

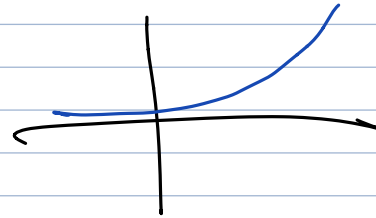
$$1. H(s) = \frac{1}{s - x}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[u(s)] = e^{xt}$$

positive = stable

$$x = -3 \Rightarrow e^{-3t}$$

$$x = 3 \Rightarrow e^{3t}$$



$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s + \#}$$

Stable

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s - \#}$$

Unstable

$$2. x(t) = 4 + 8 \sin(20t) + 2 \cos(40t)$$

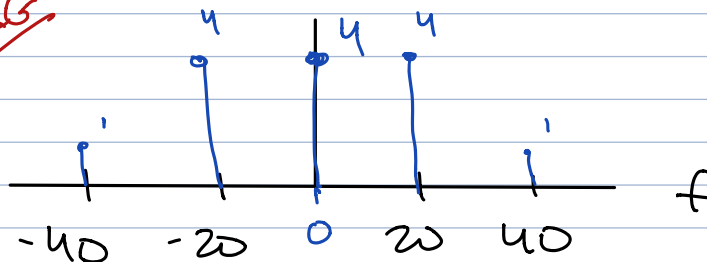
How many freq. components?

$$x(t) = X + A \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi)$$

baseline

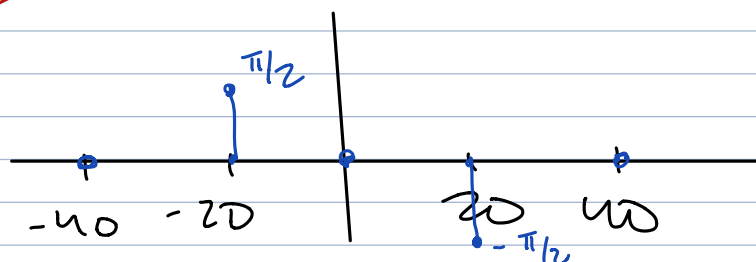
* graph $A/2$

MPs



(5)

