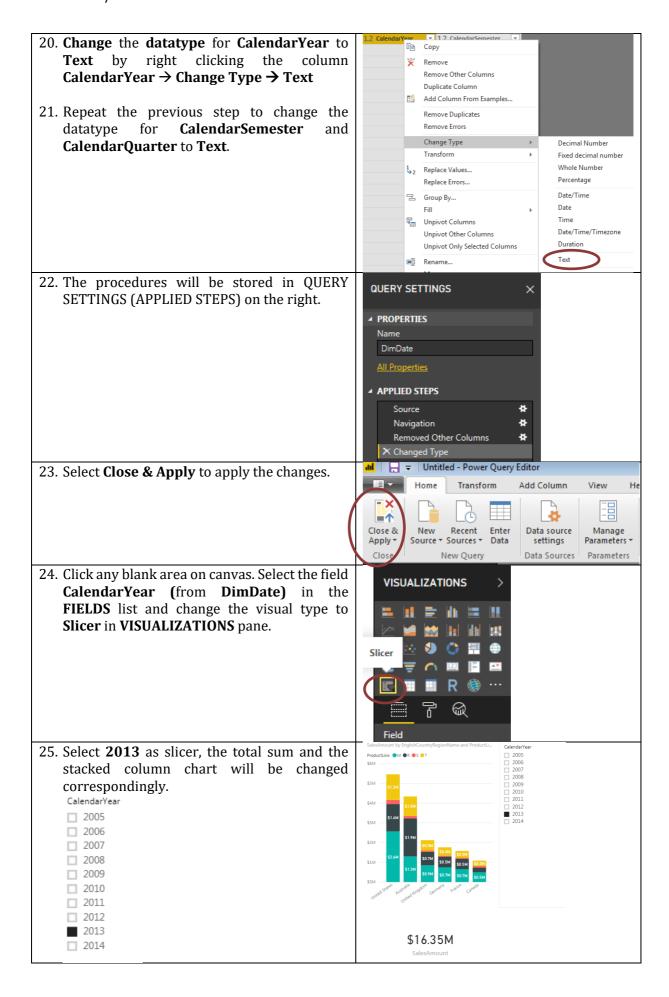




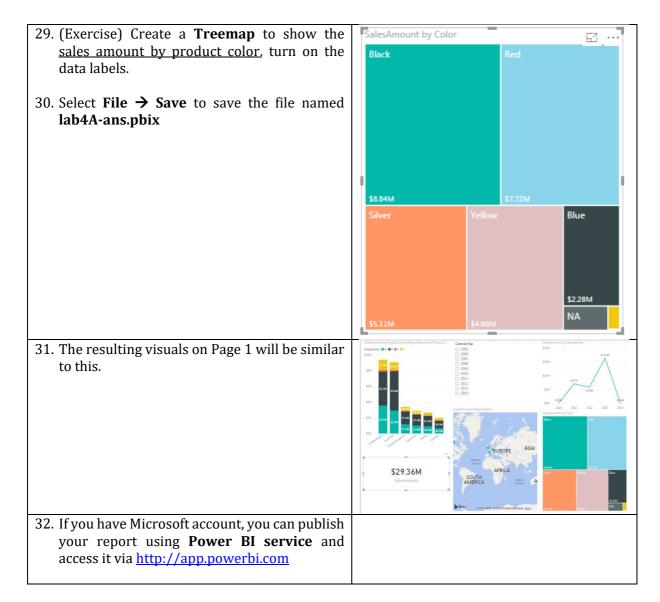
10. Select Relationships button on the left to display the relationships between the tables Σ OrderDateKev GeographyKey you have loaded. MaritalStatus ılıl | 📙 🕤 ♂ 🖚 | Untitled - P Σ OrderQuantity ProductKey Home Cut E Copy Format Painter Data Clipboard Ш Proc \$101 \$81 11. Go back to Report view. There are some **VISUALIZATIONS FIELDS** tables in **FIELDS** pane. Select **SalesAmount** in 医骶骨 脏 医肌 FactInternetSales, select then **EnglishCountryRegionName** in 🔛 🤚 💍 🗏 📵 → III DimCustomer DimGeography. \overline 🧥 🖽 📔 🖭 ull | 📙 🗲 🥏 = | Untitled - P ■ ■ R @ ··· Home View ☐ City Cut EnglishCountryRegionName Сору Format Painter Data ■ DimProduct Clipboard EnglishCountryRegionN ▼ X FactInternetSales Ш Legend Proc \$101 \$81 SalesAmount by EnglishCountryRegionName 12. It shows a column chart in the canvas. The \$10M chart type is clustered column. \$8M \$6M \$4M \$2M United Kingdom Australia \$0M Germany

