

# **Use Cloud Volumes ONTAP**

**Cloud Volumes ONTAP** 

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# **Use Cloud Volumes ONTAP**

# License management

# Manage capacity-based licenses

Manage your capacity-based licenses from the Digital Wallet to ensure that your NetApp account has enough capacity for your Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems.

Capacity-based licenses enable you to pay for Cloud Volumes ONTAP per TiB of capacity.

The *Digital Wallet* enables you to manage licenses for Cloud Volumes ONTAP from a single location. You can add new licenses and update existing licenses.

Learn more about Cloud Volumes ONTAP licenses.

### How licenses are added to the Digital Wallet

After you purchase a license from your NetApp sales representative, NetApp will send you an email with the serial number and additional licensing details.

In the meantime, BlueXP automatically queries NetApp's licensing service to obtain details about the licenses associated with your NetApp Support Site account. If there are no errors, BlueXP automatically adds the licenses to the Digital Wallet.

If BlueXP can't add the license, you'll need to manually add them to the Digital Wallet yourself. For example, if the Connector is installed in a location that doesn't have internet access, you'll need to add the licenses yourself. Learn how to add purchased licenses to your account.

## View the consumed capacity in your account

The Digital Wallet shows you the total consumed capacity in your account and the consumed capacity by licensing package. This can help you understand how you're being charged and whether you need to purchase additional capacity.

#### **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select Digital Wallet.
- 2. With **Capacity Based Licenses** selected, view the packages summary, which shows you consumed capacity, total precommitted capacity, and total PAYGO capacity.
  - Total consumed capacity is the total provisioned capacity of all Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems in your NetApp account. The charging is based on each volume's provisioned size, regardless of local, used, stored, or effective space within the volume.
  - Total precommitted capacity is the total licensed capacity (BYOL or Marketplace Contract) that you purchased from NetApp.
  - Total PAYGO is the total provisioned capacity using cloud marketplace subscriptions. Charging via PAYGO is used only if the consumed capacity is higher than the licensed capacity or if there is no BYOL license available in the Digital Wallet.

Here's an example of a Cloud Volumes ONTAP packages summary in Digital Wallet:

- 3. Under the summary, view the consumed capacity for each of your licensing packages.
  - Consumed capacity shows you the capacity of the volumes for that package. For more details about a specific package, hover your mouse over the tooltip.

To better understand the capacities that display for the Essentials package, you should be familiar with how charging works. Learn about charging for the Essentials package.

- *Precommitted capacity* is the licensed capacity (BYOL or Marketplace Contract) that you purchased from NetApp.
  - BYOL shows you the licensed capacity that you purchased from NetApp for this package type.
  - *Marketplace Contracts* shows the licensed capacity that you purchased with a marketplace contract for this package type.
- PAYGO shows you the consumed capacity by license consumption model.

Here's an example for an account that has several licensing packages:

## Add purchased licenses to your account

If you don't see your purchased licenses in the Digital Wallet, you'll need to add the licenses to BlueXP so that the capacity is available for Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

## What you'll need

- You need to provide BlueXP the serial number of the license or the license file.
- If you want to enter the serial number, you first need to add your NetApp Support Site account to BlueXP. This is the NetApp Support Site account that's authorized to access the serial number.

#### Steps

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, keep Capacity Based Licenses selected and click Add License.
- 3. Enter the serial number for your capacity-based license or upload the license file.

If you entered a serial number, you also need to select the NetApp Support Site account that's authorized to access the serial number.

4. Click Add License.

## Update a capacity-based license

If you purchased additional capacity or extended the term of your license, BlueXP automatically updates the license in the Digital Wallet. There's nothing that you need to do.

However, if you deployed BlueXP in a location that doesn't have internet access, then you'll need to manually update the license in BlueXP.

## What you'll need

The license file (or files if you have an HA pair).

#### Steps

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select Digital Wallet.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, click the action menu next to the license and select Update License.
- 3. Upload the license file.
- 4. Click Upload License.

## Change charging methods

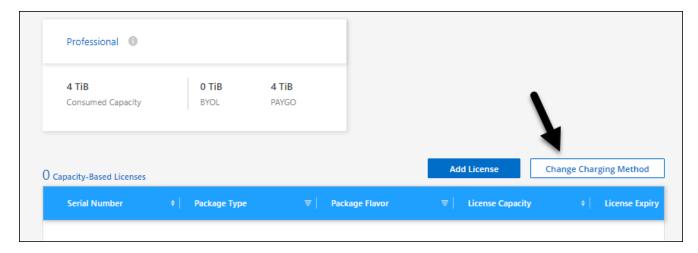
You can change the charging method for a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system that uses capacity-based licensing. For example, if you deployed a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system with the Essentials package, you can change it to the Professional package if your business needs changed.

## Important note

If you have a private offer or contract from your cloud provider's marketplace, changing to a charging method that's not included in your contract will result in charging against BYOL (if you purchased a license from NetApp) or PAYGO.

## **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select Digital Wallet.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, click Change Charging Method.



3. Select a working environment, choose the new charging method, and then confirm your understanding that changing the package type will affect service charges.



4. Click Change Charging Method.

#### Result

BlueXP changes the charging method for the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

You might also notice that the Digital Wallet refreshes the consumed capacity for each package type to account for the change that you just made.

### Remove a capacity-based license

If a capacity-based license expired and is no longer in use, then you can remove it at any time.

## Steps

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, click the action menu next to the license and select Remove License.
- 3. Click Remove to confirm.

# **Manage Keystone Flex Subscriptions**

Manage your Keystone Flex Subscriptions from the Digital Wallet by enabling subscriptions for use with Cloud Volumes ONTAP. You can also request changes to the committed capacity and you can unlink subscriptions.

A Keystone Flex Subscription is a pay-as-you-grow storage service offered by NetApp.

The *Digital Wallet* enables you to manage licenses for Cloud Volumes ONTAP from a single location. You can add new licenses and update existing licenses.

Learn more about Cloud Volumes ONTAP licenses.

## Authorize your account

Before you can use and manage Keystone Flex Subscriptions in BlueXP, you need to contact NetApp to authorize your BlueXP user account with your Keystone Flex Subscriptions.

#### **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. Click Keystone Flex Subscription.
- 3. If you see the Welcome to NetApp Keystone page, send an email to the address listed on the page.

A NetApp representative will process your request by authorizing your user account to access the subscriptions.

4. Come back to the **Keystone Flex Subscription** to view your subscriptions.



#### What's next?

Link the subscriptions that you want to use with Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

## Link a subscription

After NetApp authorizes your account, you need to link Keystone Flex Subscriptions for use with Cloud Volumes ONTAP. This action enables users to select the subscription as the charging method for new Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems.

#### **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. Click Keystone Flex Subscription.

3. For the subscription that you want to link, click ••• and select Link.



## Result

The subscription is now linked to your BlueXP account and available to select when creating a Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

## Request more or less committed capacity

If you need to adjust the committed capacity for a subscription, you can send a request right from the BlueXP interface.

## **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select Digital Wallet.
- 2. Click Keystone Flex Subscription.
- 3. For the subscription that you want adjust the capacity, click ••• and select View detail and edit.
- 4. Enter the requested committed capacity for one or more subscriptions.



5. Scroll down, enter any additional details for the request, and then click **Submit**.

## Result

Your request creates a ticket in NetApp's system for processing.

## Unlink a subscription

If you no longer want to use a Keystone Flex Subscription with new Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems, you can unlink the subscription. Note that you can only unlink a subscription that isn't attached to an existing Cloud Volumes ONTAP subscription.

#### **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. Click Keystone Flex Subscription.
- 3. For the subscription that you want to unlink, click ••• and select Unlink.

### Result

The subscription is unlinked from your BlueXP account and no longer available to select when creating a Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

# Manage node-based licenses

Manage node-based licenses in the Digital Wallet to ensure that each Cloud Volumes ONTAP system has a valid license with the required capacity.

Node-based licenses are the previous generation licensing model (and not available for new customers):

- · BYOL licenses purchased from NetApp
- Hourly pay-as-you-go (PAYGO) subscriptions from your cloud provider's marketplace

The *Digital Wallet* enables you to manage licenses for Cloud Volumes ONTAP from a single location. You can add new licenses and update existing licenses.

Learn more about Cloud Volumes ONTAP licenses.

## **Manage PAYGO licenses**

The Digital Wallet page enables you to view details about each of your PAYGO Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems, including the serial number and PAYGO license type.

## **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, select Node Based Licenses from the drop-down.
- 3. Click PAYGO.
- 4. View details in the table about each of your PAYGO licenses.



5. If needed, click Manage PAYGO License to change the PAYGO license or to change the instance type.

#### Manage BYOL licenses

Manage licenses that you purchased directly from NetApp by adding and removing system licenses and extra capacity licenses.

## Add unassigned licenses

Add a node-based license to the Digital Wallet so that you can select the license when you create a new Cloud Volumes ONTAP system. The Digital Wallet identifies these licenses as *unassigned*.

#### Steps

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select Digital Wallet.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, select Node Based Licenses from the drop-down.
- 3. Click Unassigned.
- 4. Click Add Unassigned Licenses.
- 5. Enter the serial number of the license or upload the license file.

If you don't have the license file yet, refer to the section below.

6. Click Add License.

#### Result

BlueXP adds the license to the Digital Wallet. The license will be identified as unassigned until you associate it with a new Cloud Volumes ONTAP system. After that happens, the license moves to the **BYOL** tab in the Digital Wallet.

#### Exchange unassigned node-based licenses

If you have an unassigned node-based license for Cloud Volumes ONTAP that you haven't used, you can exchange the license by converting it to a Cloud Backup license, a Cloud Data Sense license, or a Cloud Tiering license.

Exchanging the license revokes the Cloud Volumes ONTAP license and creates a dollar-equivalent license for the service:

- Licensing for a Cloud Volumes ONTAP HA pair is converted to a 51 TiB data service license
- Licensing for a Cloud Volumes ONTAP single node is converted to a 32 TiB data service license

The converted license has the same expiry date as the Cloud Volumes ONTAP license.

## Steps

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, select Node Based Licenses from the drop-down.
- 3. Click Unassigned.
- 4. Click Exchange License.



- 5. Select the service that you'd like to exchange the license with.
- 6. If you're prompted, select an additional license for the HA pair.
- 7. Read the legal consent and click Agree.

#### Result

BlueXP converts the unassigned license to the service that you selected. You can view the new license in the **Data Services Licenses** tab.

#### Obtain a system license file

In most cases, BlueXP can automatically obtain your license file using your NetApp Support Site account. But if it can't, then you'll need to manually upload the license file. If you don't have the license file, you can obtain it from netapp.com.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to the NetApp License File Generator and log in using your NetApp Support Site credentials.
- 2. Enter your password, choose your product, enter the serial number, confirm that you have read and accepted the privacy policy, and then click **Submit**.

## **Example**

To download the corresponding	ulated based on the NetApp SSO login provided.	
Product Line and Product Serial	NetApp license file, re-enter your \$\$O password along with the number.	ne correct
5' N	D	
First Name	Ben	
Last Name		
Company	Network Appliance, Inc	
Email Address		
Username		
Product Line*	~	
	W.	
	ONTAP Select - Standard	
Not only is protecting your data required b	ONTAP Select - Premium ONTAP Select - Premium XL	
	Cloud Volumes ONTAR for AVVC (single node)	
I have read NetApp's new Global Dammay use my personal data.	Cloud Volumes ONTAP for AWS (HA)	
,, , ,	Cloud Volumes ONTAP for GCP (single node or HA)	
	Cloud Volumes ONTAP for Microsoft Azure (single node)	
	Cloud Volumes ONTAP for Microsoft Azure (HA)	
	Service Level Manager - SLO Advanced	
	StorageGRID Webscale StorageGRID WhiteBox	
	SnapCenter Standard (capacity-based)	

3. Choose whether you want to receive the serialnumber.NLF JSON file through email or direct download.

## Update a system license

When you renew a BYOL subscription by contacting a NetApp representative, BlueXP automatically obtains the new license from NetApp and installs it on the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

If BlueXP can't access the license file over the secure internet connection, you can obtain the file yourself and then manually upload the file to BlueXP.

#### Steps

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, select Node Based Licenses from the drop-down.
- 3. In the BYOL tab, expand the details for a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.
- 4. Click the action menu next to the system license and select **Update License**.
- 5. Upload the license file (or files if you have an HA pair).
- 6. Click Update License.

### Result

BlueXP updates the license on the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

#### Manage extra capacity licenses

You can purchase extra capacity licenses for a Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL system to allocate more than the 368 TiB of capacity that's provided with a BYOL system license. For example, you might purchase one extra license capacity to allocate up to 736 TiB of capacity to Cloud Volumes ONTAP. Or you could purchase three

extra capacity licenses to get up to 1.4 PiB.

The number of licenses that you can purchase for a single node system or HA pair is unlimited.

## Add capacity licenses

Purchase an extra capacity license by contacting us through the chat icon in the lower-right of BlueXP. After you purchase the license, you can apply it to a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

### **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, select Node Based Licenses from the drop-down.
- In the BYOL tab, expand the details for a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.
- 4. Click Add Capacity License.
- 5. Enter the serial number or upload the license file (or files if you have an HA pair).
- 6. Click Add Capacity License.

## **Update capacity licenses**

If you extended the term of an extra capacity license, you'll need to update the license in BlueXP.

### **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, select Node Based Licenses from the drop-down.
- 3. In the BYOL tab, expand the details for a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.
- 4. Click the action menu next to the capacity license and select **Update License**.
- 5. Upload the license file (or files if you have an HA pair).
- 6. Click Update License.

#### Remove capacity licenses

If an extra capacity license expired and is no longer in use, then you can remove it at any time.

#### **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, select Node Based Licenses from the drop-down.
- 3. In the BYOL tab, expand the details for a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.
- 4. Click the action menu next to the capacity license and select **Remove License**.
- 5. Click Remove.

#### Convert an Eval license to a BYOL

An evaluation license is good for 30 days. You can apply a new BYOL license on top of the evaluation license for an in-place upgrade.

When you convert an Eval license to a BYOL, BlueXP restarts the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

- For a single-node system, the restart results in I/O interruption during the reboot process.
- For an HA pair, the restart initiates takeover and giveback to continue serving I/O to clients.

#### **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Digital Wallet**.
- 2. On the Cloud Volumes ONTAP tab, select Node Based Licenses from the drop-down.
- Click Eval.
- 4. In the table, click Convert to BYOL License for a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.
- 5. Enter the serial number or upload the license file.
- 6. Click Convert License.

#### Result

BlueXP starts the conversion process. Cloud Volumes ONTAP automatically restarts as part of this process. When it's back up, the licensing information will reflect the new license.

