



Image signature verification

Cloud Volumes ONTAP

NetApp

March 29, 2023

This PDF was generated from <https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/cloud-manager-cloud-volumes-ontap/concept-gcp-verify-signed-image.html> on March 29, 2023. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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Image signature verification

Verify Google Cloud signed images

To verify the exported Google Cloud signed image, you must download the image digest file from the NSS to validate the disk.raw file and digest file contents.

Signed image verification workflow summary

The following is an overview of the Google Cloud signed image verification workflow process.

- From the [NSS](#), download the Google Cloud archive containing the following files:
 - Signed digest (.sig)
 - Certificate containing the public key (.pem)
 - Certificate chain (.pem)

Cloud Volumes ONTAP 9.13.0

Date Posted:

Restrictions on Encryption Technology

NetApp Volume Encryption (available with ONTAP 9.1 and later releases) provides for data-at-rest encryption that requires authorizations, permits, or licenses to import, export, re-export or use this software.

A state license for importing encryption equipment is required to import ONTAP 9.1 (or later) with NetApp Volume Encryption into Member States of the Eurasian Economic Union: Russia, Belarus, Kazakhstan, Armenia and Kyrgyzstan. Moreover, in certain cases, an end-user customer must have a valid state encryption license to this software.

Consult your legal advisor on this matter.

Cloud Volumes ONTAP	Cloud Volumes ONTAP	Cloud Volumes ONTAP
Non-Restricted Countries	Restricted Countries	Google Image Digest Files
If you are upgrading to ONTAP 9.13.0, and you are in "Non-restricted Countries", please download the image with NetApp Volume Encryption.	If you are unsure whether your company complied with all applicable legal requirements on encryption technology, download the image without NetApp Volume Encryption.	
DOWNLOAD 9130_V_IMAGE.TGZ [2.58 GB]	DOWNLOAD 9130_V_NODAR_IMAGE.TGZ [2.58 GB]	DOWNLOAD GCP-X-9-13-0_PKG.TAR.GZ [7.52 KB]
View and download checksums	View and download checksums	View and download checksums
DOWNLOAD 9130_V_IMAGE.TGZ.PEM [451 B]	DOWNLOAD 9130_V_NODAR_IMAGE.TGZ.PEM [451 B]	Azure Image Digest File
View and download checksums	View and download checksums	DOWNLOAD AZURE-9.13.0_PKG.TAR.GZ [7.55 KB]
DOWNLOAD 9130_V_IMAGE.TGZ.SIG [256 B]	DOWNLOAD 9130_V_NODAR_IMAGE.TGZ.SIG [256 B]	View and download checksums
View and download checksums	View and download checksums	

- Download the converted disk.raw file
- Validate the certificate using the certificate chain
- Validate the signed digest using the certificate contain the public key
 - Decrypt the signed digest using the public key to extract the digest of the image file
 - Create a digest of the downloaded disk.raw file
 - Compare the two digest file for validation



Verification of disk.raw file and digest file contents using OpenSSL

You can verify the Google Cloud downloaded disk.raw file against the digest file contents available through the [NSS](#) using OpenSSL.



The OpenSSL commands to validate the image are compatible with Linux, Mac OS, and Windows machines.

Steps

1. Verify the certificate using OpenSSL.

Click to display the script

```
# Step 1 - Optional, but recommended: Verify the certificate using
OpenSSL

# Step 1.1 - Copy the Certificate and certificate chain to a
directory
$ openssl version
LibreSSL 3.3.6
$ ls -l
total 48
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  engr  8537 Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-
Chain-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  engr  2365 Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-GCP-
CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem

# Step 1.2 - Get the OSCP URL
$ oscp_url=$(openssl x509 -noout -ocsp_uri -in <Certificate-
Chain.pem>)
$ oscp_url=$(openssl x509 -noout -ocsp_uri -in Certificate-Chain-
GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem)
$ echo $oscp_url
http://ocsp.entrust.net

# Step 1.3 - Generate an OSCP request for the certificate
$ openssl ocsp -issuer <Certificate-Chain.pem> -CAfile <Certificate-
Chain.pem> -cert <Certificate.pem> -reqout <request.der>
$ openssl ocsp -issuer Certificate-Chain-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-CAfile Certificate-Chain-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem -cert
Certificate-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem -reqout req.der

# Step 1.4 - Optional: Check the new file "req.der" has been
generated
$ ls -l
total 56
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  engr  8537 Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-
Chain-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  engr  2365 Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-GCP-
CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-rw-r--r--  1 example-user  engr   120 Jan 19 16:50 req.der

# Step 1.5 - Connect to the OSCP Manager using openssl to send the
OCSP request
$ openssl ocsp -issuer <Certificate-Chain.pem> -CAfile <Certificate-
Chain.pem> -cert <Certificate.pem> -url ${ocsp_url} -resp_text
-respout <response.der>
```

```
$ openssl ocsp -issuer Certificate-Chain-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem  
-CAfile Certificate-Chain-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem -cert  
Certificate-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem -url ${ocsp_url} -resp_text  
-respout resp.der
```

