

# HTML 5

## Local Storage

# History

First, no client side storage

Next came cookies

varying cookie limits, but generally:

- < 50 cookies per domain

- < 4,093 bytes per domain

Weird Java and Flash options

# 3 Storage Proposals

Web Storage (aka localStorage)

key / value pairs

Web SQL










SQL / relational storage

Indexed DB

key / value pairs + indexes

# Storage Support

## Browser Support

									
<i>Web Storage - name/value pairs</i> <a href="#">↗</a>	4+	3.5+	4+	10.5+	8+	3.2+	2.1+	—	11.5+
<i>IndexedDB</i> <a href="#">↗</a>	23+	10+	—	15+	10+	—	4.4	—	0
<i>Web SQL Database</i> <a href="#">↗</a>	4+	—	3.1+	10.5+	—	3.2+	2.1+	—	11.5+

Data courtesy of [caniuse.com](#) [↗](#) and [Chrome Platform Status](#) [↗](#).

# Local Storage Limits

usually ~5MB per “origin”

some browsers allow up to 10MB

no standard mechanism to request  
more space

keys must be strings

values must be strings

# What's an "Origin"

Origin = protocol + host + port

`https://example.com/`

`http://example.com:8080/`

Also used in "Same Origin Policy"

JavaScript can only connect to the origin that delivered it

unless CORS is used (later in course)

# Origin Quiz #1

Are these the same origin?

<https://example.com/>

<http://example.com/>

# Origin Answer #1

Are these the same origin?

`https://example.com/`

`http://example.com/`

No - the protocol (and port) are different



# Origin Quiz #2

Are these the same origin?

<http://example.com/>

<http://www.example.com/>

# Origin Answer #2

Are these the same origin?

`http://example.com/`

`http://www.example.com/`

No, the hostnames are different

(even if `www.example.com` is a CNAME for `example.com`)

# Origin Quiz #3

Are these the same origin?

<https://example.com/>

<https://example.com:443/>

# Origin Answer #3

Are these the same origin?

`https://example.com/`

`https://example.com:443/`

Yes (https defaults to port 443)

# Origin Quiz #4

Are these the same origin?

`http://example.com/`

`http://example.com:80/`

# Origin Answer #4

Are these the same origin?

`http://example.com/`

`http://example.com:80/`

Yes (http defaults to port 80)

# Origin Quiz #5

Are these the same origin?

<http://example.com/a/>

<http://example.com/b/>

# Origin Answer #5

Are these the same origin?

`http://example.com/a/`

`http://example.com/b/`

Yes, the path is not part of the origin



# Key / Value Stores

Popularized by “NoSQL” databases

MongoDB, REDIS, Memcache, etc.

Keys must be unique

Similar to

- a 2 column database table

- a 2 column spreadsheet

# Example

Key	Value
uid	swl
displayName	Scotty Logan
mail	swl@stanford.edu
groups	staff,devs,sysadmins

