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- Load the data for Washington
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Optimal Interpolation Homework

```
%%Scott Farley
%%May 2016
%
close all;
clear;
```

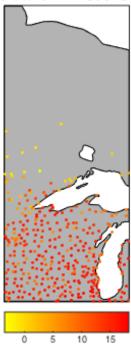
Load the data for Wisconsin

Plot the data using the station data points

```
latlim = [41.5 58.1];
lonlim = [-93.9 -85.8];
figure
colormap autumn;
colormap(flipud(colormap));
load '/Users/scottsfarley/downloads/tmax 1mar2000.mat'
ind = find( (lat >= latlim(1)) & (lat <= latlim(2)) & (lon >= lonlim(1)) & (lon <= lonlim(2)) );
lat = double(lat(ind));
lon = double(lon(ind));
tmax = double(tmax(ind)) ;
tmax = tmax';
lat = lat';
lon = lon';
npt = length(ind) ;
land = shaperead('landareas.shp', 'UseGeoCoords', true);
axesm('mapprojection', 'eqdcylin', 'origin', [0 mean(lonlim)], ...
    'maplatlimit', latlim, 'maplonlimit', lonlim);
geoshow(land, 'FaceColor', 0.7*[1 1 1], 'EdgeColor', 'k');
scatterm(lat, lon, 10, tmax, 'filled');
caxis([min(tmax) max(tmax)]);
tightmap
colorbar('SouthOutside') ;
```

```
title('Maximum Temperature in Wisconsin, 1 March, 2000', 'fontsize', 14);
%measurement error
noiseamp = 0.4;
tmax = tmax + noiseamp*randn(npt, 1);
```

Maximum Temperature in Wisconsin, 1 March, 2000



Parameterize the spatial covariance in the data

```
[xx, yy] = meshgrid(lon, lat);
xx = diag(xx);
yy = diag(yy);
rearth = 6370800;
xkm = (rearth * pi / 180) * (xx - mean(lonlim)) .* cos(yy*pi/180) / 1000 ;
ykm = (rearth * pi / 180) * (yy - mean(latlim)) / 1000 ;
Rdd = sqrt((xkm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(npt, 1) * xkm')).^2 + ...
            ( (ykm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(npt, 1) * ykm') ).^2 );
Rdd = triu(Rdd) ; % Only keep the upper left triangle, as the matrix is symmetric
dr = 3; % bin size
bins = [0 (dr/2):dr:150];
C = (tmax - mean(tmax)) * (tmax - mean(tmax))';
cf = zeros(size(bins)) ;
cf(1) = mean(diag(C));
for i = 1:length(bins) ;
    ind = find( (Rdd > bins(i)-dr/2) & (Rdd < bins(i)+dr/2));
    cf(i) = mean(C(ind));
end
용
figure
```

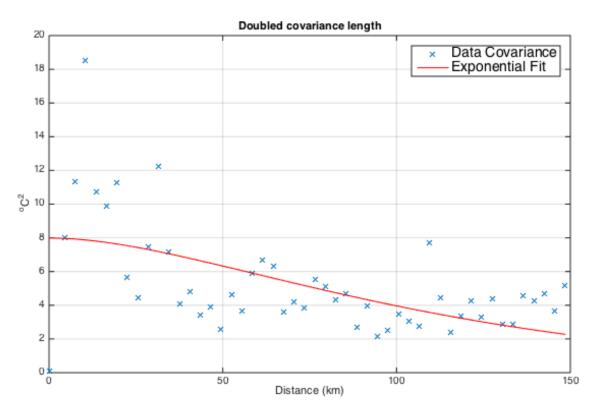
```
pp = plot(bins, cf, 'x');
grid on ;
xlabel('Distance (km)');
ylabel('^oC^2');
% title('Binned lagged covariance with bin size = 25: Exponential');
ind = find(cf > 0);
% Gaussian function:
% myfun = @(a,x) a(1)^2 * exp(-x.^2/(a(2)^2));
% "Markov" function - red noise:
myfun = @(a,x) a(1)*(1+x/a(2)).*exp(-x/a(2));
% Exponential function
% myfun = @(a,x) a(1) * exp(-x / a(2));
myerr = @(a,x,y) sum( (myfun(a,x) - y).^2);
a = [1 600]
myerr(a,bins(ind),cf(ind)) / length(bins)
b = fminsearch(@(a) myerr(a,bins(ind),cf(ind)), [1 500]);
title('Doubled covariance length');
hold on ;
pp2 = plot(bins, myfun(b,bins), 'r');
hold off ;
11 = legend([pp pp2], 'Data Covariance', 'Exponential Fit');
set(ll, 'fontsize', 14);
```

