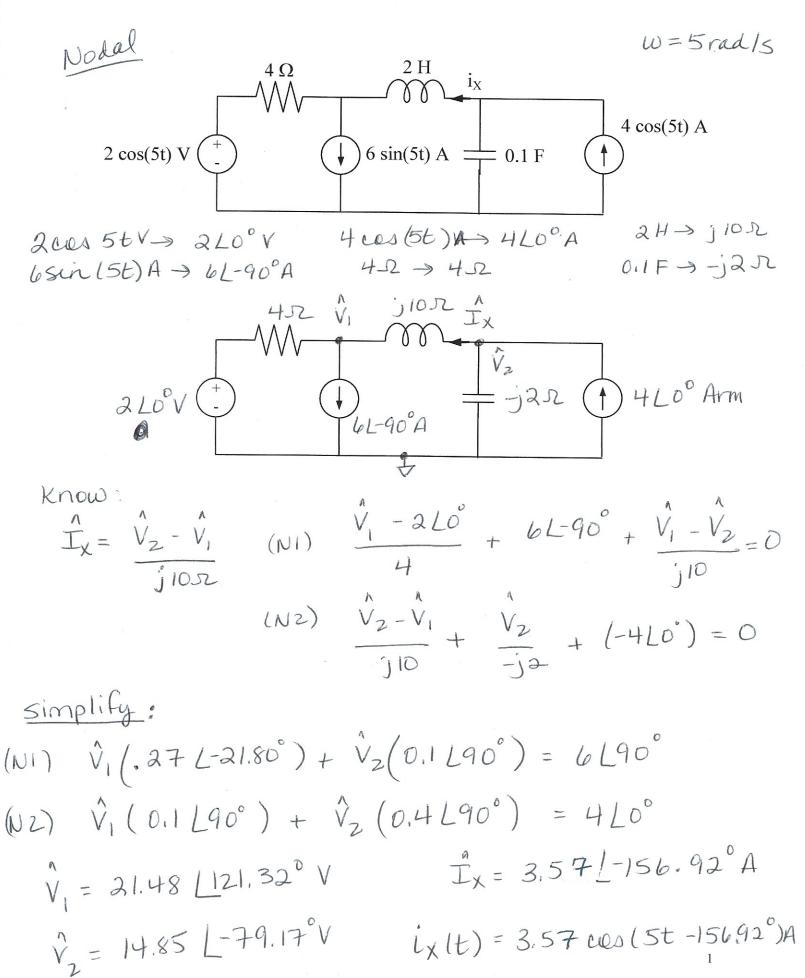
Solutions



Mesh

Know:
$$\hat{T}_{x} = -\hat{T}_{z}$$

 $\hat{T}_{3} = -HLo^{\circ}A$
 $\hat{T}_{1} - \hat{T}_{2} = 6L-90^{\circ}A$

$$ma: -\hat{V}_{S} - jlD \vec{I}_{2} - (-j2)(\hat{I}_{2} - \hat{I}_{3}) = 0$$

add MI + MZ:
$$2L^{\circ}-H\hat{I}_{1}-j10\hat{I}_{2}-l-j2)(\hat{I}_{2}-\hat{I}_{3})=0$$

 $simplify: \hat{I}_{1}(-H) + \hat{I}_{2}(-j8) = \hat{I}_{3}(j2)-2L0$
 $\hat{I}_{1}(-H) + \hat{I}_{2}(-j8) = 8.25L-10H.04^{\circ}$
 $known \longrightarrow \hat{I}_{1}(1) + \hat{I}_{2}(-1) = 6L-90^{\circ}$
 $solve: \hat{I}_{1} = 5.66L-5H.3H^{\circ}$

