

The Magical World of Words

A Journey Through the Four Kingdoms



Every story you have ever told comes from this place.
To build a sentence, we must visit the four families that live here:
The Namers, The Doers, The Decorators, and The Enhancers.

Meet the Word Families



Nouns: The Namers.

They name people, places, things, and ideas.



Verbs: The Doers.

They are the engine of the sentence; nothing moves without them.



Adjectives: The Decorators.

They dress up nouns with color, size, and shape.



Adverbs: The Enhancers.

They tell us **how**, **when**, or **where** action happens.

Welcome to Noun Town

Nouns are the anchors of meaning.

They are words that name a Person, Place, Thing, or Idea.



Common vs. Proper



city

(Common Noun)



Paris

(Proper Noun)

Common Nouns: General names (city, teacher).

Proper Nouns: Specific names (Paris, Ms. Lee).

Rule: Proper nouns always wear a Capital Letter hat!

Things We Touch vs. Things We Feel

Concrete Nouns

Physical things you can see, touch, taste, hear, or smell.

Rain, Pizza, Computer, Cat.



Abstract Nouns

Ideas, emotions, or qualities that live in our minds or hearts.

Happiness, Bravery, Friendship, Time.



Verb Valley: Where Action Happens

A sentence cannot move without a **Verb**.

Verbs explain what the **subject** is doing or being.

The Two Types of Action



Physical Action:
Running, Jumping, Eating.



Mental Action:
Thinking, Dreaming, Deciding.



The Quiet Verbs (Linking Verbs)

Not all verbs run fast. Some verbs just connect things. These are **Linking Verbs**.

They act like an equals sign (=) connecting the subject to a description.

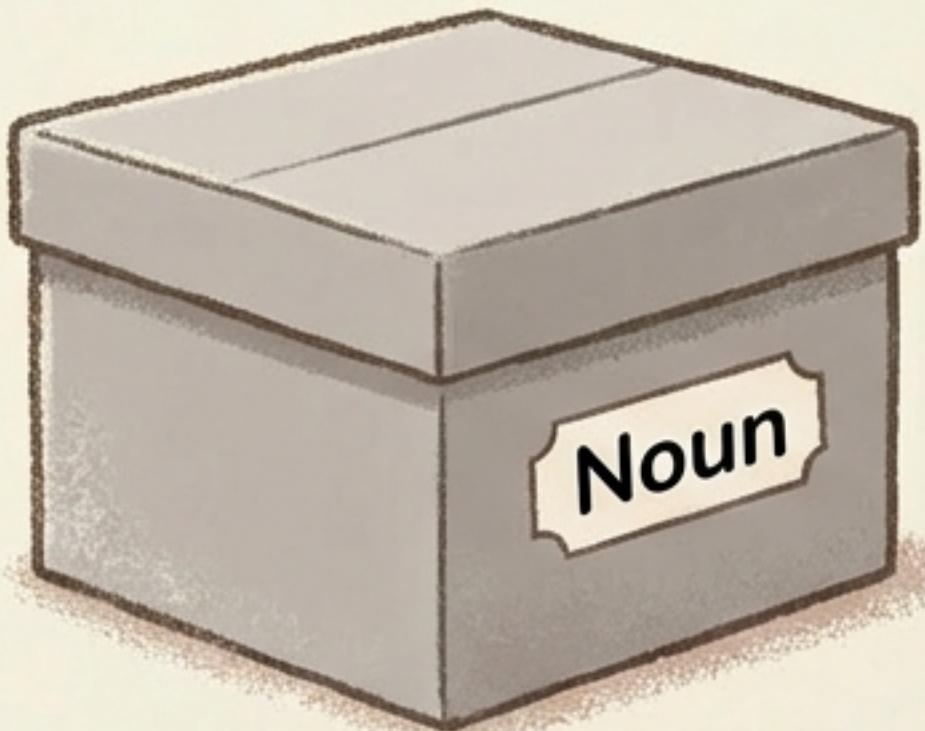
Examples:

- The sky **is** blue. (Sky = Blue)
- I **feel** happy. (I = Happy)
- Common Linking Verbs: Am, Is, Are, Was, Were, Seem.