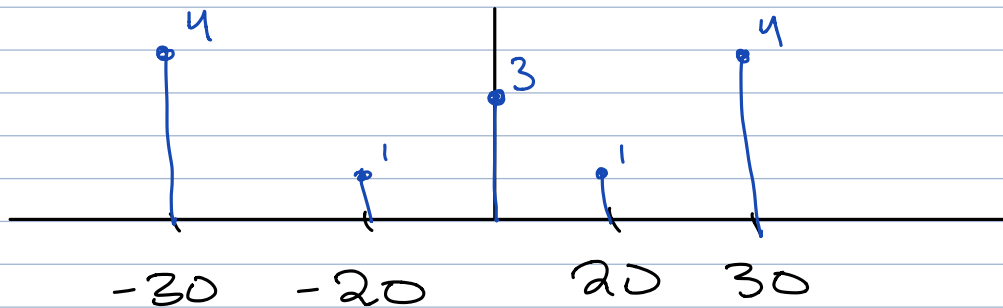
Phase



3. Mag at 30 Hz?

$$y(t) = 3 + 2\sin(20t) + 8\cos(30t)$$

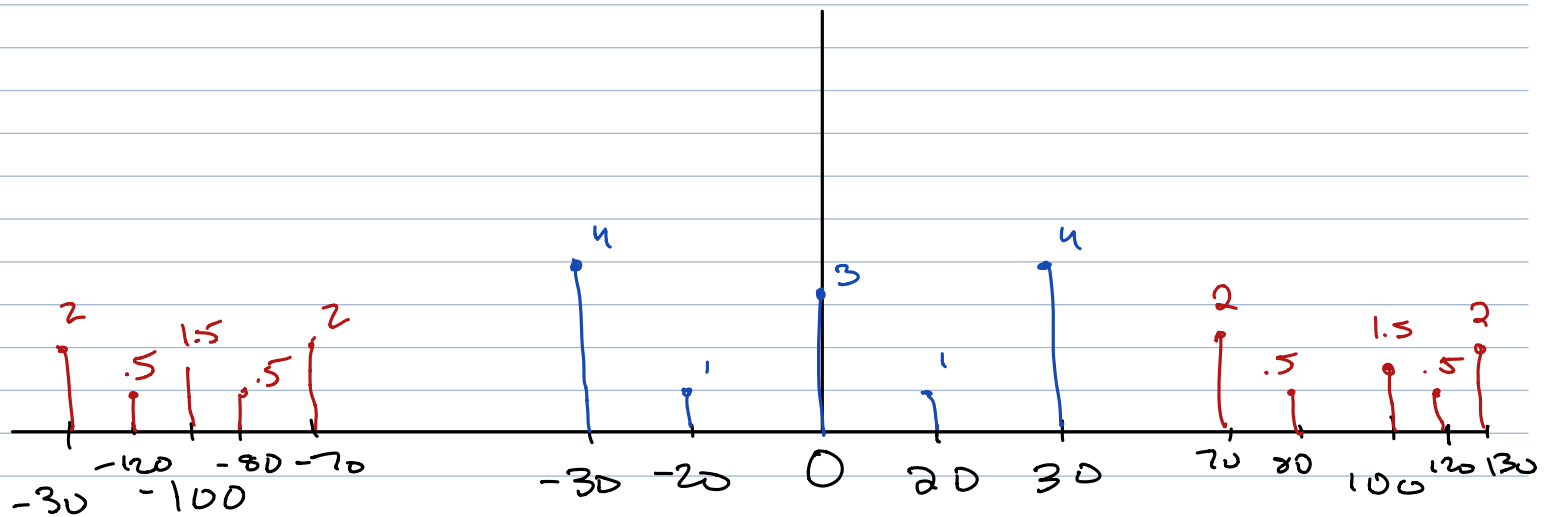
$$\frac{8}{2} = 4$$



4. Modulation Ex.

