Scott Sievert

Carefully curated musings on math, python and skiing.



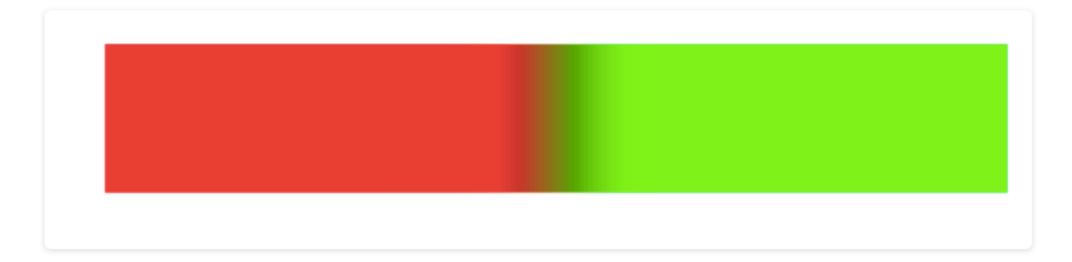
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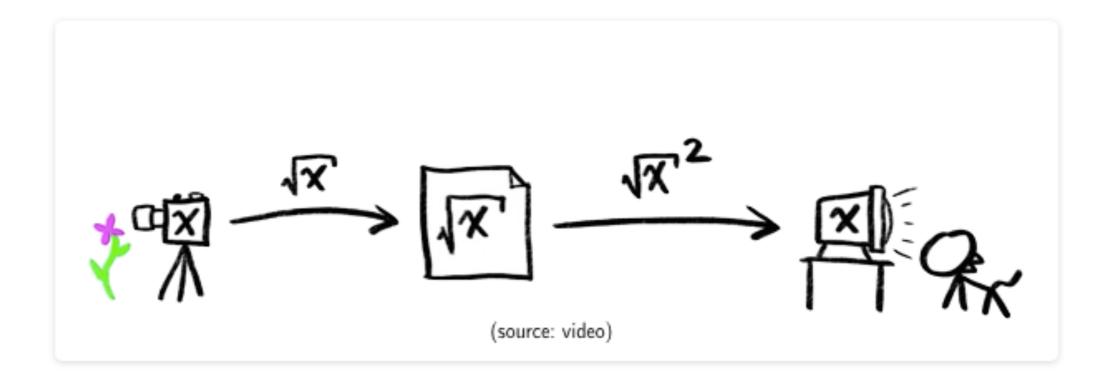
Computer color is only kinda broken

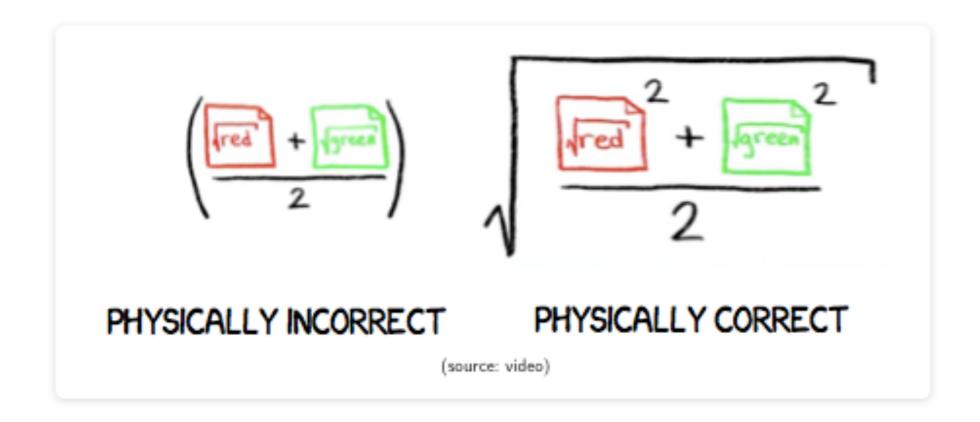
When we blur red and green, we get this:



Why? We would not expect this brownish color.

