# **Assignment 1 Analysis and Design Document**

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#### 1. Requirements Analysis

#### 1. Assignment Specification

You are tasked to build a deal search engine for furniture products.

#### 2. Functional Requirements

- A user should be able to create an account and login to search for various provided deals.
- Deals are managed by staff and can be filtered by price, name, type.
- If a deal is available users can add the associated product to his cart and proceed to checkout.
- Payments can be done via a cash only policy and need to be validated by staff. This creates an order in the system that can be tracked by the user from the Order History section. The state of an order is updated by staff.
- Once an order is delivered the user can provide feedback in a form on the specific Order History entry details.

#### 3. Non-functional Requirements

- Implement and test the application
- Commit the work you do on your Git repository. Do it iteratively as you progress, not all at once (this will incur a penalty on your final mark)
- Use any OOP language you like. Non-exhaustive: Python, C#, Java, Ruby, C/C++, JS+Typescript
- Use a layered architecture
- Use a factory method for
  - A1.2 To build and apply discounts on existing products which change the order quantity and overall price accordingly
- The data will be stored in a database
- All the inputs of the application will be validated against invalid data before submitting the data and saving it in the database.

#### 2. Use-Case Model

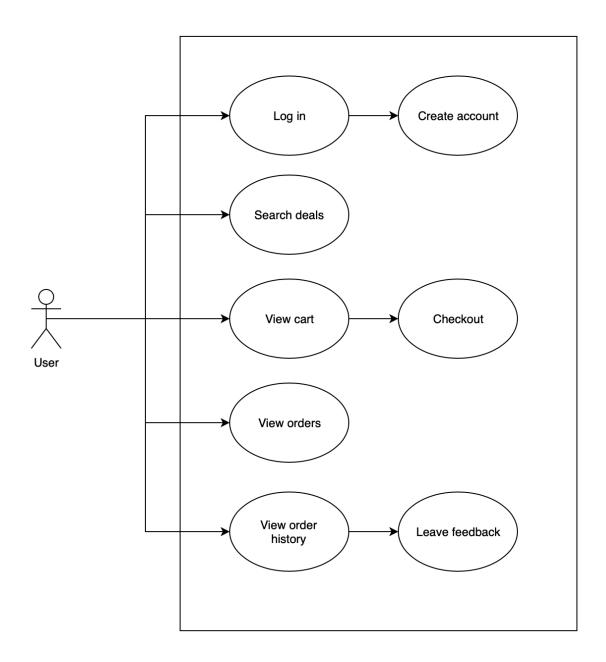
Use case: add deal Level: user-goal level Primary actor: staff

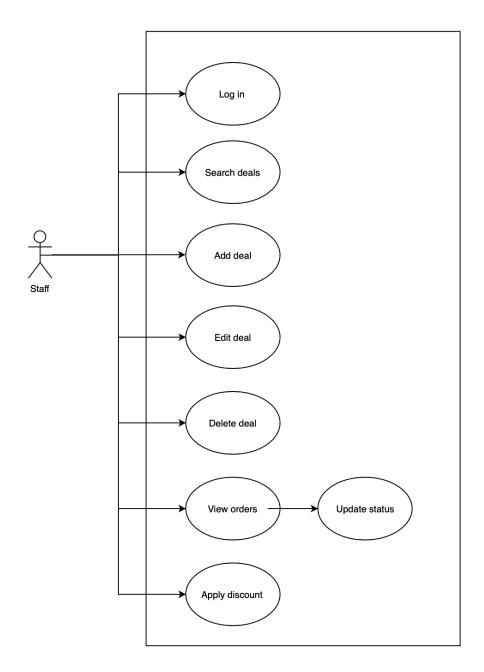
Main success scenario: login -> enter deal data -> deal is added to database

Extensions: login -> no such user exists

login -> incorrect password

login -> enter deal data -> deal already exists





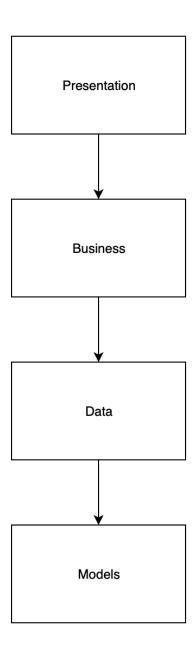
### 3. System Architectural Design

#### 3.1 Architectural Pattern Description

The architectural pattern used in this application is Layers. Components within the layered architecture pattern are organized into horizontal layers, each layer performing a specific role within the application (e.g. service logic or model logic). One of the powerful features of the layered architecture pattern is the separation of concerns among components. Components within a specific layer deal only with logic that pertains to that layer. This type of component classification makes it easy to build effective roles and responsibility models into the

architecture, and also makes it easy to develop, test, govern, and maintain applications using this architecture pattern due to well-defined component interfaces and limited component scope.

#### 3.2 Diagrams



# 4. UML Sequence Diagrams

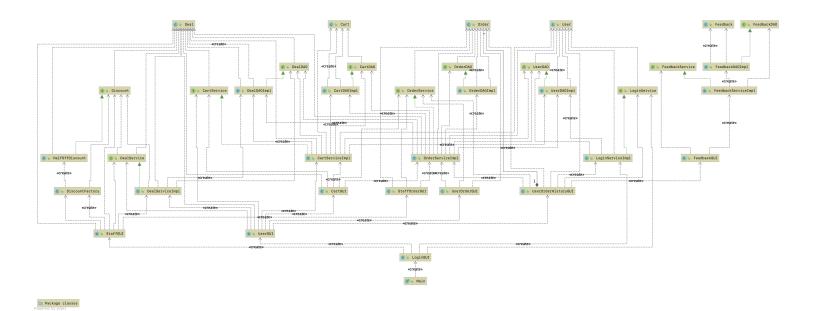


## 5. Class Design

#### **5.1 Design Patterns Description**

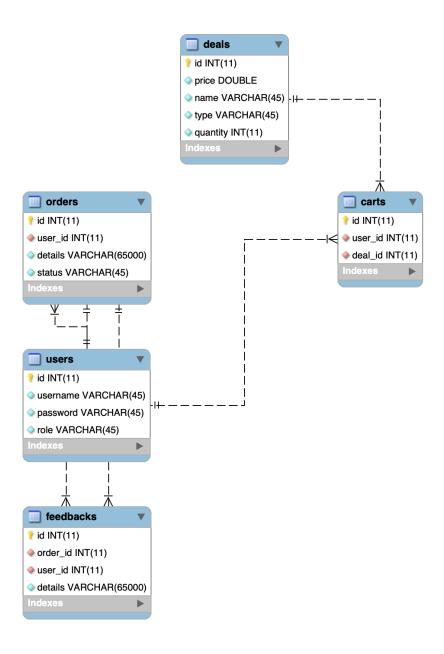
The Factory design pattern was used to apply discounts to deals. The Factory pattern is one of the most used design patterns in Java. This type of design pattern comes under the creational category as this pattern provides one of the best ways to create an object. In the Factory pattern, we create objects without exposing the creation logic to the client and refer to newly created objects using a common interface.

#### 5.2 UML Class Diagram



#### 6. Data Model

The five data models used in the system's implementation are Users, Deals, Carts, Orders, and Feedbacks. These five data models are described in the SQL language as follows:



# 7. System Testing

Manual testing was used to test the application.

# 8. Bibliography

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