$$y(t) = (3 + 2\sin(20t) + 8\cos(30t)) \cdot \cos(100t)$$

modulated



* 1/2 * 1/2

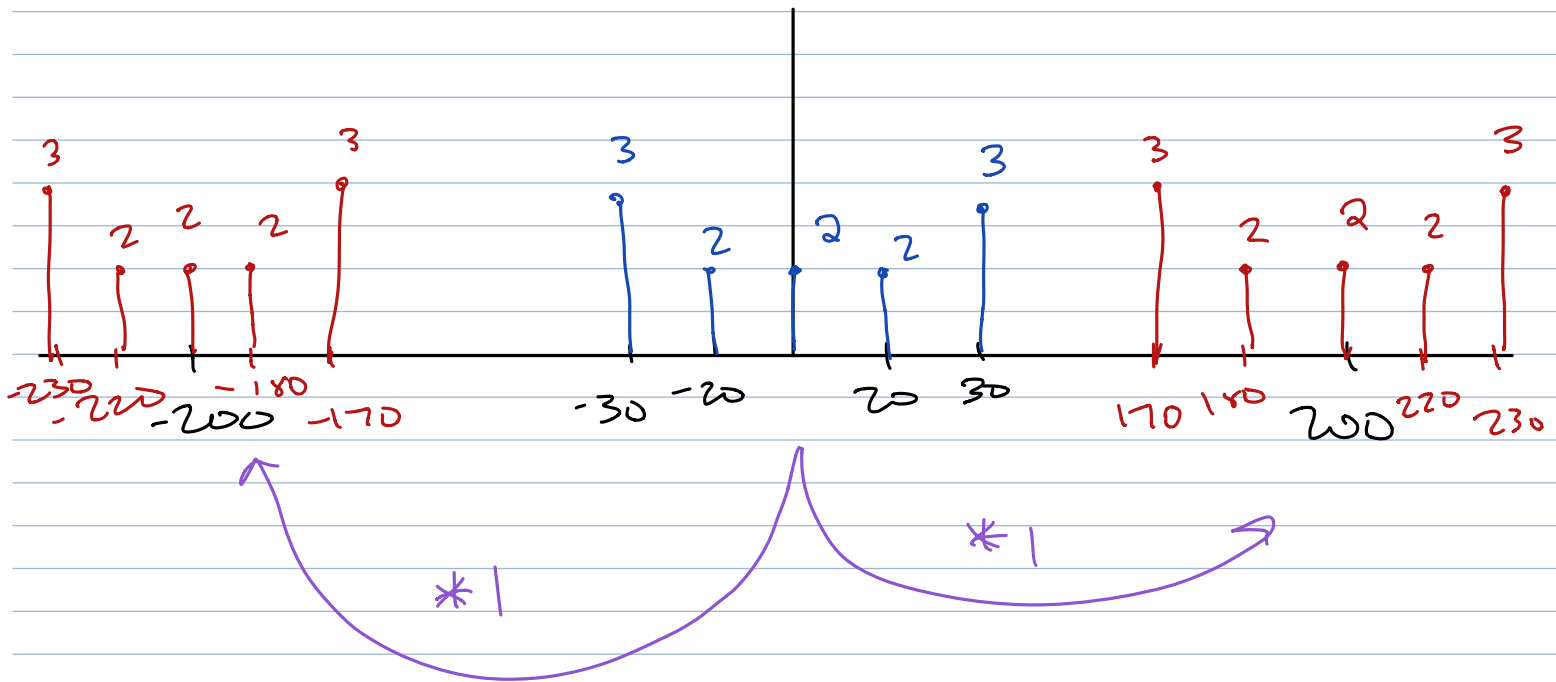
1.5

Sampling Ex

$$y(t) = 2 + 4\sin(20t) + 6\cos(30t)$$

$$f_s = 200$$