## Change between PAYGO and BYOL

Converting a system from PAYGO by-node licensing to BYOL by-node licensing (and vice versa) isn't supported. If you want to switch between a pay-as-you-go subscription and a BYOL subscription, then you need to deploy a new system and replicate data from the existing system to the new system.

#### Steps

- 1. Create a new Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.
- 2. Set up a one-time data replication between the systems for each volume that you need to replicate.

Learn how to replicate data between systems

Terminate the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system that you no longer need by deleting the original working environment.

Learn how to delete a Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

# **Volume and LUN administration**

## Create FlexVol volumes

If you need more storage after you launch your initial Cloud Volumes ONTAP system, you can create new FlexVol volumes for NFS, CIFS, or iSCSI from BlueXP.

BlueXP provides several ways to create a new volume:

- Specify details for a new volume and let BlueXP handle the underlying data aggregates for you. Learn more.
- Create a volume on a data aggregate of your choice. Learn more.
- Create volume from a template to optimize the volume for the workload requirements for certain applications, such as databases or streaming services. Learn more.
- Create a volume on the second node in an HA configuration. Learn more.

#### Before you get started

A few notes about volume provisioning:

- When you create an iSCSI volume, BlueXP automatically creates a LUN for you. We've made it simple by
  creating just one LUN per volume, so there's no management involved. After you create the volume, use
  the IQN to connect to the LUN from your hosts.
- You can create additional LUNs from System Manager or the CLI.
- If you want to use CIFS in AWS, you must have set up DNS and Active Directory. For details, see Networking requirements for Cloud Volumes ONTAP for AWS.
- If your Cloud Volumes ONTAP configuration supports the Amazon EBS Elastic Volumes feature, you might want to learn more about what happens when you create a volume.

#### Create a volume

The most common way to create a volume is to specify the type of volume that you need and then BlueXP handles the disk allocation for you. But you also have the option to choose the specific aggregate on which you want to create the volume.

#### **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, double-click the name of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system on which you want to provision a FlexVol volume.
- 3. Create a new volume by letting BlueXP handle the disk allocation for you, or choose a specific aggregate for the volume.

Choosing a specific aggregate is recommended only if you have a good understanding of the data aggregates on your Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

## Any aggregate

On the Overview tab, navigate to the Volumes tile, and click Add Volume.



## Specific aggregate

On the Aggregates tab, navigate to the desired aggregate tile. Click the menu icon, and then click **Add Volume**.



- 4. Follow the steps in the wizard to create the volume.
  - a. Volumes, Details, Protection, and Tags: Enter basic details about the volume and select a Snapshot

policy.

Some of the fields on this page are self-explanatory. The following list describes fields for which you might need guidance:

Field	Description
Volume Name	The identifiable name you can enter for the new volume.
Volume Size	The maximum size that you can enter largely depends on whether you enable thin provisioning, which enables you to create a volume that is bigger than the physical storage currently available to it.
Tags	Tags that you add to a volume are associated with the Application Templates service, which can help you organize and simplify the management of your resources.
Storage VM (SVM)	A storage VM is a virtual machine running within ONTAP that provides storage and data services to your clients. You might know this as an SVM or a vserver. Cloud Volumes ONTAP is configured with one storage VM by default, but some configurations support additional storage VMs. You can specify the Storage VM for the new volume.
Snapshot Policy	A Snapshot copy policy specifies the frequency and number of automatically created NetApp Snapshot copies. A NetApp Snapshot copy is a point-in-time file system image that has no performance impact and requires minimal storage. You can choose the default policy or none. You might choose none for transient data: for example, tempdb for Microsoft SQL Server.

b. **Protocol**: Choose a protocol for the volume (NFS, CIFS, or iSCSI) and then provide the required information.

If you select CIFS and a server isn't set up, BlueXP prompts you to set up CIFS connectivity after you click **Next**.

Learn about supported client protocols and versions.

The following sections describe fields for which you might need guidance. The descriptions are organized by protocol.

#### **NFS**

#### **Access control**

Choose a custom export policy to make the volume available to clients.

## **Export policy**

Defines the clients in the subnet that can access the volume. By default, BlueXP enters a value that provides access to all instances in the subnet.

#### **CIFS**

## Permissions and users/groups

Enables you to control the level of access to an SMB share for users and groups (also called access control lists or ACLs). You can specify local or domain Windows users or groups, or UNIX users or groups. If you specify a domain Windows user name, you must include the user's domain using the format domain\username.

## **DNS Primary and Secondary IP Address**

The IP addresses of the DNS servers that provide name resolution for the CIFS server. The listed DNS servers must contain the service location records (SRV) needed to locate the Active Directory LDAP servers and domain controllers for the domain that the CIFS server will join.

## **Active Directory Domain to join**

The FQDN of the Active Directory (AD) domain that you want the CIFS server to join.

## Credentials authorized to join the domain

The name and password of a Windows account with sufficient privileges to add computers to the specified Organizational Unit (OU) within the AD domain.

## **CIFS server NetBIOS name**

A CIFS server name that is unique in the AD domain.

#### **Organizational Unit**

The organizational unit within the AD domain to associate with the CIFS server. The default is CN=Computers.

 To configure AWS Managed Microsoft AD as the AD server for Cloud Volumes ONTAP, enter OU=Computers, OU=corp in this field.

#### **DNS Domain**

The DNS domain for the Cloud Volumes ONTAP storage virtual machine (SVM). In most cases, the domain is the same as the AD domain.

## **NTP Server**

Select **Use Active Directory Domain** to configure an NTP server using the Active Directory DNS. If you need to configure an NTP server using a different address, then you should use the API. See the BlueXP automation docs for details.

Note that you can configure an NTP server only when creating a CIFS server. It's not configurable after you create the CIFS server.

## iSCSI

#### LUN

iSCSI storage targets are called LUNs (logical units) and are presented to hosts as standard block devices. When you create an iSCSI volume, BlueXP automatically creates a LUN for you. We've made it simple by creating just one LUN per volume, so there's no management involved. After you create the volume, use the IQN to connect to the LUN from your hosts.

### **Initiator group**

Initiator groups (igroups) specify which hosts can access specified LUNs on the storage system

## **Host initiator (IQN)**

iSCSI targets connect to the network through standard Ethernet network adapters (NICs), TCP offload engine (TOE) cards with software initiators, converged network adapters (CNAs) or dedicated host bust adapters (HBAs) and are identified by iSCSI qualified names (IQNs).

- c. **Disk Type**: Choose an underlying disk type for the volume based on your performance needs and cost requirements.
  - Sizing your system in AWS
- d. **Usage Profile & Tiering Policy**: Choose whether to enable or disable storage efficiency features on the volume and then select a volume tiering policy.

ONTAP includes several storage efficiency features that can reduce the total amount of storage that you need. NetApp storage efficiency features provide the following benefits:

#### Thin provisioning

Presents more logical storage to hosts or users than you actually have in your physical storage pool. Instead of preallocating storage space, storage space is allocated dynamically to each volume as data is written.

## **Deduplication**

Improves efficiency by locating identical blocks of data and replacing them with references to a single shared block. This technique reduces storage capacity requirements by eliminating redundant blocks of data that reside in the same volume.

#### Compression

Reduces the physical capacity required to store data by compressing data within a volume on primary, secondary, and archive storage.

e. Review: Review details about the volume and then click Add.

#### Result

BlueXP creates the volume on the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

# Create a volume from a template

If your organization has created Cloud Volumes ONTAP volume templates so you can deploy volumes that are optimized for the workload requirements for certain applications, follow the steps in this section.

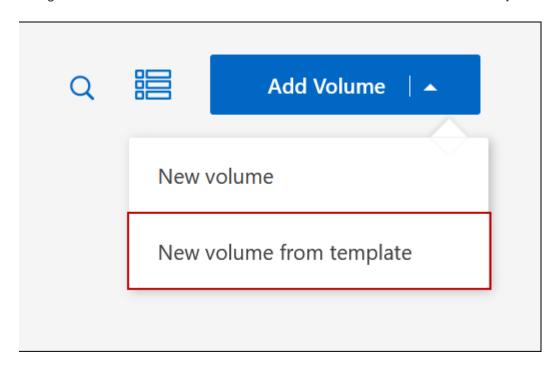
The template should make your job easier because certain volume parameters will already be defined in the template, such as disk type, size, protocol, snapshot policy, cloud provider, and more. When a parameter is already predefined, you can just skip to the next volume parameter.



You can only create NFS or CIFS volumes when using templates.

## Steps

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, click the name of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system on which you want to provision a volume.
- 3. Navigate to the Volumes tab and click **Add Volume > New Volume From Template**.



4. In the Select Template page, select the template that you want to use to create the volume and click Next.



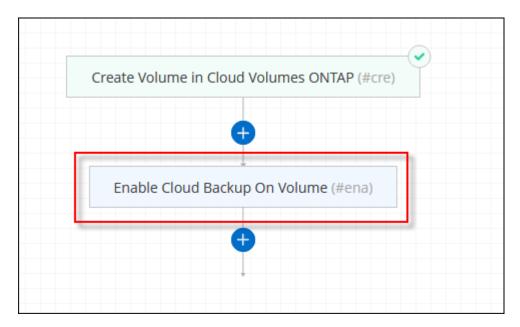
The Editor page is displayed.



- 5. Above the Action panel, enter a name for the template.
- 6. Under *Context*, the Working Environment is filled in with the name of the working environment with which you started. Select the **Storage VM** where the volume will be created.
- 7. Add values for all of the parameters that are not hard-coded from the template. See Create a volume for details about all the parameters needed to complete the deployment of a Cloud Volumes ONTAP volume.
- 8. Click **Apply** to save the configured parameters to the selected Action.

9. If there are no other Actions that you need to define (for example, configuring Cloud Backup), click **Save Template**.

If there are other actions, click the action in the left pane to display the parameters you need to complete.

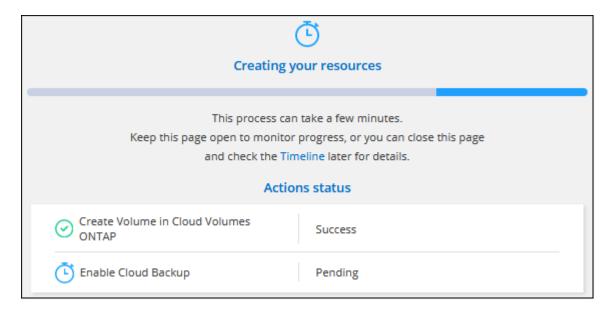


For example, if the Enable Cloud Backup on Volume action requires that you select a backup policy, you can do that now.

10. Once configuration for the template actions are complete, click **Save Template**.

## Result

Cloud Volumes ONTAP provisions the volume and displays a page so that you can see the progress.



Additionally, if any secondary action is implemented in the template, for example, enabling Cloud Backup on the volume, that action is also performed.

#### Create a volume on the second node in an HA configuration

By default, BlueXP creates volumes on the first node in an HA configuration. If you need an active-active configuration, in which both nodes serve data to clients, you must create aggregates and volumes on the second node.

## **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, double-click the name of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment on which you want to manage aggregates.
- 3. On the Aggregates tab, click Add Aggregate.
- 4. From the Add Aggregate screen, create the aggregate.



- 5. For Home Node, choose the second node in the HA pair.
- 6. After BlueXP creates the aggregate, select it and then click **Create volume**.
- 7. Enter details for the new volume, and then click **Create**.

#### Result

BlueXP creates the volume on the second node in the HA pair.



For HA pairs deployed in multiple AWS Availability Zones, you must mount the volume to clients by using the floating IP address of the node on which the volume resides.

## After you create a volume

If you provisioned a CIFS share, give users or groups permissions to the files and folders and verify that those users can access the share and create a file.

If you want to apply quotas to volumes, you must use System Manager or the CLI. Quotas enable you to restrict or track the disk space and number of files used by a user, group, or qtree.

# Manage existing volumes

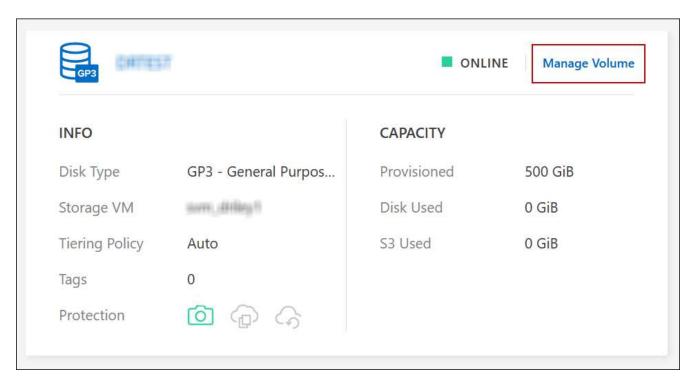
BlueXP enables you to manage volumes and CIFS servers. It also prompts you to move volumes to avoid capacity issues.

## Manage volumes

You can manage volumes as your storage needs change. You can view, edit, clone, restore, and delete volumes.

### Steps

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, double-click the Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment on which you want to manage volumes.
- 3. In the working environment, click the **Volumes** tab.



4. On the Volumes tab, navigate to the desired volume title and then click **Manage volume** to access the Manage Volumes right-side panel.

Task	Action
View information about a volume	Under Volume Actions in the Manage volumes panel, click <b>View volume details</b> .
Get the NFS mount command	<ul><li>a. Under Volume Actions in the Manage volumes panel, click Mount Command.</li><li>b. Click Copy.</li></ul>

Task	Action
Clone a volume	<ul> <li>a. Under Volume Actions in the Manage volumes panel, click Clone the volume.</li> <li>b. Modify the clone name as needed, and then click Clone.</li> <li>This process creates a FlexClone volume. A FlexClone volume is a writable, point-in-time copy that is space-efficient because it uses a small amount of space for metadata, and then only consumes additional space as data is changed or added.</li> <li>To learn more about FlexClone volumes, see the ONTAP 9 Logical Storage Management Guide.</li> </ul>
Edit volume tags (read-write volumes only)	<ul> <li>a. Under Volume Actions in the Manage volumes panel, click Edit volume tags to modify the volume tag assigned to the selected volume.</li> <li>b. Enter the volume tag key and value under the provided fields.</li> <li>c. To include additional tags, click Add New Tag.</li> <li>d. Click Save.</li> </ul>
Edit a volume (read-write volumes only)	<ul> <li>a. Under Volume Actions in the Manage volumes panel, click Edit volume settings</li> <li>b. Modify the volume's Snapshot policy, NFS protocol version, NFS access control list (export policy), or share permissions, and then click Apply.</li> <li>If you need custom Snapshot policies, you can create them by using System Manager.</li> </ul>
Delete a volume	<ul> <li>a. Under Volume Actions in the Manage volumes panel, click Delete the volume.</li> <li>b. Under the Delete Volume window, enter the name of the volume you want to delete.</li> <li>c. Click Delete again to confirm.</li> </ul>
Create a Snapshot copy on demand	<ul> <li>a. Under Protection Actions in the Manage Volumes panel, click Create a Snapshot copy.</li> <li>b. Change the name, if needed, and then click Create.</li> </ul>
Restore data from a Snapshot copy to a new volume	<ul> <li>a. Under Protection Actions in the Manage Volumes panel, click Restore from Snapshot copy.</li> <li>b. Select a Snapshot copy, enter a name for the new volume, and then click Restore.</li> </ul>

Task	Action
Change the underlying disk type	Under Advanced Actions in the Manage Volumes panel, click     Change Disk Type.
	b. Select the disk type, and then click <b>Change</b> .
	BlueXP moves the volume to an existing aggregate that uses the selected disk type or it creates a new aggregate for the volume.
Change the tiering policy	Under Advanced Actions in the Manage Volumes panel, click     Change Tiering Policy.
	b. Select a different policy and click <b>Change</b> .
	BlueXP moves the volume to an existing aggregate that uses the selected disk type with tiering, or it creates a new aggregate for the volume.
Delete a volume	a. Select a volume, and then click <b>Delete</b> .
	b. Type the name of the volume in the dialog.
	c. Click <b>Delete</b> again to confirm.