a =

1 600

ans =

27.5000



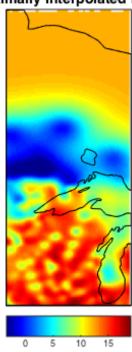
```
Rdd = sqrt( ( (xkm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(npt, 1) * xkm') ).^2 + ...
            ( (ykm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(npt, 1) * ykm') ).^2 );
Cdd0 = myfun(b,Rdd)/b(1);
dx = 0.1;
dy = 0.1;
[xgrd, ygrd] = meshgrid( ...
    [lonlim(1):dx:lonlim(2)]', [latlim(1):dy:latlim(2)]) ;
xgkm = (rearth * pi / 180) * (xgrd(:) - mean(lonlim)) .* cos(ygrd(:)*pi/180) / 1000 ;
ygkm = (rearth * pi / 180) * (ygrd(:) - mean(latlim)) / 1000 ;
nptg = length(xgkm) ;
Rgd = sqrt( ( (xgkm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(nptg, 1) * xkm') ).^2 + ...
            ( (ygkm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(nptg, 1) * ykm') ).^2 );
Cgd0 = myfun(b, Rgd)/b(1);
%%Do the optimal Interpolation
tic
D = mean(tmax) + Cgd0*inv(Cdd0 + noiseamp^2/b(1)*eye(npt))*(tmax-mean(tmax));
toc
D = reshape(D, size(xgrd));
```

Elapsed time is 0.156617 seconds.

plot the optimal Interpolation

```
colormap jet;
%colormap(flipud(colormap));
axesm('mapprojection', 'eqdcylin', 'origin', [0 mean(lonlim)], ...
    'maplatlimit', latlim, 'maplonlimit', lonlim);
surfacem(ygrd, xgrd, D);
hold on;
hold off;
caxis([min(tmax) max(tmax)]);
geoshow(land, 'FaceColor', 'none', 'EdgeColor', 'k');
colorbar('SouthOutside');
tightmap
title('Optimally Interpolated Data', 'fontsize', 14);
```

Optimally Interpolated Data

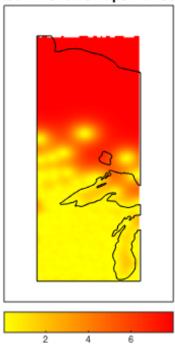


Plot expected errors

```
oierror = b(1)*diag(1-Cgd0*inv(Cdd0 + noiseamp^2/b(1)*eye(npt))*Cgd0');
error0 = b(1)*diag(1-Cdd0*inv(Cdd0 + noiseamp^2/b(1)*eye(npt))*Cdd0');
```

```
figure
colormap autumn;
colormap(flipud(colormap));
axesm('mapprojection', 'eqdcylin', 'origin', [0 mean(lonlim)], ...
    'maplatlimit', latlim, 'maplonlimit', lonlim);
surfacem(ygrd, xgrd, reshape(oierror, size(xgrd)));
colorbar('SouthOutside');
geoshow(land, 'FaceColor', 'none', 'EdgeColor', 'k');
title('Expected Error at Gridpoint Locations', 'fontsize', 14);
```

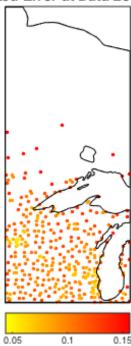
Expected Error at Gridpoint Locations



```
figure
colormap autumn;
colormap(flipud(colormap));
axesm('mapprojection', 'eqdcylin', 'origin', [0 mean(lonlim)], ...
    'maplatlimit', latlim, 'maplonlimit', lonlim);
hh = scatterm(yy, xx, 15, error0, 'filled');
caxis([min(error0) max(error0)]);
tightmap
colorbar('SouthOutside');
geoshow(land, 'FaceColor', 'none', 'EdgeColor', 'k');
title('Expected Error at Data Locations', 'fontsize', 14);
mean(error0)
mean(oierror)
```

```
ans = 0.1032
ans = 3.9733
```