Subject
|



The Adjective Forest: Decorating Nouns

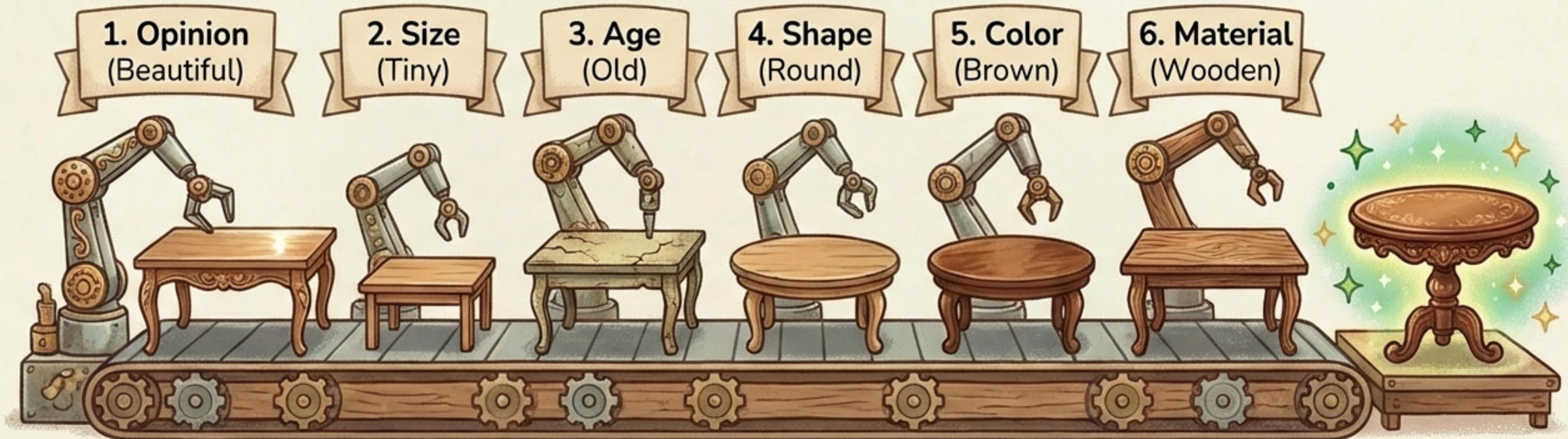


Adjectives are words that describe Nouns or Pronouns.
They add color, shape, size, and personality.

The Magic Questions



The Royal Order of Adjectives



When we use more than one adjective, there is a secret rule for the order they go in!

A **beautiful tiny old round brown wooden** table.

Good, Better, Best! (Comparisons)



Adjectives change form when we compare things.

- **Positive:** Big
- **Comparative:** Bigger (Compare 2 things)
- **Superlative:** Biggest (Compare 3+ things)

The Rule Breakers (Irregulars):
Good → Better → Best
Bad → Worse → Worst

Adverb Sky: How Action Happens



Adverbs describe **Verbs** (and sometimes Adjectives!).
They tell us the story of the action.

The Clue:

Many adverbs wear a special tail: **-LY**.

- Quick becomes **Quickly**
- Loud becomes **Loudly**

The Three Jobs of an Adverb

Adverbs answer three Magic Questions about the verb.



Turning Up the Volume (Adverbs of Degree)



Some adverbs tell us “how much” or “to what extent.”
These are called **Intensifiers**.

- It is **too** hot.
- He speaks **very** fast.
- I am **quite** tired.

These adverbs often modify adjectives or other adverbs!

The Tricky Twins: Good vs. Well



Describes a **Noun**.
(e.g., Good job)

Describes a **Verb**.
(e.g., You did well)

Don't get tricked! These two words have **different jobs**.

Real-world example: The **slow** turtle walked **slowly**.

The Four Kingdoms Unite!



The **brave** mouse **quietly** **climbed** the **tall** tower.

Let's build a super sentence using all the families. Notice how the Adjectives stick to the Nouns, and the **Adverb** tells us about the climbing!

Your Turn to be the Storyteller



You now hold the keys to the Four Kingdoms.

 Use **Nouns** to name your heroes.

 Use **Verbs** to give them adventures.

 Use **Adjectives** to paint the scene.

 Use **Adverbs** to control the action.

Go create something magical!