## Resize a volume

By default, a volume automatically grows to a maximum size when it's out of space. The default value is 1,000, which means the volume can grow to 11 times it's size. This value is configurable in a Connector's settings.

If you need to resize your volume, you can do it through ONTAP System Manager. Be sure to take your system's capacity limits into consideration as you resize volumes. Go to the Cloud Volumes ONTAP Release Notes for more details.

## Modify the CIFS server

If you change your DNS servers or Active Directory domain, you need to modify the CIFS server in Cloud Volumes ONTAP so that it can continue to serve storage to clients.

## **Steps**

- 1. From the Overview tab of the working environment, click the Feature tab under the right-side panel.
- 2. Under the CIFS Setup field, click the **pencil icon** to display the CIFS Setup window.
- 3. Specify settings for the CIFS server:

Task	Action
Select Storage VM (SVM)	Selecting the Cloud Volume ONTAP storage virtual machine (SVM) displays it's configured CIFS information.
Active Directory Domain to join	The FQDN of the Active Directory (AD) domain that you want the CIFS server to join.

Task	Action
Credentials authorized to join the domain	The name and password of a Windows account with sufficient privileges to add computers to the specified Organizational Unit (OU) within the AD domain.
DNS Primary and Secondary IP Address	The IP addresses of the DNS servers that provide name resolution for the CIFS server.  The listed DNS servers must contain the service location records (SRV) needed to locate the Active Directory LDAP servers and domain controllers for the domain that the CIFS server will join.
	,
DNS Domain	The DNS domain for the Cloud Volumes ONTAP storage virtual machine (SVM). In most cases, the domain is the same as the AD domain.
CIFS server NetBIOS name	A CIFS server name that is unique in the AD domain.
Organizational Unit	<ul> <li>The organizational unit within the AD domain to associate with the CIFS server. The default is CN=Computers.</li> <li>To configure AWS Managed Microsoft AD as the AD server for Cloud Volumes ONTAP, enter OU=Computers,OU=corp in this field.</li> </ul>

#### 4. Click Set.

#### Result

Cloud Volumes ONTAP updates the CIFS server with the changes.

#### Move a volume

Move volumes for capacity utilization, improved performance, and to satisfy service-level agreements.

You can move a volume in System Manager by selecting a volume and the destination aggregate, starting the volume move operation, and optionally monitoring the volume move job. When using System Manager, a volume move operation finishes automatically.

## Steps

1. Use System Manager or the CLI to move the volumes to the aggregate.

In most situations, you can use System Manager to move volumes.

For instructions, see the ONTAP 9 Volume Move Express Guide.

## Move a volume when BlueXP displays an Action Required message

BlueXP might display an Action Required message that says moving a volume is necessary to avoid capacity issues, but that you need to correct the issue yourself. If this happens, you need to identify how to correct the issue and then move one or more volumes.



BlueXP displays these Action Required messages when an aggregate has reached 90% used capacity. If data tiering is enabled, the messages display when an aggregate has reached 80% used capacity. By default, 10% free space is reserved for data tiering. Learn more about the free space ratio for data tiering.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Identify how to correct capacity issues.
- 2. Based on your analysis, move volumes to avoid capacity issues:
  - · Move volumes to another system to avoid capacity issues.
  - · Move volumes to another aggregate to avoid capacity issues.

## Identify how to correct capacity issues

If BlueXP can't provide recommendations for moving a volume to avoid capacity issues, you must identify the volumes that you need to move and whether you should move them to another aggregate on the same system or to another system.

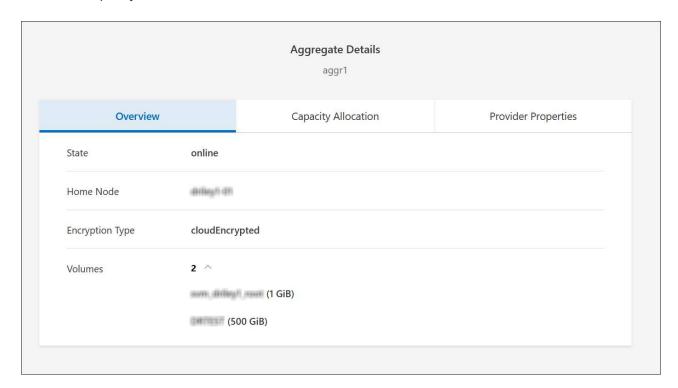
## Steps

1. View the advanced information in the Action Required message to identify the aggregate that has reached its capacity limit.

For example, the advanced information should say something similar to the following: Aggregate aggr1 has reached its capacity limit.

- 2. Identify one or more volumes to move out of the aggregate:
  - a. In the working environment, click the **Aggregates tab**.
  - b. Navigate to the desired aggregate tile, and then click the ... (ellipse icon) > View aggregate details.
  - c. Under the Overview tab of the Aggregate Details screen, review the size of each volume and choose one or more volumes to move out of the aggregate.

You should choose volumes that are large enough to free space in the aggregate so that you avoid additional capacity issues in the future.



If the system has not reached the disk limit, you should move the volumes to an existing aggregate or a new aggregate on the same system. For details, see Moving volumes to another aggregate to avoid capacity issues.

- 4. If the system has reached the disk limit, do any of the following:
  - a. Delete any unused volumes.
  - b. Rearrange volumes to free space on an aggregate.

For details, see Moving volumes to another aggregate to avoid capacity issues.

c. Move two or more volumes to another system that has space.

For details, see Moving volumes to another system to avoid capacity issues.

#### Move volumes to another system to avoid capacity issues

You can move one or more volumes to another Cloud Volumes ONTAP system to avoid capacity issues. You might need to do this if the system reached its disk limit.

#### About this task

You can follow the steps in this task to correct the following Action Required message:

Moving a volume is necessary to avoid capacity issues; however, BlueXP cannot perform this action for you because the system has reached the disk limit.

## **Steps**

- 1. Identify a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system that has available capacity, or deploy a new system.
- 2. Drag and drop the source working environment on the target working environment to perform a one-time data replication of the volume.

For details, see Replicating data between systems.

3. Go to the Replication Status page, and then break the SnapMirror relationship to convert the replicated volume from a data protection volume to a read/write volume.

For details, see Managing data replication schedules and relationships.

Configure the volume for data access.

For information about configuring a destination volume for data access, see the ONTAP 9 Volume Disaster Recovery Express Guide.

5. Delete the original volume.

For details, see Manage volumes.

#### Move volumes to another aggregate to avoid capacity issues

You can move one or more volumes to another aggregate to avoid capacity issues.

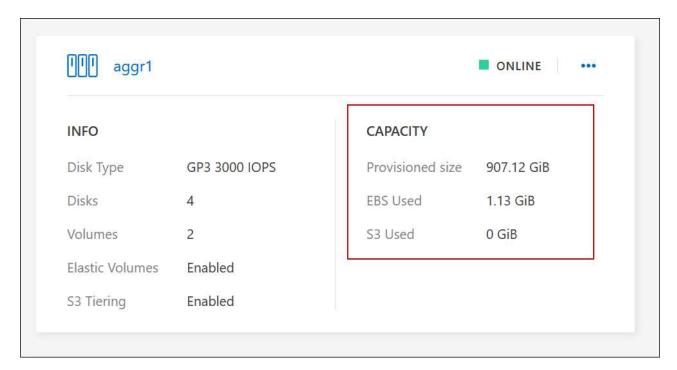
#### About this task

You can follow the steps in this task to correct the following Action Required message:

Moving two or more volumes is necessary to avoid capacity issues; however, BlueXP cannot perform this action for you.

## **Steps**

- 1. Verify whether an existing aggregate has available capacity for the volumes that you need to move:
  - a. In the working environment, click the Aggregates tab.
  - b. Navigate to the desired aggregate tile, and then click the ... (ellipse icon) > View aggregate details.
  - c. Under the aggregate tile, view the available capacity (provisioned size minus used aggregate capacity).



- 2. If needed, add disks to an existing aggregate:
  - a. Select the aggregate, then click the ... (ellipse icon) > Add Disks.
  - b. Select the number of disks to add, and then click Add.
- 3. If no aggregates have available capacity, create a new aggregate.

For details, see Creating aggregates.

- 4. Use System Manager or the CLI to move the volumes to the aggregate.
- 5. In most situations, you can use System Manager to move volumes.

For instructions, see the ONTAP 9 Volume Move Express Guide.

#### Reasons why a volume move might perform slowly

Moving a volume might take longer than you expect if any of the following conditions are true for Cloud Volumes ONTAP:

• The volume is a clone.

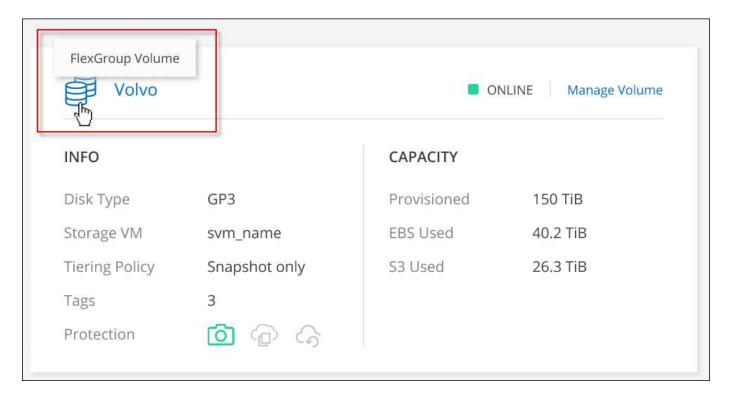
- The volume is a parent of a clone.
- The source or destination aggregate has a single Throughput Optimized HDD (st1) disk.
- One of the aggregates uses an older naming scheme for objects. Both aggregates have to use the same name format.

An older naming scheme is used if data tiering was enabled on an aggregate in the 9.4 release or earlier.

- The encryption settings don't match on the source and destination aggregates, or a rekey is in progress.
- The -tiering-policy option was specified on the volume move to change the tiering policy.
- The -generate-destination-key option was specified on the volume move.

## **View FlexGroup Volumes**

You can view FlexGroup volumes created through CLI or System Manager directly through the Volumes tab within BlueXP. Identical to the information provided for FlexVol volumes, BlueXP provides detailed information for created FleGroup volumes through a dedicated Volumes tile. Under the Volumes tile, you can identify each FlexGroup volume group through the icon's hover text. Additionally, you can identify and sort FlexGroup volumes under the volumes list view through the Volume Style column.





Currently, you can only view existing FlexGroup volumes under BlueXP. The ability to create FlexGroup volumes in BlueXP is not available but planned for a future release.

# Tiering inactive data to low-cost object storage

You can reduce storage costs for Cloud Volumes ONTAP by combining an SSD or HDD performance tier for hot data with an object storage capacity tier for inactive data. Data tiering is powered by FabricPool technology. For a high-level overview, see Data tiering overview.

To set up data tiering, you need to do the following:



## Choose a supported configuration

Most configurations are supported. If you have a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system running the most recent version, then you should be good to go. Learn more.



## Ensure connectivity between Cloud Volumes ONTAP and object storage

• For AWS, you'll need a VPC Endpoint to S3. Learn more.



## Ensure that you have an aggregate with tiering enabled

Data tiering must be enabled on an aggregate in order to enable data tiering on a volume. You should be aware of the requirements for new volumes and for existing volumes. Learn more.



# Choose a tiering policy when creating, modifying, or replicating a volume

BlueXP prompts you to choose a tiering policy when you create, modify, or replicate a volume.

- Tiering data on read-write volumes
- Tiering data on data protection volumes

## What's not required for data tiering?

- You don't need to install a feature license to enable data tiering.
- You don't need to create an object store for the capacity tier. BlueXP does that for you.



• You don't need to enable data tiering at the system level.

BlueXP creates an object store for cold data when the system is created, as long as there are no connectivity or permissions issues. After that, you just need to enable data tiering on volumes (and in some cases, on aggregates).

#### Configurations that support data tiering

You can enable data tiering when using specific configurations and features.

## Support in AWS

- Data tiering is supported in AWS starting with Cloud Volumes ONTAP 9.2.
- The performance tier can be General Purpose SSDs (gp3 or gp2) or Provisioned IOPS SSDs (io1).



Tiering data to object storage is not recommended when using Throughput Optimized HDDs (st1).

#### Feature interoperability

Data tiering is supported with encryption technologies.

• Thin provisioning must be enabled on volumes.

### Requirements

Depending on your cloud provider, certain connections and permissions must be set up so that Cloud Volumes ONTAP can tier cold data to object storage.

### Requirements to tier cold data to AWS S3

Ensure that Cloud Volumes ONTAP has a connection to S3. The best way to provide that connection is by creating a VPC Endpoint to the S3 service. For instructions, see AWS Documentation: Creating a Gateway Endpoint.

When you create the VPC Endpoint, be sure to select the region, VPC, and route table that corresponds to the Cloud Volumes ONTAP instance. You must also modify the security group to add an outbound HTTPS rule that enables traffic to the S3 endpoint. Otherwise, Cloud Volumes ONTAP cannot connect to the S3 service.

If you experience any issues, see AWS Support Knowledge Center: Why can't I connect to an S3 bucket using a gateway VPC endpoint?.

#### Enabling data tiering after implementing the requirements

BlueXP creates an object store for cold data when the system is created, as long as there are no connectivity or permissions issues. If you didn't implement the requirements listed above until after you created the system, then you'll need to manually enable tiering, which creates the object store.