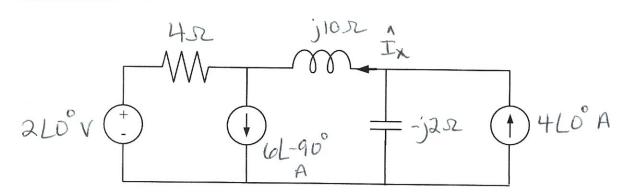
Solve:
$$I_1 = 5.66 L - 54.34^\circ A$$

 $I_2 = 3.59 L 22.99^\circ A$

$$\vec{I}_{X} = -\vec{I}_{3} = 3.59L - 157.01^{\circ} A$$

$$i_{X}(t) = 3.59 \cos(5t - 157.01^{\circ}) A$$

Superposition



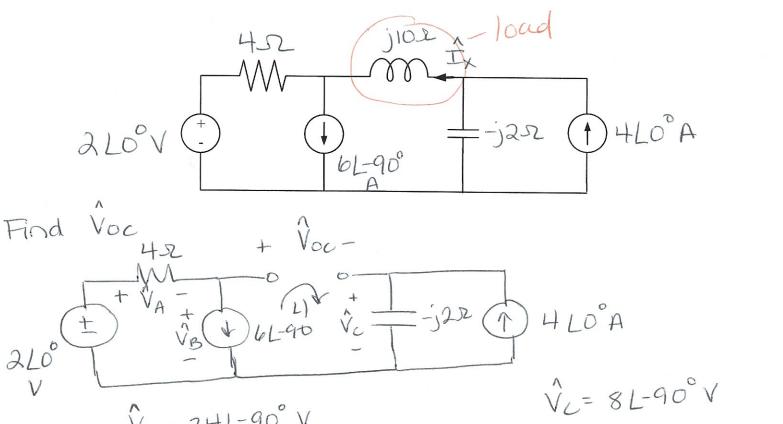
$$I_{X1} = \frac{-(2L0)}{4+j10-j2}$$

$$= 0.224 \left[116.56 \right]$$

$$T_{x} = T_{x_1} + T_{x_2} + T_{x_3} = 3.58 L - 157.01° A$$

$$i_{x}(t) = 3.58 cos(st - 157.01°) A$$

Solutions: Thevenin



$$\hat{V}_{A} = 24L^{-90} \text{ V}$$
 $\hat{V}_{B} = 2L0^{\circ} - \hat{V}_{A} = 24.08 L 85.24^{\circ} \text{ V}$

by KVL@LI: $\hat{V}_B - \hat{V}_{OC} - \hat{V}_C = 0$ $\hat{V}_{OC} = 32.06 L86.43 V$

Find ZTH

$$T_{X} = -\frac{(32.06 L 86.43^{\circ})}{4 - j2 + j 10}$$

$$T_{X} = 3.58 L - 157.01^{\circ} A$$

AC power nodal

$$(N1)$$
 $\frac{\hat{V}_1 - 6L0^{\circ}}{4} + \frac{\hat{V}_1}{j2} + 5L0^{\circ} = 0$ $\frac{\hat{V}_1 = 6.26L + 116.57^{\circ}}{Vrms}$

$$(N2)$$
 $\frac{\hat{V}_2 + 2L0^{\circ}}{3-j1} + \frac{\hat{V}_2}{-j5} + (-5L0^{\circ}) = 0$
 $\frac{\hat{S}=\hat{V}_0\hat{I}\times}{1}$ $\frac{\hat{V}_2}{2} = 10.38 L-47.60^{\circ} \text{ Vrms}$

6L0° Vrms:
$$\hat{S} = (6L0^{\circ})(\hat{V_1} - 6L0^{\circ})^* = 15.65 L147.53^{\circ} VA$$
Abs

 $\frac{1}{2}$ = 15.65 L-32.46° VA

Del

$$3L0^{\circ} \text{ Vrms}$$
 $\hat{S} = (3L0^{\circ})(\frac{\sqrt{2} + 2L0^{\circ}}{3-j!})^{*}$

AC power nodal continued.

im pedances

HSZ: Voltage across 42 is
$$\sqrt{1-6L0} = 10.43L-147.53^{\circ}$$

 V_{rms}
 $P = \frac{(10.43)^{2}}{4} = 27.20 \text{ W} = 7 \frac{1}{5} = 27.20 L0^{\circ} \text{ VA}$
 $Q = 0$