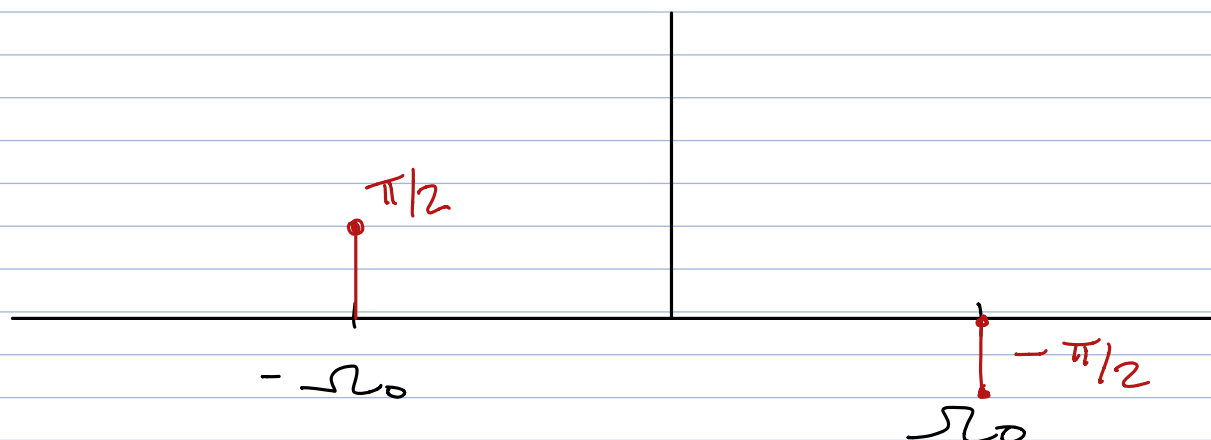
What is mag. at 220? 2



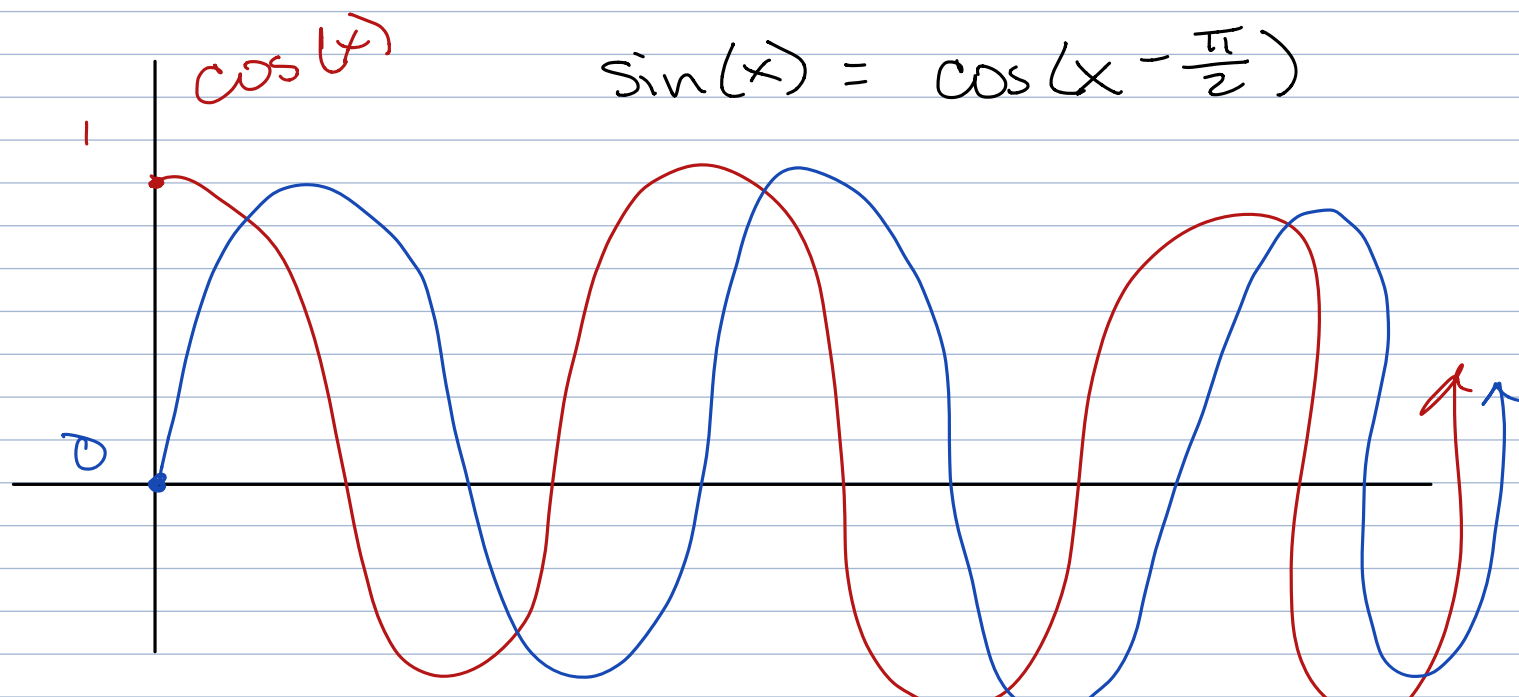
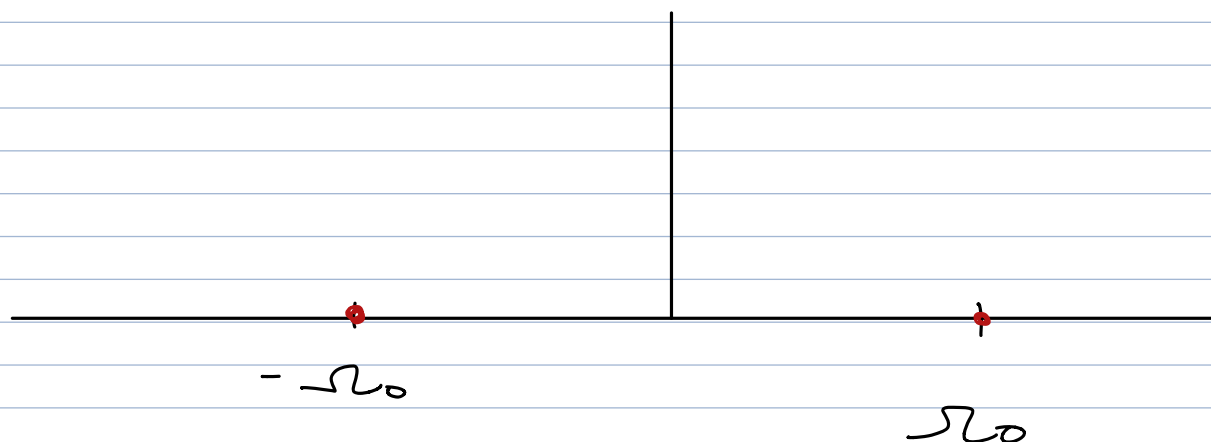
Nyquist: $\omega_s \geq 2 \cdot 30$