Expected Error at Data Locations



Washington!

```
close all;
clear;
```

Load the data for Washington

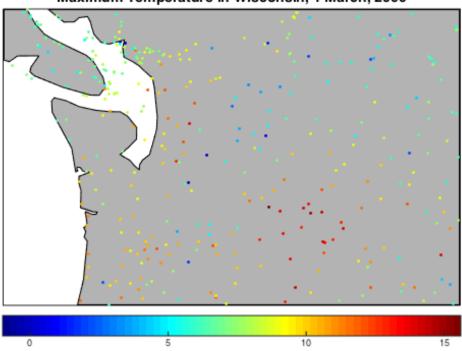
Plot the data using the station data points

```
latlim = [44.5 50.0];
lonlim = [-125.7 -115.9];
figure
colormap jet;
% colormap(flipud(colormap));
load '/Users/scottsfarley/downloads/tmax 1mar2000.mat'
ind = find( (lat >= latlim(1)) & (lat <= latlim(2)) & (lon >= lonlim(1)) & (lon <= lonlim(2)) );
lat = double(lat(ind));
lon = double(lon(ind)) ;
tmax = double(tmax(ind)) ;
npt = length(ind) ;
land = shaperead('landareas.shp', 'UseGeoCoords', true) ;
axesm('mapprojection', 'eqdcylin', 'origin', [0 mean(lonlim)], ...
    'maplatlimit', latlim, 'maplonlimit', lonlim);
geoshow(land, 'FaceColor', 0.7*[1 1 1], 'EdgeColor', 'k');
scatterm(lat, lon, 10, tmax, 'filled');
```

```
caxis([min(tmax) max(tmax)]);
tightmap
colorbar('SouthOutside');
title('Maximum Temperature in Wisconsin, 1 March, 2000', 'fontsize', 14);

%measurement error
tmax = tmax';
lat = lat';
lon = lon';
noiseamp = 0.4;
tmax = tmax + noiseamp*randn(npt, 1);
```

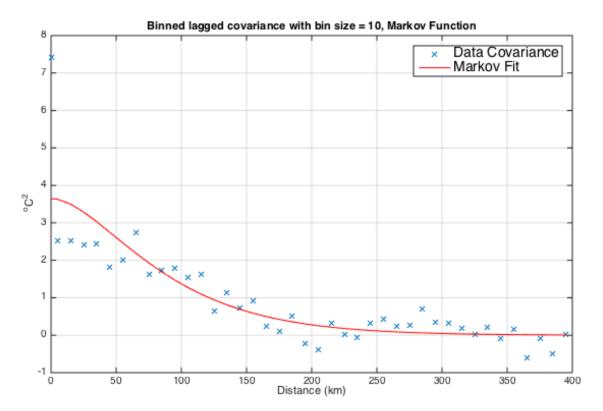
Maximum Temperature in Wisconsin, 1 March, 2000



Parameterize the spatial covariance in the data

```
for i = 2:length(bins);
    ind = find( (Rdd > bins(i)-dr/2) & (Rdd < bins(i)+dr/2) );
    cf(i) = mean(C(ind));
end
figure
pp = plot(bins, cf, 'x');
grid on ;
xlabel('Distance (km)');
ylabel('^oC^2');
title('Binned lagged covariance with bin size = 10, Markov Function');
ind = find(cf > 0);
% Gaussian function:
% myfun = @(a,x) a(1)^2 * exp(-x.^2/(a(2)^2));
% "Markov" function - red noise:
myfun = @(a,x) a(1)*(1+x/a(2)).*exp(-x/a(2));
% Exponential function
% myfun = @(a,x) a(1) * exp(-x / a(2));
myerr = @(a,x,y) sum( (myfun(a,x) - y).^2 );
options = optimset('MaxFunEvals', 100000000000);
b = fminsearch(@(a) myerr(a,bins(ind),cf(ind)), [1 500], options);
myerr = @(a,x,y) sum((myfun(a,x) - y).^2);
a = [1 600]
myerr(a,bins(ind),cf(ind)) / length(bins)
hold on ;
pp2 = plot(bins, myfun(b,bins), 'r');
hold off;
11 = legend([pp pp2], 'Data Covariance', 'Markov Fit');
set(ll, 'fontsize', 14);
```

```
a = 1 600 ans = 1.5826
```



```
b(1) % --> Variance at zero distance...intercept
```

```
ans = 3.6493
```

```
Rdd = sqrt( ( (xkm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(npt, 1) * xkm') ).^2 + ...
            ( (ykm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(npt, 1) * ykm') ).^2 );
Cdd0 = myfun(b,Rdd)/b(1);
dx = 0.1;
dy = 0.1;
[xgrd, ygrd] = meshgrid( ...
   [lonlim(1):dx:lonlim(2)]', [latlim(1):dy:latlim(2)]);
xgkm = (rearth * pi / 180) * (xgrd(:) - mean(lonlim)) .* cos(ygrd(:)*pi/180) / 1000 ;
ygkm = (rearth * pi / 180) * (ygrd(:) - mean(latlim)) / 1000 ;
nptg = length(xgkm) ;
Rgd = sqrt( (xgkm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(nptg, 1) * xkm')).^2 + ...
            ( (ygkm * ones(1, npt)) - (ones(nptg, 1) * ykm') ).^2 );
Cgd0 = myfun(b, Rgd)/b(1);
%%Do the optimal Interpolation
D = mean(tmax) + Cgd0*inv(Cdd0 + noiseamp^2/b(1)*eye(npt))*(tmax-mean(tmax));
toc
```