# localStorage API

`localStorage.length`

`localStorage.key(n)`

`localStorage.getItem(key)`

`localStorage.setItem(key, value)`

`localStorage.removeItem(key)`

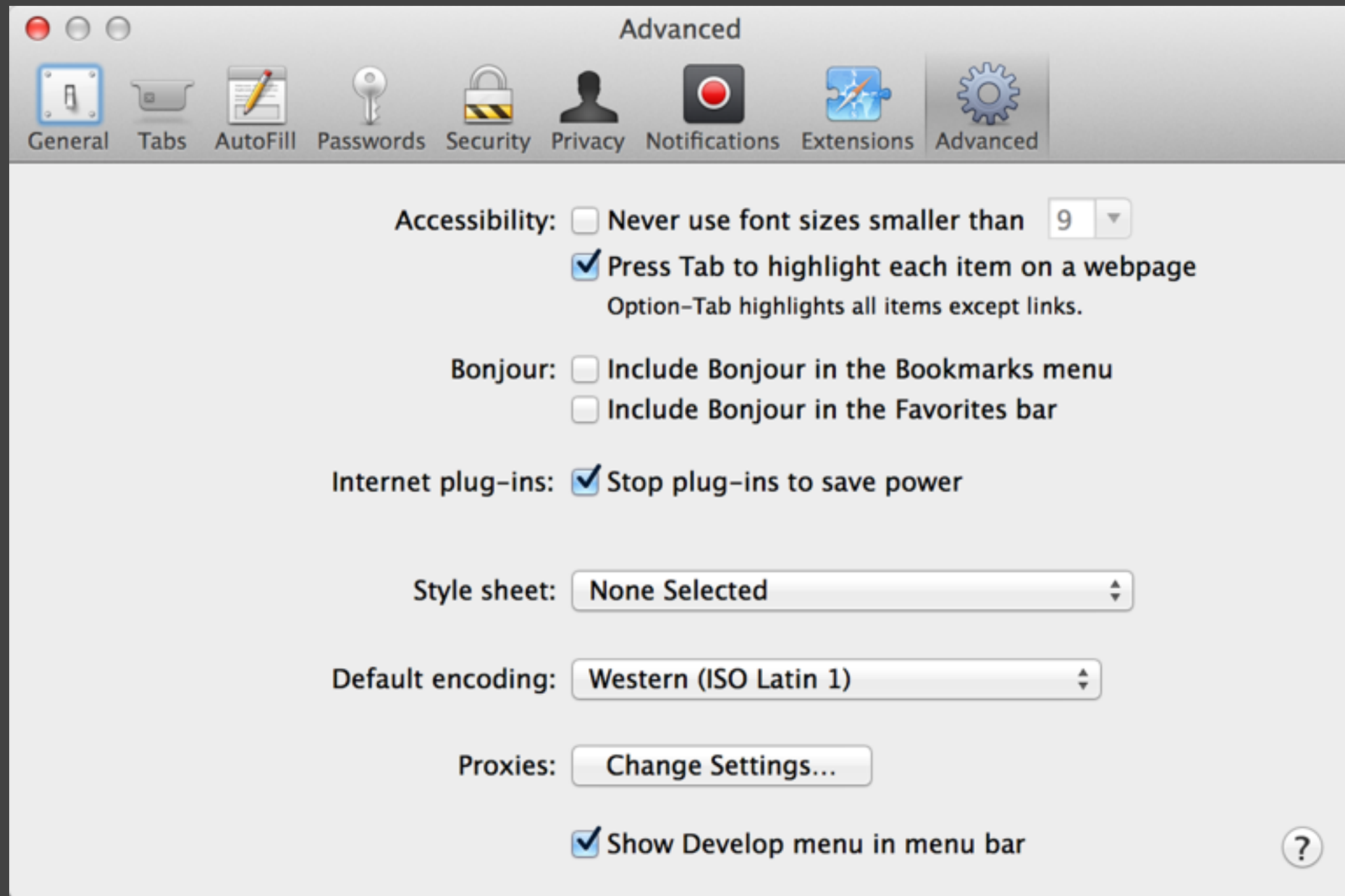
`localStorage.clear()`

# Try it!

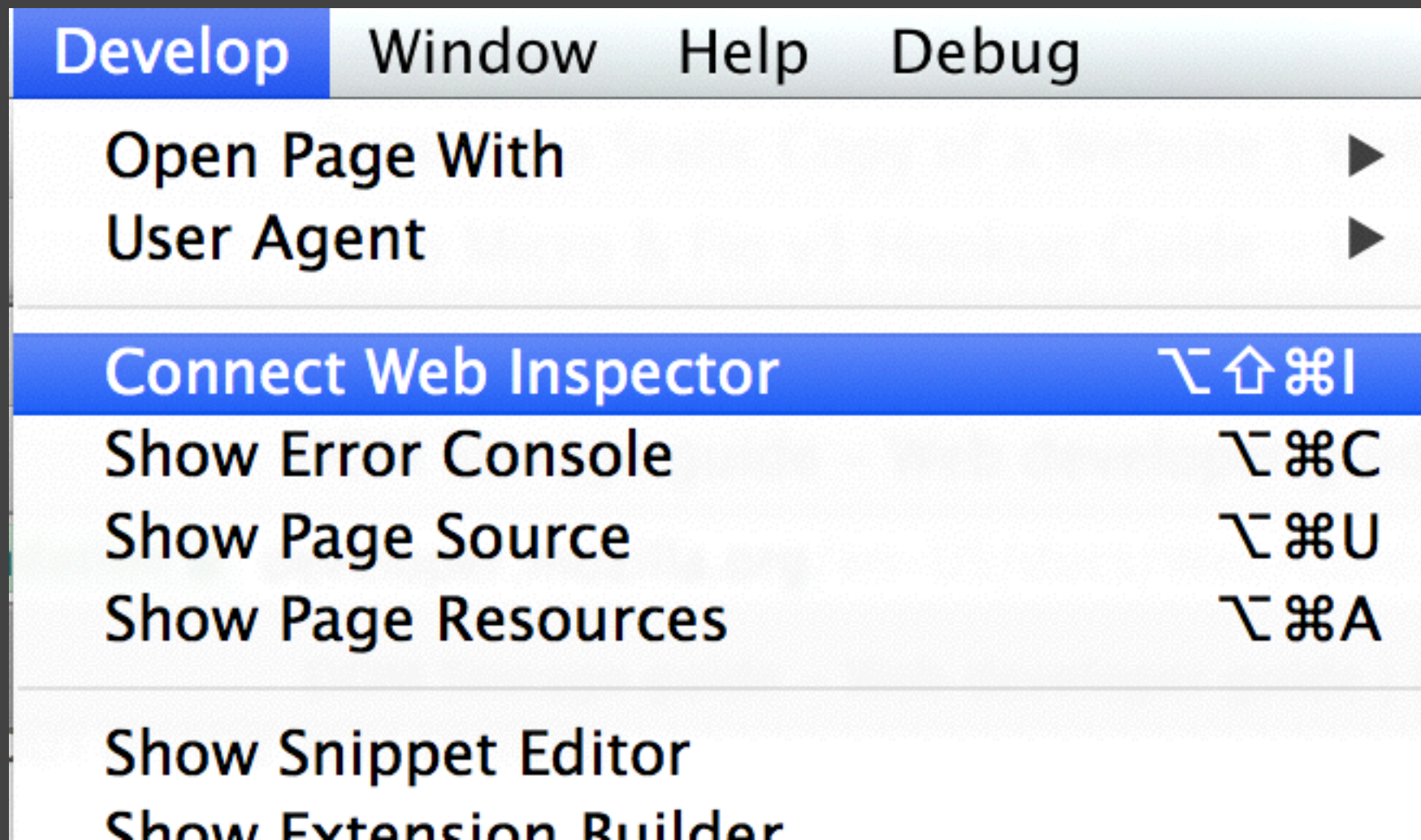
**Open a local HTML file in your browser**