$$200 \geq 60$$

Phase for $\sin(\omega_0 t)$



Phase for $\cos(\omega_0 t)$

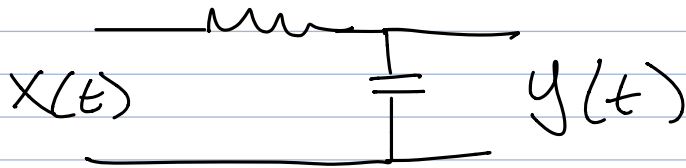


$$\sin(x) = \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$5. \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\omega RC)^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (1000 \cdot 1k\Omega \cdot 1\mu F)^2}}$$

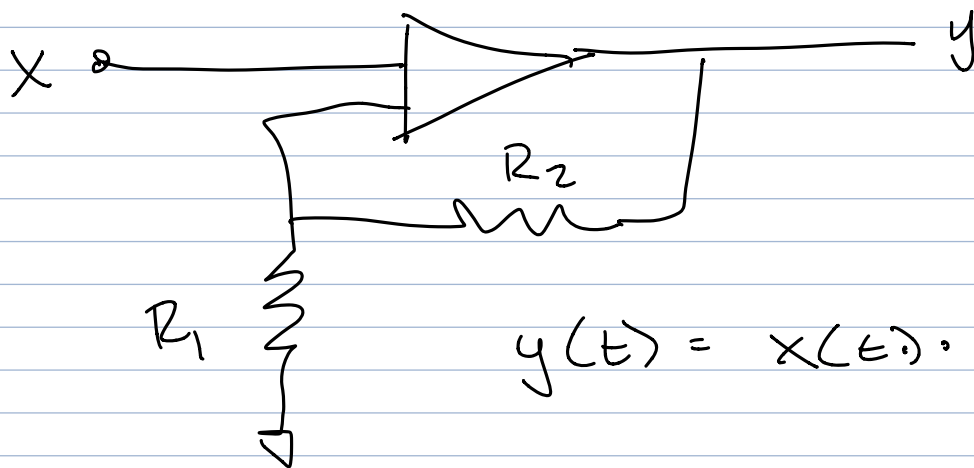
* see pin in 381

$$= 0.707$$



→ Low Pass: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\omega RC)^2}}$

→ High Pass: $\frac{\omega RC}{\sqrt{1 + (\omega RC)^2}}$



$$y(t) = x(t) \cdot \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1}$$

just another
circuit / v. divider ex.