## **Steps**

- 1. Ensure that you've met all requirements.
- 2. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 3. On the Canvas page, select the name of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP instance.
- 4. Click the menu icon and select **Enable capacity tiering**.



You'll only see this option if data tiering couldn't be enabled when BlueXP created the system.

In Google Cloud, a service account must be attached to Cloud Volumes ONTAP before this option will appear. Ensure that you've met all requirements.

5. Click **Enable** so BlueXP can create the object store that this Cloud Volumes ONTAP system will use for tiered data.

## Ensuring that tiering is enabled on aggregates

Data tiering must be enabled on an aggregate in order to enable data tiering on a volume. You should be aware of the requirements for new volumes and for existing volumes.

#### New volumes

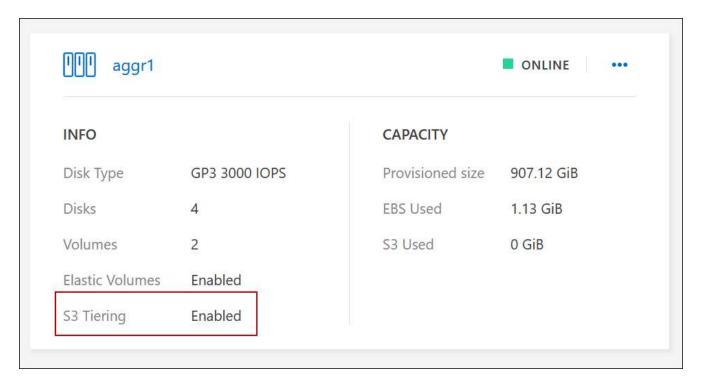
If you're enabling data tiering on a new volume, then you don't need to worry about enabling data tiering on an aggregate. BlueXP creates the volume on an existing aggregate that has tiering enabled, or it creates a new aggregate for the volume if a data tiering-enabled aggregate doesn't already exist.

#### Existing volumes

If you want to enable data tiering on an existing volume, then you'll need to ensure that data tiering is enabled on the underlying aggregate. If data tiering isn't enabled on the existing aggregate, then you'll need to use System Manager to attach an existing aggregate to the object store.

## Steps to confirm whether tiering is enabled on an aggregate

- 1. Open the working environment in BlueXP.
- 2. Click the Aggregates tab.
- 3. Navigate to the desired tile and verify whether tiering is enabled or disabled on the aggregate.



## Steps to enable tiering on an aggregate

- 1. In System Manager, click **Storage > Tiers**.
- Click the action menu for the aggregate and select Attach Cloud Tiers.
- 3. Select the cloud tier to attach and click Save.

### What's next?

You can now enable data tiering on new and existing volumes, as explained in the next section.

## Tiering data from read-write volumes

Cloud Volumes ONTAP can tier inactive data on read-write volumes to cost-effective object storage, freeing up the performance tier for hot data.

#### **Steps**

1. In Volumes tab under the working environment, create a new volume or change the tier of an existing volume:

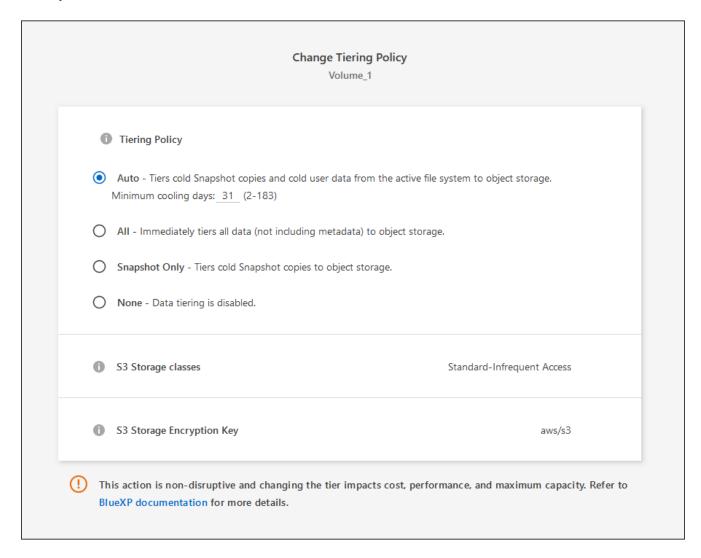
Task	Action
Create a new volume	Click Add New Volume.

Task	Action
Modify an existing volume	Select the desired volume tile, click <b>Manage volume</b> to access the Manage Volumes right-side panel, and then click <b>Advanced actions</b> and <b>Change tiering policy</b> under the right panel.

## 2. Select a tiering policy.

For a description of these policies, see Data tiering overview.

### **Example**



BlueXP creates a new aggregate for the volume if a data tiering-enabled aggregate does not already exist.

## Tiering data from data protection volumes

Cloud Volumes ONTAP can tier data from a data protection volume to a capacity tier. If you activate the destination volume, the data gradually moves to the performance tier as it is read.

## **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, select the working environment that contains the source volume, and then drag it to

the working environment to which you want to replicate the volume.

Follow the prompts until you reach the tiering page and enable data tiering to object storage.

## Example



For help with replicating data, see Replicating data to and from the cloud.

## Changing the storage class for tiered data

After you deploy Cloud Volumes ONTAP, you can reduce your storage costs by changing the storage class for inactive data that hasn't been accessed for 30 days. The access costs are higher if you do access the data, so you must take that into consideration before you change the storage class.

The storage class for tiered data is system wide—it's not per volume.

For information about supported storage classes, see Data tiering overview.

### Steps

- 1. From the working environment, click the menu icon and then click **Storage Classes** or **Blob Storage Tiering**.
- 2. Choose a storage class and then click **Save**.

## Changing the free space ratio for data tiering

The free space ratio for data tiering defines how much free space is required on Cloud Volumes ONTAP SSDs/HDDs when tiering data to object storage. The default setting is 10% free space, but you can tweak the setting based on your requirements.

For example, you might choose less than 10% free space to ensure that you are utilizing the purchased capacity. BlueXP can then purchase additional disks for you when additional capacity is required (up until you reach the disk limit for the aggregate).

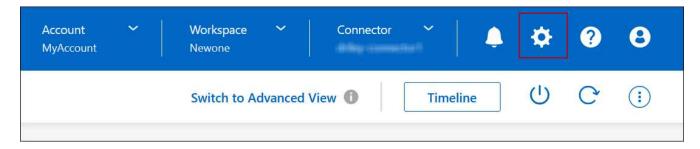


If there isn't sufficient space, then Cloud Volumes ONTAP can't move the data and you might experience performance degradation. Any change should be done with caution. If you're unsure, reach out to NetApp support for guidance.

The ratio is important for disaster recovery scenarios because as data is read from the object store, Cloud Volumes ONTAP moves the data to SSDs/HDDs to provide better performance. If there isn't sufficient space, then Cloud Volumes ONTAP can't move the data. Take this into consideration when changing the ratio so that you can meet your business requirements.

#### **Steps**

1. In the upper right of the BlueXP console, click the **Settings** icon, and select **Connector Settings**.



- Under Capacity, click Aggregate Capacity Thresholds Free Space Ratio for Data Tiering.
- 3. Change the free space ratio based on your requirements and click Save.

## Changing the cooling period for the auto tiering policy

If you enabled data tiering on a Cloud Volumes ONTAP volume using the *auto* tiering policy, you can adjust the default cooling period based on your business needs. This action is supported using the API and CLI only.

The cooling period is the number of days that user data in a volume must remain inactive before it is considered "cold" and moved to object storage.

The default cooling period for the auto tiering policy is 31 days. You can change the cooling period as follows:

• 9.8 or later: 2 days to 183 days

• 9.7 or earlier: 2 days to 63 days

#### Step

1. Use the *minimumCoolingDays* parameter with your API request when creating a volume or modifying an existing volume.

## Connect a LUN to a host

When you create an iSCSI volume, BlueXP automatically creates a LUN for you. We've made it simple by creating just one LUN per volume, so there's no management involved. After you create the volume, use the IQN to connect to the LUN from your hosts.

Note the following:

- BlueXP's automatic capacity management doesn't apply to LUNs. When BlueXP creates a LUN, it disables the autogrow feature.
- You can create additional LUNs from System Manager or the CLI.

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, double-click the Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment on which you want to manage volumes.
- 3. In the working environment, click the **Volumes** tab.
- 4. On the Volumes tab, navigate to the desired volume title and then click **Manage volume** to access the Manage Volumes right-side panel.
- 5. Click Target iQN.
- 6. Click **Copy** to copy the iQN name.

- Set up an iSCSI connection from the host to the LUN.
  - ONTAP 9 iSCSI express configuration for Red Hat Enterprise Linux: Starting the iSCSI sessions with the target
  - ONTAP 9 iSCSI express configuration for Windows: Starting iSCSI sessions with the target
  - ONTAP SAN host configuration

## Accelerate data access with FlexCache volumes

A FlexCache volume is a storage volume that caches NFS read data from an origin (or source) volume. Subsequent reads to the cached data result in faster access to that data.

You can use FlexCache volumes to speed up access to data or to offload traffic from heavily accessed volumes. FlexCache volumes help improve performance, especially when clients need to access the same data repeatedly, because the data can be served directly without having to access the origin volume. FlexCache volumes work well for system workloads that are read-intensive.

BlueXP does not provide management of FlexCache volumes at this time, but you can use the ONTAP CLI or ONTAP System Manager to create and manage FlexCache volumes:

- FlexCache Volumes for Faster Data Access Power Guide
- Creating FlexCache volumes in System Manager

Starting with the 3.7.2 release, BlueXP generates a FlexCache license for all new Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems. The license includes a 500 GiB usage limit.



# Aggregate administration

## **Create aggregates**

You can create aggregates yourself or let BlueXP do it for you when it creates volumes. The benefit of creating aggregates yourself is that you can choose the underlying disk size, which enables you to size your aggregate for the capacity or the performance that you need.

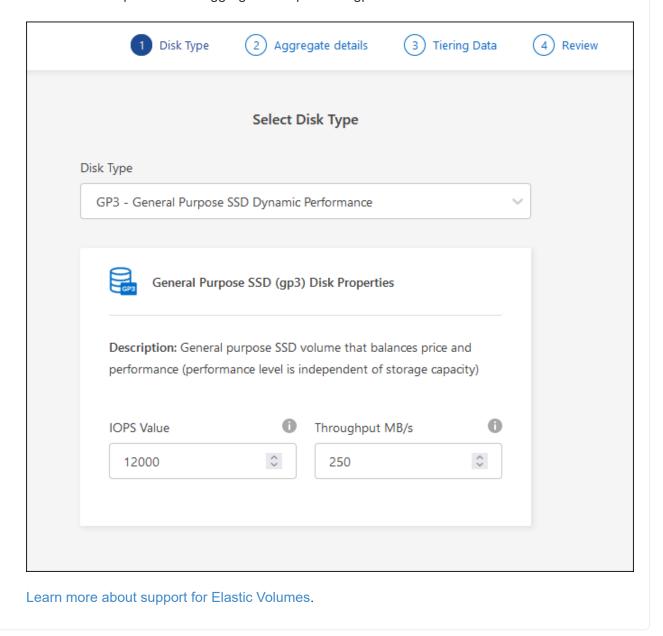


All disks and aggregates must be created and deleted directly from BlueXP. You should not perform these actions from another management tool. Doing so can impact system stability, hamper the ability to add disks in the future, and potentially generate redundant cloud provider fees.

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, double-click the name of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP instance on which you want to manage aggregates.
- 3. On the Aggregates tab, click Add Aggregate and then specify details for the aggregate.

### **AWS**

- If you're prompted to choose a disk type and disk size, refer to Plan your Cloud Volumes ONTAP configuration in AWS.
- If you're prompted to enter the aggregate's capacity size, then you're creating an aggregate on a configuration that supports the Amazon EBS Elastic Volumes feature. The following screenshot shows an example of a new aggregate comprised of gp3 disks.



4. Click Go, and then click Approve and Purchase.

## Manage aggregates

Manage aggregates yourself by adding disks, viewing information about the aggregates, and by deleting them.



All disks and aggregates must be created and deleted directly from BlueXP. You should not perform these actions from another management tool. Doing so can impact system stability, hamper the ability to add disks in the future, and potentially generate redundant cloud provider fees.

## Before you begin

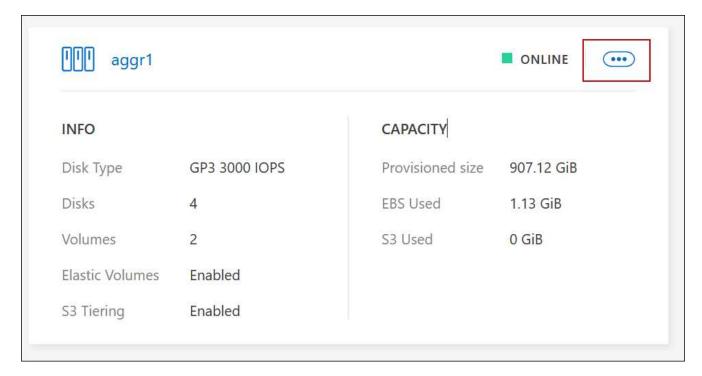
If you want to delete an aggregate, you must have first deleted the volumes in the aggregate.

#### About this task

If an aggregate is running out of space, you can move volumes to another aggregate by using System Manager.

## **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, double-click the Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment on which you want to manage aggregates.
- 3. In the working environment, click the **Aggregates** tab.
- 4. On the Aggregates tab, navigate to the desired title and then click the ... (ellipse icon).



## 5. Manage your aggregates:

Task	Action
View information about an aggregate	Under the (ellipse icon) menu, click View aggregate details.
Create a volume on a specific aggregate	Under the (ellipse icon) menu, click <b>Add volume</b> .