**Use the developer console in your  
browser**

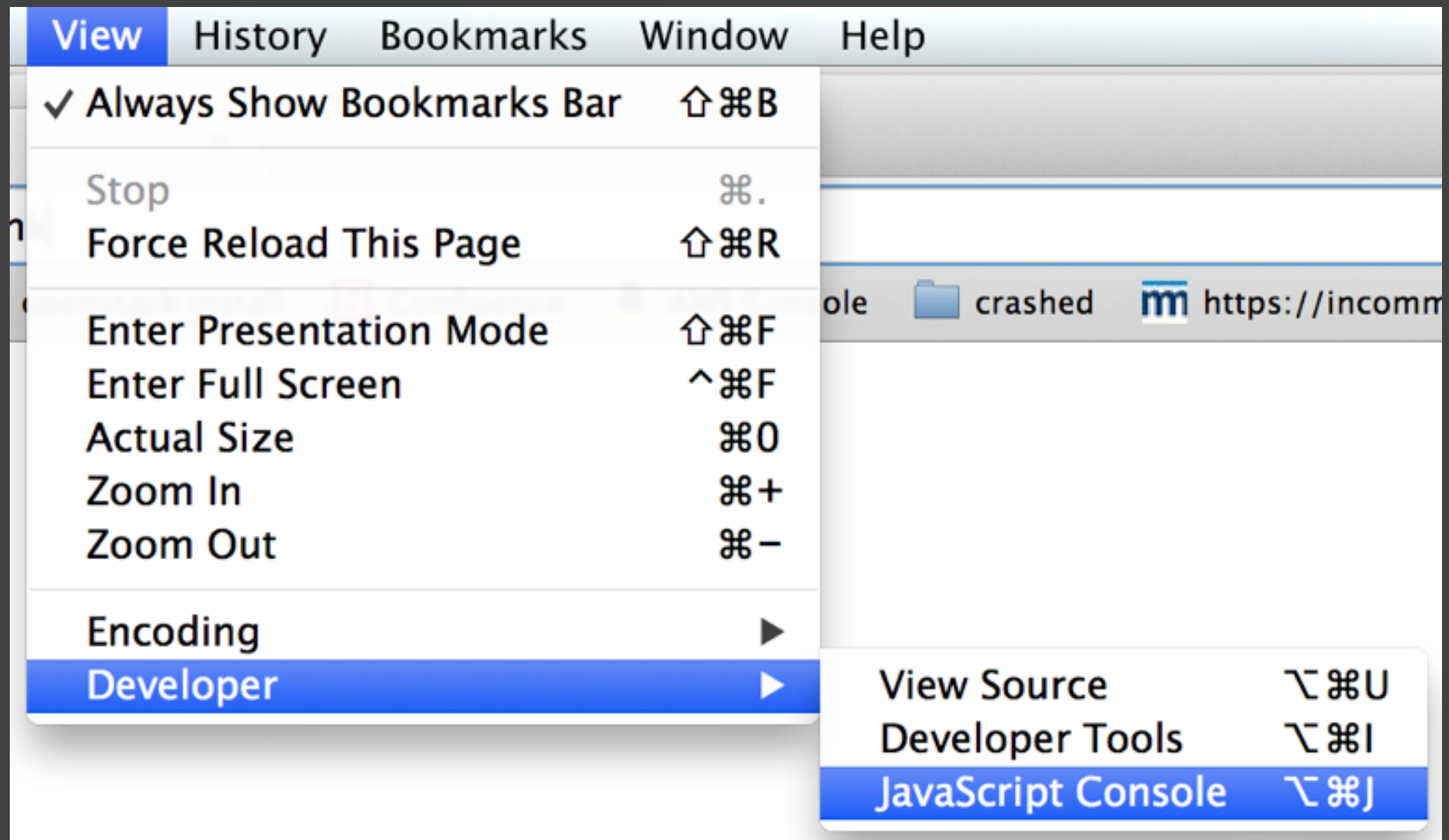
# Safari Dev Console



# Safari Dev Console



# Chrome JS Console



# sessionStorage

Same API as localStorage

No origin policy

Session data is just the tab or window

Survives reloads

Does not cross “open in new tab /  
window”



# localStorage Events

Can register for 'storage' events

Each event contains 4 fields:

key - the key that was changed

oldValue - the old value, or null

newValue - the new value, or null

url - the URL that caused the change

# Event Handling

```
function storageHandler (ev) {  
  if (ev.oldValue === null) {  
    // new key  
  } else if (ev.newValue === null) {  
    // key was removed  
  } else {  
    // value was changed  
  }  
}  
  
if (window.addEventListener) {  
  window.addEventListener("storage", storageHandler, false);  
} else {  
  window.attachEvent("onstorage", storageHandler);  
}
```

# Try this

```
localStorage.clear()
```

```
localStorage.setItem("test", "123")
```

```
localStorage.length
```

```
localStorage.key(0)
```

```
localStorage.getItem("test")
```

# Try

setting & getting strings

setting & getting numbers

setting & getting booleans

setting & getting objects

# Object Refresher

```
var obj = {  
  a: 1,  
  b: "Hello, World!"  
}
```

```
foo({ a: 1, b: "Hello" })
```

# What Did You Find?

Can you set / get strings?

Can you set / get numbers?

Can you set / get booleans?

Can you set / get objects?

# Storing Objects

Use JSON

Also works for numbers & booleans

Quick version:

```
localStorage.setItem(key,  
JSON.stringify(value))
```

```
JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem(key))
```