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10/08/16

C.S. 465

H.W. # 7 Generate RSA Keys

$P=7$

$Q=13$

$E=5$ (Chosen arbitrarily from $0 < e < 7$)

$N=91$ ($P \cdot Q$)

$\Phi(N) = 72$ ($(P-1) \cdot (Q-1)$)

For any given RSA implementation, the Public and Private Keys are both pairs.

Public Key = $\{E, N\}$

Private Key = $\{D, N\}$

To find D , we will use the extended Euclidean algorithm we learned about in class

$\text{Gcd}(72, 5)$

$$72 \% 5 = 14 \text{ r } 2$$

$$5 \% 2 = 1 \text{ r } 1$$

$$2 \% 1 = 0 \text{ r } 0$$

$$1 \% 0 \quad \text{return } 1$$

72 and 5 are relatively prime to one another.

Take the remainder formulas from above and substitute to find D :

$$2 = 72(1) + 5(-14)$$

$$1 = 5(1) + [72(1) + 5(-14)](-2)$$

$$1 = 5(1) + 72(-2) + 5(28)$$

$$1 = 72(-2) + 5(29)$$

$$D = 29$$