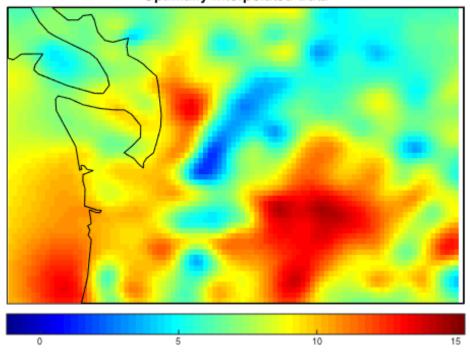
```
D = reshape(D, size(xgrd));
```

Elapsed time is 0.091748 seconds.

plot the optimal Interpolation

```
figure
colormap jet;
%colormap(flipud(colormap));
axesm('mapprojection', 'eqdcylin', 'origin', [0 mean(lonlim)], ...
    'maplatlimit', latlim, 'maplonlimit', lonlim);
surfacem(ygrd, xgrd, D);
hold on;
hold off;
caxis([min(tmax) max(tmax)]);
geoshow(land, 'FaceColor', 'none', 'EdgeColor', 'k');
colorbar('SouthOutside');
tightmap
title('Optimally Interpolated Data', 'fontsize', 14);
```

Optimally Interpolated Data



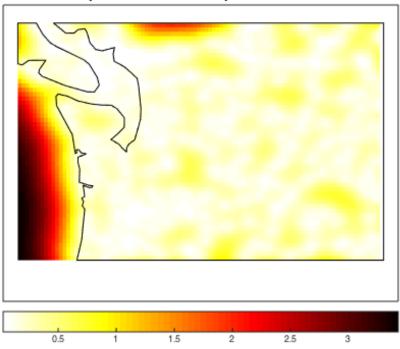
Plot expected errors

```
oierror = b(1)*diag(1-Cgd0*inv(Cdd0 + noiseamp^2/b(1)*eye(npt))*Cgd0');
error0 = b(1)*diag(1-Cdd0*inv(Cdd0 + noiseamp^2/b(1)*eye(npt))*Cdd0');
```

```
figure
colormap hot;
```

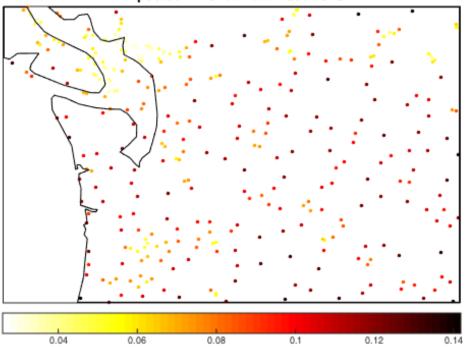
```
colormap(flipud(colormap));
axesm('mapprojection', 'eqdcylin', 'origin', [0 mean(lonlim)], ...
    'maplatlimit', latlim, 'maplonlimit', lonlim);
surfacem(ygrd, xgrd, reshape(oierror, size(xgrd)));
colorbar('SouthOutside');
geoshow(land, 'FaceColor', 'none', 'EdgeColor', 'k');
title('Expected Error at Gridpoint Locations', 'fontsize', 14);
```

Expected Error at Gridpoint Locations



```
figure
colormap hot;
colormap(flipud(colormap));
axesm('mapprojection', 'eqdcylin', 'origin', [0 mean(lonlim)], ...
    'maplatlimit', latlim, 'maplonlimit', lonlim);
hh = scatterm(yy, xx, 15, error0, 'filled');
caxis([min(error0) max(error0)]);
tightmap
colorbar('SouthOutside');
geoshow(land, 'FaceColor', 'none', 'EdgeColor', 'k');
title('Expected Error at Data Locations', 'fontsize', 14);
```

Expected Error at Data Locations



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