Agenda 10/13

- Open House Updates
- Smooth and organic motions:
 - Perlin Noise (More Array examples)
 - Matter.js

Random

let myNum = random(5,20)

Give you a random number between 5 & 20 every time this line is executed

Every time a number is selected it is independent from the pervious number. While is this good in some cases, it is not always the best.

Let see this example: https://editor.p5js.org/scotchANDsolder/sketches/zz55GPMjM

The motion of the circle is too random! Does not look that interesting.

Perlin Noise

A better way of getting random numbers that are **smooth***

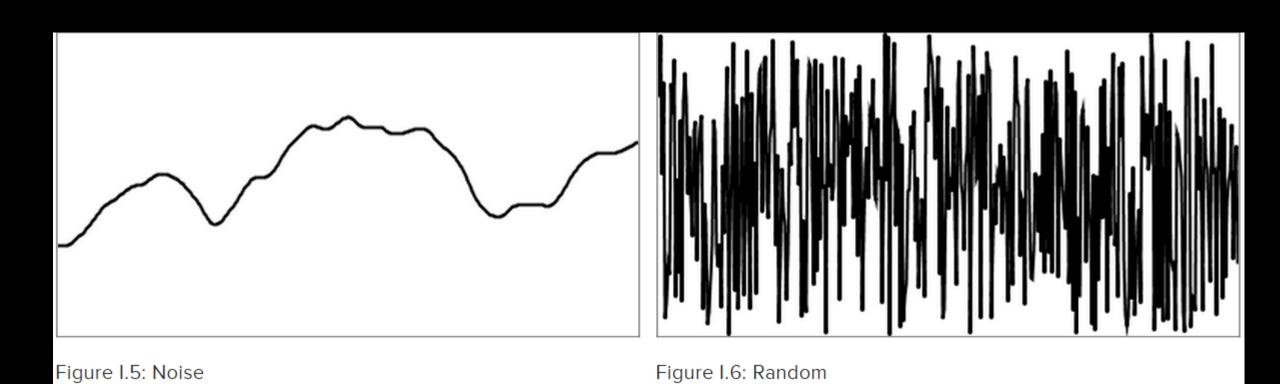
* - Perlin noise will give numbers that are dependent on the previous number

A much better way of moving circles:

https://editor.p5js.org/scotchANDsolder/sketches/xjmKGtfYa

Notice how the motion is more organic

Perlin Noise vs Random



Perlin Noise Examples

Anatomy of Perlin Noise

noise(x) -> give you values between 0 & 1.0 (in a smooth way)

In order to use noise() we must **scale** & **increment**. For example, if we want perlin noise numbers between 0 and 200:

xpos = 200 * noise(off) //xpos will range between 0 & 200.0off = off + 0.01 //off is updated

We are **scaling** by 200. This determines what range of numbers we want We are **incrementing** by 0.01. This determines the smoothness. Lower the increment, more the smoothness.

Matter.js

Physics Libraries that simulates motions of objects in the real world.

Examples: https://brm.io/matter-js/

Matter.js

Steps to use:

- 1. Download template from here: http://palmerpaul.com/p5-matter/p5-matter-template.zip
- 2. Extract file and location the following 2 files:
 - 1. p5-matter.min.js
 - 2. matter.min.js
- 3. Upload these to your p5.js web-editor. Click on the caret to see your files. Click on the arrow next to 'Sketch File' and upload the 2 files.
- 4. Edit index.html and add the following lines:
 - <script src="matter.min.js"></script>
 - <script src="p5-matter.min.js"></script>
- 5. Open and copy this script to your web editor:

https://editor.p5js.org/scotchANDsolder/sketches/FAPjEKFcY

Matter.js

Available Shapes: Ball, Block, Barrier, Sign (Text)

- 1. Put matter.init() in the setup() function
- 2. Create shapes by calling matter.makeBall(....) matter.makeBarreir(.....) etc.
 - Let's look at the parameters: http://palmerpaul.com/p5-matter/docs/#mattermakeball
 - Eg: let let ball = matter.makeBall(200,300,50)
 - myBall.show() -> displays and starts the physics engine for myBall
- 3. You can also add some features to each shape:
 - Eg: let ball = matter.makeBall(width / 2, 50, 60 , {restitution: 0.5 })
 - Restitution is the elasticity of the object
 - let myblock = matter.makeBarrier(width / 2,500,400,100, {restitution: 0.5, friction: 0.25 })
- 4. We can find out the location of each body (and other elements : http://palmerpaul.com/p5-matter/docs/#physicalobject)
 - Let xpos = ball.getPositionX()

Suggestions for Project 2

- Creative Coding aims to go beyond just representation/realism i.e. it lends itself to abstraction.
- Take an experimental approach i.e. try a few things before deciding which direction to take
- Have your imagery interact with the wall or space. Even simple textures that are mapped to a specific architecture/object can be interesting.
- Consider using random & perlin noise. Each visitor can have a unique experience
- Expand on Project 1 i.e. if you could animate your patterns how would they come alive?