Task	Action
Add disks to an aggregate	<ul> <li>a. Under the (ellipse icon) menu, click Add disks.</li> <li>b. Select the number of disks that you want to add and click Add.</li> <li>All disks in an aggregate must be the same size.</li> </ul>
Increase the capacity of an aggregate that supports Amazon EBS Elastic Volumes	<ul> <li>a. Under the (ellipse icon) menu, click Increase capacity.</li> <li>b. Enter the additional capacity that you'd like to add and then click Increase.</li> <li>Note that you must increase the capacity of the aggregate by a minimum of 256 GiB or 10% of the aggregate's size.</li> <li>For example, if you have a 1.77 TiB aggregate, 10% is 181 GiB. That's lower than 256 GiB, so the size of the aggregate must in increased by the 256 GiB minimum.</li> </ul>
Delete an aggregate	<ul> <li>a. Select an aggregate tile that does not contain any volumes click the (ellipse icon) &gt; Delete.</li> <li>b. Click Delete again to confirm.</li> </ul>

## Manage capacity settings on a Connector

Each Connector has settings that determines how it manages aggregate capacity for Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

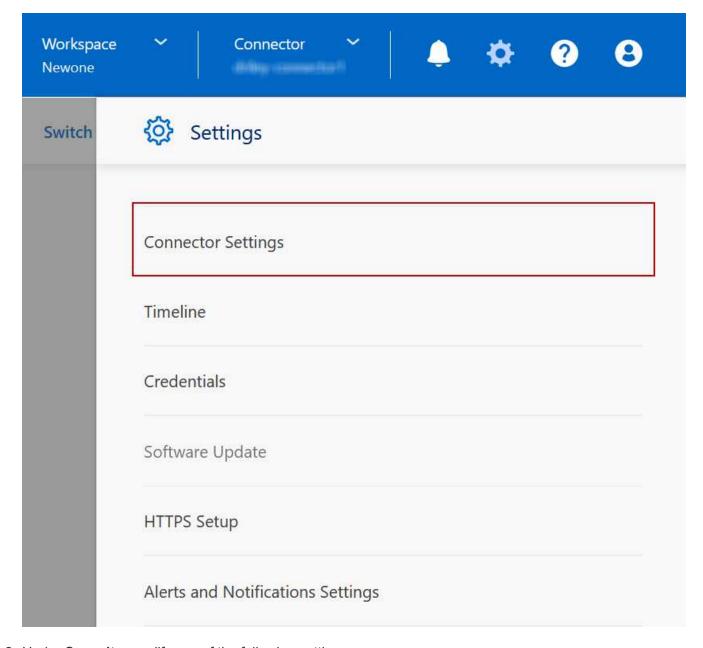
These settings affect all Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems managed by a Connector. If you have another Connector, it can be configured differently.

## Required permissions

Account Admin privileges are required to modify Connector settings.

## **Steps**

1. In the upper right of the BlueXP console, click the Settings icon, and select **Connector Settings**.



2. Under Capacity, modify any of the following settings:

## **Capacity Management Mode**

Choose whether BlueXP notifies you of storage capacity decisions or whether BlueXP automatically manages capacity requirements for you.

Learn how Capacity Management Mode works.

## **Aggregate Capacity Threshold - Free Space Ratio**

Triggers a notification when the free space ratio on an aggregate drops below the specified threshold.

The free space ratio is calculated as follows:

(aggregate capacity - total used capacity on the aggregate) / aggregate capacity

## **Aggregate Capacity Thresholds - Free Space Ratio for Data Tiering**

Defines how much free space is required on the performance tier (disks) when tiering data to a capacity

tier (object storage).

The ratio is important for disaster recovery scenarios. As data is read from the capacity tier, Cloud Volumes ONTAP moves data to the performance tier to provide better performance. If there isn't sufficient space, then Cloud Volumes ONTAP can't move the data.

3. Click Save.

# Storage VM administration

## Manage storage VMs in BlueXP

A storage VM is a virtual machine running within ONTAP that provides storage and data services to your clients. You might know this as an *SVM* or a *vserver*. Cloud Volumes ONTAP is configured with one storage VM by default, but some configurations support additional storage VMs.

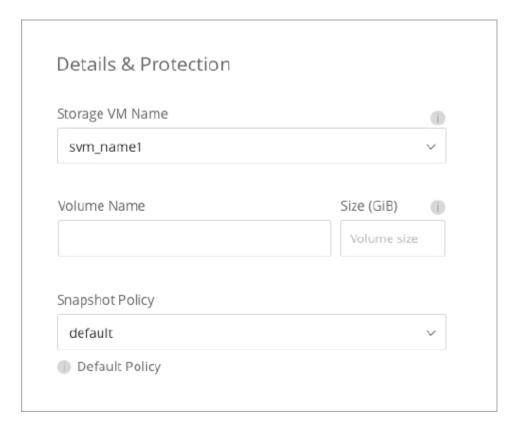
## Supported number of storage VMs

Multiple storage VMs are supported with certain configurations. Go to the Cloud Volumes ONTAP Release Notes to verify the supported number of storage VMs for your version of Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

## Work with multiple storage VMs

BlueXP supports any additional storage VMs that you create from System Manager or the CLI.

For example, the following image shows how you can choose a storage VM when you create a volume.



And the following image shows how you can choose a storage VM when replicating a volume to another

system.



## Modify the name of the default storage VM

BlueXP automatically names the single storage VM that it creates for Cloud Volumes ONTAP. You can modify the name of the storage VM if you have strict naming standards. For example, you might want the name to match how you name the storage VMs for your ONTAP clusters.

If you created any additional storage VMs for Cloud Volumes ONTAP, then you can't rename the storage VMs from BlueXP. You'll need to do so directly from Cloud Volumes ONTAP by using System Manager or the CLI.

- 1. From the working environment, click the menu icon, and then click **Information**.
- 2. Click the edit icon to the right of the storage VM name.

ONTAP		
Serial Number:		
System ID:	system-id-capacitytest	
Cluster Name:	capacitytest	
ONTAP Version:	9.7RC1	
Date Created:	Jul 6, 2020 07:42:02 am	
Storage VM Name:	svm_capacitytest 🦿	

3. In the Modify SVM Name dialog box, change the name, and then click Save.

### Manage storage VMs for disaster recovery

BlueXP doesn't provide any setup or orchestration support for storage VM disaster recovery. You must use System Manager or the CLI.

- SVM Disaster Recovery Preparation Express Guide
- SVM Disaster Recovery Express Guide

## Create data-serving storage VMs for Cloud Volumes ONTAP in AWS

A storage VM is a virtual machine running within ONTAP that provides storage and data services to your clients. You might know this as an *SVM* or a *vserver*. Cloud Volumes ONTAP is configured with one storage VM by default, but some configurations support additional storage VMs.

To create additional data-serving storage VMs, you need to allocate IP addresses in AWS and then run ONTAP commands based on your Cloud Volumes ONTAP configuration.

### Supported number of storage VMs

Multiple storage VMs are supported with specific Cloud Volumes ONTAP configurations starting with the 9.7 release. Go to the Cloud Volumes ONTAP Release Notes to verify the supported number of storage VMs for your version of Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

All other Cloud Volumes ONTAP configurations support one data-serving storage VM and one destination storage VM used for disaster recovery. You can activate the destination storage VM for data access if there's

an outage on the source storage VM.

## Verify limits for your configuration

Each EC2 instance supports a maximum number of private IPv4 addresses per network interface. You need to verify the limit before you allocate IP addresses in AWS for the new storage VM.

### **Steps**

- 1. Go the Storage limits section in the Cloud Volumes ONTAP Release Notes.
- 2. Identify the maximum number of IP addresses per interface for your instance type.
- Make note of this number because you'll need it in the next section when you allocate IP addresses in AWS.

#### Allocate IP addresses in AWS

Private IPv4 addresses must be assigned to port e0a in AWS before you create LIFs for the new storage VM.

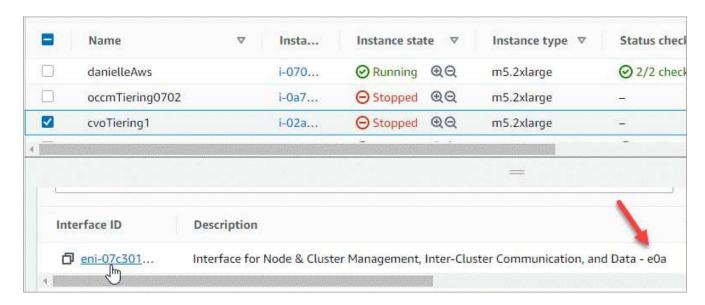
Note that an optional management LIF for a storage VM requires a private IP address on a single node system and on an HA pair in a single AZ. This management LIF provides a connection to management tools like SnapCenter.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Log in to AWS and open the EC2 service.
- Select the Cloud Volumes ONTAP instance and click Networking.

If you're creating a storage VM on an HA pair, select node 1.

3. Scroll down to **Network interfaces** and click the **Interface ID** for port e0a.



- Select the network interface and click Actions > Manage IP addresses.
- 5. Expand the list of IP addresses for e0a.
- 6. Verify the IP addresses:
  - a. Count the number of allocated IP addresses to confirm that the port has room for additional IPs.

You should have identified the maximum number of supported IP addresses per interface in the

previous section of this page.

b. Optional: Go to the CLI for Cloud Volumes ONTAP and run **network interface show** to confirm that each of these IP addresses are in use.

If an IP address isn't in use, then you can use it with the new storage VM.

- 7. Back in the AWS Console, click **Assign new IP address** to assign additional IP addresses based on the amount that you need for the new storage VM.
  - Single node system: One unused secondary private IP is required.

An optional secondary private IP is required if you want to create a management LIF on the storage VM.

HA pair in a single AZ: One unused secondary private IP is required on node 1.

An optional secondary private IP is required if you want to create a management LIF on the storage VM.

- HA pair in multiple AZs: One unused secondary private IP is required on each node.
- If you're allocating the IP address on an HA pair in a single AZ, enable Allow secondary private IPv4 addresses to be reassigned.
- 9. Click Save.
- 10. If you have an HA pair in multiple AZs, then you'll need to repeat these steps for node 2.

## Create a storage VM on a single node system

These steps create a new storage VM on a single node system. One private IP address is required to create a NAS LIF and another optional private IP address is needed if you want to create a management LIF.

### Steps

1. Create the storage VM and a route to the storage VM.

```
vserver create -rootvolume-security-style unix -rootvolume root_svm_2
-snapshot-policy default -vserver svm_2 -aggregate aggr1
```

```
network route create -destination 0.0.0.0/0 -vserver svm_2 -gateway
subnet gateway
```

2. Create a NAS LIF.

```
network interface create -auto-revert true -vserver svm_2 -service
-policy default-data-files -home-port e0a -address private_ip_x -netmask
nodelMask -lif ip_nas_2 -home-node cvo-node
```

Where *private\_ip\_x* is an unused secondary private IP on e0a.

3. Optional: Create a storage VM management LIF.

```
network interface create -auto-revert true -vserver svm_2 -service
-policy default-management -home-port e0a -address private_ip_y -netmask
node1Mask -lif ip_svm_mgmt_2 -home-node cvo-node
```

Where *private ip y* is another unused secondary private IP on e0a.

4. Assign one or more aggregates to the storage VM.

```
vserver add-aggregates -vserver svm_2 -aggregates aggr1,aggr2
```

This step is required because the new storage VM needs access to at least one aggregate before you can create volumes on the storage VM.

## Create a storage VM on an HA pair in a single AZ

These steps create a new storage VM on an HA pair in a single AZ. One private IP address is required to create a NAS LIF and another optional private IP address is needed if you want to create a management LIF.

Both of these LIFs get allocated on node 1. The private IP addresses can move between nodes if failures occur.

#### **Steps**

1. Create the storage VM and a route to the storage VM.

```
vserver create -rootvolume-security-style unix -rootvolume root_svm_2
-snapshot-policy default -vserver svm_2 -aggregate aggr1
```

```
network route create -destination 0.0.0.0/0 -vserver svm_2 -gateway
subnet gateway
```

2. Create a NAS LIF on node 1.

```
network interface create -auto-revert true -vserver svm_2 -service
-policy default-data-files -home-port e0a -address private_ip_x -netmask
nodelMask -lif ip_nas_2 -home-node cvo-node1
```

Where *private\_ip\_x* is an unused secondary private IP on e0a of cvo-node1. This IP address can be relocated to the e0a of cvo-node2 in case of takeover because the service policy default-data-files indicates that IPs can migrate to the partner node.

3. Optional: Create a storage VM management LIF on node 1.

network interface create -auto-revert true -vserver svm\_2 -service
-policy default-management -home-port e0a -address private\_ip\_y -netmask
node1Mask -lif ip\_svm\_mgmt\_2 -home-node cvo-node1

Where *private\_ip\_y* is another unused secondary private IP on e0a.

4. Assign one or more aggregates to the storage VM.

```
vserver add-aggregates -vserver svm_2 -aggregates aggr1,aggr2
```

This step is required because the new storage VM needs access to at least one aggregate before you can create volumes on the storage VM.

If you're running Cloud Volumes ONTAP 9.11.1 or later, modify the network service policies for the storage VM.

Modifying the services is required because it ensures that Cloud Volumes ONTAP can use the iSCSI LIF for outbound management connections.

```
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service data-fpolicy-client
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service management-ad-client
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service management-dns-client
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service management-ldap-client
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service management-nis-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service data-fpolicy-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service management-ad-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service management-dns-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service management-ldap-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service management-nis-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service data-fpolicy-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service management-ad-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service management-dns-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service management-ldap-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service management-nis-client
```

## Create a storage VM on an HA pair in multiple AZs

These steps create a new storage VM on an HA pair in multiple AZs.

A *floating* IP address is required for a NAS LIF and is optional for a management LIF. These floating IP addresses don't require you to allocate private IPs in AWS. Instead, the floating IPs are automatically configured in the AWS route table to point to a specific node's ENI in the same VPC.

In order for floating IPs to work with ONTAP, a private IP address must be configured on every storage VM on each node. This is reflected in the steps below where an iSCSI LIF is created on node 1 and on node 2.

#### **Steps**

1. Create the storage VM and a route to the storage VM.

vserver create -rootvolume-security-style unix -rootvolume root\_svm\_2
-snapshot-policy default -vserver svm\_2 -aggregate aggr1

network route create -destination 0.0.0.0/0 -vserver svm\_2 -gateway subnet\_gateway

2. Create a NAS LIF on node 1.

network interface create -auto-revert true -vserver svm\_2 -service
-policy default-data-files -home-port e0a -address floating\_ip -netmask
node1Mask -lif ip\_nas\_floating\_2 -home-node cvo-node1

- The floating IP address must be outside of the CIDR blocks for all VPCs in the AWS region in which
  you deploy the HA configuration. 192.168.209.27 is an example floating IP address. Learn more about
  choosing a floating IP address.
- -service-policy default-data-files indicates that IPs can migrate to the partner node.
- 3. Optional: Create a storage VM management LIF on node 1.

network interface create -auto-revert true -vserver svm\_2 -service
-policy default-management -home-port e0a -address floating\_ip -netmask
nodelMask -lif ip\_svm\_mgmt\_2 -home-node cvo-nodel

4. Create an iSCSI LIF on node 1.

network interface create -vserver svm\_2 -service-policy default-datablocks -home-port e0a -address private\_ip -netmask nodei1Mask -lif ip\_node1\_iscsi\_2 -home-node cvo-node1

- This iSCSI LIF is required to support LIF migration of the floating IPs in the storage VM. It doesn't have to be an iSCSI LIF, but it can't be configured to migrate between nodes.
- ° -service-policy default-data-block indicates that an IP address does not migrate between nodes.
- private\_ip is an unused secondary private IP address on eth0 (e0a) of cvo node1.
- 5. Create an iSCSI LIF on node 2.

network interface create -vserver svm\_2 -service-policy default-datablocks -home-port e0a -address private\_ip -netmaskNode2Mask -lif ip\_node2\_iscsi\_2 -home-node cvo-node2

- This iSCSI LIF is required to support LIF migration of the floating IPs in the storage VM. It doesn't have to be an iSCSI LIF, but it can't be configured to migrate between nodes.
- -service-policy default-data-block indicates that an IP address does not migrate between nodes.
- private\_ip is an unused secondary private IP address on eth0 (e0a) of cvo\_node2.
- 6. Assign one or more aggregates to the storage VM.

```
vserver add-aggregates -vserver svm_2 -aggregates aggr1,aggr2
```

This step is required because the new storage VM needs access to at least one aggregate before you can create volumes on the storage VM.