OCSP Response Data:

OCSP Response Status: successful (0x0)

Response Type: Basic OCSP Response

Version: 1 (0x0)

Responder Id: C = US, O = "Entrust, Inc.", CN = Entrust Extended
Validation Code Signing CA - EVCS2

Produced At: Jan 19 15:14:00 2023 GMT

Responses:

Certificate ID:

Hash Algorithm: sha1

Issuer Name Hash: 69FA640329AB84E27220FE0927647B8194B91F2A

Issuer Key Hash: CE894F8251AA15A28462CA312361D261FBBF8FE78

Serial Number: 5994B3D01D26D594BD1D0FA7098C6FF5

Cert Status: good

This Update: Jan 19 15:00:00 2023 GMT

Next Update: Jan 26 14:59:59 2023 GMT

Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption

0b:b6:61:e4:03:5f:98:6f:10:1c:9a:f7:5f:6f:c7:e3:f4:72:
f2:30:f4:86:88:9a:b9:ba:1e:d6:f6:47:af:dc:ea:e4:cd:31:
af:e3:7a:20:35:9e:60:db:28:9c:7f:2e:17:7b:a5:11:40:4f:
1e:72:f7:f8:ef:e3:23:43:1b:bb:28:1a:6f:c6:9c:c5:0c:14:
d3:5d:bd:9b:6b:28:fb:94:5e:8a:ef:40:20:72:a4:41:df:55:
cf:f3:db:1b:39:e0:30:63:c9:c7:1f:38:7e:7f:ec:f4:25:7b:
1e:95:4c:70:6c:83:17:c3:db:b2:47:e1:38:53:ee:0a:55:c0:
15:6a:82:20:b2:ea:59:eb:9c:ea:7e:97:aa:50:d7:bc:28:60:
8c:d4:21:92:1c:13:19:b4:e0:66:cb:59:ed:2e:f8:dc:7b:49:
e3:40:f2:b6:dc:d7:2d:2e:dd:21:82:07:bb:3a:55:99:f7:59:
5d:4a:4d:ca:e7:8f:1c:d3:9a:3f:17:7b:7a:c4:57:b2:57:a8:
b4:c0:a5:02:bd:59:9c:50:32:ff:16:b1:65:3a:9c:8c:70:3b:
9e:be:bc:4f:f9:86:97:b1:62:3c:b2:a9:46:08:be:6b:1b:3c:
24:14:59:28:c6:ae:e8:d5:64:b2:f8:cc:28:24:5c:b2:c8:d8:
5a:af:9d:55:48:96:f6:3e:c6:bf:a6:0c:a4:c0:ab:d6:57:03:
2b:72:43:b0:6a:9f:52:ef:43:bb:14:6a:ce:66:cc:6c:4e:66:
17:20:a3:64:e0:c6:d1:82:0a:d7:41:8a:cc:17:fd:21:b5:c6:
d2:3a:af:55:2e:2a:b8:c7:21:41:69:e1:44:ab:a1:dd:df:6d:
15:99:90:cc:a0:74:1e:e5:2e:07:3f:50:e6:72:a6:b9:ae:fc:
44:15:eb:81:3d:1a:f8:17:b6:0b:ff:05:76:9d:30:06:40:72:
cf:d5:c4:6f:8b:c9:14:76:09:6b:3d:6a:70:2c:5a:c4:51:92:
e5:cd:84:b6:f9:d9:d5:bc:8d:72:b7:7c:13:9c:41:89:a8:97:
6f:4a:11:5f:8f:b6:c9:b5:df:00:7e:97:20:e7:29:2e:2b:12:
77:dc:e2:63:48:87:42:49:1d:fc:d0:94:a8:8d:18:f9:07:85:

```

e4:d0:3e:9a:4a:d7:d5:d0:02:51:c3:51:1c:73:12:96:2d:75:
22:83:a6:70:5a:4a:2b:f2:98:d9:ae:1b:57:53:3d:3b:58:82:
38:fc:fa:cb:57:43:3f:3e:7e:e0:6d:5b:d6:fc:67:7e:07:7e:
fb:a3:76:43:26:8f:d1:42:d6:a6:33:4e:9e:e0:a0:51:b4:c4:
bc:e3:10:0d:bf:23:6c:4b
WARNING: no nonce in response
Response Verify OK
Certificate-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem: good
  This Update: Jan 19 15:00:00 2023 GMT
  Next Update: Jan 26 14:59:59 2023 GMT

# Step 1.5 - Optional: Check the response file "response.der" has
been generated. Verify its contents.
$ ls -l
total 64
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  engr  8537 Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-
Chain-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  engr  2365 Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-GCP-
CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-rw-r--r--  1 example-user  engr   120 Jan 19 16:50 req.der
-rw-r--r--  1 example-user  engr   806 Jan 19 16:51 resp.der

# Step 1.6 - Verify the chain of trust and expiration dates against
the local host
$ openssl version -d
OPENSSLDIR: "/private/etc/ssl"
$ OPENSSLDIR=$(openssl version -d | cut -d '"' -f2)
$ echo $OPENSSLDIR
/private/etc/ssl

$ openssl verify -untrusted <Certificate-Chain.pem> -CApath <OpenSSL
dir> <Certificate.pem>
$ openssl verify -untrusted Certificate-Chain-GCP-CVO-20230119-
0XXXXX.pem -CApath ${OPENSSLDIR} Certificate-GCP-CVO-20230119-
0XXXXX.pem
Certificate-GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem: OK