352: current through 352 is
$$\frac{\hat{V}_2 + 2L0^{\circ}}{(3-j1)} = 3.74 L-21.99^{\circ}$$

 $P = (3.74)^2(3) = 41.92 W,$ $\hat{S} = 41.92 L0^{\circ} VA, Abs$

$$Q = \frac{|\vec{V}_1|^2}{2} = 19.59 \text{ VAR}$$
 $\frac{|\vec{S}|^2}{3} = 19.59 \frac{190^{\circ} \text{ VA}}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = 19.59 \text{ VAR}$

-j5
$$\Omega$$
: P=0
 $Q = \frac{|\hat{V}_2|^2}{-5} = -21.55$
 $\int_{-5}^{3} = 21.55 L-90^{\circ} VA, Abs$

-j1
$$\Omega$$
: current is $3.74L-21.99^{\circ}$ Arms

 $P=0$ $Q=(3.74)^{2}(-1)=^{-1}3.97$ VAR

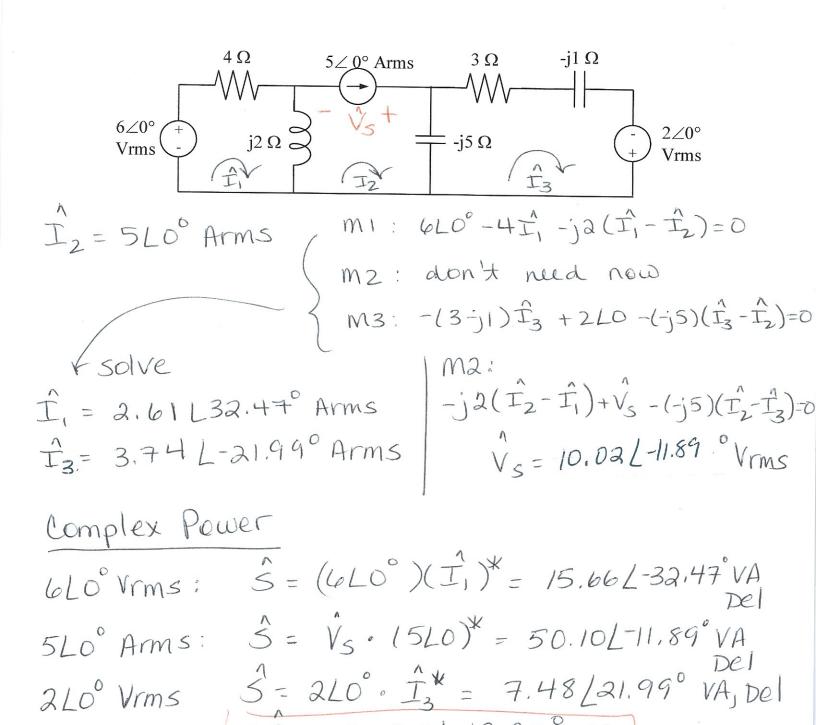
 $S=13.97L-90^{\circ}$ VA, Abs

 $S=13.97L-90^{\circ}$ VA, Abs

 $S=13.97L-90^{\circ}$ VA Checks WI

 $S=13.97L-12.98^{\circ}$ VA (Sall)

AC power mesh



$$452: P = I_1^2.4 = 27.25 \text{ W}; Q = 0 \quad \hat{S} = 27.25 \text{Lo}^{\circ} VA, Abs$$

 $352: P = I_3^2.3 = 41.96 \text{ W}; Q = 0 \quad \hat{S} = 41.96 \text{Lo}^{\circ} VA, Abs$
 $352: P = 0; Q = 1\hat{T}_1 - \hat{T}_2 1^2 (2) = (3.13)^2 (2) = 19.58 \text{ VAR}$
 $\hat{S} = 19.58 \text{L} 90^{\circ} VA, Abs$