7. If you're running Cloud Volumes ONTAP 9.11.1 or later, modify the network service policies for the storage VM.

Modifying the services is required because it ensures that Cloud Volumes ONTAP can use the iSCSI LIF for outbound management connections.

```
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service data-fpolicy-client
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service management-ad-client
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service management-dns-client
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service management-ldap-client
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver <svm-name>
-policy default-data-files -service management-nis-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service data-fpolicy-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service management-ad-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service management-dns-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service management-ldap-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-blocks -service management-nis-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service data-fpolicy-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service management-ad-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service management-dns-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service management-ldap-client
network interface service-policy add-service -vserver <svm-name> -policy
default-data-iscsi -service management-nis-client
```

# Security and data encryption

## **Encrypting volumes with NetApp encryption solutions**

Cloud Volumes ONTAP supports NetApp Volume Encryption (NVE) and NetApp Aggregate Encryption (NAE). NVE and NAE are software-based solutions that enable FIPS 140-2—compliant data-at-rest encryption of volumes. Learn more about these encryption solutions.

Both NVE and NAE are supported with an external key manager.

New aggregates will have NAE enabled by default after you set up an external key manager. New volumes that aren't part of an NAE aggregate will have NVE enabled by default (for example, if you have existing aggregates that were created before setting up an external key manager).

Cloud Volumes ONTAP doesn't support onboard key management.

## What you'll need

Your Cloud Volumes ONTAP system should be registered with NetApp support. A NetApp Volume Encryption license is automatically installed on each Cloud Volumes ONTAP system that is registered with NetApp Support.

- Adding NetApp Support Site accounts to BlueXP
- Registering pay-as-you-go systems



BlueXP doesn't install the NVE license on systems that reside in the China region.

### Steps

1. Review the list of supported key managers in the NetApp Interoperability Matrix Tool.



Search for the **Key Managers** solution.

- 2. Connect to the Cloud Volumes ONTAP CLI.
- 3. Configure external key management.
  - AWS: Go to the ONTAP documentation for instructions

## Improving protection against ransomware

Ransomware attacks can cost a business time, resources, and reputation. BlueXP enables you to implement the NetApp solution for ransomware, which provides effective tools for visibility, detection, and remediation.

- 1. On the Canvas page, double-click the name of the system you configure to ransomware protection.
- 2. On the Overview tab, click the Features panel and then click the pencil icon next to **Ransomware Protection**.

Informat	ion Features	
Working Environm	nent Tags Tags	0
Scheduled Downti	ime Off	0
S3 Storage Classes	Standard-Infrequent Access	0
Instance Type	m5.xlarge	0
Write Speed	Normal	0
Ransomware Prote	ection Off	0
Support Registrati	ion Not Registered	0
CIFs Setup		0

- 3. Implement the NetApp solution for ransomware:
  - a. Click **Activate Snapshot Policy**, if you have volumes that do not have a Snapshot policy enabled.

NetApp Snapshot technology provides the industry's best solution for ransomware remediation. The key to a successful recovery is restoring from uninfected backups. Snapshot copies are read-only, which prevents ransomware corruption. They can also provide the granularity to create images of a single file copy or a complete disaster recovery solution.

b. Click **Activate FPolicy** to enable ONTAP's FPolicy solution, which can block file operations based on a file's extension.

This preventative solution improves protection from ransomware attacks by blocking common ransomware file types.

The default FPolicy scope blocks files that have the following extensions:

micro, encrypted, locked, crypto, crypt, crinf, r5a, XRNT, XTBL, R16M01D05, pzdc, good, LOL!, OMG!, RDM, RRK, encryptedRS, crjoker, EnCiPhErEd, LeChiffre



BlueXP creates this scope when you activate FPolicy on Cloud Volumes ONTAP. The list is based on common ransomware file types. You can customize the blocked file extensions by using the *vserver fpolicy policy scope* commands from the Cloud Volumes ONTAP CLI.



# System administration

## **Upgrade Cloud Volumes ONTAP software**

Upgrade Cloud Volumes ONTAP from BlueXP to gain access to the latest new features and enhancements. You should prepare Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems before you upgrade the software.

## Upgrade overview

You should be aware of the following before you start the Cloud Volumes ONTAP upgrade process.

## Upgrade from BlueXP only

Upgrades of Cloud Volumes ONTAP must be completed from BlueXP. You should not upgrade Cloud Volumes ONTAP by using System Manager or the CLI. Doing so can impact system stability.

## How to upgrade

BlueXP provides three ways to upgrade Cloud Volumes ONTAP:

- By following upgrade notifications that appear in the working environment
- By placing the upgrade image at an HTTPS location and then providing BlueXP with the URL

## Supported upgrade paths

The version of Cloud Volumes ONTAP that you can upgrade to depends on the version of Cloud Volumes ONTAP that you're currently running.

Current version	Versions that you can directly upgrade to
9.12.1	9.13.0
9.12.1	9.13.0
9.12.0	9.12.1
9.11.1	9.12.1
	9.12.0
9.11.0	9.11.1
9.10.1	9.11.1
	9.11.0
9.10.0	9.10.1
9.9.1	9.10.1
	9.10.0
9.9.0	9.9.1
9.8	9.9.1
9.7	9.8
9.6	9.7
9.5	9.6
9.4	9.5
9.3	9.4
9.2	9.3
9.1	9.2
9.0	9.1
8.3	9.0

### Note the following:

- The supported upgrade paths for Cloud Volumes ONTAP are different than they are for an on-premises ONTAP cluster.
- If you upgrade by following the upgrade notifications that appear in a working environment, BlueXP will prompt you to upgrade to a release that follows these supported upgrade paths.
- If you upgrade by placing an upgrade image at an HTTPS location, be sure to follow these supported upgrade paths.
- In some cases, you might need to upgrade a few times to reach your target release.

For example, if you're running version 9.8 and you want to upgrade to 9.10.1, you first need to upgrade to version 9.9.1 and then to 9.10.1.

#### Reverting or downgrading

Reverting or downgrading Cloud Volumes ONTAP to a previous release is not supported.

#### Support registration

Cloud Volumes ONTAP must be registered with NetApp support in order to upgrade the software using any of the methods described on this page. This applies to both PAYGO and BYOL. You'll need to manually register PAYGO systems, while BYOL systems are registered by default.



A system that isn't registered for support will still receive the software update notifications that appear in BlueXP when a new version is available. But you will need to register the system before you can upgrade the software.

### Upgrades of the HA mediator

BlueXP also updates the mediator instance as needed during the Cloud Volumes ONTAP upgrade process.

#### Prepare to upgrade

Before performing an upgrade, you must verify that your systems are ready and make any required configuration changes.

- Plan for downtime
- · Verify that automatic giveback is still enabled
- Suspend SnapMirror transfers
- · Verify that aggregates are online

#### Plan for downtime

When you upgrade a single-node system, the upgrade process takes the system offline for up to 25 minutes, during which I/O is interrupted.

Upgrading an HA pair is nondisruptive and I/O is uninterrupted. During this nondisruptive upgrade process, each node is upgraded in tandem to continue serving I/O to clients.

#### Verify that automatic giveback is still enabled

Automatic giveback must be enabled on a Cloud Volumes ONTAP HA pair (this is the default setting). If it isn't, then the operation will fail.

ONTAP 9 Documentation: Commands for configuring automatic giveback

#### Suspend SnapMirror transfers

If a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system has active SnapMirror relationships, it is best to suspend transfers before you update the Cloud Volumes ONTAP software. Suspending the transfers prevents SnapMirror failures. You must suspend the transfers from the destination system.



Even though Cloud Backup uses an implementation of SnapMirror to create backup files (called SnapMirror Cloud), backups do not need to be suspended when a system is upgraded.

#### About this task

These steps describe how to use System Manager for version 9.3 and later.

#### **Steps**

1. Log in to System Manager from the destination system.

You can log in to System Manager by pointing your web browser to the IP address of the cluster management LIF. You can find the IP address in the Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.



The computer from which you are accessing BlueXP must have a network connection to Cloud Volumes ONTAP. For example, you might need to log in to BlueXP from a jump host that's in your cloud provider network.

- 2. Click Protection > Relationships.
- 3. Select the relationship and click **Operations > Quiesce**.

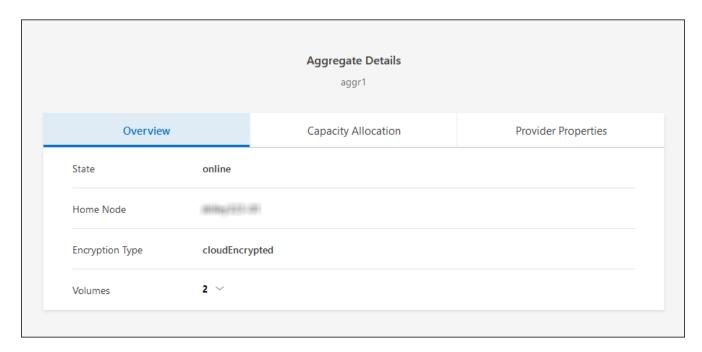
## Verify that aggregates are online

Aggregates for Cloud Volumes ONTAP must be online before you update the software. Aggregates should be online in most configurations, but if they are not, then you should bring them online.

#### About this task

These steps describe how to use System Manager for version 9.3 and later.

- 1. In the working environment, click the **Aggregates** tab.
- 2. Under the aggregate title, click the ellipse button, and then select View Aggregate details.



- 3. If the aggregate is offline, use System Manager to bring the aggregate online:
  - a. Click Storage > Aggregates & Disks > Aggregates.
  - b. Select the aggregate, and then click **More Actions > Status > Online**.

## **Upgrade Cloud Volumes ONTAP**

BlueXP notifies you when a new version is available for upgrade. You can start the upgrade process from this notification. For details, see Upgrade from BlueXP notifications.

Another way to perform software upgrades by using an image on an external URL. This option is helpful if BlueXP can't access the S3 bucket to upgrade the software or if you were provided with a patch. For details, see Upgrade from an image available at a URL.

#### **Upgrade from BlueXP notifications**

BlueXP displays a notification in Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environments when a new version of Cloud Volumes ONTAP is available:



You can start the upgrade process from this notification, which automates the process by obtaining the software image from an S3 bucket, installing the image, and then restarting the system.

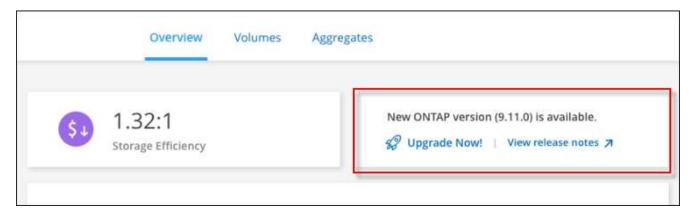
### Before you begin

BlueXP operations such as volume or aggregate creation must not be in progress on the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

## **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. Select a working environment.

A notification appears in the Overview tab if a new version is available:



- 3. If a new version is available, click Upgrade Now!
- 4. In the Upgrade Cloud Volumes ONTAP page, read the EULA, and then select I read and approve the EULA.
- 5. Click Upgrade.

#### Result

BlueXP starts the software upgrade. You can perform actions on the working environment when the software update is complete.



Currently, you can only upgrade to the latest available ONTAP version through the BlueXP user interface. The ability to upgrade to a specific ONTAP version through the BlueXP user interface will be available in a future release.

## After you finish

If you suspended SnapMirror transfers, use System Manager to resume the transfers.

## Upgrade from an image available at a URL

You can place the Cloud Volumes ONTAP software image on the Connector or on an HTTP server and then initiate the software upgrade from BlueXP. You might use this option if BlueXP can't access the S3 bucket to upgrade the software.

#### Before you begin

- BlueXP operations such as volume or aggregate creation must not be in progress on the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.
- If you use HTTPS to host ONTAP images, the upgrade can fail due to SSL authentication issues, which are caused by missing certificates. The workaround is to generate and install a CA-signed certificate to be used for authentication between ONTAP and BlueXP.

Go to the NetApp Knowledge Base to view step-by-step instructions:

NetApp KB: How to configure BlueXP as an HTTPS server to host upgrade images

## Steps

1. Optional: Set up an HTTP server that can host the Cloud Volumes ONTAP software image.

If you have a VPN connection to the virtual network, you can place the Cloud Volumes ONTAP software image on an HTTP server in your own network. Otherwise, you must place the file on an HTTP server in the cloud.

2. If you use your own security group for Cloud Volumes ONTAP, ensure that the outbound rules allow HTTP connections so Cloud Volumes ONTAP can access the software image.



The predefined Cloud Volumes ONTAP security group allows outbound HTTP connections by default.

- 3. Obtain the software image from the NetApp Support Site.
- 4. Copy the software image to a directory on the Connector or on an HTTP server from which the file will be served.

Two paths are available. The correct path depends on your Connector version.

- °/opt/application/netapp/cloudmanager/docker occm/data/ontap/images/
- ° /opt/application/netapp/cloudmanager/ontap/images/
- 5. From the working environment in BlueXP, click the menu icon, and then click **Advanced > Update Cloud Volumes ONTAP**.
- 6. On the update software page, enter the URL, and then click **Change Image**.

If you copied the software image to the Connector in the path shown above, you would enter the following URL:

http://<Connector-private-IP-address>/ontap/images/<image-file-name>

Click Proceed to confirm.

#### Result

BlueXP starts the software update. You can perform actions on the working environment once the software update is complete.

### After you finish

If you suspended SnapMirror transfers, use System Manager to resume the transfers.