for $H(s)$

$$R \rightarrow R$$

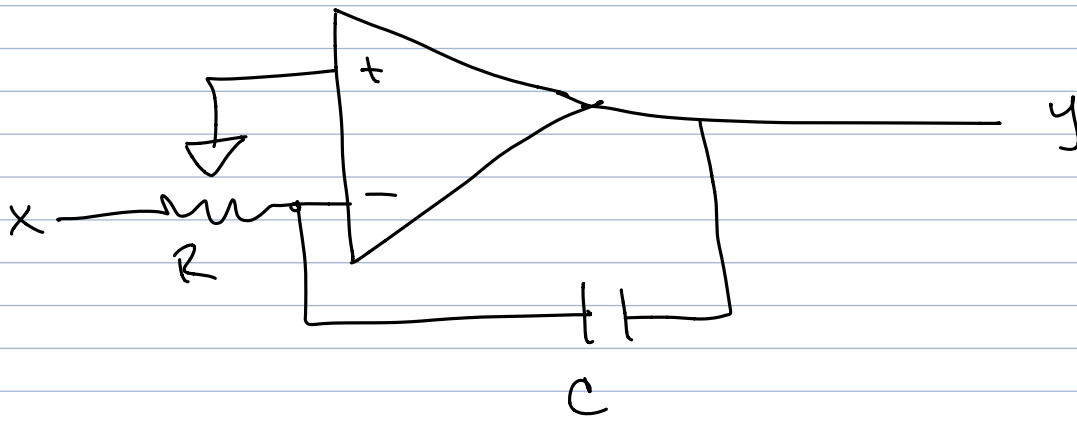
$$C \rightarrow \frac{1}{Cs}$$

$$L \rightarrow Ls$$

Eq. for Band Pass + Band Stop

to get

these



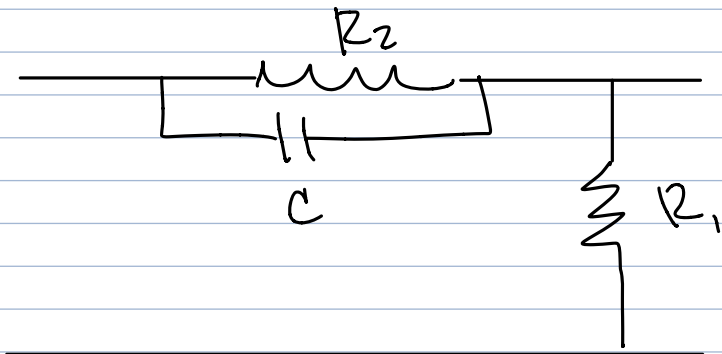
$$H(s) = \frac{-1}{RCs} \quad h(t) = \frac{-t}{RC}$$

$$u(t) - u(t-2)$$

property is $\mathcal{L}[u(t)] = \frac{1}{s}$

$$\mathcal{L}[u(t-c)] = \frac{e^{-cs}}{s}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s} - \frac{e^{-2s}}{s} = \frac{1 - e^{-2s}}{s}$$

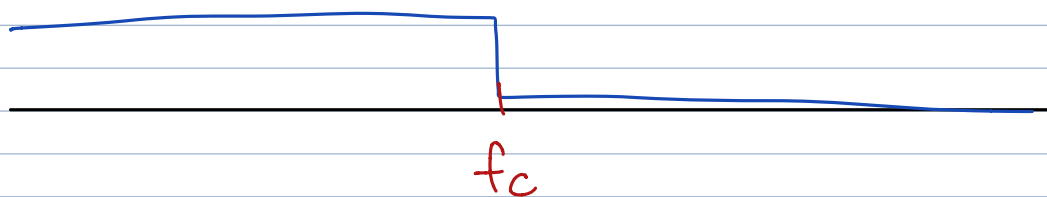


$$Y(s) = \frac{Z_{R_1}}{Z_{R_1} + Z_{R_2 C}}$$

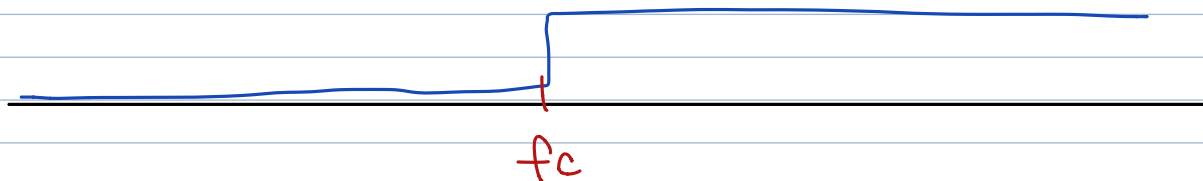
$$= \frac{R_1 C s R_2 + R_1}{R_1 C s R_2 + R_1 + R_2}$$