```

2. Place the downloaded disk.raw file, the signature, and certificates in a directory.
3. Extract the public key from the certificate using OpenSSL.
4. Decrypt the signature using the extracted public key and verify the contents of the downloaded disk.raw file.

Click to display the script

```
# Step 1 - Place the downloaded disk.raw, the signature and the
certificates in a directory
$ ls -l
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  staff   Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-Chain-
GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  staff   Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-GCP-CVO-
20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  staff   Jan 19 15:42 GCP_CVO_20230119-
XXXXXX_digest.sig
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  staff   Jan 19 16:39 disk.raw

# Step 2 - Extract the public key from the certificate
$ openssl x509 -pubkey -noout -in (certificate.pem) >
(public_key.pem)
$ openssl x509 -pubkey -noout -in Certificate-GCP-CVO-20230119-
0XXXXX.pem > CVO-GCP-pubkey.pem

$ ls -l
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  staff   Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-Chain-
GCP-CVO-20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  staff   Jan 19 15:42 Certificate-GCP-CVO-
20230119-0XXXXX.pem
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  staff   Jan 19 17:02 CVO-GCP-pubkey.pem
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  staff   Jan 19 15:42 GCP_CVO_20230119-
XXXXXX_digest.sig
-rw-r--r--@ 1 example-user  staff   Jan 19 16:39 disk.raw

# Step 3 - Decrypt the signature using the extracted public key and
verify the contents of the downloaded disk.raw
$ openssl dgst -verify (public_key) -keyform PEM -sha256 -signature
(signed digest) -binary (downloaded or obtained disk.raw)
$ openssl dgst -verify CVO-GCP-pubkey.pem -keyform PEM -sha256
-signature GCP_CVO_20230119-XXXXXX_digest.sig -binary disk.raw
Verified OK

# A failed response would look like this
$ openssl dgst -verify CVO-GCP-pubkey.pem -keyform PEM -sha256
-signature GCP_CVO_20230119-XXXXXX_digest.sig -binary
../sample_file.txt
Verification Failure
```


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