

Penetration Testing Report

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Lab Name

Username Enumeration via Different Responses

Objective

The objective of this assessment was to identify valid usernames by analyzing authentication response discrepancies and leverage the findings to gain unauthorized access.

Vulnerability Description

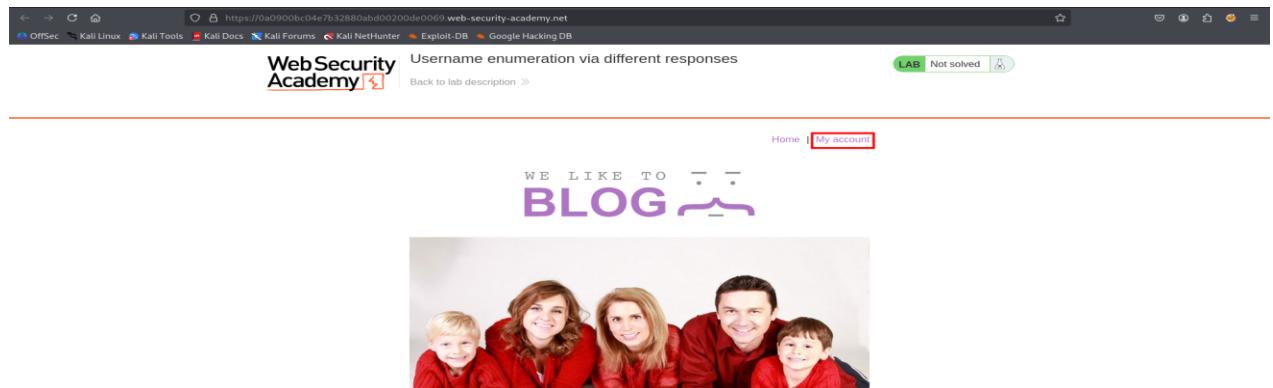
Authentication weakness

Tools Used

Burp Suite, Firefox Browser

Approach

- Opened the Website and found “ My account ” section.



img: SS 1.0

- Intercepted authentication requests using Burp Suite.

The screenshot shows the Burp Suite interface with the 'Proxy' tab selected. A POST request is captured for the URL <https://0a0900bc04e7b32880abd00200de0069.web-security-academy.net/login>. The request body contains the payload: `username=kiddie&password=kiddie`. The 'Inspector' tab displays the request attributes, query parameters, body parameters, cookies, and headers.

Img: SS 1.1

- Conducted username enumeration using Burp Intruder (Sniper).

The screenshot shows the Burp Suite interface with the 'Intruder' tab selected. A payload list named 'Pitchforkattack' is displayed, containing the following payloads: 'kiddie', 'root', 'admin', 'test', 'guest', 'info', 'adm', 'mysql', 'user', and 'administrator'. The 'Payloads' tab shows the configuration for the payload list, including payload position, type, count, and configuration.

Img: SS 1.2

- Identified valid usernames through response length and behavior analysis.

The screenshot shows the Burp Suite interface during an intruder attack. The 'Results' tab is selected, displaying a list of requests. Request number 182, which corresponds to the successful login attempt, is highlighted with a red box. The payload for this request is shown in the 'Payload' section below, containing the values 'username=arcwright' and 'password=kiddiel'. The 'Start attack' button at the top right of the results panel is also highlighted with a red box.

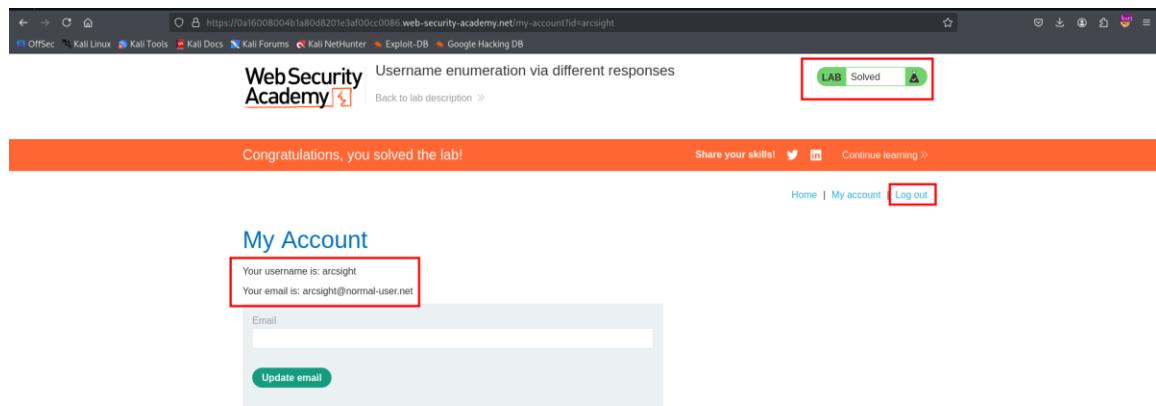
Img: SS 1.3

- Performed password brute-force attack using Burp Intruder (Sniper).

The screenshot shows the Burp Suite interface with the 'Intruder' tab selected. A red box highlights the 'Sniper attack' configuration. In the payload configuration window, a list of password candidates is shown, including '123456', 'password', '654321', '123456789', '12345', '111111', '1234567', and 'dragon'. The 'Payloads' panel on the right shows settings for 'All payload positions' and 'Simple list'.

Img: SS 1.4

- Monitored HTTP status codes and redirects to confirm successful login.



Img: SS 1.5

CVSS Vector

CVSS: AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N

Severity

Medium

Impact

User enumeration enables attackers to identify valid user accounts, significantly increasing the effectiveness of brute-force, credential stuffing, and phishing attacks, and raising the overall risk of account compromise.

Key Findings

- Application exposed different error messages for invalid usernames and passwords.
- Lack of brute-force protection enabled credential attacks.
- Valid username "arcsight" was identified.
- Successful authentication triggered a 302 redirect.

Outcome

Successfully authenticated as a valid user and accessed the My Account page, demonstrating a complete account takeover scenario.

Remediation

- Standardize Authentication Error Messages (Generic Error Messages)
- Implement Rate Limiting on Login Endpoints (Unlimited attempts should not be there)
- Account Lockout (a limit should be set after which account gets locked out)
- MFA (Biometric)