## Registering pay-as-you-go systems

Support from NetApp is included with Cloud Volumes ONTAP PAYGO systems, but you must first activate support by registering the systems with NetApp.

Registering a PAYGO system with NetApp is required to upgrade ONTAP software using any of the methods described on this page.



A system that isn't registered for support will still receive the software update notifications that appear in BlueXP when a new version is available. But you will need to register the system before you can upgrade the software.

## Steps

1. If you have not yet added your NetApp Support Site account to BlueXP, go to **Account Settings** and add it now.

Learn how to add NetApp Support Site accounts.

- 2. On the Canvas page, double-click the name of the system you want to register..
- 3. On the Overview tab, click the Features panel and then click the pencil icon next to **Support Registration**.

Information	Features	
Working Environment Tags	Tags	0
Scheduled Downtime	Off	0
S3 Storage Standar Classes	rd-Infrequent Access	0
Instance Type	m5.xlarge	0
Write Speed	Normal	0
Ransomware Protection	Off	0
Support Registration	Not Registered	0
CIFs Setup		0

4. Select a NetApp Support Site account and click **Register**.

## Result

BlueXP registers the system with NetApp.

## Managing the state of Cloud Volumes ONTAP

You can stop and start Cloud Volumes ONTAP from BlueXP to manage your cloud compute costs.

## Scheduling automatic shutdowns of Cloud Volumes ONTAP

You might want to shut down Cloud Volumes ONTAP during specific time intervals to lower your compute costs. Rather than do this manually, you can configure BlueXP to automatically shut down and then restart systems at specific times.

#### About this task

• When you schedule an automatic shutdown of your Cloud Volumes ONTAP system, BlueXP postpones the shutdown if an active data transfer is in progress.

BlueXP shuts down the system after the transfer is complete.

- This task schedules automatic shutdowns of both nodes in an HA pair.
- Snapshots of boot and root disks are not created when turning off Cloud Volumes ONTAP through scheduled shutdowns.

Snapshots are automatically created only when performing a manual shutdown, as described in the next section.

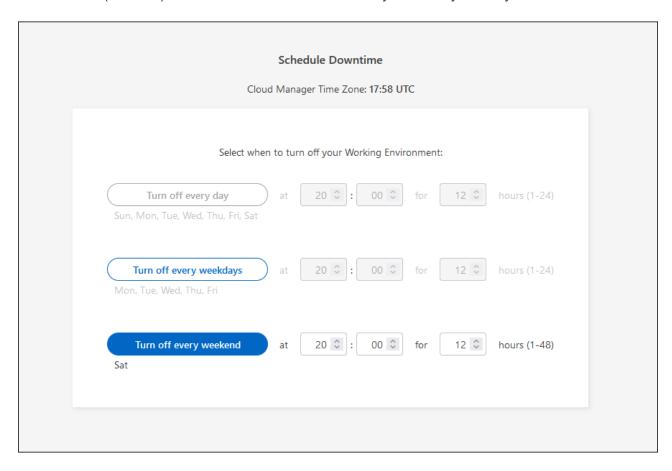
- 1. On the Canvas page, double-click the desired working environment.
- 2. On the Overview tab, click the Features panel and then click the pencil icon next to **Scheduled Downtime**.

Informati	on Features	
Working Environm	nent Tags Tags	0
Scheduled Downti	me Off	0
S3 Storage Classes	Standard-Infrequent Access	0
Instance Type	m5.xlarge	0
Write Speed	Normal	0
Ransomware Prote	ection Off	0
Support Registrati	on Not Registered	0
CIFs Setup		0

- 3. Specify the shutdown schedule:
  - a. Choose whether you want to shut down the system every day, every weekday, every weekend, or any combination of the three options.
  - b. Specify when you want to turn off the system and for how long you want it turned off.

### **Example**

The following image shows a schedule that instructs BlueXP to shut down the system every Saturday at 20:00 P.M. (8:00 PM) for 12 hours. BlueXP restarts the system every Monday at 12:00 a.m.



4. Click Save.

#### Result

BlueXP saves the schedule. The corresponding Scheduled Downtime line item under the Features panel displays 'On'.

## **Stopping Cloud Volumes ONTAP**

Stopping Cloud Volumes ONTAP saves you from accruing compute costs and creates snapshots of the root and boot disks, which can be helpful for troubleshooting.



To reduce costs, BlueXP periodically deletes older snapshots of root and boot disks. Only the two most recent snapshots are retained for both the root and boot disks.

## About this task

When you stop an HA pair, BlueXP shuts down both nodes.

## **Steps**

1. From the working environment, click the **Turn off** icon.



- 2. Keep the option to create snapshots enabled because the snapshots can enable system recovery.
- 3. Click Turn Off.

It can take up to a few minutes to stop the system. You can restart systems at a later time from the working environment page.

## Synchronize the system time using NTP

Specifying an NTP server synchronizes the time between the systems in your network, which can help prevent issues due to time differences.

Specify an NTP server using the BlueXP API or from the user interface when you create a CIFS server.

## Modify system write speed

BlueXP enables you to choose a normal or high write speed for Cloud Volumes ONTAP. The default write speed is normal. You can change to high write speed if fast write performance is required for your workload.

High write speed is supported with all types of single node systems and some HA pair configurations. View supported configurations in the Cloud Volumes ONTAP Release Notes

Before you change the write speed, you should understand the differences between the normal and high settings.

#### About this task

- Ensure that operations such as volume or aggregate creation are not in progress.
- Be aware that this change restarts the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system. This is disruptive process that requires downtime for the entire system.

- 1. On the Canvas page, double-click the name of the system you configure to the write speed.
- 2. On the Overview tab, click the Features panel and then click the pencil icon next to Write Speed.

Informat	ion	Features	
Working Environn	nent Tags	Tags	0
Scheduled Downt	ime	Off	0
S3 Storage Classes	Standard-I	nfrequent Access	0
Instance Type		m5.xlarge	0
Write Speed		Normal	0
Ransomware Protection		Off	0
Support Registrati	ion	Not Registered	0
CIFs Setup			0

## 3. Select **Normal** or **High**.

If you choose High, then you'll need to read the "I understand..." statement and confirm by checking the box.



The **High** write speed option is supported with Cloud Volumes ONTAP HA pairs in Google Cloud starting with version 9.13.0.

4. Click **Save**, review the confirmation message, and then click **Approve**.

## Change the password for Cloud Volumes ONTAP

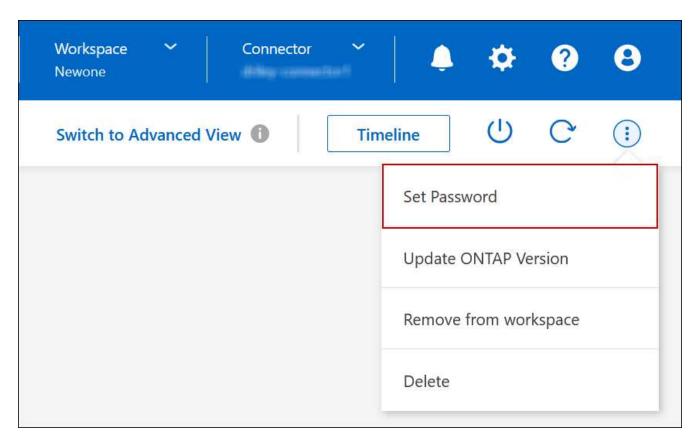
Cloud Volumes ONTAP includes a cluster admin account. You can change the password for this account from BlueXP, if needed.



You should not change the password for the admin account through System Manager or the CLI. The password will not be reflected in BlueXP. As a result, BlueXP cannot monitor the instance properly.

### **Steps**

- 1. On the Canvas page, double-click the name of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.
- 2. On the upper right of the BlueXP console, click the ellipse icon, and select **Set password**.



The new password must be different than one of the last six passwords that you used.

## Add, remove, or delete systems

## Adding existing Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems to BlueXP

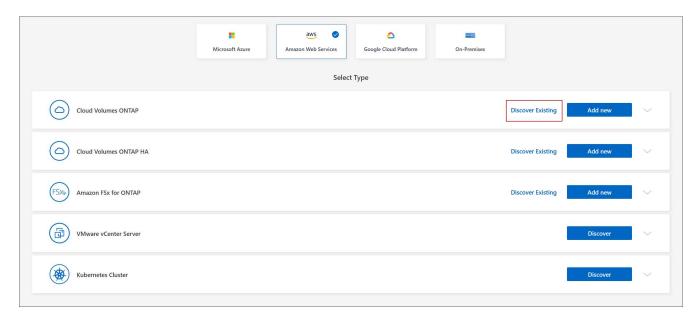
You can discover and add existing Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems to BlueXP. You might do this if you deployed a new BlueXP system.

## Before you begin

You must know the password for the Cloud Volumes ONTAP admin user account.

## **Steps**

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, click **Add Working Environment**.
- 3. Select the cloud provider in which the system resides.
- 4. Choose the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.
- 5. Click the link to discover an existing system.



- 6. On the Region page, choose the region where the instances are running, and then select the instances.
- 7. On the Credentials page, enter the password for the Cloud Volumes ONTAP admin user, and then click **Go**.

## Result

BlueXP adds the Cloud Volumes ONTAP instances to the workspace.

## Removing Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environments

The Account Admin can remove a Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment to move it to another system or to troubleshoot discovery issues.

#### About this task

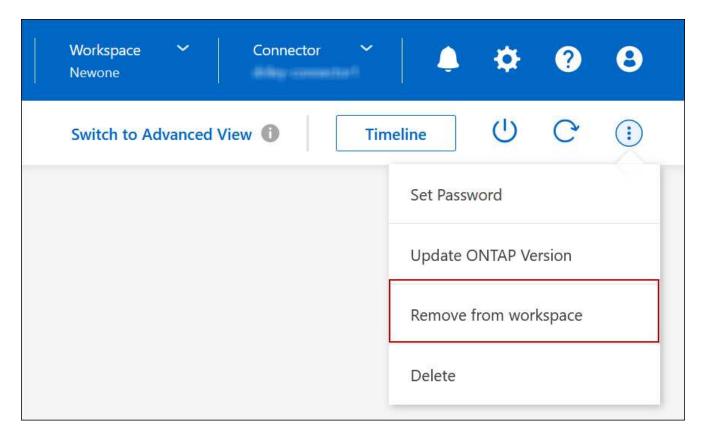
Removing a Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment removes it from BlueXP. It does not delete the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system. You can later rediscover the working environment.

Removing a working environment from BlueXP enables you to do the following:

- Rediscover it in another workspace
- Rediscover it from another BlueXP system
- Rediscover it if you had problems during the initial discovery

## **Steps**

- 1. On the Canvas page, double-click on the working environment you want to remove.
- 2. On the upper right of the BlueXP console, click the ellipse icon, and select Remove from workspace.



3. In the Review from Workspace window, click Remove.

#### Result

BlueXP removes the working environment. Users can rediscover this working environment from the Canvas page at any time.

### **Deleting a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system**

You should always delete Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems from BlueXP, rather than from your cloud provider's console. For example, if you terminate a licensed Cloud Volumes ONTAP instance from your cloud provider, then you can't use the license key for another instance. You must delete the working environment from BlueXP to release the license.

When you delete a working environment, BlueXP terminates Cloud Volumes ONTAP instances and deletes disks and snapshots.

Resources managed by other services like backups for Cloud Backup and instances for Cloud Data Sense and Monitoring are not deleted when you delete a working environment. You'll need to manually delete them yourself. If you don't, then you'll continue to receive charges for these resources.



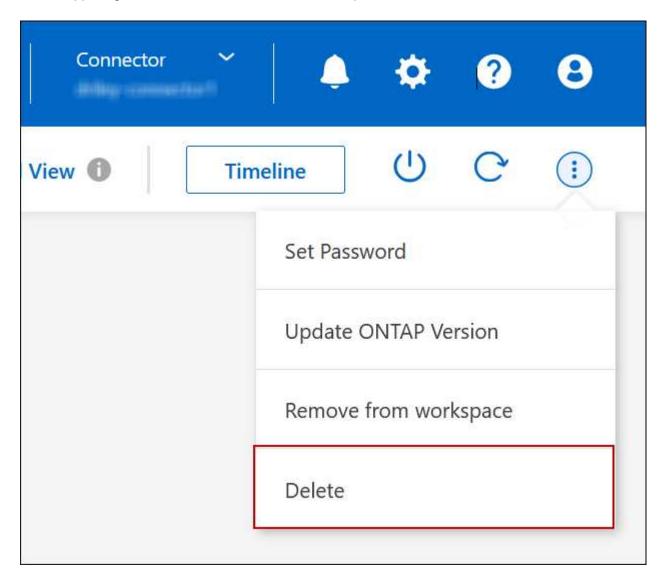
When BlueXP deploys Cloud Volumes ONTAP in your cloud provider, it enables termination protection on the instances. This option helps prevent accidental termination.

## **Steps**

- 1. If you enabled Cloud Backup on the working environment, determine whether the backed up data is still required and then delete the backups, if necessary.
  - Cloud Backup is independent from Cloud Volumes ONTAP by design. Cloud Backup doesn't automatically delete backups when you delete a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system, and there is no current support in the UI to delete the backups after the system has been deleted.
- 2. If you enabled Cloud Data Sense on this working environment and no other working environments use this service, then you'll need to delete the instance for the service.

Learn more about the Cloud Data Sense instance.

- 3. Delete the Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.
  - a. On the Canvas page, double-click the name of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment that you want to delete.
  - b. On the upper right of the BlueXP console, click the ellipse icon, and select **Delete**.



c. Under the Delete Working Environment window, type the name of the working environment and then click **Delete**.

It can take up to 5 minutes to delete the working environment.

## **AWS** administration

# Change the EC2 instance type for Cloud Volumes ONTAP

You can choose from several instance or types when you launch Cloud Volumes ONTAP in AWS. You can change the instance type at any time if you determine that it is undersized or oversized for your needs.

### About this task

• Automatic giveback must be enabled on a Cloud Volumes ONTAP HA pair (this is the default setting). If it isn't, then the operation will fail.

ONTAP 9 Documentation: Commands for configuring automatic giveback

- Changing the instance type can affect AWS service charges.
- The operation restarts Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

For single node systems, I/O is interrupted.

For HA pairs, the change is nondisruptive. HA pairs continue to serve data.



BlueXP gracefully changes one node at a time by initiating takeover and waiting for give back. NetApp's QA team tested both writing and reading files during this process and didn't see any issues on the client side. As connections changed, we did see retries on the I/O level, but the application layer overcame these short "re-wire" of NFS/CIFS connections.

## Steps

- 1. On the Canvas page, select the working environment.
- 2. On the Overview tab, click the Features panel and then click the pencil icon next to **Instance type**.

