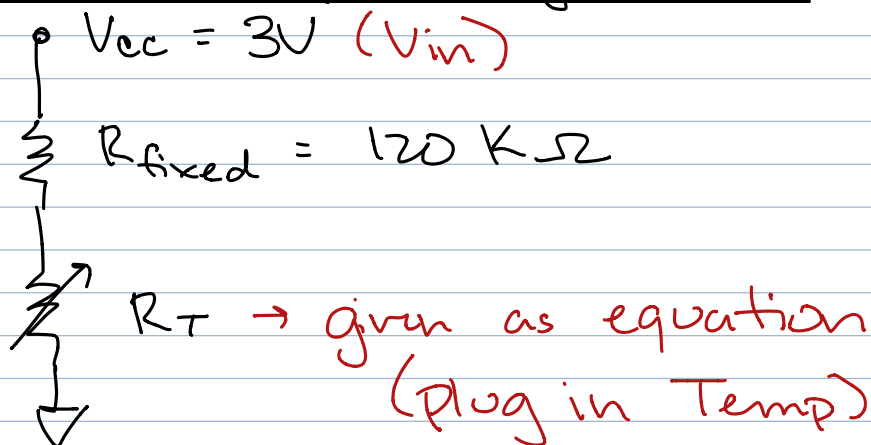


## ★ Nyquist thm.

Sampling freq.  $\geq 2 \cdot$  max signal freq.

$$\Omega_s \geq 2 \Omega_{\max}$$

## ★ Thermistor (Voltage Div.)



$$V_{out} = \frac{R_T}{R_T + R_f} \cdot V_{in}$$

★ Max/Min will be determined by the equation, so always solve for both bounds to be sure.

## ★ Buffer: Optimized or Not?

Sample Size = 12 bits  $\rightarrow$  1.5 B

Not optimized

Assign 2B of  
memory per sample

Optimized.

keep exact  
1.5 B per  
sample.

## ★ ADC Converter:

→ watch units

→ quantization = error = resolution

↳ Can use in something other than Volts (see quiz)

## ★ Review DAC

★ check eq. 20

The embedded microcontroller runs at clock speed of 10MHz and spends 240 cycles to process each sample. Total data acquisition time is 0.2 ms and sampling frequency is 40 Hz. In addition, every 1,024 samples the controller is running the FFT analysis which takes 15,000 instructions. What is the ratio of average processing time (including data acquisition time) and sampling interval  $T_s$ ?  $T_s = \frac{1}{40} = 0.025$

$$\left[ \left( \frac{240 \text{ cycles}}{10 \text{ MHz}} \right) \cdot 40 \right] + 0.2 \text{ ms} + \left[ \left( \frac{15000}{1024} \right) \cdot 40 \right]$$

$$= 0.96 \text{ ms} + 0.2 \text{ ms} + 0.059 \text{ ms} = 1.219 \text{ ms}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1.219 \text{ ms}}{40} = 0.030475 \text{ ms}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{0.030475 \text{ ms}}{25 \text{ ms}} = 0.001219$$

★ maybe wrong?  
dunno.

★ answer → shouldn't run in real time