Read on →





```
from pylab import imread, hstack

x = imread('red.png')
y = imread('green.png')

middle = (x + y) / 2

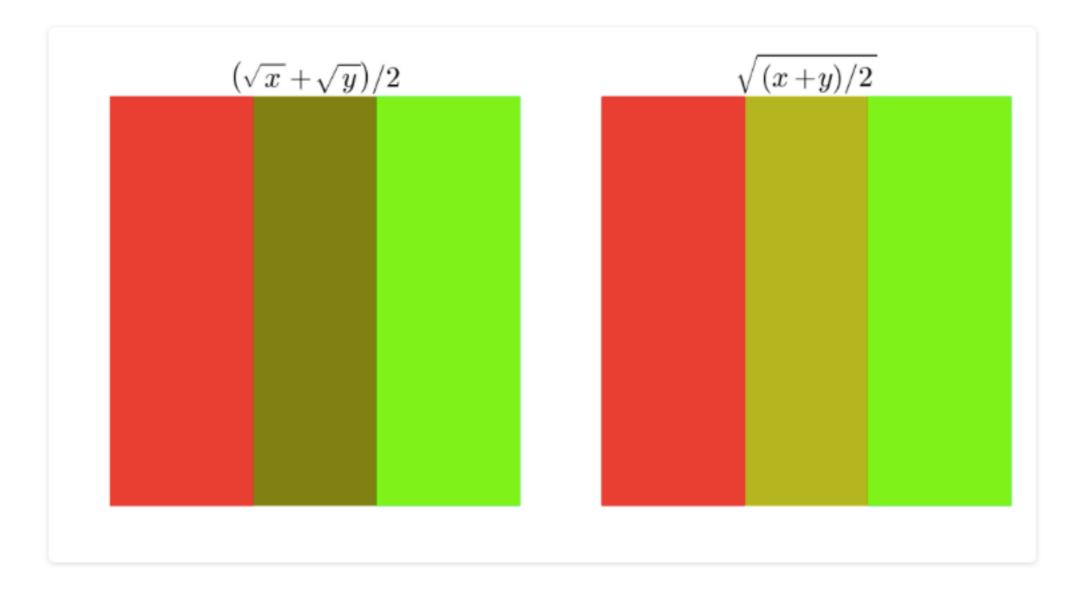
# corresponds to the image on the left
final_brown = hstack((x, middle, y))
```

```
from pylab import imread, hstack, sqrt

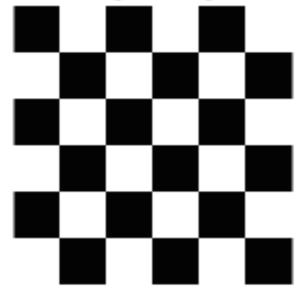
x = imread('red.png')
y = imread('green.png')

middle = (x**2 + y**2) / 2
middle = sqrt(middle)

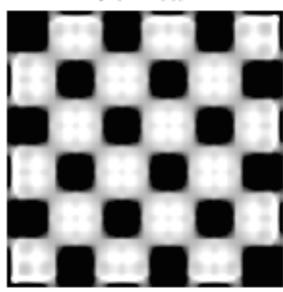
# corresponds to the image on the right
final_yellow = hstack((x, middle, y))
```



Original image

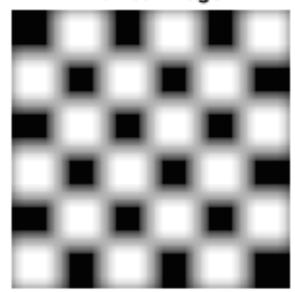


$$\sqrt{(x+y)/2}$$

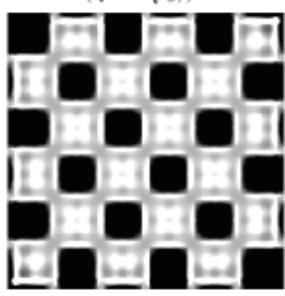


(use case: this post!)

