1996: The Seventh National Parliamentary Elections 1996 (Bengali: সপ্তম জাতীয় সংসদ নির্বাচন ১৯৯৬) were held in Bangladesh on 12 June 1996. The result was a victory for the Bangladesh Awami League, which won 146 of the 300 seats. Voter turnout was 75.6%, the highest to date.[1]

1990 : 1990 The Movement for The Restoration of Democracy in Bangladesh.

At the ruling period (1982-1990) of the government of General Hussain Muahammed Ershad the prospect of democratic rule and the fate of the people of Bangladesh were turned back for a second time at the foot of `military gangsters’. The state structure and the will of the civilian administration became shattered under the military orders following the frequent forceful repressive activities. Realizing the situation the main two oppositions BNP & Awami League along with huge leftist militant components, other interest and pressure groups including students, intellectuals, professionals, trade unions workers and laborers turning on the street agitations were fighting for the return of the democratic rule in the country. This historic uneven political victory that was come to the fact through the collapse of the military dictatorship of General Ershad.