Informati	on Features	
Working Environm	ent Tags Tag	s Ø
Scheduled Downtii	me Of	f O
S3 Storage Classes	Standard-Infrequent Acces	s O
Instance Type	m5.xlarg	e <i>0</i>
Write Speed	Norma	
Ransomware Prote	ction Of	f O
S <mark>upport Registrati</mark>	on Not Registere	d <i>0</i>
CIFs Setup		0

- a. If you are using a node-based PAYGO license, you can optionally choose a different license and instance type by clicking the pencil icon next to **License type**.
- 3. Choose an instance type, select the check box to confirm that you understand the implications of the change, and then click **Change**.

## Result

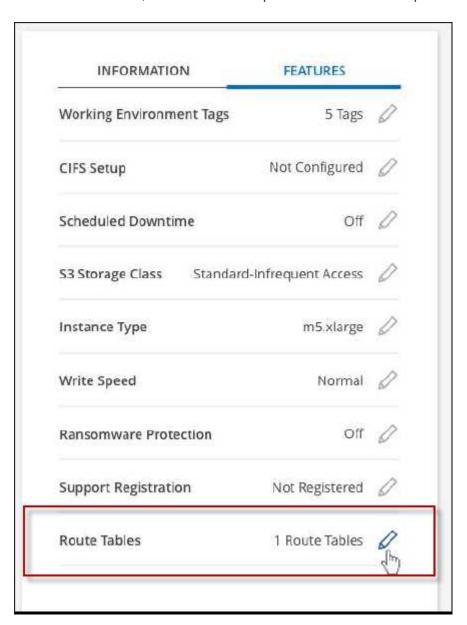
Cloud Volumes ONTAP reboots with the new configuration.

# Change route tables for HA pairs in multiple AZs

You can modify the AWS route tables that include routes to the floating IP addresses for an HA pair that's deployed in multiple AWS Availability Zones (AZs). You might do this if new NFS or CIFS clients need to access an HA pair in AWS.

## Steps

- 1. On the Canvas page, select the working environment.
- 2. On the Overview tab, click the Features panel and then click the pencil icon next to Route tables.



3. Modify the list of selected route tables and then click **Save**.

#### Result

BlueXP sends an AWS request to modify the route tables.

## **Monitoring AWS resource costs**

BlueXP enables you to view the resource costs associated with running Cloud Volumes ONTAP in AWS. You can also see how much money you saved by using NetApp features that can reduce storage costs.

#### About this task

BlueXP updates the costs when you refresh the page. You should refer to AWS for final cost details.

## Step

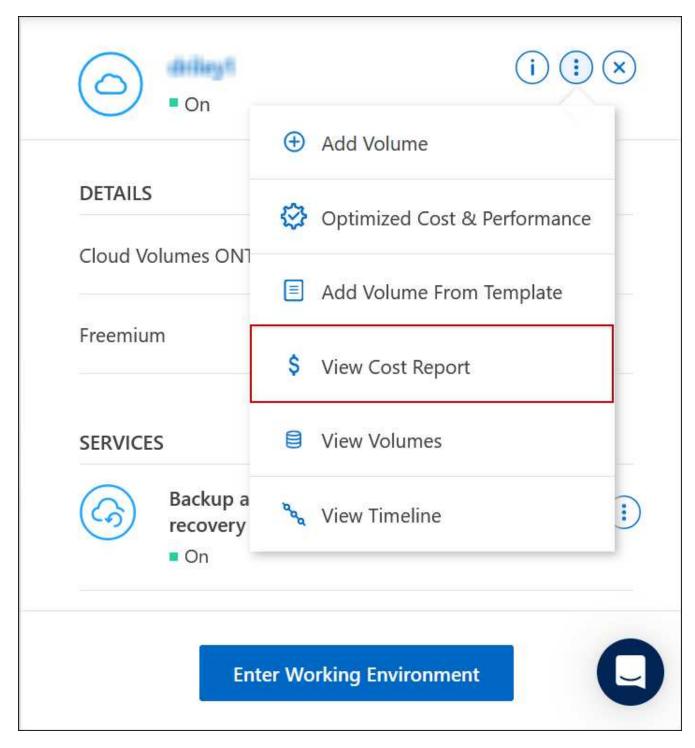
- 1. Verify that BlueXP can obtain cost information from AWS:
  - a. Ensure that the IAM policy that provides BlueXP with permissions includes the required permissions.

View the required permissions

b. Activate the WorkingEnvironmentId tag.

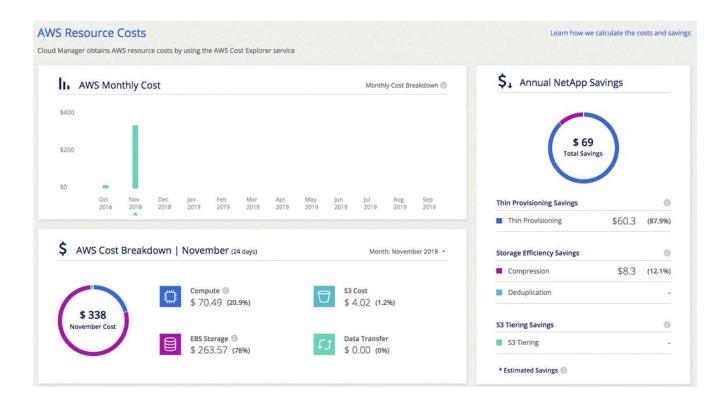
To track your AWS costs, BlueXP assigns a cost allocation tag to Cloud Volumes ONTAP instances. After you create your first working environment, activate the **WorkingEnvironmentId** tag. User-defined tags don't appear on AWS billing reports until you activate them in the Billing and Cost Management console.

- 2. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 3. On the Canvas page, select a Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment,
- 4. Click the menu icon, and then click View Cost Report.



The Cost page displays costs for the current and previous months and shows your annual NetApp savings, if you enabled NetApp's cost-saving features on volumes.

The following image shows a sample Cost page:



# **Administer Cloud Volumes ONTAP using the Advanced View**

If you need to perform advanced management of Cloud Volumes ONTAP, you can do so using ONTAP System Manager, which is a management interface that's provided with an ONTAP system. We have included the System Manager interface directly inside BlueXP so that you don't need to leave BlueXP for advanced management.

This Advanced View is available as a Preview. We plan to refine this experience and add enhancements in upcoming releases. Please send us feedback by using the in-product chat.

#### **Features**

The Advanced View in BlueXP gives you access to additional management features:

- Advanced storage management
  - Manage consistency groups, shares, qtrees, quotas, and Storage VMs.
- Networking management
  - Manage IPspaces, network interfaces, portsets, and ethernet ports.
- Events and jobs
  - View event logs, system alerts, jobs, and audit logs.
- · Advanced data protection
  - Protect storage VMs, LUNs, and consistency groups.
- Host management

Set up SAN initiator groups and NFS clients.

# **Supported configurations**

Advanced management through System Manager is supported with Cloud Volumes ONTAP 9.10.0 and later in standard cloud regions.

System Manager integration is not supported in GovCloud regions or in regions that have no outbound internet access.

#### Limitations

A few features that appear in the System Manager interface are not supported with Cloud Volumes ONTAP:

· Cloud Tiering

The Cloud Tiering service is not supported with Cloud Volumes ONTAP. Tiering data to object storage must be set up directly from BlueXP's Standard View when creating volumes.

Tiers

Aggregate management (including local tiers and cloud tiers) is not supported from System Manager. You must manage aggregates directly from BlueXP's Standard View.

· Firmware upgrades

Automatic firmware updates from the **Cluster > Settings** page is not supported with Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

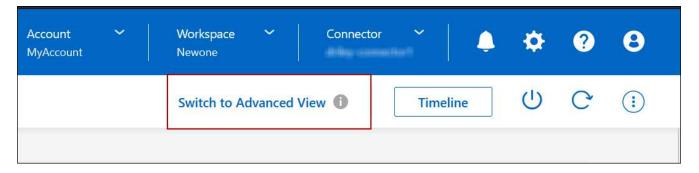
In addition, role-based access control from System Manager is not supported.

## How to get started

Open a Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment and click the Advanced View option.

#### Steps

- 1. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
- 2. On the Canvas page, double-click the name of a Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.
- 3. In the top-right, click Switch to Advanced View.



- 4. If the confirmation message appears, read through it and click Close.
- 5. Use System Manager to manage Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

6. If needed, click Switch to Standard View to return to standard management through BlueXP.

## Help with using System Manager

If you need help using System Manager with Cloud Volumes ONTAP, you can refer to ONTAP documentation for step-by-step instructions. Here are a few links that might help:

- Volume and LUN management
- Network management
- Data protection

## Administer Cloud Volumes ONTAP from the CLI

The Cloud Volumes ONTAP CLI enables you to run all administrative commands and is a good choice for advanced tasks or if you are more comfortable using the CLI. You can connect to the CLI using Secure Shell (SSH).

# Before you begin

The host from which you use SSH to connect to Cloud Volumes ONTAP must have a network connection to Cloud Volumes ONTAP. For example, you might need to SSH from a jump host that's in your cloud provider network.



When deployed in multiple AZs, Cloud Volumes ONTAP HA configurations use a floating IP address for the cluster management interface, which means external routing is not available. You must connect from a host that is part of the same routing domain.

# Steps

- 1. In BlueXP, identify the IP address of the cluster management interface:
  - a. From the left navigation menu, select **Storage > Canvas**.
  - b. On the Canvas page, select the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.
  - c. Copy the cluster management IP address that appears in the right pane.
- 2. Use SSH to connect to the cluster management interface IP address using the admin account.

## **Example**

The following image shows an example using PuTTY:



3. At the login prompt, enter the password for the admin account.

## **Example**

Password: \*\*\*\*\*\*\*
COT2::>

# System health and events

# **Verify AutoSupport setup**

AutoSupport proactively monitors the health of your system and sends messages to NetApp technical support. By default, AutoSupport is enabled on each node to send messages to technical support using the HTTPS transport protocol. It's best to verify that AutoSupport can send these messages.

The only required configuration step is to ensure that Cloud Volumes ONTAP has outbound internet connectivity. For details, refer to the networking requirements for your cloud provider.

## **AutoSupport requirements**

Cloud Volumes ONTAP nodes require outbound internet access for NetApp AutoSupport, which proactively monitors the health of your system and sends messages to NetApp technical support.

Routing and firewall policies must allow HTTP/HTTPS traffic to the following endpoints so Cloud Volumes ONTAP can send AutoSupport messages:

- https://support.netapp.com/aods/asupmessage
- https://support.netapp.com/asupprod/post/1.0/postAsup

If an outbound internet connection isn't available to send AutoSupport messages, BlueXP automatically configures your Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems to use the Connector as a proxy server. The only requirement is to ensure that the Connector's security group allows *inbound* connections over port 3128. You'll need to open this port after you deploy the Connector.

If you defined strict outbound rules for Cloud Volumes ONTAP, then you'll also need to ensure that the Cloud Volumes ONTAP security group allows *outbound* connections over port 3128.

After you've verified that outbound internet access is available, you can test AutoSupport to ensure that it can send messages. For instructions, refer to ONTAP docs: Set up AutoSupport.

### **Troubleshoot your AutoSupport configuration**

If an outbound connection isn't available and BlueXP can't configure your Cloud Volumes ONTAP system to use the Connector as a proxy server, you'll receive a notification from BlueXP titled "<working environment name> is unable to send AutoSupport messages."

You're most likely receiving this message because of networking issues.

Follow these steps to address this problem.

## **Steps**

1. SSH to the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system so that you can administer the system from the CLI.

### Learn how to SSH to Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

2. Display the detailed status of the AutoSupport subsystem:

```
autosupport check show-details
```

The response should be similar to the following:

```
Category: smtp
          Component: mail-server
             Status: failed
             Detail: SMTP connectivity check failed for destination:
                     mailhost. Error: Could not resolve host -
'mailhost'
            Corrective Action: Check the hostname of the SMTP server
    Category: http-https
        Component: http-put-destination
            Status: ok
            Detail: Successfully connected to:
                    <https://support.netapp.com/put/AsupPut/>.
          Component: http-post-destination
             Status: ok
             Detail: Successfully connected to:
https://support.netapp.com/asupprod/post/1.0/postAsup.
    Category: on-demand
          Component: ondemand-server
             Status: ok
             Detail: Successfully connected to:
                     https://support.netapp.com/aods/asupmessage.
    Category: configuration
            Component: configuration
                Status: ok
                Detail: No configuration issues found.
    5 entries were displayed.
```

If the status of the http-https category is "ok" then it means AutoSupport is configured properly and messages can be sent.

3. If the status is not ok, verify the proxy URL for each Cloud Volumes ONTAP node:

```
autosupport show -fields proxy-url
```

4. If the proxy URL parameter is empty, configure Cloud Volumes ONTAP to use the Connector as a proxy:

```
autosupport modify -proxy-url http://<connector private ip>:3128
```

5. Verify AutoSupport status again:

```
autosupport check show-details
```

- 6. If the status is still is failed, validate that there is connectivity between Cloud Volumes ONTAP and the Connector over port 3128.
- 7. If the status ID is still failed after verifying that there is connectivity, SSH to the Connector.

Learn more about Connecting to the Linux VM for the Connector

- 8. Go to /opt/application/netapp/cloudmanager/docker occm/data/
- 9. Open the proxy configuration file squid.conf

The basic structure of the file is as follows:

```
http_port 3128
acl localnet src 172.31.0.0/16
acl azure_aws_metadata dst 169.254.169.254

http_access allow localnet
http_access deny azure_aws_metadata
http_access allow localhost
http_access deny all
```

The localnet src value is the CIDR of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system.

10. If the CIDR block of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP system isn't in the range that's specified in the file, either update the value or add a new entry as follows:

```
acl cvonet src <cidr>
```

If you add this new entry, don't forget to also add an allow entry:

```
http access allow cvonet
```

Here's an example:

```
http_port 3128
acl localnet src 172.31.0.0/16
acl cvonet src 172.33.0.0/16
acl azure_aws_metadata dst 169.254.169.254

http_access allow localnet
http_access allow cvonet
http_access deny azure_aws_metadata
http_access allow localhost
http_access deny all
```

11. After editing the config file, restart the proxy container as sudo:

```
docker restart squid
```

12. Go back to the Cloud Volumes ONTAP CLI and verify that Cloud Volumes ONTAP can send AutoSupport messages:

```
autosupport check show-details
```

# **Configure EMS**

The Event Management System (EMS) collects and displays information about events that occur on ONTAP systems. To receive event notifications, you can set event destinations (email addresses, SNMP trap hosts, or syslog servers) and event routes for a particular event severity.

You can configure EMS using the CLI. For instructions, refer to ONTAP docs: EMS configuration overview.

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