Blurred image

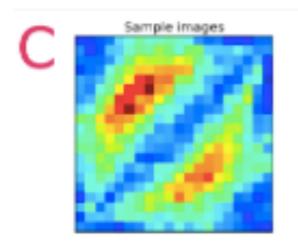


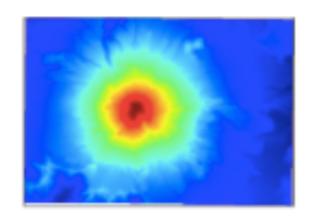
$$(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y})/2$$

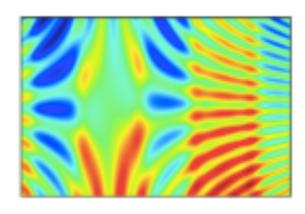


(use case: testing deblurring algorithms)

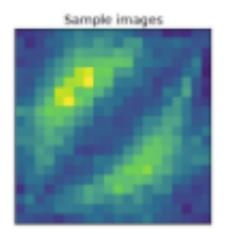
jet (old default)

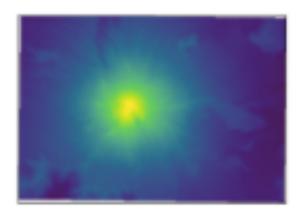


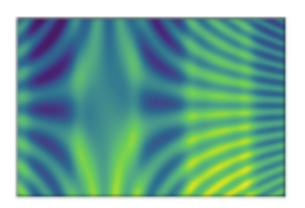




viridis (new default)

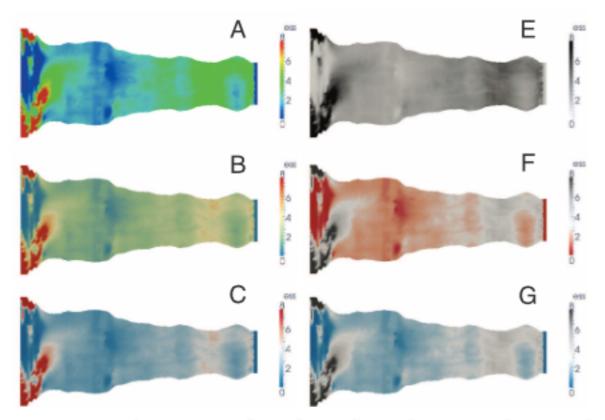






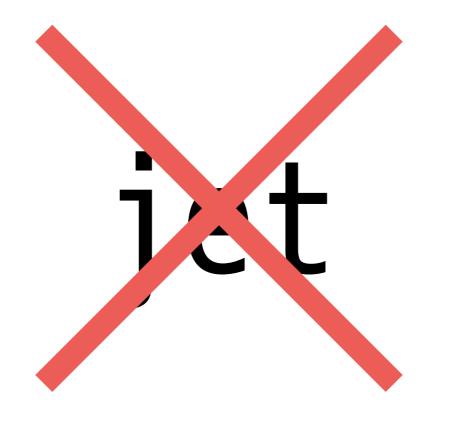
Evaluation of Artery Visualizations for Heart Disease Diagnosis

Michelle A. Borkin, Student Member, IEEE, Krzysztof Z. Gajos, Amanda Peters, Dimitrios Mitsouras, Simone Melchionna, Frank J. Rybicki, Charles L. Feldman, & Hanspeter Pfister, Senior Member, IEEE



is not sensitive to increased complexity in the task and users are more accurate and efficient at identifying regions of interest in a 2D representation than a 3D representation, and that the rainbow color map can significantly reduce a person's accuracy and efficiency.

We are continuing to develop HemoVis based on the principles and results of this study. Also, even though the 2D representation is more accurate and efficient for our tasks, having a 3D representation is still



Warning: the use of jet may endanger your heath