SalesAmount by EnglishCountryRegionName 13. Select Format button to show data labels at \$10M the top of each column. \$9.1M VISUALIZATIONS \$9.4M \$8M **₹ 🗥 🖾 🖺 🗠** ■ ■ R 🕸 … \$6M \$4M \$3.4M \$2.9M \$2.6M \$2.0M \$2M United Kingdom \$0M Australia SalesAmount by EnglishCountryRegionName and ProductLine 14. Add ProductLine (from DimProduct) to **Legend** and change the chart type to **stacked** ProductLine ●M ●R ●S ●T column chart. (This visual is better as you create a columnar chart where each column has different colors for different product lines \$8M stacked on top of each other) \$4.3M \$5.0M \$4M \$2M \$0M 15. Click any blank area inside the canvas to **VISUALIZATIONS** create another visual - Card. Then select SalesAmount (from FactInternetSales) in FIELDS list. Now, it shows the total sum of sales. ш





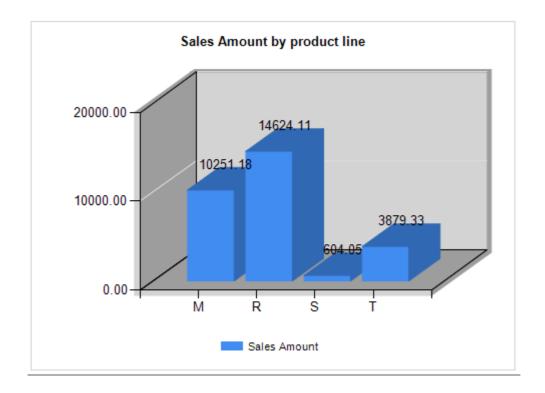
26. Click any blank area on the canvas to create EnglishCountryRegionName another visual. Select Map. Select **EnglishCountryRegionName** (from DimGeography) in the FIELDS list. Select a certain country to display the corresponding EUROPE data in that country. VISUALIZATIONS **AFRICA** SOUTH AU **AMERICA b** Bing © 2018 HERE; © 2019 Microsoft Corporation Terms 27. Clear the filter in Map and the Slicer (using CalendarYear 0 2005 **Clear selections**) to display all summarized Clear selections 2006 data in different countries for all years. 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 ☑ ... 28. Click any blank area on the canvas to create Export data another visual. Select Line chart in the Show data **VISUALIZATIONS** Choose pane. X Remove CalendarYear and SalesAmount. You □ Spotlight ↓ Z Sort descending can rearrange the x axis labels using **Sort** ↓ § Sort ascending by. And display the data labels. SalesAmount VISUALIZATIONS SalesAmount by CalendarYear \$20M \$16.4M ш \$15M \$10M \$7.1M \$5M \$5.8M \$0.0) \$**0**,0M \$0M 2014 2010 2011 2012 2013



V. Exercise

- 1) By using existing project **RSProject1** to add a new report by connecting to the cube (Adventure Works Cube) in ASProject1. Show total sales amount for each product line. Then create a 3-D column chart
 - ✓ Format the sales amount values in number with 2 d.p. in the report results
 - ✓ Insert appropriate chart title to the chart
 - ✓ Insert data labels to the chart (in number with 2 d.p. and show values as units of thousand)
 - ✓ Format the y-axis labels to number with unit of thousand
 - ✓ Place the legend at the bottom of the chart

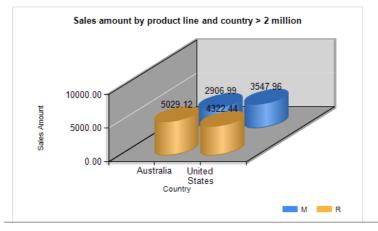
Sales amount by product line						
Product Line	Sales Amount					
M	10251183.52					
R	14624108.58					
S	604053.30					
T	3879331.82					



- 2) By using existing project **RSProject1** to add a new report by connecting to the cube (Adventure Works Cube) in ASProject1. Show sales amount for each product line in each country, with sales amount greater than 2,000,000. (You may refer to Lab 3A). Create a 3-D cylinder chart like this. Save all the changes using **File** → **Save All**.
 - ➤ Format the sales amount values in number with 2 d.p. in the report results
 - Insert appropriate chart title to the chart
 - ➤ Insert data labels to the chart (in number with 2 d.p. and show values as units of thousand)
 - Format the y-axis labels to number with unit of thousand
 - > Place the legend at the bottom right of the chart

Sales amount by product line and country > 2 million

Product Line	English Country Region Name	Sales Amount
М	Australia	2906994.45
М	United States	3547956.78
R	Australia	5029120.41
R	United States	4322438.41



VI. Answer Submission

1. **Zip** your Report Services projects (**RSProject1 folder with RSProject1.sln**) that you created in C:\Users\demo\Documents\Visual Studio 2010\Projects. The default file name is **RSProject1.zip**

- 2. Submit the following files to the site http://buelearning.hkbu.edu.hk/
 - lab4A-ans.pbix
 - RSProject1.zip