6.090, Building Programming Experience Ben Vandiver

Lecture 7: Quiz Day

Hypothetical "Implementation" of pairs

```
(define cons
(lambda (a b)
(lambda (x)
(if x a b))))
(define (car p)
(p #t))
```

Do type analysis on the above. p is located inside a single open paren and is followed by a Boolean. It must therefore be a procedure which takes in a Boolean and returns something (we don't know what).

```
(define (cdr p)
 (p \#f)
(car (cons 1 2)) => 1
(cdr (cons 1 2)) => 2
((lambda (p) (p #t)) ((lambda (a b) (lambda (x) (if x a b)))) 1 (2))
((lambda (p) (p #t)) (lambda (x) (if x 1 2)))
((lambda (x) (if x 1 2)) #t)
(if #t 1 2) => 1
Three arguments of cons
(define cons3
 (lambda (a b c)
  (lambda (x)
   (if (= x 0) a (if (= x 4 2) b c))))
(define (car p)
 (p 0)
(define (cdr p)
 (p 42)
(define (cgr p)
 (p7)
```

The three above definitions are nonsensical, created to make a point that we can define functions any way we wish, with any number or value we choose.

Sorting...in ascending order.

```
(define (min x y)
 (if (> x y)
     y
     x))
(define (min-list lst)
 (if (null? (cdr lst))
    (car lst)
    (min (car lst) (min-list (cdr lst)))))
(define (without-n lst n)
 (if (null? lst)
   nil
   (if (= (car lst) n)
      (cdr lst)
      (cons (car lst)
          (without-n (cdr lst) n))))
(define (sort-list lst)
 (if (or (null? lst) (null? (cdr lst)))
    lst
    (let ((least (min-list lst)))
     (cons least
          (sort-list (without-n lst least))))))
```

Create a function insert, to insert an element into a list (unsorted), using only one helper function.