5.5 = 70.98 L-12.97° VA

$$-j5\pi : P=0$$

$$Q = |\hat{T}_2 - \hat{T}_3|^2 (-5)$$

$$= (2.08)^2 (-5)$$

$$= -21.54 \text{ VAR}$$

$$\hat{S} = 21.54 \text{ L-90}^{\circ} \text{ VA, Abs}$$

$$-jID$$
: $P=0$

$$Q = I_3^2(-1) = -13.99 \text{ VAR}$$

$$S = 13.99 L - 90^{\circ} \text{ VA Abs}$$

Find
$$\hat{V}_{OC}$$
 $\frac{4\Omega}{V_{rms}}$
 $\frac{1020^{\circ}}{V_{rms}}$

Find \hat{V}_{OC}
 $\frac{4\Omega}{V_{rms}}$
 $\frac{1}{V_{x}}$
 $\frac{1}{V_{x}}$

max power cont

$$\overline{Z}_{TH} = 4 + (j8||-j4)$$

$$= 8.94 L - 63.43^{\circ} \mathcal{R}$$

$$= 4 - j8 \mathcal{R}$$

$$Z_{L} = Z_{TH}^{X} = 4 + j 8 J Z$$

= 8,94 L 63, 43° J Z

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

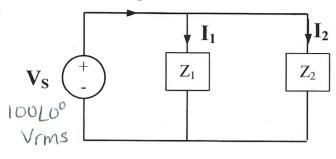
$$P_{L} = (I_{L})^{2} \cdot Re [Z_{L}]$$

$$P_{L} = (1.86)^{2} (4) = 13.82 W Abs$$

A voltage source provides 100 Vrms to 2 loads. The source operates at a frequency of 60 Hz. The details of the loads are given below. I_S

 Z_1 : $P_1 = 20 \text{ kW}$ with $pf_1=0.5$ lagging

 Z_2 : $S_2=10\angle 63^{\circ} \text{ kVA}$



Load 1:
$$P_1 = V_S I_1 p f_1$$

 $20 \times 10^3 = 100(I_1)(0.5)$

$$\vec{\Sigma}_1 = 400L-60^{\circ} \text{ Arms}$$

$$\vec{\Xi}_1 = \frac{\vec{V}s}{T_1} = 0.25L60^{\circ} JZ$$

Load 2:
$$\hat{S}_2 = \hat{V}_s \cdot \hat{I}_2^*$$

$$\vec{L}_{2} = \left(\frac{\hat{S}_{2}}{\hat{V}_{S}}\right)^{*}$$

$$\vec{L}_{2} = \left(\frac{(10 \times 10^{3}) L 63^{\circ}}{100 / 0^{\circ}}\right)$$

$$\hat{T}_{S} = \hat{T}_{1} + \hat{T}_{2}$$

$$\hat{T}_{S} = 499.89 L-60.6^{\circ} Arms$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{\hat{V}_S}{\hat{I}_2} = 1263^{\circ} \Omega$$

$$P_S = V_S I_S \cos(\Theta - \Phi)$$

= (100)(499.89) cos(0 - (-60.6))

Compensating Load cont d) PfcL = 0.95 lag Vs (+) ZillZz Zc Ps = 24.54-km Isold = 499,89 L-60.6° Arms L ZCL = COS (.95) Vs = 100L0° Vrms - 18.190 Ps = Vs (Isnew) pfcL f-60HZ 24.54 × 103 = 100 (Isnew) (0,95) Isnew = 258,31 Arms W= 377rad Isnew = 258.31 L-18.19° Arms $Z_{C} = \frac{V_{S}}{A} = 0.282 L - 90 x$ XCL IC = Isnew - Isold Ic = 354,87 L90° Arms C = 9.41mF e) Design #2 Isnew = 0.15 Isold = 0.15 (499.89) = 74.98 Arms Ps= Vs Isnew pfcL Not possible 24.54 X103 = (100)(74.98) PFCL because maximum pfis 1. PfcL= 3,273