Filter Res

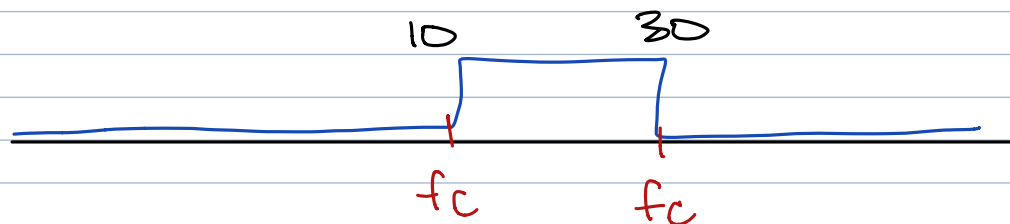
LPF



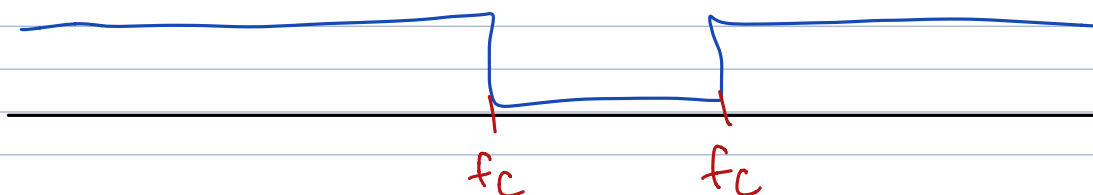
HPPF



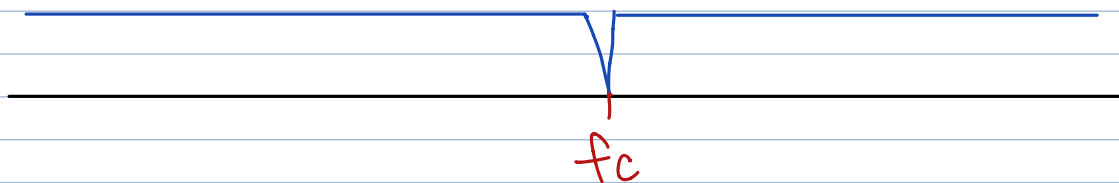
Band Pass



Band Stop



Notch



7. If you have a pulse in the frequency domain, you have some form of sinc function in time domain.
- (tlw 4)



8. Nyquist Thm.

$$\Omega_s \geq 2\Omega_{\max}$$

$$2 \cdot \max = 2 \cdot 60 = 120$$

Alt. You have F_s of 180 Hz,
what is the max Ω w/o
aliasing?

90 Hz

$$9. \Delta f = \frac{F_s}{N_{FFT}} = \frac{200}{256} = \boxed{0.781}$$

10. Filter Circuits

- through inductor → HPF
- through capacitor → LPF
- Resistor → Band pass
- Inductor + Capacitor → Band stop

Moving average questions

$$\text{coefficients} = \frac{1}{\# \text{ of terms}}$$

Quiz 6 #2

$$BW = F_s \cdot 2(\text{Samp size}) = 352,800 \text{ bps}$$

$$MEM = BW \cdot T_0$$

$$MEM = 44100 \cdot 3600$$

$$= \underline{158,760,000 \text{ B}}$$

1024

$$= \underline{155039.06 \text{ KB}}$$

1024

$$= \boxed{151.41 \text{ MB}}$$

↓
44100 Bps

$$\left[\frac{\text{B}}{\text{s}} \cdot \text{s} = \text{B} \right]$$

$$1 \text{ hr} = 3600 \text{ s}$$